"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; unsettled Friday; moderate north to northeast winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,038. **** NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

HARRISON FORESAW AN ATTACK BY PLATT

Left Letter, to be Used After His Death, Denying Deal for Cabinet Place.

$500,000 OFFER WAS MADE

Ex-Attorney General Says Platt Was Eager to Give It to Name Secretary of Interior.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 9.—Thomas C. Platt's attack on the late Benjamin Harrison, left to be published after his death, was met to-day by a specific denial of the very charges which was left by Mr. Harrison to be used, if necessary after his death. W. H. H. Miller, who was Attorney General in President Harrison's Cabinet and one of his closest friends, made public a letter written to him long ago, in which Mr. Harrison denied that he had ever made a bargain with Mr. Platt for his support in the convention of 1888.

Mr. Miller also tells of an offer by Mr. Platt of a $500,000 contribution to the campaign fund for the privilege of naming the Secretary of the Interior in the Harrison Cabinet. In the statement left by Mr. Platt he evidently sought to have it understood that such an offer was made by Mr. Wanamaker and not by him. Mr. Miller's statement is as follows:

"Indianapolis, Ind., March 9.

"As to the statement purporting to have been written by the late Senator Platt, attacking former President Benjamin Harrison, which statement appeared in last evening's and this morning's papers, I desire to say that on the 22d day of August, 1900, in answer to a letter written by me to ex-President Harrison and sent to the Adirondacks, he wrote me a letter, which, so far as this subject matter is concerned, is as follows:

Berkeley-Lodge, Old Forge P. O., N. Y.,
Aug. 22, 1900.

Hon. W. H. H. Miller, Indianapolis, Ind.

My Dear Miller:

I have received your letter of the 18th, with the inclosed clipping. We take the Press here, and I had seen the same matter in substance in other papers. It seems a little hard that a man who had made as good a record as I on the subject of promises, while a candidate and while in office, should be subjected to the imputation—if one is conveyed—that I had promised a Cabinet office to Platt. I not only promptly negatived the suggestion from New York that I should make some promise, but, while the Congress was in session, I absolutely refused to hold out even the vaguest hint of a promise to Pennsylvania and to the Pacific Coast for support.

As to Mr. Platt, as I told him when he came to see me after my election, I never had so much as a suspicion that he wanted a Cabinet office, nor had I any thought at any time of giving him one. If Mr. Elkins communicated to him what I said to him it was only that I had no such prejudice against him as to prevent me from giving him his fair influence with my Administration, if I should be elected. I think, while Mr. Platt claims that Mr. Elkins said more to him than this, Mr. Elkins denies it, and I am sure that after my talk with him, Mr. Platt was convinced that I had never authorized anybody to make hi many promise.

That is not all. When I met Mr. Platt at Mr. Reid's country home in the campaign of 1892, I held a conversation with him, and again was careful to say to him that I could make no promises of any kind. He said he did not assume that anything I said meant any such thing.

You know that while I was President I made myself unpopular perhaps by reason of the fact that I never said to anybody that I would make this or that appointment until it was actually made. I have had Senators standing by my desk urging an appointment which I had determined to make—the unsigned nomination being in my desk within reach of my hand—and I decided not to tell them what I intended to do for fear that something would happen before the nomination was sent in that would show that the appointment ought not to be made. If you preserve this, some time or other—after I am dead perhaps—it may see the light. Very sincerely yours,

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

It is proper to say there were other matters in this letter, but none having any relation to this subject.

$500,000 for Cabinet Place.

In addition to the foregoing I wish to say this: In October, some time after the middle, I think, in 1888, I went to New York for a consultation with the members of the National Committee. After arriving there I went to the Gilsey House, where I knew Mr. John C. New, a member of the National Committee for Indiana, had his rooms. Upon entering the hotel I met Mr. New in the lobby; he came forward briskly, took my hand, and said he was very glad indeed to see me; that a proposition had been made to him about which he did not wish to take any responsibility, and he wanted to submit it to me.

Thereupon he told me that the National Committee was in very urgent need of funds, and that a proposition had been made to Mr. Quay, Chairman of the committee, that if assurance could be given that a certain gentleman should be Secretary of the Interior, or that he could control the appointment of the Secretary of the Interior, money could be raised to the amount of half a million of dollars if necessary.

I asked him who the gentleman was, and he said it was Thomas C. Platt. I at once told him that no such assurance could or would be given, and he suggested that we go and see Mr. Quay. We went to Mr. Quay's headquarters and the matter was brought up, and I told Mr. Quay—and Mr. New, speaking from his personal knowledge of Gen. Harrison, confirmed me—that such a proposition would not be entertained.

Mr. Quay said that in the financial condition of the National Committee the result might be the defeat of Gen. Harrison. I said: "Possibly that is so, but Gen. Harrison has got along so far without being President of the United States, and I know from personal association with him that he would much rather be defeated than to take the office under any promises to anybody."

Platt Stands by the Offer.

Thereupon Mr. Quay said to Mr. New and myself that he wished we would go and see Mr. Platt. We did go to the room of Mr. Platt in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and there had an interview with him, and he confirmed the statement that he had made such a proposition. Thereupon we left him and again went back to Mr. Quay, and I told him that it was idle to talk of any such proposition.

Mr. John Wanamaker and Mr. Thomas Dolan were then acting as members of the Advisory Committee to the General Committee, and the matter was brought by Mr. Quay to their attention. My recollection is not that they did suggest that any such arrangement should be made, but they did urge, as did Mr. Quay, all most earnestly, that in view of the fact that the election depended

Continued on Page 2.

FRAU JOERN BADLY INJURED.

Wife of Tenor Narrowly Escapes Immediate Death in Auto Smash.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 9.—Frau Karl Jörn, wife of the German opera tenor now singing in New York, and heroine of a novel matrimonial truce, narrowly escaped death in an automobile accident in Berlin to-day.

While motoring in the suburbs of Spandau her car collided violently with a street car and she was hurled roughly onto a stone curbing. Her condition is precarious, but the physicians hope she will survive her injuries.

Frau Jörn presides over her own ménage in a fashionable section of Berlin.

Frau Karl Jörn came to this country about two months ago to make a financial settlement with her husband before obtaining a divorce to marry a Berlin physician. The separation came about through a difference of temperament, as they both explained. The tenor settled $25,000 on his wife, gave her an income of $1,000 a year until she married, and agreed to give each of their three children $1,000 a year until they are of age. Mr. Jörn also assigned his life insurance policies for the benefit of the children and presented his wife with a house and grounds in Berlin.

Frau Jörn then returned to Germany with her children, whom she was to care for with the understanding that Jörn could see them as often as he pleased.

HALLEY'S A TWILIGHT COMET.

Look for It Now as Sun Sets—Prof. Pickering Says It Is Harmless.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 9.—Halley's comet may now be seen on nights when conditions are favorable, with the aid of an ordinary field glass. The most favorable time to look for it is between 6:30 and 7:30 P. M., with the glass elevated somewhat above where the sun sets. The Harvard Observatory forces have the wanderer focused nightly on their big telescopes, and some interesting photographs of its development are being made.

Prof. E. C. Pickering, director of the Harvard Observatory, says:

"The comet is at present in the twilight region. It is in the line of the sun, and its brightness is dimmed by the lustre of the great centre of the solar system. Besides, it has not yet attained its greatest size. When it makes its transverse of the sun it will have attained its maximum brilliancy. That will be on May 18. It will be visible all through April, but at its brightest in May.

"About that time, if clouds do not obscure it, it will be a dazzling sight. About a third of the heavens will be colored with a fiery gold, its great flashes of light will play from one part of the heavens to another, and the scenes will be remembered for generations. Halley's comet has been noted for its brilliant displays.

"There is absolutely no danger to the earth from the comet. The earth is going to shoot through its tail like a cannon ball through our atmosphere. And we shall not notice the fact that we are traveling through a comet's tail. The idea that any harm will come from the poisonous gases is ridiculous. The gas in the tail is cyanogen. In order to become dangerous it would have to come into contact with a large mass of hydrogen, and that is practically all locked up in the water.

"When the comet is nearest the earth we shall be 14,000,000 miles away, and that is far enough to be out of mischief. Of course, the tail will reach us, and we shall pass through it. But we have done that before without any damage, and we shall do that again."

DANES TO INVITE PEARY.

Expected That Geographical Society Will Ask Him to Lecture.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, March 9.—The question whether the Danish Geographical Society which honored Dr. Cook will take any action in regard to Commander Peary's discovery of the north pole has been much discussed here among the members.

The general opinion is that while the society has not yet sent Peary an invitation to lecture, a decision to that effect will eventually be taken.

POSTPONE PEARY BILLS.

Naval Subcommittee Puts Off Action on All of Them for Present.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Action upon all of the bills introduced for the purpose of rewarding Commander Robert E. Peary on account of his discovery of the north pole was postponed to-day by the subcommittee of the Naval Affairs Committee of the House. This decision followed a spirited attack upon Mr. Peary's claims by Representative Robert Bruce, Democrat of Arkansas, who informed the committee in a lengthy speech that he was skeptical of Commander Peary's claims.

Representative Macon at first moved that the committee should indefinitely defer its report upon the bills before it, which provide for Mr. Peary's retirement by Congress and the tender of its thanks. Representative Bates of Pennsylvania proposed a substitute motion that the committee should take no action for the present. This was carried by a practically unanimous vote, Mr. Englebright of Wisconsin being the only sub-committee member to hold out for immediate favorable consideration. Butler of Pennsylvania, Dawson of Iowa, Roberts of Massachusetts, Macon of Arkansas, Bates of Pennsylvania, and Gregg of Texas voted for postponement.

This means that the committee is now in a waiting attitude, and that it probably will not act until Commander Peary fulfills his contract with his publishers and is at liberty to make public his north-pole data.

Mr. Macon, who recently stalked from the committee room when it was suggested that Commander Peary would be willing to submit his scientific records in confidence to the committee, using the narrative of the fugitive Dr. Cook, as a checking authority, is ready to charge that Peary did not in fact reach the pole, but more probably began to travel south again within a day or so after he left Bartlett.

EASIER TO FIND SOUTH POLE.

Sverdrup, Here for a Visit, Tells Why —His Faith in Cook Gone.

Capt. Otto Sverdrup, the Arctic explorer, who at one time expressed confidence in Dr. Cook's pretensions to have discovered the north pole, arrived here yesterday on the steamship Oscar II. from Copenhagen. He is on his way to Minneapolis on business and to visit friends. His stay in the West, he said, would not be long, as he is preparing to go north again to cruise along the eastern shore of Greenland for whales and walruses.

Although he admits he has lost faith in Dr. Cook, it was said by fellow-voyagers of Capt. Sverdrup that while here he expects to visit John R. Bradley, and that Bradley will be interested in the coming Greenland expedition.

Speaking of the race to find the south pole, Capt. Sverdrup said he did not think the task would present as many difficulties as had the search for the top of the world. The explorers have the advantage of a longer working season and do not have to contend with great floating masses of ice. The south pole, he thinks, will be discovered within two or three years.

INMATES CAUGHT IN BLAZING POORHOUSE

Old Man Dead, Five Persons in Hospital After Midnight Fire in Hempstead.

PANIC ON STEEP STAIRWAYS

Hand Grenades Kept the Flames Back and Saved Many Lives, but Some of the Injured May Die.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., March 10.—The Hempstead Poorhouse, about two miles from this village, burned to the ground just before midnight to-night. One man was burned to death on the third floor and five—among them men and women—were removed afterward to the Nassau County Hospital in Mineola, all of them seriously hurt. Several may die.

How the fire started is not known, but the flames appeared first in the kitchen. Supt. Benjamin Sprague and the thirty-seven inmates, as well as Mr. Sprague's three assistants, were all asleep.

They were awakened by the odor of smoke and the sound of crackling flames, which already had made great headway in the kitchen. The occupants of the poorhouse, as many as were not already awake, were aroused by the cries of others, and presently the narrow, steep stairways of the building were congested with terrified men and women, most of them old and many of them almost invalids.

To assist these unfortunates out of the place, which was beginning to burn like so much tinder, there were only Mr. Sprague and his three assistants. They did manage to get some of them down, but the flames cut off the escape of others. Several jumped from the windows.

It was some time before the Hempstead Fire Department could reach the Poorhouse. When the firemen did get there they found the place a mass of flames. Three stories in height and built of frame and shingles, the building offered no resistance to the progress of the fire. Flames leaped from room to room and from floor to floor with dreadful rapidity. Only those who had been first to make use of the stairs could use them at all.

One old man who jumped from the second story broke an arm and injured himself so badly internally that he is almost sure to die. He is one of those in the Mineola Hospital.

Before the arrival of the firemen Supt. Sprague and his men had got out the lines of hose with which the building was equipped, and with only the pressure from the tank at the top of the windmill, which provided the water system of the place, they tried to fight the flames.

Their efforts were almost useless, and what benefit resulted from them was hard to see. Nevertheless the men worked at top speed, and those of the male inmates not physically unfit or mentally incapacitated by fright helped them.

The building had hand grenades for use in case of fire. These were fitted in brackets on every floor, and many of these were used. It is probable that their use prevented a greater catastrophe, for by this means the flames were kept from the stairways longer than otherwise could have been the case.

The stairways were the least modern feature in the construction of the building. Besides being narrow they were unusually steep, making them difficult to climb or descend. In the rush and panic many of the fire-awakened inmates fell head over heels down the whole flights to find themselves covered at the bottom by others of their fellows who had rushed along close behind.

When the flames were finally put out the firemen made a search of the building and discovered the body of a man in the third floor. It is believed that he is the only one who lost his life, although others may die. No other bodies were found, but in the excitement following the fire the inmates became scattered, and at this time, 2:30 A. M., it is impossible to count them.

The dead man was known only as "Old Nick." He was on the third floor when the fire started, and some of the other inmates tried to help him down stairs. The old man was paralyzed with fright, and could do little to help himself. Other men half dragged and half carried him down the two flights of stairs to the first floor.

The lower story was already blazing like a furnace, and dense clouds of smoke made it almost impossible for the men to breathe. When "Old Nick" saw the flames and the smoke he lost what little courage he had left. He shouted and cried in a frenzy of terror, and whereas before he had merely hung back and let his rescuers carry him, he now actually fought against being dragged through the flames which had to be passed to reach the open.

Those who were with him pleaded and argued. They tried to carry him, but with a strength born of his great fear the old man fought them off, crying that no one could pass the flames and live.

"Leave me!" he cried. "Leave me! I can't get through that."

His would-be rescuers struggled with him until one by one they themselves were almost overcome by the smoke they were forced to inhale. At last they had to leave him, one after the other. They could stand the ordeal no longer. Finally the last of those who would have saved him staggered into the open.

The fireman pitched forward out of the radius of the heat radiating from the burning building and sank on the grass gasping, his eyelashes burned and his face and hands blackened by smoke.

"'Old Nick' is in there," he shouted. "We did what we could and he wouldn't come out. No one could have stayed longer."

His own appearance and the looks of the other men who had given up the fight sooner showed that he spoke the truth.

FRANK GOULD WILL NOT TALK.

Refuses to Discuss Report That He Has Married Edith Kelly.

PARIS, March 9.—Frank Gould declined to receive a reporter who called to-day to inquire regarding the report that Mr. Gould and Miss Edith Kelly, the actress, either had been or were soon to be married.

Mr. Gould's secretary, Mr. Calhoun, said his employer knew the purpose of the inquiries and had authorized him to say that Mr. Gould refused to discuss the report or to make any statement whatever. Mr. Calhoun himself refused to say whether Miss Kelly was here.

Mr. Gould but recently arrived from the Riviera, where he had a string of horses, which he has now brought to Paris. He goes to the track daily. He has taken a large apartment in the Rue Pierre Charron, with an office basement, where he transacts business.

He has frequently been seen of late in the company of Miss Kelly, and the belief is prevalent that they have been married. The Duke of Tallyrand said to-night that he did not know whether or not Mr. Gould had married Miss Kelly, but the Duchess, who was formerly Miss Anna Gould of New York, expressed the belief that they were not married.

George J. Gould, brother of Frank Gould, refused last night to discuss the report from Paris that the latter had married Edith Kelly, who is known in New York as the "Pensacola Girl," because of a song she sang last season in "Havana" at the Casino called "Way Down in Pensacola."

Mr. Gould's secretary said that so far as he knew no word about the alleged marriage had been received by the Gould family in New York. Miss Helen Gould, through her secretary, said she had not been informed of the marriage and therefore did not know whether it had taken place.

Carolina Resorts, Florida, Atlanta, Birmingham, and Memphis. Superior Service via Seaboard Air Line Ry. 1,183 Broadway.—Adv.

The Easter Number of The Sunday Times will be published on Sunday next, March 13. It will be beautifully illustrated and have many remarkable and interesting features. Orders for this number should be placed early.

UNDER EAST RIVER BY TRAIN ON MAY 15

Regular Passenger Service Between Manhattan and Jamaica on 18-Minute Schedule.

HUDSON TRAINS BY JUNE

Saving of 40 Minutes a Day to Commuters—Full Long Island Service Ready by Jan. 1.

It was announced definitely yesterday that the Long Island Railroad would run its first passenger trains through the tunnels from the Pennsylvania terminal in this city on May 15. An experimental train, however, will probably start operating about May 1. The New York terminal at Seventh Avenue and Thirty-second Street, while not yet completed, is in shape at present to handle the Long Island trains without difficulty.

The first trains to go through the tunnels will be operated over the Jamaica Division. These trains will make the trip from Jamaica to West Thirty-second Street in eighteen minutes. This will mean a saving of about forty minutes a day to the Long Island commuters—twenty minutes each way. All the grading work of this division has been finished, and the electrical equipment, including the third rail, is now being put in place. Work on this division, as well as in the tunnels, will be completed shortly in advance of May 1. With the exception of the electrical equipment the tunnels are ready for operation now.

The cars to be used in the tunnels are all new, and are made entirely of steel. They are not as long as the regular passenger cars in use now on the road, but they will seat fifty-eight persons. They are equipped with abundant electric lights, and with caned cross seats. The company has not enough cars on hand to maintain a full schedule at the start. When the full quota of cars is received a five-minute schedule will be maintained in rush hours.

Jamaica the Traffic Centre.

At Jamaica extensive improvements are planned. The main yard of the road will be at this place, while the great station of the company will be built there. This will house all the general offices of the company, including that of President Peters. When it is completed the Long Island City Terminal Station will be little more than a way station, so far as importance is concerned. The improvements at Jamaica will cost about $3,000,000. In the five years that the Long Island Road has been at work on its tunnel system about $28,000,000 has been spent in electrification, building terminal yards, and purchasing equipment, and it will take probably $10,000,000 more before the road's plans are carried to final completion.

The North Shore Division of the road will not run direct trains through the tunnel much before January of next year. The two branches of this division will be double-tracked, the Whitestone Branch for its entire length and the Port Washington Branch as far as Great Neck. As Great Neck is but a short distance from the end of the road at Port Washington, it means that the North Shore Division will be double-tracked for practically its entire length.

At present the double tracks of the road extend to a point a short distance beyond Corona, which is six miles from the Long Island City Station. Men are now at work regrading and double-tracking the Port Washington Branch near Little Neck, while the contract for the Whitestone Branch has been let.

Undecided About Transfers.

The road has not yet decided definitely as to where it will transfer passengers from the North Shore Division to the Jamaica trains in order to give the North Shore commuters the benefit of the tunnels. It was announced some time ago that the transfer would be made from a temporary station at Winfield, but it is possible now that it may be effected in the Sunnyside yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad. If the difficulties are such, however, that the road cannot successfully make a transfer, North Shore commuters will not be able to gain the advantage of the tunnel before Jan. 1, when their division will be ready for direct service. A definite statement telling whether transfers will be made will be issued in a week or so.

Other improvements are also planned for the North Shore Division. The present station at Main Street, Flushing, an old wooden building, will be torn down and a new station erected. The same thing will be done at Murray Hill.

Long Island City residents will not be able to make use of the tube, as the tunnel franchise prohibits the Pennsylvania Railroad from operating "local service" trains within five miles of the Manhattan station.

The Pennsylvania trains from New Jersey will probably start running in June or July. The great yard at Sunnyside is rapidly nearing completion, and the company is now building a numberof brick and steel buildings as workshops, &c. The Pullman Company is also putting up a building there.

POLICEMAN CRITICISED MAYOR

Also Drank on Post, It's Charged—He's Suspended Now.

Police Commissioner Baker has suspended Policeman James Lambert of the One Hundred and Forty-third Precinct, Brooklyn, and ordered him placed on trial on the charge of frequenting a saloon at Forty-fifth Street and Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, and using disrespectful language with reference to the Mayor and the Police Commissioner.

The charges include allegations that Lambert frequently left his post to drink in the saloon and loiter in the back room, and that on Feb. 21 he severely criticised both the Mayor and Commissioner to men in the saloon.

The Mayor said that the matter had been brought to his attention, and that he had asked Mr. Baker to investigate. He added that other cases of this nature are under consideration by them.

Lambert's trial was adjourned until Saturday morning to give his lawyer time to prepare his case.

A FAMOUS PLACE TO DINE or Lunch, Hofbrau Haus, B'way & 30th St. Music.—Adv.

MAN OF MILLIONS REPENTS 'ROBBERIES'

Joseph Fels to Use His Wealth Against the System Under Which He Acquired It.

SCORNS OTHER RICH MEN

Calls Carnegie, Rockefeller, and Morgan Robbers Through Unjust Laws, Although Personally Honest.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 9.—"Carnegie, Rockefeller, Morgan, and other captains of industry aer robbers, and their millions are ill-gotten gains. We cannot get rich fast enough nowadays without robbing the public. I admit that I, too, have robbed the public, and I am still doing it, but I propose to spend the accursed money in wiping out the system by which I made it."

Joseph Fels, a millionaire manufacturer of soap, made this statement to-night in talking to fellow-diners at the University of Chicago Settlement. He was the guest of honor, the hostesses being Mrs. W. F. Dummer and Miss Mary McDowell. His remarks were in amplification or a briefer statement that startled members of the City Club whom he had addressed at luncheon earlier in the day.

Under a fire of questions Mr. Fels, who had fled from the La Salle Hotel to escape the appeals of fourtune hunters, incited by reports that he intended to divide $5,000,000 among "the worthy" explained his plans to "quiet his conscience" by heavy expenditures of his "robber wealth."

"I do not believe in charities," he said. "They are agents of pauperization. Neither am I a philanthropist. I have in mind no plan to aid institutions of mercy however worthy they may be generally esteemed."

"Rockefeller and other millionaires have accumulated their wealth through unjust laws, especially under the tariff's protection," he said, "and because of these laws I, too, have robbed the public and am still robbing it. I am not responsible for these laws, but am doing, and intend to do, what I can to change them."

"How are you getting rid of your robber wealth?" Mr. Fels was asked.

"For one thing," he replied, "I am interested in spreading the single tax propaganda throughout the world. The movement is active in the United States, England, Canada, South Australia, New Zealand, New South Wales, Denmark, Sweden, and other nations."

One of the diners who knew volunteered the information that this work was costing Mr. Fels $150,000 a year, as he duplicated dollar for dollar, every contribution made to the cause. A host of public speakers, trained in the argument against "land monopoly," are kept in the field.

"If we had an educational fund of $1,000,000 a year," said Mr. Fels, "we'd upset the world in twenty years as to economic conditions. I will be one of twelve to supply the funds."

Maryland, a model town, 50 miles from London, also has been the recipient of about $150,000 of Mr. Fels's "conscience fund," or "swag," as he calls his wealth.

"I intend to use my money," explained Mr. Fels, "to force into use land that is being held for the increment. I do not believe in speculating in land values. It is an enormous swindle. As a business man and land owner I have taken advantage of monopolies which private ownership of lands gave me; lands which rightfully belong to many instead of the few. The tariff is a further pauperization of the toiler for the benefit of the monopolist. Perhaps I would have made a fortune despite the laws, but I want to bring into operation conditions of equal manhood, conditions under which all have an equal chance."

Mr. Fels said he did not mean that he and Rockefeller, and Morgan, and Carnegie had been personally dishonest in the accumulation of their fortunes.

"John D. Rockefeller," he continued, "is a mild, harmless man with a mistaken ideal, but personally honest. None the less, he is a robber."

MISS BLOODGOOD DISAPPEARS.

Jersey Auto Parties Scouring Country for Missing Girl.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 9.—Miss Helen Bloodgood, the twenty-six-year-old daughter of J. W. Bloodgood, escaped early this morning from two nurses who were caring for her in the home here of Leslie Fort, son of Gov. Fort, and got out of the house. She disappeared and all efforts to find her have failed. She suffered from a nervous disorder of the mind.

Miss Bloodgood, according to one story, sprang from the second story window of the Fort residence. Before the nurses could follow her or the rest of the household could be aroused the girl ran off in the darkness. She had disappeared when a search was begun a few minutes later. The police force under the direction of Chief of Police Charles Norcross and practically the entire Winter colony of Lakewood spent all day searching for her, and many automobiles were impressed with which to scour the country.

At midnight to-night, however, it was said both at the Fort residence and at the home of Chief of Police Norcross that the unfortunate girl had not yet been found.

Miss Bloodgood, whose mental ailment has been giving her family considerable concern for some time, has been staying in the Leslie Fort home for several weeks while the other members of her family have been at the Hotel Breslin in New York. Miss Bloodgood's ailment was of a nature that required the constant attendance of several trained nurses. At the home of the Governor's son, at Madison and Seventh Avenues, she was constantly under guard.

As soon as Leslie Fort's family discovered that Miss Bloodgood had escaped, they telephoned to her family at The Breslin, Mr. and Mrs. Bloodgood, who had been at the hotel for several weeks, immediately returned here. The Lakewood police were not informed of Miss Bloodgood's escape until several hours later, as the family hoped that the girl would be found, and that the publicity attached to an appeal to the police might be avoided.

$18,000 MAIL ROBBERY.

Checks and Drafts to That Amount Taken in Transit in Canada.

WINDSOR, Ontario, March 9.—It became known to-day that checks and drafts amounting to about $18,000 were stolen yesterday from a mail bag while in transit between Windsor and Toronto.

Detectives are working on the case. Nearly every bank in this city is involved in the loss.

ASQUITHS NOT TO SEPARATE.

Published Story of Their Disagreement Is Without Foundation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 9.—I am in a position to say that there is no foundation for the report published in the United States that a separation is about to take place between Premier Asquith and his wife.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 9.—Maud Allan, the barefoot dancer, denied to-day the published story that her friendship with Mrs. Asquith was responsible for the reported prospective separation of Prime Minister Asquith of England and his wife.

"As for my part in the matter," she said, "I never met Mr. or Mrs. Asquith in private in all my life. I met them at luncheons and at garden parties. I met them at Lord and Lady Dudley's. The story that I have great influence over Mrs. Asquith seems to stamp the rest of the report as false."

CZAR JOLTED BY STREET CAR.

Trolley's Fender Grazes the Wheels of Nicholas's Carriage.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—Emperor Nicholas had a narrow escape from an accident last evening while driving to the Dowager's palace to visit his mother.

His carriage was proceeding at a rapid pace from a side street into the Nevsky Prospect, when a swiftly moving street car suddenly appeared, the fender of which grazed the wheels of the Emperor's carriage.

ROUGIER RISES 1,800 FEET.

Makes Three Circular Flights Over Sea and Several Villages.

MONTE CARLO, March 9.—M. Rougier, the aeroplanist, made a fine flight to-day. He reached a height of 1,800 feet, and made three great circles over the sea and the villages between Monaco and Cap Martin.

OFFERS AN EAGLE TO GAYNOR.

He Eats Too Much for a Mississippian —Fails to Get a Mayoral Bid.

And now a zealous Southern citizen wishes to sell Mayor Gaynor an eagle. The Mayor received a letter from J. H. Davis of New Augusta, Miss., yesterday, in which Mr. Davis said:

"I have a large gray eagle for sale, measuring seven and a half feet in spread of wing. He eats too much, and I want to sell him. What do you offer?"

A short time ago the Mayor received a letter from a South Carolinian offering to sell him a "solid yellow" raccoon. He has not made an offer for the eagle.

SWAM FOR A HAT, WON A GIRL.

He Took an Icy Plunge to Spare Her Tears and Now They're Married.

Fourteen-year-old Katherine Sexton of 81 Madison Street was walking one chilly day last month through Corlears Hook Park. The wind was blowing half a gale and Miss Sexton had difficulty in keeping her large new picture hat in place. A stronger gust than usual tore the filmy creation loose and it sailed out over the park and landed in the East River.

Arthur Monohan, a mechanic, 21 years old, was crossing the park at that psychological moment. He gave one glance at the tearful girl and the floating headgear, and discarded his coat. Diving into the icy water from the park wall he swam to the hat, rescued it, and returned it to Miss Sexton.

"Oh, you dear man!" ejaculated Miss Sexton. The hero stammered, blushed, and the two became friends. Friendship quickly ripened, and Arthur was almost a nightly visitor at the Sexton home. When the idea of marriage was broached to Miss Sexton's parents there was objection that she was too young. The Rev. Father J. B. Curry of St. James's Catholic Church, 32 James Street, was called in as a counselor. When he learned that the lovers had discussed the advisability of eloping if they could not overcome the parental objections, he advised marriage. Yesterday Father Curry performed the ceremony.

"When I recovered the hat," explained young Monohan, "I naturally thought that the owner ought to go with it. If the icy bath in the river didn't hurt me I am not afraid of taking the plunge into matrimony."

AFTER-THEATRE WEDDING.

William Brookfield's Son Takes a Second Wife in Jersey at Early Morn.

The story of an early morning marriage in Hoboken following an after theatre supper in "Jack's" restaurant, in which the wedded pair were James Hanford Brookfield, son of the late Col. William Brookfield, once of the Committee of Seventy, and Elizabeth Lawrence McGuire, of 122 West Seventy-first Street, was disclosed in a brief wedding notice published in yesterday's newspapers. Mr. Brookfield and his bride are at the Hotel Gregorian, whence they will soon start on a honeymoon to Europe.

Mr. Brookfield is thirty-five years old. His wife is twelve years his junior. The present Mrs. Brookfield is his second wife, his first wife, Maude Quintard, daughter of a wealthy iron manufacturer whom he married in 1902, having died of burns received in a fire in their home Thirlmere, near White Plains. They had two children.

On Monday night Mr. Brookfield, with Thomas E. Roberts and James M. S. Cleland, Miss McGuire and some others, went to the theatre. After the performance they went to the restaurant. Mr. Brookfield had been attentive to Miss McGuire for many weeks. Suddenly he proposed what every one had been expecting for some time, that Miss McGuire marry him.

"At once?" asked the surprised young woman.

"Right now; in Jersey," responded Mr. Brookfield.

She did. In a motor car the whole party went to the home of Justice of the Peace Charles H. Wareing at 1111 Washington Street, Hoboken. It was 3 o'clock when they rang the Justice's bell and he responded in his dressing gown. However, he consented to get dressed if the party would wait, and then perform the ceremony. The party waited, and presently it was done.

Then all hands motored back to the restaurant for a wedding breakfast. Mrs. Brookfield comes from Memphis, Tenn. She has kept house for her brothers, Thomas and Frank, in West Seventy-first Street.

Kalil's, Finest Downtown Restaurant. Grand Opera and music noon & ev'g. 14-18 Park Pl.—Adv.

INSULTED AT ALBANY' GIRL DELEGATE SAYS

Miss Mercy Avers Assemblyman Oliver Advised Her to Work for Suffrage "with a Kiss."

AS STREET GIRLS GET THINGS

Indignation Among Women Over a Young Girl's Story—Misquoted, Says Oliver, but He Did Mention Charms.

Little Miss Henrietta Mercy, who represented the Third Assembly District in the delegation which asked the Assembly Judiciary Committee yesterday to favor woman suffrage, told a story to her sister delegates in the special car returning from Albany last evening which aroused the greatest indignation against Assemblyman James Oliver of the Third District. Miss Mercy asserted that she had been insulted by Mr. Oliver when she approached him in regard to the Suffrage bill.

Miss Mercy seems little more than a child. She represented a sick sister, Dr. Anna Mercy, President of the East Side Woman's Suffrage League and leader of the Woman Suffrage Party in the Third District. She was overwhelmed with confusion and mortification as she told of her reception by Mr. Oliver.

"I went to the Capitol," said Miss Mercy, "and found Mr. Oliver in one of the halls, sitting down. I told him about the bill and asked him if he would do what he could for it. I asked him as nicely and politely as I could. There was no one else from my district. My sister, who is the leader of the district, was ill, and I came up for her. Mr. Oliver was not nice at all to me. It was a shame to treat any one so. He said that he wouldn't do anything about the bill; that he didn't want to be bothered about it, and that the more I troubled him and asked him about it the more he wouldn't do anything about it.

"I told him that I came up from the Third Assembly District, and that I represented the women of that district who wanted to vote, but he told me I didn't do any such thing.

"'You don't do any such thing,' he said. 'The women down in that district can't leave their washtubs and their dishpans, and they haven't got money enough to come up to Albany for half a day.'

"Then he went on: 'You don't want to bother with me, anyway. I'm too old. What you want to do is to go to some young Assemblyman and kive him a hug and a kiss, and then you will get it. That's the way the girls on the street get what they want.'"

"I was so mortified I didn't know what to do," said little Miss Mercy, finishing her story.

It was only in the latter part of the trip, just as the train was reaching New York, that her story came out, and only the women in the one car in which she rode heard the story. They, however, were thoroughly indignant.

"If we had only known that before we left Albany," they said, "we would have seen if something could not have been done with Mr. Oliver immediately."

Little Miss Mercy in calling on the Assemblyman from her Assembly district was only doing what the women from all the other Assembly districts in the city did. The women of the suffrage party rejoiced to think that they could say that from every Assembly district, from the poorest to the richest, they had some woman or group of women to go to its representative and tell him that they were his women constituents; that they were anxious for the suffrage amendment to pass, and intercede with him to use his influence in its behalf. It was felt that there could be no possible objection to having groups and individual women do this when the calls were made in a public building and a large body of women visited it at the same time.

Dr. Anna Mercy and her younger sister are well known on the east side, and to many of the uptown women interested in woman suffrage. They are particularly bright and clever women. The Suffrage League, of which Dr. Anna Mercy is President, has 100 members, who study civic questions and are well posted. The women are likely to take some action on Miss Henrietta's story.

James, known throughout Tammany as "Paradise Jimmy" Oliver, began to be elected to the Assembly from the Third District in 1884, and with brief lapses has been returned there ever since. He was the leader of the Democratic minority in 1907. He has been called "the Beau Brummel of the Bowery," on which he is a familiar figure. His district begins at Broadway and Worth Street, and runs up as far as Fourteenth Street, bounded on the east side by Second Avenue and extending as far west as Fourth Avenue.

Phillip Wissig, a Tammany Assemblyman from the Eighth District in 1892, once made an insulting speech about women in the Assembly. He never went back. As soon as the Legislature adjourned Richard Croker, then Tammany leader, forced him to resign. The Third District, now Oliver's, nominated him tow years later, but he was compelled to resign again.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—"Jimmy" Oliver was just about to retire when the TIMES correspondent repeated to him the story told by Miss Henrietta Mercy and asked what he had to say in reply. The veteran Assemblyman declared that he had been misquoted by Miss Mercy.

"I was tired out after attending a long meeting of the Ways and Means Committee," said he, "and was sitting in the foyer waiting for the ladies to come out of the Assembly Chamber, so I could get to my desk, when Assemblyman Graubard of New York brought word that a little lady wanted to see me. I told him I didn't want to see any ladies just then, but Miss Mercy followed him so closely that I had scarcely got the words out of my mouth when she came up to me and asked me to vote for the suffragette amendment, announcing that she was a member of and came from my district and belonged to a woman suffrage club that had 500 members.

"She was such a little girl that I remarked: 'Miss, even if you had the vote it would do you personally no good, for I don't think you are old enough to vote.' Whereat the little lady seemed much offended and assured me she had reached voting age.

"I said: 'Well, little girl, I've voted for woman suffrage seven times. I voted for it before you were born, but if you come up here and bother me it will go a long way toward making me vote against your amendment.'

"I also said: 'Little girl, this is a long way from home and the fare up here must have meant quite a lot for a little girl like you. If you had sent me a letter I would have read it and would have answered it and it would have done just as much good.'"

Mr. Oliver said he did say something about the advantage of bringing womanly charms to bear in an appeal to the more susceptible, more good looking, and more youthful members of the Legislature, but he averred with indignation that he ha made no reference to "the way the girls on the street get things."

"It isn't like me, is it?" said "Jimmy" Oliver.

WOMEN ARGUE ON SUFFRAGE.

Albany Besieged by Suffragists and Anti-Suffragists.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Albany was besieged by women suffragists to-day in their annual bombardment of the Senate and Assembly Judiciary Committees in the hope of having removed from the Constitution the word "male," which is the only thing which stands between them and the ballot. The anti-suffragists were on hand, too, to do their best to hold the word in place. After a long verbal encounter both parties retired from the field, worn out with the struggle and uncertain of the results, though the suffragists said they saw encouraging signs.

The only person left to hold the fort was Dr. Mary Walker in her masculine black suit, armed with a volume of Congressional records of 1877, by which she proposed, after the regular hearing, to prove that the whole thing was out of order, because the Constitution of the United States had given to women the power of voting long ago and the individual States had nothing to do with it.

The appearance of Dr. Walker was the only picturesque feature of the hearing, which was a straight, business-like affair from beginning to end. It was probably the biggest and most important hearing of this kind given in the State, and suffragists and anti-suffragists were out in greater numbers than ever before. The Assembly chamber was packed to the doors with a great crowd, largely of women, and numbers had to stand through the entire hearing. Only through the efforts of the pages were seats reserved for the members of the committee, and they were sandwiched in with suffragist and anti-suffragists. Rows of chairs were placed inside the regular seats so cloely that some of the speakers merely rose in their places unable to move.

From all over the State the women have been gathering for several days. The last delegations left New York this morning, the suffragists and anti-suffragists each having a special train. Mrs. Mary Garrett Hay was in charge of the suffragists, 130 strong, including women from every assembly district in New York City. Mrs. George Phillips of the New York State Association, opposed to woman suffrage, marshaled the forces of the anti-suffragists—115 of them. On the suffrage train Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw spent the time instructing the women from the different assembly districts as to their respective Assemblymen and Senators, and each man was visited in Albany before the hearing by the feminine constituents from his district.

This included women from the lower east side, ten of them, for whom the money for the trip had been raised in the woman suffrage party, that no man might feel that he represented a district in which the women suffragists were not interested. Every Suffrage League in New York was represented, with two exceptions. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, President of the Political Equality Association, was not present, and there were no representatives of the Colored Suffrage League, which she took as a whole into her association recently.

Mrs. Mackay, an important figure in recent work for suffrage, was absent, but was represented by Mrs. Simkhovitch of the Greenwich Settlement.

The suffragettes were out, distinguished from the other women by the big yellow "Votes for Women" buttons which they wore. Miss Helen Murphy and two Directors represented the National Progressive Woman's Suffrage Association, the organization of the suffragettes, but here again a picturesque figure was missing. Mrs. Sofia Loebinger was detained by illness. This prevented a regular suffrage the open-air meeting, which was to have been held before the hearing.

The Lower East Side Suffrage League was represented by the young sister of its President, Dr. Anna Mercy, and the Jeanne d'Arc Suffrage Association, inspired by the spirit of the French heroine, had one member present, who distributed Jeanne d'Arc pamphlets. Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Suffrage Association and head of the Woman Suffrage Party, was on the suffrage train, and Miss Carolyn Crossett, daughter of the President of the State Suffrage Association, made a little money for the association by selling "Votes for Women" buttons. One woman, who said she exemplified the domestic characteristics of all suffragists, crocheted on a silk tie all the way up on the train, could not be torn away from her work even at luncheon at the Ten Eyck, and had the tie about finished by afternoon to give to her Assemblyman as a sample of a suffragist's work, she said, though she didn't do it.

Albany was full of women, and there seemed to be an amiable, masculine disregard for them in the atmosphere. A policeman, who helped the suffrage party just landed from the train across the street, put it in words:

"What's this? 'Votes for women!' Sorry, but I'm not with you."

The suffragists were encouraged by Assemblyman Toombs, who told them there was a much stronger feeling this year in their favor than ever before in the Legislature.

The hearing was in reality before the Assembly Judiciary Committee alone. The members of the Senate Committee were attending the funeral of the late Senator Platt, and only Senator Davis made his appearance, coming in late some time after Chairman Phillips had called the gathering to order.

Mrs. Francis M. Scott made the opening remarks for the opponents of woman suffrage, referring to "passionate advocates on the right" and the "persistent and determined opponents on the left."

"And, looking from one side to the other," she continued, "I think you will not confuse the two." She introduced Mrs. Henry M. Stimpson of New York as the first speaker to take the place of Mrs. Francis Kinnicut, who was not able to be present. Mrs. Stimpson told the committee that the suffragists were ignoring the underlying principles of life.

"We hear," she said, "of places where there are primaries at afternoon teas, cavalcades of baby carriages while men stand with bared heads before the nobility of women casting the vote. That is the place where there are twice as many men as women, and heaven itself can offer no greater attractiveness.

"Were we so presumptuous as to think we could take up men's work we should have to take it up in addition to our own, and," she added seriously, "while the Legislature might make us voters it could not make you men mothers."

The committee, suffragists, and anti-suffragists burst into a roar of laughter.

"Women, if they become voters, will succumb to the nerve-racking brain strain, and it will have decidedly bad effects. The birth rate has been lowered in those countries where the restlessness of women has taken the most acute form," she continued. "We whose unique responsibility is to furnish the State with citizens have a right to demand protection from these dangers which threaten to atrophy the mother instinct. I have heard the suffragettes cry: 'When women get the vote every cradle in England will be empty.'"

The suffragettes shouted with laughter at this, and Mrs. Stimpson stopped reading her paper to say:

"Ladies, I heard that myself last Summer in England."

"We hear talk of man-made laws," said Mrs. Stimpson derisively, "when laws are always decided by public opinion. We might as well say 'goose-made Declaration of Independence' because it was signed with a goose quill."

"I am no more afraid of ignorant immigrant women having the vote than I am of inexperienced women of other classes," said Mrs. Winslow Cranelle, also speaking for the anti-suffragists. "They will take it up for a plaything, only to throw it away when they are tired of it, and have a new plaything. One vote helps to make our laws as well as another, and the maid who asked me not to oppose woman suffrage because she could sell her vote if she had one for $5, as her father did, will have a vote as well as an intelligent woman. Suffragists think that peace and prosperity will settle down upon us when we women have the vote; that there will be no drunkenness, no immorality, no white slave trade, and the lion and the lamb will lie down together—but the lamb will be inside the lion.

"We anti-suffragists do not ask for chivalry. We ask you to treat us as you would treat the men if they asked anything so radical. Do not mistake noise for strength."

Mrs. William P. Northrup of Buffalo said the question was not whether it was the desire of a few women to have the ballot and whether it would be a benefit to some taxpayers, but whether the best interests of the State require it.

"If the latter is the case, we should not only be allowed to vote, but compelled to do so," she said.

The Suffragists applauded this remark.

"You are barking up the wrong tree, ladies," said Mrs. Northrup.

"Politics introduced into the homes would tend to disintegrate them," she continued, "but let that pass. Ask whether or not nature has fitted us to take part in the work. It is not a difference in intelligence, but in kind. But why elaborate the obvious. Women and men are not on the same errand in the world. The question we want to consider is where we stand in this matter to-day, not in Finland or in other countries, but in New York. The millennium would be already here if all the energy the suffragists have spilled upon the ground had been put to some good purpose."

After more anti-suffrage speeches came the speakers in favor of suffrage. Samuel Untermyer of New York was the first. Mr. Untermyer reviewed the history of the movement in this country and continued:

"In every great controversy for freedom the law has always been in the wrong. It represents the ultra-conservatism of the nation. This is particularly true of the present movement that strikes at the root of the social fabrics and seeks to give representation to that half of our citizens who bear their share of the duties and responsibilities of civilized life and of government.

"Women are eligible with men for the electric chair, the prison, and the tax roll. It seems intolerable that they should be ineligible for the ballot, the jury box, and to have their part in framing the laws under which they are required to live.

"But we are told that whatever may have been the injustice of the past, the law now deals justly with women, and that they have no grievance which requires so radical an innovation as the experiment of the ballot to correct. Such an argument takes no account of the unanswerable justice of their demand.

"Do women receive fair or decent consideration from the courts in the way of support where they are deserted by their husbands or are compelled for other reasons to seek divorce? The almost barbarous inadequacy of the allowances made by the court in such cases is a recognized evil in our profession. This is true to such an extent that where the husband is a man of wealth the wife's lawyer feels forced to accept the most insufficient compromise rather than subject his client to the allowances set by precedent.

"The result is that she and her children are invariably punished for the man's offense. The law seems to proceed on the utterly intolerable and indefensible theory that the wife has no interest in the property accumulated during marriage.

"It is high time to put away the cruel, demoralizing spectacle of men suddenly grown rich making use of these barbarous rules to force their freedom from the wives who shared their early struggles under threat of being forced to take the pittance doled out to them by the law.

"The law does not give to the wife as a right any part of the husband's estate in case of his death unless he happens to own land. He can leave her penniless if he sees fit."

"Women are tired of indirect influence. They know from experience that legislation secured through influence usually fails of enforcement because there are no votes behind it," said Mrs. Anna C. Etz, President of the Steuben County Woman Suffrage Association. "New York State needs mothering. You can't afford to waste $1,000,000 as suggested in the Brackett bill to find out if women in this State really want to vote. What they want has nothing to do with it. It is your duty as guardians of the welfare of the people of this State to do what you can toward enfranchising women, and, then, as far as in you lies, to see that they use it."

"Unless the women of New York are enfranchised soon this State will be left behind in the progress of democracy," said Mrs. Catt. "Already full woman suffrage prevails over one-fifteenth of the earth's area, and the last ten years have brought more substantial gains than the five previous decades.

"Do you say that women do not want it? How do you know? That some of us want it and want it now is evidenced by our presence here to-day. It is not fair, it is not just, it is not in keeping with the spirit of our institutions, that because all women do not want the vote it should be denied to those who do. We ask for it because we are deeply conscious of our responsibility toward the Government; because we lay as much emphasis upon duties as we do upon privileges. To require that a majority of women make an unmistakable demand for the ballot before it is granted would be to require of them what has never been exacted, or even expected, of any class of men which has been elevated to citizenship in this country."

"For a long series of years representatives of the Woman Suffrage Association of the State of New York have made their appeal to the Legislature to act upon their bill asking for an amendment to the Constitution by striking out the word 'male,'" said Mrs. Henry Villard. "Never have the signs of the times pointed so signally to victory as now.

"We beg to notify you that gross injustice can no longer be tolerated by the women suffragists of this State and their friends. The controlling party in power can no longer afford to disregard the wishes of women citizens, least of all at this time, when all eyes are fastened upon it. Let it hasten to proclaim that women are half of 'the people,' entitled to the same rights as men under the law, in order to enable them together to work out the problems of democracy, which affect the welfare of all human beings alike."

MILITIA OUT AT CORINTH.

Dynamite Used in Paper Strike—Glens Falls Workers Quit.

CORINTH, N. Y., March 9.—Company L of the Second Regiment, New York National Guard, a Saratoga command, was brought to Corinth to-day to maintain order during the strike here of 600 employes of the International Paper Company.

Nine armed strikebreakers brought here by the paper company in the express car of a passenger train were arrested to-night by the village police, charged with carrying concealed weapons, and were locked up. There is a general belief that any attempt to import strikebreakers on a large scale will be resented and will provoke trouble.

Twice this afternoon dynamite cartridges were exploded under a railroad bridge over which strikebreakers must pass to enter Corinth. The damage was slight, but has been repaired, and to-night the bridge is under guard by militia.

There was no disorder when the militiamen marched into Corinth this afternoon. The troops went at once to the mills of the paper company.

The order for the movement of the troops was made by Capt. William F. Town of Company L at the request of Sheriff Washburn of Saratoga County, who said that his force of fifty deputies on duty here was unable to control the strike situation.

Sixty rounds of ammunition was distributed to each militiaman, with orders not to fire upon the strikers except in case of necessity.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., March 9.—Three hundred union men walked out of the South Glens Falls mills of the International Paper Company this afternoon, and less than five minutes later twenty-eight strikebreakers walked in. They were admitted singly, through the company's office, and not until they were safely inside did the strikers learn what was being done. They made no demonstration.

A. N. Burbank, President of the International Paper Company, said last night:

"The strike at Corinth came without any preliminary demands of any nature having been made on the company. No grievance has been alleged since. When the strike of 1908 at all the mills of the company was ended the Paper Makers' Union was disrupted, but the Pulp Makers' Union, which had not participated in the strike, retained its organization. Having recently affiliated itself under a working agreement with the remnants of the Paper Makers' Union, the two unions, without provocation, have assumed an antagonistic attitude toward the company, and although no complaints have been presented and no proposition made to the company, rumors were rife that a strike would be ordered at the Corinth mill on March 20.

"On March 3 a paper mill worker, who had been reported as taking some of the company's property without authority from its premises, was discharged therefor. A few paper makers refused to continue working unless this offender was taken back. Their places were filled by others and nothing further occurred until Sunday, when all the men except firemen and carpenters voted to strike. The company was, therefore, unable to start its plant on Monday.

"The International Paper Company has called upon the Sheriff of Saratoga County for protection, and has notified him that it will hold the county responsible for any damage to its property. The Sheriff has accordingly sworn in armed deputies, but nevertheless riotous conditions have prevailed."

Accepts Reduced Damages with Tears of Joy.

Mrs. Helen M. Walters, the Chicago widow, who sued Theodore A. Ryerson for $50,000 damages for breach of promise, received a judgment for $3,000 from a Supreme Court jury in Justice Dugro's court yesterday. Mrs. Walters thanked the jury tearfully. Robert Weeks, attorney for Ryerson, said he would appeal.

UNION MEN URGE NATIONAL STRIKE

Pennsylvania Federation Calls on All Workers to Aid Philadelphia Strikers.

MORE MEN QUIT EMPLOYERS

Labor Leaders Say That Thousands Have Joined the Strike—Day Passes Without Violence.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CASTLE, Penn., March 9.—The State Federation of Labor at its convention here to-day passed resolutions asking that in the event that plans for ending the Philadelphia strike fail, the American Federation of Labor call a Nation-wide strike of organized and unorganized workmen.

The resolutions follow:

Whereas, The working classes of Philadelphia, both organized and unorganized, have revolted against the un-American methods of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, and the corrupt and high-handed attitude of the Philadelphia city administration in the concerted attempt of these two forces to subdue the street car men's union to the extent that working men and women and children, over 125,000 strong, have thrown down their tools, resolving not to take them up again until the transit company agrees to arbitration, and to accord its employes that treatment to which they are entitled as American citizens under our Constitution and laws, and

Whereas, The working class of Philadelphia has been refused the right to assemble peaceably and petition for its rights, the Mayor of that city even driving multiplied thousands of workers out of Independence Square and away from Independence Hall, the cradle of American liberty, and

Whereas, Manufacturers' associations and large employers of labor of other cities have sent messages of encouragement to the Philadelphia Mayor and rapid transit officials, urging them to stand pat in their war upon the labor movement to the end that open-shop conditions shall prevail in the City of Brotherly Love, and

Whereas, This strike against organized labor of Philadelphia by the Mayor, transit company, and allied corporations is a fight against organized labor everywhere, and if successful means open declarations of war against the labor movement for industrial democracy throughout Pennsylvania and the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, in convention assembled at New Castle, Penn., this 9th day of March, 1910, do hereby indorse and approve of the action taken by the fellow-unionists and fellow-citizens of Philadelphia in their movement for liberty and justice.

Resolved, That we pledge to our fellow-workers of Philadelphia our moral and financial support, and, if necessary, to extend the general strike to every industry in the State of Pennsylvania, and to appeal to the workers of the entire Nation to take similar action.

Resolved, That we hereby appeal to the American Federation of Labor and to all National and international unions, whether affiliated or unaffiliated, to indorse and give their support to the Philadelphia workers, and that organizers be sent at once to assist in organizing the Philadelphia unorganized workers, and to collect and forward financial support to the men and women engaged in this great struggle.

The resolutions were presented to the delegates by W. D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, who, with ten members of that organization, arrived here to-day from Philadelphia. The resolutions were adopted with a unanimous rising vote, the delegates cheering.

In the course of his remarks Mr. Mahon said that the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company had so far acted against organized labor with a view of throttling every organized trade in that city and county and had been assisted in so doing by city officials of Philadelphia. He asserted that the only method for remedy, if arbitration failed, was a National strike calling out men and women, organized and unorganized laborers, the country over. As Mr. Mahon ceased speaking the convention burst into wild cheering.

The action of the convention was unexpected. Only last night President Greenawalt said the State Federation would not go on record as favoring even a State-wide strike of organized labor. The arrival of the Philadelphia delegation early to-day, however, placed a different complexion on the attitude of the majority of the delegates.

The resolutions were forwarded by wire to President Gompers.

President Greenawalt appointed a committee of nine to confer with the Philadelphia Committee of Ten as to when the strike shall be inaugurated in other cities. The committee of nine held a meeting to-night and formulated a report which will be presented to the convention to-morrow, but in the meantime none of its provisions will be made public.

Conservative delegates to-night express fear that the meeting was too precipitate in its action, and some are saying that the convention was stampeded by Mr. Mahon.

CHICAGO, March 9.—"I have nothing to say," said Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, to-night, "concerning the resolution adopted by the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor."

Mr. Gompers was in conference this afternoon with local and National labor leaders. Those present included George Heidrick of New York, President of the National Brotherhood of Painters; John R. Alpine of Chicago, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, and several Chicago union labor officers. Neither Mr. Gompers nor any of the others would discuss the nature of the meeting.

TRENTON CAR MEN STRIKE.

Demand More Pay, Shorter Hours, and Recognition of Union.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 9.—Demanding an increase in wages to 23 cents an hour, a ten-hour day, recognition of the Amalgamated Association of the Electric and Street Railway Employes of America, and the return to duty of men recently discharged because their activity in organizing the local union, the street car employes here went on strike to-night. The strike followed the refusal of the Trenton Street Railway Company to accede to the demands.

The company's officials say that the men have had two increases in pay in seven months, both voluntary upon the part of the management. The first increase was from 17 to 18¼ cents, and two weeks ago the company announced an advance to 20 cents. The company says it cannot pay more.

The street railway officials agreed to arrange the hours so that some crews would work ten and others twelve hours, but they refuse to accede to the demand that the union be recognized, or even admit that certain men have been discharged for organizing the union, which is new here. They will not put back to work the men recently discharged, saying these men were laid off "for the good of the service."

There was no disorder here to-night. The men ran all of the cars to the barn and left them there.

Henry J. Gottlob, Vice President of the State Federation of Labor, said to-night that the move yesterday in putting Thomas N. McCarter, President of the Public Service Corporation, on record in Newark against receiving any committee from the Amalgamated Association possibly is the prelude to an extended street car strike in New Jersey.

The men here say that their strike has nothing to do with the Philadelphia situation.

The Trenton company operates about 100 cars running through the city, and to Princeton, Pennington, Hopewell, and other suburban points. The only other company, the Johnson line, can give no service except for a half mile in the city, though the line reaches Princeton and Lawrenceville.

As the motormen and conductors took their cars to the barn a crowd gathered and cheered the men. When some trolley men seemed disposed to continue work the jeering crowd quickly decided them to join the strikers. By 8:30 o'clock not a car was running on the city lines.

The Central Labor Union here has indorsed the strike, and Treasurer Orr of the Amalgamated Association says that he will ask aid of the Central Union should the street carmen need it.

General Manager Peter E. Hurley of the railway company, said to-night:

"In the morning we will endeavor to operate all the cars we can and we shall look to the City Government for protection of property and the men who may constitute the crews of the cars. If the men who have gone out on strike will not run the cars other men will."

GAINS MADE BY STRIKERS.

Hundreds Quit Work in Philadelhia, Although Others Go Back.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADEPHIA, March 9.—Order prevailed throughout the city to-day. The nearer approach to normal conditions was shown by the greater number of street cars in service, with a noteworthy increase in patronage as well.

Simultaneous with this improvement in general conditions, the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association inaugurated a campaign to minimize the disastrous effects on business of exaggerated reports sent broadcast concerning the conditions now prevailing in this city. Action was prompted by the fact that rival cities are obtaining a vast commercial advantage because merchants are afraid either to come to this city or to place orders here.

Resolutions adopted by the association condemn exaggerated reports of violence. They point out that what outbreaks have occurred have been sporadic in character; that the business district of the city is quiet and peaceful, and that visitors may come to Philadelphia in perfect safety and transact their business without molestation.

In support of its claim that conditions were on the mend the Rapid Transit Compkany issued a statement declaring that 1,104 cars were in operation at one period of the day.

The general strike is steadily increasing, according to union labor leaders, who asserted to-day that the ranks of organized labor were unbroken. Members of the Labor Committee said that the statements of Director Clay of the Department of Public Safety and other officials, who declared the strike was over, were simply ridiculous.

The committee of ten to-night issued its first detailed list of the men who they say are now on strike. The total claimed is 139,571, which does not include, the statement says, several thousands who were forced to stop work in plants where there were walkouts. The committee asserts that 40,000 men are out in the building trades, 20,000 in the metal trades, 30,000 in the textile industries in the Kensington and Richmond districts, and 19,000 men and women in the garment making industries.

Possible trouble was indicated by the announcement of the strikers' committee that it would hold an open-air mass meeting in the National League Baseball Park to-morrow noon. The police authorities declared that the meeting would not be permitted, but following this declaration the men reiterated their intention of holding it as scheduled, claiming the right of peaceful assemblage and exercise of free speech at a meeting on inclosed private property as within their constitutional rights. Results of the indicated clash are awaited with some little trepidation. The strikers declare their meeting will be orderly, however, and that there will be no just cause for interference.

To the threat of a country wide strike if the local traction heads did not agree to arbitration with their men, the officials of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company made curt response, announcing that they had said their last word on arbitration and that if the widespread strike depended on its yielding to the arbitration demand, the strike would have to come.

An important acquisition to the ranks of the strikers was announced to-night from Camdem, N. J., where 1,500 carpenters went out. About the same number quit work at suburban points along the Pennsylvania Railroad main line, and the men declared that if necessary 2,500 more carpenters would be called out in Montgomery County, adjacent to Philadelphia, to-morrow. In the business districts of the city to-day there were no signs of the strike, and to all appearances the usual life of the community there went on undisturbed.

Labor representatives, who reported at union headquarters, said that 6,000 men quit work at the Baldwin Locomotive Works to-day, and that 900 left the works of Bement, Miles & Co., while 175 quit at the shops of the Harrington Machine Company. According to the reports of other delegates, 400 workers walked out at the Masland carpet mills, 500 at the Germania carpet mills, and 161 mechanics from the American Shoe and Shovel Company.

The gain made by the unions at the Baldwin plant was the most important of the day. Officials of the company disputed the statement of the strike leaders that 6,000 men had quit work. They said about 2,000 men had struck.

Representatives of the Cigarmakers' Union said that 160 of their members quit work at the factory of Jacob Langsdorf & Sons, and a business agent of the tool iron workers said that eighty-four men had struck at the plant of the National Cutlery Company.

Members of the Labor Committee said that a number of men employed at Cramp's Shipyards would join the strike to-morrow. They announced that 150 heater boys who decided to strike yesterday were offered 2 cents an hour extra to remain at work and accepted the offer.

On receiving the foregoing reports, the committee of ten held a conference, and at its conclusion issued the following statement:

> The committee finds, after thorough investigation, that the ranks of organized labor are unbroken. In addition to this, the unorganized working men and women who have ceased work are daily growing in numbers by thousands.
>
> To-day reports received show that 6,000 workers at the Baldwin Locomotive Works have ceased work, and thousands of others have quit work at other establishments. We expect in the next day or two to receive additions to our ranks from Cramp's shipyards, the Midvale Steel Works, and other large plants. We are entirely satisfied with conditions, and intend to pay no attention to misleading statements published in certain newspapers in large type. Our members only have to look at what has been done at the Baldwin plant and other prominent places to prove the falsity of these statements.
>
> For to-morrow we have arranged a mass meeting of workers at the Philadelphia Baseball Park, which will take place at noon. This meeting will be addressed by W. D. Mahon, C. O. Pratt, John J. Murphy, and other prominent speakers. We invite the clergymen of this city, business men, and the general public to co-operate in the great uprising of the people of this city against corporate greed and gang rule, aided and abetted by an arbitrary and unfair city administration, and do everything in their power to make the demonstration a success.

Managers of the several companies operating taxicabs declared to-night that all these vehicles will be in operation to-morrow. The first break in the ranks of these strikers occurred yesterday, and one after another the men returned to their cars until fifty of them were in service to-night.

Various mills in the textile district reported that all or part of their striking employes had returned and claims were made throughout Kensington that the situation is considerably improved.

National Organizer Pratt declared today that he did not expect that a State-wide strike would be called in the immediate future, when told of the action of the members of the State Federation of Labor.

"The same orderly procedure will be followed," he said, "as in the case of the strike votes taken in this city and elsewhere. The delegates will have an opportunity to consult their local unions and submit to them the action of the State convention. Meantime, conditions may arise that will make the calling of the Statewide strike unnecessary."

Timothy Healy, International President of the Stationary Firemen's Organization, when asked if he thought that a Nationwide strike would be called, said:

"It is a distinct possibility as the trolley men in many other cities, including Chicago, St. Louis, and Cleveland, are in a state of unrest and are awaiting the word from Philadelphia."

Dynamite laid across the tracks of the Rapid Transit Company in Germantown Avenue near Logan Street was exploded to-night when a northbound car ran over it in the darkness. The front of the car and all the windows were shattered by the concussion, and the passengers, cut by flying glass, were thrown into confusion. For four yards the track was twisted and bent, and the pavement was torn out. The windows of houses nearby were broken.

Inside a few minutes a crowd of 2,000 had collected, and by the time the police had responded to a riot call the street was one solid mass of humanity. The crowd jeered and hooted the policemen, but made no hostile demonstration. Traffic was suspended until a wrecking car arrived and laid down temporary rails.

BOSSES WILL FIGHT ROOT'S SENATE PLAN

Cobb and Davis Refuse to Give Way for Hinman on the Leadership.

FEDERAL PRESSURE FEARED

Conferences of Leaders Held at Platt's Funeral and Elsewhere—Strong Resentment of Root's Action.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Senator Root is not to have his way in the matter of the Senate leadership without a fight. When the Senate caucus meets to-morrow night Senator George H. Cobb, candidate of the machine for President pro tem, and Senator George A. Davis will still be in the field against Senator Harvey D. Hinman, whom Mr. Root has declared to be the choice of himself, Gov. Hughes, and other party leaders.

A momentous conference took place tonight at the residence of William Barnes, Jr., the Republican boss of Albany County. State Chairman Timothy L. Woodruff, James W. Wadsworth, Jr., Speaker of the Assembly, and half a dozen Senators closely affiliated with the Republican machine, were in attendance by invitation. The meeting was a continuation of similar conferences, in which several of the Republican leaders who attended the Platt funeral at Owego and returned on the special train to-night, including Mr. Woodruff and Mr. Barnes, had been engaged during the day.

Mr. Woodruff, after the conference, left for New York without saying anything. Mr. Barnes, however, made this significant statement:

> I was in favor in January of the election of Senator Hinman as President pro tem. He bolted the caucus, and now, of course, the Republican machine cannot be for him. So far as hoisting the black flag is concerned, if you are on the rocks and must hoist either the white or black, a courageous man would hoist the black. But my impression is that we shall have to hoist neither the white nor the black, but will put up the red, white, and blue and win. That is all I have to say.

Senator Cobb announced to-day that he would remain in the field for the leadership with his following. Senator Davis declared that he had gone too far to retire. Senator Hinman let it be known that he was in the hands of his friends. All day the Senators, allied with the fortunes of one candidate or the other have been debating the situation.

The message from Senator Root advocating the selection of Senator Hinman fell with destructive force in the camp of the bosses, who had Cobb as good as elected, and they have not recovered sufficiently from the blow to get their bearings. The dominant note in the Cobb camp to-night is one of sullen resentment against Senator Root for seriously proposing the election as majority leader of a man who has antagonized the organization for the last two years and only recently was one of the ringleaders in the little group of insurgent Senators who refused to enter the Republican caucus at the time Jotham J. Allds was elected majority leader of the Senate.

The followers of Senator Cobb still maintain that their candidate will have the sufficient number of votes to win when the caucus gets together, unless outside influences should be brought to bear. But it is evident that the question that has arisen to vex their spirits and harass their minds is this: In case we carry out our programme will the Federal axe be swung? Will the Postmasters, the Collectors of Internal Revenue, the customs officials, and all the lesser beneficiaries from Federal patronage be confronted with a situation where they will be compelled to bring pressure to bear against the election of Senator Cobb?

Their pleas would be potent enough to stop the bosses' programme, but if the caucus gets to business to-morrow night it is admitted that there will be little time for that influence to make itself felt.

It was learned to-night that plans contemplated by the adherents of the new idea one look far beyond the question of who shall be the next President pro tem. of the Senate. Here is the programme, as outlined by one prominent Republican closely in touch with the anti-boss wing of the organization:

> The election of Senator Harvey D. Hinman as President pro tem. of the Senate.
>
> No whitewashing for Senator Allds in connection with the bribery investigation before the Senate.
>
> A complete housecleaning at the Capitol.
>
> The retirement of Timothy L. Woodruff as Chairman of the State Committee prior to the Gubernatorial campaign.
>
> Reorganization of the State Committee, involving the gradual elimination of leaders who have forfeited the confidence of the people.
>
> The elimination of Chauncey M. Depew as a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate, and consequently as an issue in the Fall elections for the new Legislature.

With the consummation of thehse plans, it may be stated on good authority, is bound up closely the possibility of Gov. Hughes taking an active part in the Republican campaign next Fall.

While the victory to-night is being claimed by adherents of all three candidates, no final counting of noses has been attempted by the leaders in the various camps who realize that the situation will be subject to momentary changes up to the minute the votes are cast. The most reliable forecast to-night presages a deadlock between the Cobb man and the anti-Cobb men, with the prospect of protracted balloting at the caucus to-morrow night. Here is the line-up according to the latest forecast:

> Anti-Cobb—Senators Agnew, Allen, Brackett, Cordts, Davenport, Griffith, Hamilton, Hewitt, Hill, Hubbs, Newcomb, Rose, Travis, Wainwright, and Witter.
>
> For Cobb—Senators Alt, Brough, Burlingame, Coats, Emerson, Gledhill, Grattan, Heacock, Holden, Kissell, Meade, MacKenzie, Platt, Schlosser, and White.

The prospect is that the anti-Cobb vote on the first ballot at least will be divided between Senators Davis and Hinman unless Senator Davis should hear from his leader, Postmaster Fred Greiner of Buffalo, who is believed to be in sympathy with the sentiments expressed by Senator Root.

There were two recruits in the Hinman camp to-day, Senator Hewitt of Cayuga and Senator Griffith, who was elected this year to succeed the late Senator Raines. With the exception of Senator Travis all the Brooklyn Senators remained loyal to the cause of Senator Cobb, but there were rumors to-night that there would be a break in the delegation from Kings on account of the influence of the Republican Congressmen and the Federal officeholders.

ROOT BUSY ON THE WIRE.

Communicates with Friends at Albany, But Will Not Go There.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Root said to-day that he had no present intention of going to Albany on account of the situation there. He added that he had expressed his opinion and that he did not now foresee that he would be called upon to do more.

Nothwithstanding this announcement it is known that Senator Root has been in telegraphic and telephonic communication with friends in Albany and that he contemplates going to New York City Saturday.

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Add a tablespoonful of Grenadine Syrup or Curacoa to a wine-glass full of Amer Picon with Carbonated Water.

12,000,000 Bottles Sold Last Year

HARRISON FORESAW AN ATTACK BY PLATT

Continued from Page 1.

upon it I should not take the responsibility of deciding it without submitting the matter to Mr. Harrison.

I again repeated that I knew as well before seeing him as I would know afterward what would be the result, but as they urged I said I would go to Indianapolis, present the matter to him, and return here and tell them the result. This I did. Upon arriving at Indianapolis, some time in the afternoon of the following day, I had an interview with Gen. Harrison, who at once said that he would not consider the proposition for one moment, and that evening I went back to New York and communicated the result to Mr. Quay. Mr. Quay said: "All right; we will do the best we can."

In conclusion I may say that the office of Secretary of the Treasury was not mentioned nor was there any intimation made by anybody in any of these interviews by Mr. Platt, or any one else, that any promise touching the subject matter had been made.

One thing further I notice in this publication. It is stated that Mr. Quay was not promised the appointment as Attorney General, because that office had been offered to me, and I had accepted it before that time. The truth is that the office was never offered to me except in a conditional way. Gen. Harrison said to me at Indianapolis some time in February, 1889, I think it was, that he wanted me to be with him in Washington, and said that if he could make other arrangements satisfactorily he would like to have me for his Attorney General. Further than that I had no promise, and did not know that I was to be Attorney General until I was told by some one who had seen it in the newspapers while at the Riggs Hotel after the inauguration.

That Gen. Tracy would have liked to have been Attorney General he afterward told me, because it was in the line of his profession, but that he took the office of Secretary of the Navy, I think, was very fortunate for the Administration and for the country.

It may not be improper to say further that, so far as the officers in the Department of Justice were concerned, so far as I know, the appointments were made upon the recommendations of Senator Evarts and Senator Hiscock. I am quite sure that Mr. Platt never spoke to me on the subject, while both Senators did speak to me with reference to the appointment of the officers—Solicitor General, District Attorneys, and Marshals in New York State—and their recommendations were followed.

W. H. H. MILLER.

Harry S. New, son of the late John C. New, to-day corroborated the above statement. He said to a reporter who asked him if he knew anything of John C. New's connection with it:

"Yes, my father told me the whole story more than once. He was a member of the National Committee, and in New York assisting in the management of the campaign. He told me that during the campaign the National Committee was in fact desperately hard up, and in the midst of its difficulties a proposition came to him through Mr. Quay, then Chairman of the Committee, guaranteeing the necessary funds provided he would get Gen. Harrison to promise to appoint Mr. Platt to a place in his Cabinet. Mr. New replied at once that he knew so well what Harrison's answer to such a proposition would be that he would not even mention it to him.

"At the same time he said that since so much was involved he did not care to have the responsibility left entirely upon him, and he, therefore, suggested that he would send for Mr. W. H. H. Miller, and place the matter with him. The rest of the story in every detail confirmed the account above given by that gentleman."

MR. WANAMAKER'S DENIAL.

Stories Told of Deals for Cabinet Places Untrue, He Says.

John Wanamaker last evening declared that there was no basis for two published stories concerning his political activities on behalf of Benjamin Harrison in the campaign of 1888.

One of these stories was incorporated in the statement left by Thomas C. Platt to be published after his death. Senator Platt said that Elliott F. Shepard asked Senator Brice, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, if he had heard that "an attempt had been made to sell a position in President Harrison's Cabinet."

Senator Brice replied: "It was reported to us at Democratic Headquarters that a gentleman of prominence, who was active in raising campaign funds for the Republican committee, approached the manager of the land grant railroads with a proposition that if they would contribute a large sum of money President Harrison would allow them to select his Secretary of the Interior, who would look after the Government's interests in their roads."

Asked if he knew that the story was true Senator Brice said he was only telling what he had heard. Asked what was the name of the prominent Republican mentioned, he said: "Mr. Wanamaker." Mr. Platt's story said that Mr. Shepard remarked: "It could not have been Mr. Wanamaker. I always supposed it was Mr. Platt."

The other story was published yesterday by M. J. Dwyer, the editor of a Washington newspaper. Mr. Dwyer states that Mr. Wanamaker told him just before the end of his term as Postmaster General that he had given $40,000 to the Harrison campaign fund on condition that he be appointed Postmaster General.

Mr. Wanamaker at his apartments in the Hotel Plaza last night read both stories carefully, and, handing them back to THE TIMES reporter, said:

"There isn't a word of truth in either statement. That is all I have to say."

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English Kit Bags

Of long grain cowhide, soft, folding gussets, solid brass clasps, lever locks. Sole leather straps around entire bag. Double handles; fancy plaid linings. Saddler sewn throughout.

Length	20 in.	22 in.	24 in.	26 in.
At	15.50	17.50	32.50	35.00

Oxford Bags—deep model

Of long grain cowhide, sewn in frame; solid leather handles, sunken English locks; cloth lined. Exceptionally light in weight and particularly adapted for women's use.

Length	14 in.	16 in.	18 in.
At	9.50	10.50	12.50

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FOR MEN AND WOMEN

SCOTT TO OPPOSE MERCY TO HAZERS

Congress Hearing on Reinstatement Bills and West Point Discipline To-day.

HARDSHIP IN OLD RULES

Secretary of War Admits It, but Regards Reinstatement as Subversive of Discipline.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs has failed to reach an agreement on the bills authorizing the reinstatement in the United States Military Academy at West Point of Cadets William T. Rossell, Jr., Harry C. Weaver of Alabama, and Cadet Chauncey C. Devore of West Virginia. As a result of this deadlock the full committee will consider the bills in question to-morrow in secret session, and Col. Hugh Scott, Superintendent of West Point, will appear to testify in the matter.

The measures immediately before the committee are two bills introduced by Senator Johnston of Alabama and Senator Scott of West Virginia, though the Superintendent will be asked to discuss the whole question of hazing. The general measures on this subject, however—one bill allowing certain new modifications, the expulsion of cadets, and one joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to include the cases of Cadets Robert Nall Bodine, Edward Carrington Venable Boykin, and Harold Marvin Rayner under the regulations subsequently drafted by him—have already been passed by the Senate and are now pending in the House Committee.

Great secrecy is being observed as to the hearing before the Senate Committee to-morrow, and Col. Scott's testimony, according to the present plan, will be held as executive until action is taken by Congress. Supt. Scott made no statement to-night of his position, but it is known that his testimony to-morrow will not be of a kind to inspire hope in the bosoms of the young men who seek reinstatement.

Secretary of War Dickinson has already made plain his sweeping objection to any reinstatement of cadets once they have been duly expelled under existing laws. As to the regulations existing up to the substitution of the new regulations drafted by himself he expressed himself as convinced that they were too severe in cases of minor offenses. His new plan involves a clear-cut differentiation to degrees of guilt in hazing cases and allows suspension for a year for the lighter forms of the offenses, and expulsion only when there is clear intent on the part of the cadet to humiliate or punish his junior.

The Secretary's View.

The discipline of the institution, however, in the Secretary's opinion, requires that sentences once imposed be rigorously carried out without interference from Congress. Much of the present disorder in the academy, he told the committee, comes, in his opinion, from the sense of license on the part of the cadets arising from the frequent reinstatements of their fellows after their guilt had been established. Mr. Dickinson's plan in general is to lighten the punishment, grading it in proportion to the offense, and then to carry out the sentences to the letter.

"I have learned," said Mr. Dickinson in his testimony to the committee, "that this law has not been rigidly enforced; that there have been reinstatements after cadets have been found guilty of infraction of the law.

"Wherever that is done it is an encouragement to cadets to break the law. It operates as a false light to them, and misleads them. If they find that cadets have been violating the law and then, through influence of friends and their Senators and Representatives in Congress, may go scot free and are reinstated in the institution, nothing in my opinion can be more demoralizing as an example, and nothing could be more misleading to other cadets.

"Now, my belief is—of course, it is just a belief, because I had not proved it—that the hazing that has occurred during the present year at West Point is largely the outcome of former reinstatements. As boys have not the judgment of older men—and we can not expect them to exercise the judgment of mature age—when they have known and seen that others through influence have escaped the penalty of the law they being young and impulsive and being immature in their judgment, and having great confidence in the standing and influence of their friends, I think they are led on to take chances.

Trouble Lack of Discrimination.

"The trouble was that this regulation as it was made is that there is no discrimination whatever. If a cadet shall lay hands on another cadet, or if he shall treat him with violence, no matter in what modified form, or if he shall merely 'brace' a cadet, with intent to punish, injure, annoy, molest, or harass the same, all are visited with the same punishment.

"I know of no law in any country where petty larceny is punished like grand larceny, or where manslaughter is punished like murder, where there is lying in wait, and if the law does provide for the same punishment without any discrimination, it simply is not regularly enforced. The sentiment which for the time being will cause such a law to be enacted will finally change, and as to a law like this I do not believe that it has ever been or ever will be uniformly enforced for any long period of time. It has not been heretofore enforced, as I understand it, rigidly, but with discrimination and favor."

Another effect of the sweeping infliction by regulation of the same punishment for varying degrees of offenses, said Mr. Dickinson, is that the officers of the institution are tempted to wink at the minor misdemeanors which they do not consider serious enough to merit the full penalty imposed. This tendency, too, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, is bad for the discipline of the academy.

Seven cadets were dismissed last Summer for hazing Redondo B. Sutton and another fourth classman, whose application for reinstatement by act of Congress is involved. The seven men are John H. Booker, Jr., of West Point, Ga., first classman, and the following third classmen: Richard W. Hocker, Kansas City; Earl W. Dunmore, Utica, N. Y.; Chauncey C. Devore, Wheeling, West Va.; Gordon Lefevre, Richmond, Va.; Albert E. Crane, Hawarden, Iowa, and Jacob S. Fortner, Dothan, Ala. Powerful pressure is being brought to bear in Congress by their relatives and friends, and the attempt is being made to show that the recent altering of the regulations with respect to hazing by Gen. Bell, Gen. Bliss, Supt. Scott, and Secretary of War Dickinson conclusively proves hardship in the dismissed cadets' cases under the old regulations.

Cases of Three Cadets.

The three other cadets, Bodine, Boykin, and Rayner, all of the third class, were in December last found guilty under the old rules by a board of officers, which recommended that they be "summarily dismissed." Secretary Dickinson, after reviewing these cases, declared them to be "three illustrations of the hardship of the regulations," and brought them to the attention of Congress.

So convinced is Mr. Dickinson of the correctness of his general position against reinstatement, however, that he has refrained from acting in any other way on the cases of Cadets Bodine, Boykin, and Rayner. His first decision of the cases will not be made until Congress has authorized their consideration by him in the light of the new regulations grading penalties to match offenses. Mr. Dickinson will not appear before the Senate committee to-morrow.

What the Secretary of War thinks of the seven earlier cases was brought out at the hearing Feb. 17 before the Committee on Military Affairs, when he described the beating young Sutton received with tent poles in the hands of his tormentors, and maltreatment of a nature that cannot be described here, which proves, in his opinion, that "those cases were quite different" from the three more recent cases. It will be remembered that Sutton's injuries kept him twenty-one days in the hospital. The three later cases, on the other hand, because they were really mild infractions of the rules against hazing—they consisted merely in "bracing" lower classmen—caused the Secretary of War to suspend sentence until the rules should be changed.

THE SEVEN DISMISSED CADETS.

Both Sides of Testimony on Appeal to Congress for Their Reinstatement.

FATHERS OF THE BOYS.

"As a result of their [the Sibley Board's] inquiry they were unanimous in their report that none of the Cadets concerned in the Sutton affair be dismissed. * * *

"None of these men petitioned for mercy; only the guilty plead for that. What they want is simple justice under the law. * * *

"Congress certainly did not intend this law to apply to trivial offenses, or accidents resulting therefrom, any more than the cadets in this case intended to do anything contrary to the law."—*Appeal to Congress by J. H. Devore, Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 22, 1909.*

"I wish to say at the outset that if he [Cadet Earl W. Dunmore] was engaged in hazing at West Point, I am not going to ask that he should be exempted from the penalty prescribed in such cases, but I do not believe he was engaged in hazing. * * *

"I desire to call your attention to the following recommendations of the Board:

> The Board recommended that a punishment less severe than dismissal be given to Cadets * * * Dunmore, Earl W., * * * 3rd class, on the ground that the harrassing, as shown by the testimony, partook of the nature of interfering and trifling with a sentinel without intent to injure, humiliate or degrade.

—*Appeal to Congress by W. T. Dunmore, Utica, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1909.*

SECRETARY DICKINSON.

"I have learned that this hazing law has not been rigidly enforced; that there have been reinstatements after cadets have been found guilty of infraction of the law. Wherever that is done it is an encouragement to cadets to break the law. * * *

"Now, my belief is—of course, it is just a belief, because I could not prove it—that the hazing that has occurred during the present year at West Point is largely the outcome of former reinstatements. * * *

"I will enforce the rules exactly. * * * I am not going to break down the discipline of the institution by not enforcing the regulations."

The CHAIRMAN—Mr. Secretary, for the information of the committee, is it not a fact that in those five or seven cases that were settled last year the Board found them guilty, and coupled that finding with a recommendation to you to violate the law and impose a less punishment because they did not deserve the full punishment?

Secretary DICKINSON—Yes. I am glad you referred to that, because that had, I think, a demoralizing effect. The Board found these students guilty within the meaning of the law. They found it in words corresponding to the regulations, and then said that "we recommend that some punishment less than that made mandatory by the statute be inflicted," using the word "mandatory" as if the Superintendent or the Secretary of War or the President of the United States had the power to mete out any other punishment than that which was made mandatory by the statute. I wrote a letter on that point to the Superintendent.—*Hon. J. McG. Dickinson, Secretary of War, before the Committee on Military Affairs, Feb. 17, 1910.*

STATEMENT OF THE SEVEN CASES BY SECRETARY DICKINSON.

* * * "Five young men were dismissed because they went upon a sentinel's beat at night, by concerted arrangement, attacked him, got him down, and got his gun away from him. He resisted and caught hold of two of them. It was not clearly shown which of them actually did it. They were acting in concert. Some went to the hospital tent near by and got two tent poles and charged down on this young man. They punched him. * * * He was in the hospital from that injury twenty-one days. The board found that they were guilty, and then recommended that they receive less punishment than that made mandatory by the statute. I went through the entire record at my home. I took it up with the President, and we concluded that the recommendations of the board had to be ignored and that the cadets should be dismissed.

"Another case was that of a cadet who went to the tent of another cadet and ordered him to take the position of being "braced," and laid his hands on him. The proof showed, and he admitted it himself, that the reason he did it was to punish the younger cadet because the latter had refused to shake hands with a classmate of the cadet who was inflicting the punishment. I thought that took on quite a different phase from the ordinary discipline prevailing among cadets. There he was, undertaking by the power and prestige of his rank as a superior class man to inflict a punishment upon the younger cadet for something he had done in a private quarrel. I thought that an aggravated case and that he ought to have been dismissed. There was no question about the facts.

"The other case was that of a young officer who was in charge of a company. The company was out on a march——"

Mr. YOUNG—A cadet officer?

Secretary DICKINSON—Yes; a cadet officer. The cadets were made to get down on their hands and knees and run a race, 60 or 70 yards, and then run the race back again on their hands and knees, and then they were auctioned off as horses. The board held that that was humiliating and that it had been done for that purpose. This cadet officer took no active part, but the proof showed to the satisfaction of the board that he was in a position to be cognizant of it and that he did nothing to stop it. That case was gone over and very carefully reviewed. I made a full abstract of it, and laid it before the President. He went through it himself and declined to interfere in the matter. Those were the seven cases last Summer.

—*Secretary Dickinson, before the Committee on Military Affairs, Feb. 17, 1910.*

HAZED SENTINEL'S "GAME" TESTIMONY.

* * * "From the foregoing you can readily see that (1st) this bunch of men came out, not with any malicious intent or attempt to injure or harm in any way. (They were not aware, I think, of the identity of the sentinel.) (2nd) that my being hurt was an accident pure and simple.

"There was not at any time any viciousness or willful intent to hurt or harm me shown, so I must say I was not hazed in any way."—*From Cadet Redondo B. Sutton's letter, Sept. 26, 1909, to J. H. Devore.*

ATTACKS SECRETARY KNOX.

Parent of Young Philander's Bride Talks of Snobbishness.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.—"If Secretary of State Knox turns his son and daughter out I'll support them myself if it becomes necessary," said Mrs. Daniel Geary to-night when interviewed with regard to her reception in Washington. Mrs. Geary is the mother of young Philander C. Knox's wife, formerly May Boller of this city, and returned with the young people to-day from a fruitless attempt to soften the father to young Mr. Knox and his bride.

"I think the boy's father is a snob," continued Mrs. Geary. "Why, the fact that they eloped is nothing against them. Our family is just as good as his, and elopements aren't strange happenings in either of them. Reed Knox eloped, I am told, and for that matter so did I myself. I know very well young Knox and my daughter are deeply in love with each other.

"There was always an understanding among us that they were to be married as soon as young Knox thought it was the proper time. It seems his father thinks differently, however. If the elder Mr. Knox had loved a girl the same way his son does my daughter I'll bet he would have eloped himself.

"I can say this: my daughter would pine away and die within a short time were young Knox, her husband, forced to leave her and allow the girl to remain alone. I really believe that if the elder Mr. Knox would let us all see him and present the case fully to him he would forgive the young people willingly and make everything nice for them.

"It may be that in a few days we will all go there again and try, but that depends upon the girl's husband. If he wants to make another try, I will go on with them, and I think Prof. French will, too. We all believe that the trouble is due to lack of a thorough understanding between us all.

"But there is just one thing I'll tell you. They won't want as long as I can help them.

"Young Mr. Knox is a fine gentleman, and I have always liked him immensely. I knew he was going around with my daughter, and was glad for it, because I saw they loved each other truly, and nothing is better than for two young people to be in love. As for those stories which say they were seen together in places where liquor was served, I deny them. Neither of them ever drinks, to my certain knowledge."

Philander C. Knox, Jr., who on his arrival from Washington with his wife was driven directly to Mrs. Knox's apartments, at 147 Benefit Street, in a signed statement issued this afternoon, said:

"It has been said that my father threw me out of the house when I saw him in Washington. This is untrue. My father and I had no quarrel, and we parted friends, except for the fact that he does not approve of my marriage.

"Mrs. Knox is my ideal. She is fitted for me in every way, and I know that she would be accepted by my father should he ever see her, as I hope he will.

"It has been stated that Mrs. Knox craved society and the social whirl and went to school merely to fit herself for a high position in life. I know from my own knowledge of her that this is utterly false.

"Mrs. Knox is just a sweet girl, with plenty of common sense, pretty, charming, vivacious, and entertaining, who dresses well and enjoys life. I was through with school when I was married, and am ready to go out and fight for a living."

He said he would probably take up some mechanical work here.

Mrs. Knox gave out a statement. It follows in part:

"I married Mr. Knox because I loved him and know that he loves me. Of course, I regret that Tip's father is not willing to forgive us and accept us into his good graces, but that is something which we cannot help, and Tip, I know, will go out and make the best of it."

"Tip" is the nickname by which young Knox was called by his intimate friends at school.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Philander C. Knox, Jr., has been cut off with an allowance of about $100 a month, which his mother will give him, it was learned here to-day on good authority, although no member of the Knox family would make any statement in regard to the matter.

When young Knox arrived here yesterday to seek his father's pardon for his hasty marriage, his bride and her mother remained at a local hotel with the expectation that they would be received with open arms by the young man's parents. Such was not the case, however, so they returned to Providence.

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Room 225, No. 105 East 22d St.
N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

Rare Books to be Sold at Auction.

One hundred and seventy-six numbers of the libraries of J. F. Negreen and other booklovers are now on view in the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries and will be dispersed by Mr. Silo at public auction on Friday, March 11. The numbers include first, limited, and otherwise rare editions of Cruikshank, Austin Dobson, Goldsmith, Byron, Hazlitt, Longfellow, Milton, Montesquieu, Moore, Ruskin, Thackeray, and Tennyson.

Accused of Stealing Jenkins Gems.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Charles Rosenthal and Jay Harris, arrested last night for selling stolen diamonds to Paul M. Korshak, were to-day formally charged with stealing $60,000 in diamonds from Mrs. J. W. Jenkins of New York. It is expected that Mrs. Jenkins will come to Chicago for the purpose of identifying the diamonds. Rosenthal and Harris would still not tell to-day where they received the gems.

COURT CLERK'S BOOKS ARE SHORT $2,596

But Wilson Is Still on Duty and Can't Be Suspended, His Chief Says.

HE BLAMES LOST VOUCHER

Commissioner Fosdick Reports to the Mayor That Wilson Advanced Himself Salary from Trust Funds.

Justice John M. Tierney, President of the Board of Municipal Court Justices, received from Mayor Gaynor yesterday a copy of a report by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick to the effect that Municipal Court Clerk Heman B. Wilson of the Seventh District Court was short in his accounts to the extent of $2,596.45. Last night Justice Tierney said he was powerless to make any move toward the trial or removal of the clerk.

"There is nothing so complicated in all Manhattan," said President Tierney, "as the task of removing one of our clerks. Those clerks in their day have played politics and have done the job thoroughly and well. We may appoint them, but that is all. If one of them turns out to be a thief it is an endless task to bring him to trial.

"First a report of the Commissioner of Accounts must be filed with the Corporation Counsel. Then the Corporation Counsel must decide if the matter is serious enough to bring before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. That division is a very busy body, and does not like these small duties that are imposed upon it by a provision very skillfully worked into the charter twenty years ago by the clerks and kept there through every revision since.

"In this case all that can be done is for the Corporation Counsel to file charges and await a day of trial, after which, if the case has been made out, the Appellate Division may act. The Judges who appoint the Clerks can do nothing whatever. I had a thieving Clerk once and it was many months before I could force him to trial, and I heard of another very similar case in Queens."

Wilson was originally a Ninth Ward politician of the old "Down Town Republican Crowd." For many years he served in the Custom House, and when the Seventh District Municipal Court was organized ten years ago Wilson was brought up from the Custom House to become its Clerk.

Justice David B. Weil at present presides over the court, which is located at 70 Manhattan Street. It handles considerable trust money, besides the regular fees, this trust money being sums paid in for the credit of persons who have received judgment awards in the court.

Wilson is charged specifically with having had on hand and in bank at 10 A. M. on Feb. 3 the sum of $989.73, whereas, there was due the city in fees collected in January the sum of $1,054, for fees collected the first three days of February $112, and from trust fund payments, to be held for litigants, $2,420.18, making a total of $3,586.18.

It seems that later in the day on the date of Commissioner Fosdick's investigation Wilson made two deposits in the bank, one of $341.25 and the other of $200. When subpoenaed to appear before the Commissioner on Feb. 14 he explained, according to the report, that this was money which he had allowed to accumulate in his home. Even with these sums counted in the Commissioner still found him $2,055.20 short, "for which," according to Mr. Fosdick, "he could give no satisfactory explanation."

The report finds that in addition to being short in cash Mr. Wilson had been employing "lax methods in his office; had failed to make proper entries of moneys received and paid out; had been guilty of careless handling and misuse of trust funds due to litigants; had neglected or omitted to write up the judgment docket regularly, and had failed to observe court rules."

"These conditions," the report continues, "have combined to multiply the ordinary difficulties of an audit."

Specifying cases of alleged carelessness the report says:

> In several cases items of money paid into court by litigants remained undisclosed until canceled checks were found by the examiners showing the return payment of such moneys by the clerk. The cash book used for recording moneys received and paid out is more than three months behind, no entries appearing therein since Nov. 24, 1909. The cash book in which transactions covering fees due the city are supposed to be entered is written up irregularly. On Feb. 3 last, although more than 100 items of receipts between Feb. 1 and 3 should appear therein, there is no entry whatever for the period.
>
> Clerk Wilson admitted that he had used for contingency expenditures trust moneys deposited in court, relying on subsequent payment from the Finance Department to make up the deficiency. Similarly, he admitted paying his own salary in advance out of trust moneys held by him.

Mr. Wilson heard of the Fosdick charges while on duty in the court at noon yesterday. He was inclined to blame them on a misplaced voucher, and possibly an omission or two in entering up his books. He denied with emphasis that he was in any way short in his accounts or that the matter was one that was not likely to be readily cleared up. He refused to make any more definite statement until he had learned of the Fosdick report in detail.

Justice Tierney has drawn up a bill which will change the present procedure in the trial of court clerks. He said last night:

"All of the Municipal Court Justices are united in supporting the bill which, if it passes, will enable us to give our clerks speedy trials in case charges are filed against them.

"We know our bill will be fought vigorously, and I hope this case will emphasize the need for the public to afford us some relief from the nonsensical position in which we have been placed."

Mayor Gaynor sent a copy of the report on Clerk Wilson's case to District Attorney Whitman as well as to Justice Tierney, but Mr. Whitman said last night that he had not received it, and could not say what action he would take to bring the matter before the Appellate Division until he had the document officially before him.

NEW COMMERCE COURT HEAD.

President Nominates Chief Justice of Michigan—Other Names Unchanged.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—President Taft to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations for the new Customs Court of Appeals: Chief Justice Robert M. Montgomery of the Supreme Court of Michigan to be Presiding Judge; Associate Judges: William H. Hunt of Montana, James F. Smith of California, Orion M. Barber of Vermont, and Marion Devries of California.

Nominations for the court were made by the President several months ago, but they were withdrawn when he found that Congress would persist in cutting down the proposed salaries from $10,000 to $7,000 a year. When the court was first named Judge Alfred C. Cox of New York was selected as Presiding Judge. With the exception of Judge Cox the court named to-day is the same as at first chosen by the President.

Justice Robert M. Montgomery, who has been named by President Taft to be Presiding Judge of the new Customs Court of Appeals, was born at Eaton Rapids, Mich., on March 12, 1849. He worked his way while he studied law at the University of Michigan, and after being admitted to the bar practiced his profession in Detroit for several years. He gained quite a reputation, and in 1874 was elected a prosecutor of the county as a Republican.

After serving for three years as Prosecuting Attorney Mr. Montgomery resigned his position to become Assistant United States District Attorney. He served as such for three years, when he was appointed to the Federal Circuit Court bench in Kent County. He remained in that capacity for ten years, when he retired to resume private practice, and in 1900 again came before the public when he was elected to the Michigan State Supreme Court.

FIGHT ON CORPORATION TAX.

Lawyers to Argue That It Impairs Fundamental Rights of States.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—From the several briefs just filed in the Supreme Court of the United States in opposition to the corporation tax lawyers who have examined them have drawn the conclusion that one of the principal fights on the constitutionality of that measure is to be waged over the question of whether it is an improper tax on the power of the States to grant franchises. The cases involving the constitutionality of the tax come up for oral argument before the court next week.

Frederick R. Coudert, counsel in two of the cases in which the tax is opposed, argues at length against the so-called infringement by the Federal Government on the rights of States.

"The power to grant charters," says he in his brief, "is one of the oldest State powers. It antedates the Revolution. Taxation, with its logically concomitant potential destruction of this power by the General Government, would thus be an attack upon and possibly annihilation of one of the greatest and oldest of State functions."

In the brief of John G. Johnson and Frederick J. Stimson in opposition to the tax in another case, they conclude their argument by this quotation from Chief Justice Marshall:

"No political dreamer was ever wild enough to think of breaking down the lines which separate the States and of compounding the American people into one common mass."

J. L. Washburn, in a brief in favor of holding the tax unconstitutional, refers to the same point as follows:

"If whatever the United States has a right to do the individual States have no right to undo, as has been stated, it is equally true that whatever the individual States in the exercise of the reserved power under the Tenth Amendment have a right to do the Congress of the United States has not the right to undo."

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JUDICIAL 'FOOLERIES' ENGAGE GAYNOR'S PEN

A Few Words to a New Magistrate on the Shortcomings of the City Bench.

WHEN A DRINK IS WHISKY

And When a Woman May Be Arrested for Impropriety—"Be Humble," Writes the Mayor to Furlong's Successor.

Mayor Gaynor appointed Moses J. Harris, a Brooklyn lawyer and an organization Democrat, a Police Magistrate yesterday, to succeed Henry J. Furlong, who was convicted and sentenced to prison last week on a charge of accepting a bribe.

In his letter to Mr. Harris notifying him of his appointment the Mayor gives some interesting advice on the duties of a Magistrate. He tells Mr. Harris to "be humble"; to keep himself free from all political and other "improper" influence; instructs him how to handle excise cases, and also the cases of women arrested on the streets. The Mayor says that it is not necessary to prove that what a man buys in a saloon is whisky if he has asked for whisky and was supplied with something as whisky. He also says it is not necessary that a policeman shall overhear what a woman says to a man, that the mere act of accosting man after man is sufficient evidence.

Here is the Mayor's letter.

> Office of the Mayor, March 9, 1910.
>
> Dear Sir: I am selecting you, after much care, to succeed Henry J. Furlong as Magistrate in Brooklyn Borough. Make a resolution at the time you are sworn in never to allow yourself to be moved by political influence, or any improper interference, in the discharge of the duties of your office. Let the case of no one, however humble or unfortunate, go by you without careful attention. Be not elated with your powers, which are very great, and apt to turn one's head, but humble and patient. Do not convict any one unheard.
>
> Since I have been Mayor my attention has been called to cases of off-hand and ostentatious convictions of humble persons by Magistrates which were gross wrongs. I sent a secretary to copy the record in two of the cases, and found that no evidence whatever was taken.
>
> See to it, on the other hand, that arrested persons are not discharged when they should be held. It is very discouraging to the police to have Magistrates discharge prisoners against whom ample evidence of crime is presented. And the same is true in the case of minor offenses.
>
> If an officer sees a woman in the street ogling man after man, and speaking to them, and arrests her as a disorderly person, it is deplorable to see a Magistrate discharge her on the ground that as the policeman did not hear what she said to the man, there was no evidence that she solicited. Her actions are evidence of it sufficient to put her to her explanation or defense. Words are not necessary.
>
> In the same way it seems to be a common thing to discharge a liquor dealer against whom the evidence is that a person ordered whisky of him, and that in response he furnished something as whisky. It is said that this furnishes no evidence that the drink was whisky, which entirely overlooks that the production of it as whisky by the defendant is an admission by him that it was whisky. It is not necessary to have a whisky expert testify that it is whisky.
>
> I could multiply similar fooleries, but these suffice for illustration. I intend to have all such cases reported to the Police Commissioner and by him to this office, to be presented to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, through the Bar Association, in cases for the removal of such Magistrates. It is gratifying to say that we have some of the finest Magistrates—as well as some of the worst.
>
> In the administration of the criminal law the natural conclusion from a given state of facts is just as permissible as in any of the affairs of men. When Magistrates lose sight of this, or are too narrowminded to comprehend it, they turn their office into ridicule and distrust. Be a broad, good man, and you will be a great Magistrate, and I shall always be glad that I appointed you. I write this for more than you, for I believe it is high time that the appointing power take note of the conduct of some of our Magistrates. Sincerely yours,
>
> W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.
>
> Moses J. Harris, Esq.

Mr. Harris lives at 543 Third Street, Brooklyn. He has an office at 215 Montague Street. He is 50 years old and a graduate of the City College and the Columbia Law School. He is Secretary of the Kings County Bar Association and Treasurer of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum.

Public Hearing on Steaming Autos.

The Aldermen's Law Committee will hold a public hearing to-morrow afternoon on the question of establishing an ordinance to regulate the escape of gas and steam from automobiles.

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The opportunity to get a piano or a Player Piano at a fraction of its original cost is so excellent that it is safe to assume that the instruments listed for to-day will be in great demand.

Special Terms of
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Sohmer Upright (★) No need to tell you about a Sohmer, and this is a rare bargain. Ebonized case. Not on sale before 10 A. M.	$475	$115
Steck Upright (★) It's one of those "good old Stecks" in ebonized case. We'll leave it to you to judge of the great value of this bargain. Not on sale before 10 A. M.	$450	$75
Clafflin Upright (★) We will allow $75 for this piano any time in two years, if you want to exchange it for a new one. It's great value. Not on sale before 10 A. M.	$300	$75
Sterling Upright Mahogany case, sweet tone, solid panels, three pedals.	$350	$155
Lindeman Upright Like new, beautiful tone, Wessell-Nickel & Gross action, excellent value.	$350	$225
Angelus Piano Player	$250	$95
Cecilian Piano Player Can be attached to any upright piano, enabling one to play any piece of music.	$250	$95

20 Other Bargains in Pianos for To-day.

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21 kinds **10c a can**

Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

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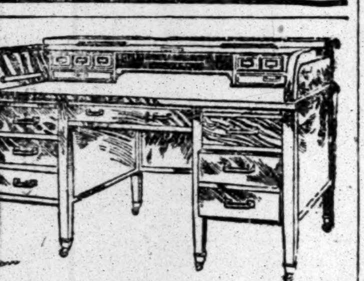

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TWO QUIT SING SING BY SAWING CELL BARS

Devoe, Life Convict for Murder, Still at Large, but His Companion Is Caught.

SCALED WALL WITH A ROPE

Warden Blames Overcrowding for the Escape—This Has Compelled Him to Use a Factory for Prisoners.

Cutting their way through an iron bar seven-eighths of an inch thick, letting themselves down to the ground by a rope manufactured out of twine, scaling a sixteen-foot railing, and then wading through the ice-cold water of the Hudson, John Clark and Alexander Devoe, two convicts from Manhattan, escaped early yesterday morning from Sing Sing Prison. They made their way to Tarrytown, six miles off, and there, about 3 o'clock in the morning, Sergt. Allen Delaney saw them coming at a rapid pace out of Kaldenburg Place.

He challenged them, and they set off running again. He pursued them and they separated, Devoe going north and Clark south. Delaney followed Clark and captured him. Devoe got away, and is still at large.

Clark was the less important prisoner of the two. He was sentenced in this city on Feb. 17, 1909, to from four years to four years and six months for grand larceny. Devoe was convicted of murder in the second degree on April 12, 1907, and was sentenced for life. He killed in 1906, in a saloon at Seventh Avenue and Thirtieth Street, "Lefty" Boyle, a police stool-pigeon, who was trying to find out if any of the Tenderloin or Central Office policemen had shared with a woman the $5,000 she had taken from a former Jersey City Mayor.

The escape was made from a large room in the cart and wagon factory which, because of the crowded condition of the prison, is used as a dormitory. Here about 300 men are confined. The windows have been blocked with iron bars. The men managed to get a saw such as is used in the wagon factory and cut through one of them.

The window they selected is in the toilet room of the dormitory, and a half-door partition concealed the men while they used the saw. They were not seen by any guards, although their fellow-prisoners must have known what they were doing. The descent from window to yard is about 15 feet, and this accomplished by the rope of twine, the nmen made for the river, from which they were separated by an iron picket fence, 16 feet high. In day time this is guarded on the outside by men with rifles. At night it is left unwatched, and over this the convicts clambered unnoticed. Then they had to get around the bulkheads, which jut into the Hudson and cut off the prison property from the adjoining country.

Warden Frost attributed the escape to the crowded condition of the prison. There has been a steady increase in the convict population and no additions have been made to the cell buildings. In the year ending Sept. 30, 1907, the average population was 1,278, in 1908 it was 1,394, and for the year ending Sept. 31, 1909, it was 1,786. Yesterday there were 1,852 prisoners on the books, and the number of cells available was a few less than 1,200.

The authorities are very much averse to placing more than one man in a cell, and they have devised verious makeshift dormitories. In the Protestant chapel 200 convicts are accommodated; in a room formerly used as a hospital 65 are housed; in the old tin industry room over the cart and wagon factory 300 are cared for. Even under this arrangement, as a few cells have to be kept vacant for the reception of prisoners brought in unexpectedly, from 75 to 100 cells are occupied by two prisoners.

Asked as to how the convicts managed to get hold of a saw, Warden Frost replied:

"We have to use these saws in the cart and wagon factory. The instructor counts them every day and keeps them under lock and key. But I suppose he counted wrong or something. I am told that with such a saw it would not take more than ten minutes to cut through the bar. The convicts are searched from time to time, but not every day. If we did that there would not be much time left for doing anything but lock and unlock them in their cells."

WOMAN AIDS AUTO THIEVES.

Asks Driver to Enter a House for Valise and Men Take His Car.

The police sent out a general alarm yesterday for a stolen automobile, taken, it is believed, as the result of a clever plot in which two men and perhaps a woman figured. The car, which is valued at $4 000, is owned by Jack Burgess, who hacks in Times Square.

About 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon Burgess's machine was first on the stand. The owner was sitting in the car when a young woman came up and asked him to take her to a house in West Twenty-first Street, between Sixth and Fifth Avenues. When the house was reached the woman got out. She started into the house, and then turned back.

"I am going to catch a train," she told Burgess. "Will you come up and help me carry down two valises? I think they will be too heavy for me to manage."

The driver followed the woman into the house. They were there but a few minutes, but when Burgess came out his car was not in front of the house. In surprise he looked up and down the street. Up near Sixth Avenue and going east he discerned his automobile. There were two men in it. Dropping the woman's valises he started after it. He chased it across Sixth Avenue, and then, realizing that the chase was a losing one, he thought of the woman and hurried back to the house. There was no sign of her.

The house which the woman entered is a boarding house, and it is said that not much is known about her there. Burgess reported the loss of his machine to the police.

DISAPPEARS FROM A ROOF.

14-Year-Old Julia Fabian Last Seen Talking to Two Strange Men.

The police have sent out a general alarm for Julia Fabian, 14 years old, who disappeared on Tuesday afternoon from her home, 305 East Seventy-sixth Street. She was last seen about 3 o'clock talking to two men on the roof of 307 East Seventy-sixth Street.

Great apprehension for her safety is felt by her father, Anton Fabian. The last police alarm sent out for a missing girl seen talking on a roof with strange men was followed by a discovery of the girl's body in a chimney, where it had been thrust by her murderers.

The police have a good description of the missing girl. She is 4 feet 6 inches in height, weighs sixty-five pounds, and has gray eyes, light complexion, and brown hair. She wore a light brown coat, a plaid shirtwaist, two white hair ribbons, black stockings, black button shoes, a brown petticoat, and a brass ring.

LILLIS IS RECOVERING.

But It Is Uncertain When He Can Be Removed to His Home.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 9.—Jere F. Lillis, President of the Western Exchange Bank, who was assaulted Sunday morning by John P. Cudahy at the latter's residence, is reported to be steadily recovering.

Attendants at St. Mary's Hospital said, however, that it was uncertain when Lillis would be removed from the hospital to his home. Asked if his injuries would be permanent, they said that would require some time to determine.

The physicians say there now is no fear of blood poisoning, suggested by the fact that the kitchen knife used by Cudahy was said to have been rusty.

Gen. John C. Cowin of Omaha, father of Mrs. Cudahy, left for Omaha to-day.

WOMAN OF 90 IN JAIL.

Mary Brown Accused of Taking Mrs. F. L. Seymour's Watch.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., March 9.—Mary Brown, 90 years old, of New York, and for a short time a servant in the employ of Mrs. Francis Lord Seymour of Cedarhurst, L. I., was lodged in jail here to-day in default of bail, for trying to pawn a valuable watch, which once belonged to the late Franklin E. Lord of the same place. She was held for the Grand Jury.

It later developed that a similar charge has been preferred against her by Stanton Riker of New York, who states that after disposing of articles of his she had sent him the pawn tickets.

MURPHY AGAIN AT CITY HALL.

Believed to be Backing William H. Sinnott for Head of Correction.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany, called upon Mayor Gaynor at the City Hall again yesterday and was with him for nearly half an hour. Neither would tell what they talked about, but it was understood generally about the hall that Mr. Murphy's call had to do with the selection of a new Deputy Commissioner of Correction.

George W. Meyer, who had held the job since February, 1904, resigned yesterday. He was one of the principal Tammany men who went over to ex-Mayor McClellan in his primary fight against the organization in 1906. He backed the opponent of William H. Sinnott, the leader of the Twenty-second Assembly District. The latter is understood to be Mr. Murphy's candidate for the place. It pays $4,000 a year.

Another man who is working for the appointment is John V. Coggey, Tammany leader of the Eighteenth District. He was head of the department for a time during McClellan's second term.

RENT $3,600; PAID ONLY $900.

Lessee of Walker Street House Made Big Profit for Ten Years.

It developed yesterday that either Michael Hines, formerly the Republican leader of the Second Assembly District, and now a Port Warden, or Paul Kaminsky, one of his old district Captains, has been making a fine profit out of a lease from the city on the house at 105 Walker Street. The lessee has paid the city $75 a month rental for over ten years, and Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick has reported that the rents from tenants total $350 a montn.

Complaint was made to the Mayor that the rental received by the city was altogether too low. The property was acquired by the city many years ago and leased in 1899 to Hines by the Bureau of City Revenue of the Department of Finance. Examined by the Commissioner, he declared he had conducted the transaction for Kaminsky. The latter testified to the total of the rents. J. D. Drew, a real estate operator, estimated that the proper rental should be $3,600 a year in place of the $900 which the city now receives.

DIDN'T SHOOT FROM FEAR.

Witnesses Declare City College Boy Deliberately Fired on Victim.

The case of the People against Vincent Stabile, the City College student on trial in General Sessions for the murder of John McGrath, rested yesterday afternoon, and an adjournment was taken until to-day, at the request of ex-Justice Herman Joseph for the defense, now trying his first criminal case. Judge Crain blandly expressed the hope that there would be no criticism of his leaving the bench at 3:30 o'clock.

One by one the bystanders, boys and girls most of them, told yesterday an unvarying story to the effect that Stabile fired on the Irish boy. In no cross-examination did counsel for the defense bring to light anything that seemed to support Stabile's story that he shot in fear for his life when a crowd of hoodlums closed in upon him.

CREATORE STICKS TO NAME.

Another Creatore Sought the Exclusive Right of Attaching It to a Band.

Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court denied yesterday the application of Giuseppe Creatore for an injunction restraining Francesco Creatore from using his last name with the designation "nephew of the Great Creatore" in connection with his orchestra.

Francesco asserted that Creatore is his right name, and he has as much right to use it as the better-known bandmaster. He admitted he knew little about his ancestry.

"But," he said, referring to his uncle, "neither does he."

In Memory of Petrosino.

A solemn anniversary mass in memory of the late Lieutenant Detective Joseph Petrosino, who was assassinated at Palermo on March 12 last, will be sung at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning in the old Cathedral in Mott Street, of which he was a communicant. On Sunday a marble bust will be unveiled at his grave in Calvary Cemetery.

HARLEM RIVER CRAFT A KINETIC AIRSHIP

Centrifugal Force Is to Run It, Just Like the Comets, Says Dr. A. C. Albertson, the Inventor.

ADMITS HE'S NO AERONAUT

Hasn't Even Been Up in a Balloon, but Is Pretty Sure He'll Carry Passengers to Europe.

Upward and onward are the working principles of a new airship which Dr. Albert C. Albertson has invented and is building on the west bank of the Harlem River at 212th Street. The kinetic airship, as Dr. Albertson calls it, is designed to ride upon the water and upon the air with equal facility, and to carry something more than double its own weight. The present ship weighs ten tons. It is to be seen in the air and water hereabout in the next few weeks, said Dr. Albertson yesterday.

Dr. Albertson is the President of the Albertson Power Transmitter Company, with offices in the Marbridge Building, at Sixth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. He is a Doctor of Philosophy, he says, and has studied at Heidelberg, Kiel, and at the Danish University. He has invented a number of things, he says, among them being a power transmitter, which he is about to sell to a syndicate. The company of which he is the President is handling the power transmitter.

The new airship out on the west bank of the Harlem River is his alone; the company has nothing to do with it. No company has been organized to either finance it or dispose of it. The invention of the new motor force he uses in it, he says, is all his, and when he flies his ten-ton ship over New York and to Europe, carrying about fifty people and a company of cooks and other servants, then he will see about organizing a company to handle the new invention.

What is Dr. Albertson's new motor force? He answered the question yesterday afternoon in the Marbridge Building. It is a machine that uses centrifugal force for motor purposes. He put one of his machines weighing 900 pounds on a pair of scales several years ago, he said, just to test the principle. When the main wheel attained 400 revolutions the whole machine rose from the pair of scales. The aim is to move the centre of gravity up to the top rim of the large wheel. Now, that's plain.

This machine for the utilization of a new force, or, rather, the recovery and use of an old one, can be used in many ways, went on its inventor yesterday afternoon, but he said he had decided to arrange its début in an airship, since that would be more spectacular.

Therefore, about six months ago workmen appeared on the west bank of the Harlem River at 212th Street and began work on a double-pointed cylindrical craft 105 feet long and 10 feet in diameter. Tresspess signs were stuck up about the lot, and guards were employed to keep watch over the growing machine. Patents on the machinery are pending in all countries of the world, said Dr. Albertson, but he didn't want any prying around. For that reason he chose to have his ship built in the Winter months, when there would be few people in the neighborhood.

A steel framework was constructed and planking attached to the lower side of the frame. The upper half of the framework is covered with sheets of isinglass fitted into a frame. That is to supply a mellow light. A kitchen, dining room, and several cabins have been fitted up, in addition to the machine rooms. One hundred windows appear along the sides of the craft in the woodwork half of the frame. With its machinery the craft weighs ten tons, said Dr. Albertson.

The machinery is of two parts. There is a 200 horse power gasoline engine, which is for the upward motion, and a 75 horse power engine for the onward movement. A cross section of the craft would be a perfect circle, and, therefore, it was necessary to install machinery to make the hull stable under all conditions. For that purpose Dr. Albertson said he put in a gyroscope arrangement.

Attached to the larger engine is a wheel 18 feet in diameter. The inventor's new force lies chiefly in the wheel. He cannot give out the details now, but fitted in the wheel is a system of shifting weights and cylinders, which when it revolves produces the centrifugal force upon which he relies for his conquest of the force of gravity.

Dr. Albertson calculates that one-half of the efficiency of the 200 horse power engine will be sufficient to raise his ten-ton ship to any height he desires. The other half of its efficiency will be held in reserve. As this big wheel revolves, he said, the centre of gravity will shift from the bottom of the craft toward the upper rim of the wheel. As the smaller machine jumped off the scales, he says, so will this larger machine rise when the big wheel turns, carrying the ship up with it.

So much for the upward motion. Attached to the 75 horse power engine, according to the inventor, is a wheel eleven feet in diameter. This engine is so placed that the same sort of force that pulls the ship upward in the big machine will in the smaller machine force the ship forward.

The kinetic airship is practically complete now, Dr. Albertson said yesterday. The finishing touches are being put on it. The curiosity of the few residents in the neighborhood of 212th Street and the Harlem River, including a number of men employed in a yacht factory near by, has not been satisfied. As the ship has grown, its owner has built around it a house that almost hides it from view. Only the pointed forward end of the craft can be seen now sticking out of the shed.

Some day within the next four or five weeks, said Dr. Albertson, when the tide rises until the water touches the bottom of the "K. A. No. 1," it will be lowered into the Harlem River, and will start forward. The onward-driving kinetic machine will make it slip over the waves like a rower's shell, Dr. Albertson was sure. After a little while the upward-driving machine will be started, whereupon the "K. A. No. 1" is expected to lift itself gracefully out of the water like a swallow and soar into the air.

"We will sail over New York City," went on Dr. Albertson yesterday, "so that everybody can see us. Then we will sail across the ocean to Europe with a small party. I expect to take a party with me. You see, I shall have room for some 26,000 pounds of weight on board. That will be quite enough to include a party of passengers and all the supplies needed for the trip."

Dr. Albertson is not an aeronaut, however, and admits that he has never been up in a balloon.

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With all Purchases
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Out-of-the-Ordinary Sale
Women's Spring Suits

Not one or two styles, but FIFTEEN SMART AND EXCLUSIVE NEW MODELS, reflecting in a striking and distinctive manner the leading fashion features of the Spring Season.

Just a Glimpse of the Suits

Handsome, exclusive and very stunning vigoreau, the new sharkskin cloths, fine French serges, in dark effects and pastel colors. Beautifully braided suits, a few pongees and a few weightier serges. It's the beautiful colorings and exquisite contrasting silk linings that will appeal to you, though. We'd say more, but we've only 200 suits.
Being $35, $40 and $45 Models at $29.50
Second Floor—Greenhut and Company—Thursday

Easter Neckwear For Dressy Men

Being an early season sale of the newest conceits known to the world of style at half price.

We Want to Prove Something—

That price does not make the style. It's the outlet and ability to purchase in sufficient quantities to get the price down.

All New Spring Patterns

Made from a very superior quality of silk. Wide range of patterns in the new popular Four-in-Hands. 50c
Usually 75c to $1.00
Main Floor—Greenhut and Company—Thursday

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St. Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

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Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

In cases where the human organism is subject to that wasting away or premature aging it has no equal as a remedy. A most effective restorative of natural functions. Quickens vitality. Relieves the strain.

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MAGGI MAGGI ESSENCE

It will work wonders in the domain of the kitchen and pantry. For soups, sauces, Beef Tea instantly made, and as a condiment for Fish, Meats, Fowls, Game, Ragout, Stews, etc., it is incomparable.

Comes in liquid form. Once used, you would as soon go without salt or pepper. IT IS A DAINTY ARTICLE FOR DAINTY PEOPLE. Sold by all first-class grocers and druggists.

Lost and Found articles advertised on Page 17.

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An ideal floor covering for Summer Cottages, Bungalows, etc.—all wool, reversible, seamless, soft to the tread and remarkably durable. It is made in solid colors (browns, greens, blues, etc.,) with plain band end borders—simple, yet artistic. Special sizes and combinations of colors can be made to order at the regular stock rate—$3.00 sq. yd. Delivery in about two weeks.

Reg. Sizes.	Prices.
2.3x 4.6	$3.50
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4.0x 7.0	9.50
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Long and Short Coats *Long Cloaks*
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Complete Layettes at all prices
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Nursery Furnishings

The "Best" Portable Bath Tub
Toilet Chairs *Wash Stands*
Cradles and Cribs
Spreads *Blankets* *Sheetings*
Pillow Shams and Cases
Baskets *Bassinettes* *Hampers*
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Baby Holders *Safety Gates*
Clothes Hangers *Bottle Cases*
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Our Baby Soap is the best to be had
Soap Boxes *Powder Puffs*
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Teething Rings *Rattles* *Rubber Goods*
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BY
G. GORDON MARTIN
(INCORPORATED)

Foreword

The knowledge which is based on practical experience is indisputable. What a man knows he knows. There is nothing questionable about that sort of evidence.

When we have put teeth in a man's mouth and they have become as firm and solid and he can use them with as much satisfaction and comfort as he could if all his teeth were natural and in good condition, teeth he has lost because neither he nor his dentist knew of our method of supplying teeth without the aid of plates, that man when called upon is going to make a good witness for our side.

During the years we have been doing this remarkable dental work a great many letters have come to us from grateful patients who have come to our office from all parts of the country.

They tell their story in their own way and most of them count it a fortunate thing that they heard of us before they lost all of their teeth.

Many of the writers of these eulogistic letters were the rankest kind of skeptics when they came to us for the first time. After you have investigated our enthusiastic patrons we don't believe you will be satisfied with anything short of the Martinolar way of restoring missing teeth. We don't believe you will allow any dentists to pull any loose teeth for you or put a bridge in your mouth that will torture you until it is taken out again, and we are positive that you won't have anything to do with the plate, not if you have two or more teeth left in your jaw.

Write or call on some of the patients named below, or better still, come to our office and let us show you the work we are doing:

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Col. Dana A. Rose, 1 West 33d St., N. Y. C.
Dr. G. W. Jasman, 54 West 76th St., N. Y. C.
Mr. J. F. O'Shaughnessy, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, N. Y. C.
Mrs. C. A. Kittle, 1,161 Amsterdam Ave., N. Y. C.
Mr. J. W. Craig, 930 Simpson St., N. Y. C.
Charles Josiah Adams, D. D., St. Luke's Church, Rossville, Staten Island, N. Y.
Mrs. H. Selander, 23 Kenilworth Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mr. L. E. Topham, 465 East 29th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mr. H. H. Quick, 579 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Mr. J. W. Scanlin, U. S. Wireless Station, Fire Island, N. Y.
Mrs. S. Monroe, Jersey City, N. J.
Mr. Alfred Hall, Suffern, N. Y.
Mr. H. E. Felix, Lyons, N. Y.
Mr. Geo. H. Weisbach, Salisbury, Md.

We are general practitioners in dentistry. In a majority of our advertisements we lay great stress upon our great specialty, the art of putting missing teeth back in the mouth without using plates, by our patent Martinolar Method. The work is so remarkable in this characteristic that it is apt to overshadow those other cases which come to us, the simpler cases.

We don't want the idea to be obtained that we are Martinolar secialists alone. We are that, but something more, general practitioners of the first class.

As our dentists must have ability to put in Martinolar teeth, it follows that in the simpler forms of dental work these men would give their patients results that would delight them; careful, sympathetic, scientific work in each and every case, no matter how simple the case may be.

Every appliance known is here to assist him in getting results and to make the patient comfortable, and back of it our guarantee. Therefore, we invite you to call at our office for a free examination and let us explain what we can do for you.

If you cannot call now, send for our book, "Martinolar Dentistry." It is sent free on request, and the reading of it brings us patients from everywhere.

G. GORDON MARTIN
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DENTISTS
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CHICAGO, ILL., 156 Wabash Ave. KANSAS CITY, MO., 1120 Grand Ave.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., 513 Palace Building.

PRICE SAYS ALLDS PAID FOR HIS STOCK

Was Bought Directly from Company, Asserts ex-Assemblyman Who Handled the Deal.

DENIAL MADE BY FALLOWS

Had Nothing to Do with Transaction in Transportation Stock, He Says —Gilman Won't Discuss It.

Ex-Assemblyman Frank Price of Brooklyn, now Assistant Corporation Counsel of that borough, frankly admitted yesterday that it was through him and his father, Col. George A. Price of Brooklyn, that Senator Allds bought 100 shares of stock in the New York Transportation Company in 1900, as the Senator testified on Tuesday. A flat denial was made by Edward H. Fallows of 30 Church Street that he had had anything to do with Senator Allds's stock deal. Theodore P. Gilman of 237 Fulton Street, the third man mentioned by Allds, seemed much annoyed that his name had been dragged into the matter, but declined for the time being to make any statement.

Mr. Price said he was largely responsible, as well as he could recollect, for the whole deal in the stock, but that Senator Allds paid full market value for his 100 shares. He had positive recollection of that, he said, and he telephoned to his father, who, he said, too, was sure that Allds had sent a check for the amount to him.

Mr. Price seemed indignant that Senator Conger's counsel should have taken this means of attempting to discredit Allds, who, Price says, is a square man.

Senator Allds got in communication with Mr. Price early yesterday morning, and at the Senator's request a vigorous search was made by the elder Mr. Price for any letters which passed between him and the Senator which would indicate that the stock had been paid for. Ex-Assemblyman Price said last night, however, that not a letter could be found, though his father distinctly remembered that such a correspondence had taken place, and had been preserved a reasonable time. The search, however, did disclose, Mr. Price said, an old private account book kept by his father in 1900. He found two entries relating to the stock deal.

One in April, 1900, stated that a payment of $500 by check had just been received from Senator Allds for New York Transportation stock, and a second, in July following, that $750 had been received from Senator Allds in payment of that stock. A second memorandum that day recounted that 100 shares of transportation stock had been transferred to Senator Allds. Mr. Price, Sr., added his testimony to his son's statement that the transaction was proper in every respect.

Mr. Price said that Senator Allds would be informed of this book, and he would be permitted to make any use of it he wished. He was sure, however, that the letters had been destroyed, as there had not until now appeared any reason for keeping them so long.

"As well as I can remember," said Mr. Price, "we were seated one evening in the 'House of Commons.' The day's work had been done, and we were just talking when some one mentioned that he had received a tip to the effect that the New York Transportation stock was a 'good thing.' None of us, as I recall, was in touch with a broker, and I said that if any one wanted to buy I thought I could put him in direct touch with the company. My father, at my request, arranged the transaction. There was never any delivery of the stock to us in Albany. It was transferred to our credit on the books. I am absolutely positive that Senator Allds sent his check for his shares."

Mr. Price remarked that another recollection he had of the deal was that it was a pretty poor investment while he held his stock, but he did not know when Senator Allds disposed of his.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—James W. Osborne, counsel for Senator Benn Conger, will resume his cross-examination of Senator Jotham P. Allds, respondent before the Senate on a bribery charge preferred by Senator Conger, when the investigation is resumed to-morrow. No hearing was held to-day because many Senators were anxious to attend the funeral of Thomas C. Platt.

Mr. Osborne said to-night that he could not say how much longer the cross-examination of Senator Allds would last.

CARUSO'S CASH TO FREE LUPO.

Wolf's Black Hand Pals Are Also Plotting to Blackmail Other Opera Stars, Police Say.

Enrico Caruso, the tenor, learned yesterday that the police have a clue, several clues in fact, which they think may assist them in laying hands on the men and women who have been busy writing him threatening letters of late. It was cheering news, indeed, to Signor Caruso.

But it may not prove such cheering news to some of the other highly paid Italian singers, who are now sojourning in the city, for one of the clues which the police have hit upon leads them to believe that a well-organized band of Black Hand agents has just begun a desperate effort to get money quickly from several members of the foreign colony who are drawing large salaries from the Metropolitan and the Manhattan Opera Houses. They believe that other Black Hand letters will soon begin to be received by Caruso's friends and acquaintances; if, indeed, they have not been receiving them without reporting the fact to the police. Information has reached the police which leads to the belief that friends of Ignazio Lupo and his fellow-Sicilians, who were recently sentenced for long terms for counterfeiting, are making a frantic effort to raise a fund to pay the expenses of a new trial for Lupo, the Wolf, and the other counterfeiters, and that they expect to get the money by Black Hand methods. The sum of $15,000, which was demanded of Caruso under pain of death, would be quite sufficient to defray the lawyers' fees for the effort to get a new trial for the counterfeiters.

It is believed that at least one woman is identified with the band of Black Handers, for several of the letters received by Caruso during the last few days were written in a woman's hand. These letters are all now in the hands of a handwriting expert, who is expected to-day to give his opinion as to whether the writer of the first two letters received by Caruso is one of the two Italians now under arrest. In the records of the Police Department are the samples of handwriting of a large number of friends of Lupo, the Wolf, and other members of his gang.

These samples are in letters written to Lupo and his comrades, while they were in jail awaiting trial. Some were found in the homes of Lupo and the other counterfeiters. More letters, which are being compared to those received by Caruso, were discovered in the rooms of Antonio Cincotta and Antonio Misiana, who were arrested by the detectives of the Italian squad last Friday night at Van Brunt and Sackett Streets, Brooklyn, where Caruso had been told to leave a package containing $15,000 if he valued his life.

Caruso was not in court yesterday. Neither was his lawyer, Alfred F. Seligsberg, on hand to represent him. But Caruso may be on hand to-morrow when Cincotta is arraigned. There was a large number of Italians in the Adams Street Court when Cincotta and Misiana appeared. They had evidently gathered expecting to see Caruso.

But Signor Caruso and his bodyguard of seven faithful friends were in their apartments at the Hotel Knickerbocker, taking no chances.

The tenor will go to Philadelphia to-day, for he is billed to sing there to-night in "Aïda." He will be accompanied to Jersey City by two of the Italian Squad from headquarters. They will also meet him in Jersey City on his return. And on Saturday night when Caruso appears in the Metropolitan Opera House here to sing in "Germania" he will again have the "President's" guard.

Detectives will be scattered through the house and some will be in the wings just as they were in the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Monday night.

BLACK HANDERS AWED HIM.

Court Fails to Make Witness Speak —Fines Him $250 and Frees Prisoners

A little Italian, scarred and bruised, his left arm limp in a white sling, gazed in a panic of fear at four of his fellow-countrymen taken into General Sessions yesterday to be tried on a robbery charge that he had brought against them. He is Pasquale Occhionero, of 461 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn.

On Saturday he had made full complaint to Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel against Giuseppe Di Salvo, Emilio Falcone, Fortunato Scordino, and Giuseppe Tovano, telling the story of an attack made upon him on West Broadway on the night of Feb. 6, during which his watch had disappeared. It seems that he had known Di Salvo, whom he had commissioned to procure him a wife. Two applicants had been pronounced unsatisfactory. Philomena, on general grounds, and Felice because she was "too fat." All this matter of the candidates for wifehood the little Italian was willing to tell yesterday when Di Salvo and Falcone were placed on trial, but of the attack he would not speak.

"I would not tell for $4,000,000. Until my hand gets well I will not, will not tell," he cried. No amount of persuasion or threats of punishment from the court could unseal his lips, and then it seemed as though Di Salvo had signaled to him, for he gave way to a very paroxysm of fear.

"Mr. Judge, Mr. Judge," he cried, "that man will kill me."

At the end of the people's case, however, the two defendants pleaded guilty to assault in the first degree, and they will be sentenced Friday. At noon Mr. Wasservogel telephoned to the House of Detention and learned that on Monday two letters had been delivered to Occhionero written in Italian. He had no sooner read them than he vowed no power could make him speak so long as his wounds still kept him disabled. Witnesses have been allowed to receive letters unopened since Samuel Untermyer's recent complaint to the Mayor on their treatment at the House of Detention.

When the little witness went on the stand in the afternoon in the trial of Scordino, the third defendant, his attitude remained unchanged. Again the persuasions, again the threats, until finally Judge Rosalsky fined him $250 for contempt of court, and directed the jury to acquit. Occhionero, still shaking with fear, was sent to the psychopathic ward at Bellevue, and the trial of the fourth prisoner was postponed until after Dr. Gregory has made an investigation or the witness has recovered his tongue with the use of his maimed hand.

RUNS AWAY FROM HOSPITAL.

Man Who Lost an Eye in Auto Smash Wouldn't Wait for Operation.

Jeremiah O'Connor, a driver of a cart owned by the Street Cleaning Department, stepped from behind his wagon, which was standing in Degraw Street, between Fourth and Fifth Avenues, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, when a passing automobile struck him and knocked him against his cart. The hub of the wheel caught him squarely in the right eye. The machine sped along.

O'Connor lay unconscious beside his cart when Mrs. Charles H. Kelby, the wife of a Brooklyn lawyer, living at 923 President Street, came driving along in a light runabout with her seven-year-old son Charles, Jr. She heard the crowd which had gathered around O'Connor yell that an auto was trying to escape.

"There it goes," they yelled, pointing toward Fourth Avenue. "You can catch it," they said, appealing to Mrs. Kelby.

Mrs. Kelby whipped up her horse and drove after the auto. She followed it down Fourth Avenue, saw it turn Flatbush Avenue to Fulton Street, and along that thoroughfare to Hoyt Street, when the machine stopped in front of a department store. A woman got out of the auto and went into the department store.

Mrs. Kelby say that the number of this machine was 66,420. She told the police of the Bergen Street Station, and yesterday evening the chauffeur, Louis J. Seebeck of 814 Greenwood Avenue, was arrested, charged with felonious assault. The machine is owned by Leo K. Bennett, a manufacturer of 481 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn. Seebeck said he had driven his machine along Degraw Street yesterday afternoon about the time O'Connor was knocked down, but he and Mrs. Bennett, who was in the auto, deny any knowledge of the accident.

O'Connor was removed to the Seney Hospital, but when the police went there to get a statement from him he had strangely disappeared. Inquiries at his home, 302 Fifth Avenue, disclosed the fact that he had walked out of the Seney Hospital unnoticed, went home, and from there to the Eye and Ear Hospital in Livingston Street, where his right eye was removed.

LAUTERBACH FAMILY AT ODDS IN COURT

Three Daughters Ask for a Receiver for Properties Now in Their Mother's Hands.

OLD STORIES RAKED OVER

Mr. Lauterbach Accuses His Wife of Squandering Family Funds—She Says He Instigated the Suit.

Justice O'Gorman in the Supreme Court yesterday heard arguments on an application to appoint a receiver for properties in the hands of Amanda F. Lauterbach, wife of Edward Lauterbach, the lawyer. The application was made by Mrs. Edith Lauterbach McDavitt, Mrs. Florence Lauterbach Hershfield, and Alice Lauterbach, daughters of Mrs. Lauterbach. Mrs. Lauterbach is at present restrained by an injunction of Justice Amend, granted Jan. 11, from disposing of any of the properties in question, which the daughters allege constitute a trust for their benefit. Mrs. Lauterbach contends that no such trust exists, and asserts that her husband, from whom she has separated, has inspired the action. Justice O'Gorman reserved decision.

William N. Cohen, an ex-Supreme Court Justice, appeared for the daughters, and William H. Hamilton appeared for Mrs. Lauterbach. Harsh allegations against Mr. and Mrs. Lauterbach were made by the opposing counsel and submitted to Justice O'Gorman in the form of affidavits. The case had come up before Justice Newburger two days ago, but he declined to hear it, giving as his reason his acquaintanceship with the parties involved.

Edward Lauterbach, the husband, submitted an affidavit in which he stated that in October, 1890, when he anticipated losses from certain investments, he prepared and signed a deed giving the property at the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street to his wife. He handed this deed to a clerk to turn over to Ferdinand R. Minrath, who had charge of the real estate end of his office, with instructions that it should not be recorded until he directed it to be done. By some inadvertence, he said, the deed was recorded without his knowledge, and when he heard of it he decided to impress a trust upon the conveyance. He said that he agreed with his wife and daughters that each should have a trust interest of one-fifth in the property. The Lauterbachs were married in January, 1870. Mrs. Lauterbach's maiden name was Friedman. They separated on Dec. 25, 1907.

Mr. Lauterbach accuses his wife of extravagance. She pays $1,200 annually, he says, for a box at the Metropolitan Opera House, and on a ten-day trip to Washington recently spent $800. He says she is squandering the principal of the funds in her hands and has in her control a library worth $30,000, which he has spent several years in collecting, as well as his silverware and furniture.

Mrs. McDavitt relates that her mother refused to allower her father to be present at the funeral of her brother, Alfred, and did not attend herself. She says the accounts of the trust fund were kept in a little brown book.

Dr. Wickes Washburn, who treated Mrs. Lauterbach in 1894 and says he has observed her since, declares that she is addicted to the use of narcotics and has an abnormal prejudice against the members of her family. He says she told him about the trust fund, explaining it in practically the same terms as the daughters do in their suit.

Dr. William Schuyler Colfax in an affidavit states that he treated Mrs. Lauterbach for drug addictions in 1899. He has observed her since, he says, during Summer visits at Pompton Lakes, N. J., where Mr. Lauterbach has summered. He affirms what Dr. Washburn says about her use of narcitics and her prejudice against her family.

Attorney Cohen said that while Mrs. Lauterbach was spending $4,000 a year for her apartments at Fifty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue, her husband, living with his daughter Alice, paid only $1,500 a year for his apartments.

Attorney Hamilton said that the doctors who had testified about Mrs. Lauterbach's use of narcotics had no recent knowledge of her condition and were incompetent to speak. He read affidavits in opposition from Dr. Leroy Satterlee, Dr. Paul Outerbridge, Dr. Charles E. Simmons, Dr. Alfred Friedman, Dr. George d'Acre Blytheing, and Dr. Sara Welt, which declared that Mrs. Lauterbach was in perfect mental and physical condition and not at all addicted to any drug habits.

Mrs. Lauterbach, in her affidavit, said: "My daughters being the plaintiffs in this action, I feel it but just that I should say a word in their behalf. That they could have been persuaded to lend themselves to the bringing of this suit, so uncalled for and so unjust, is sufficient indication that they have been unduly influenced by their father, who screens himself by assigning to them his pretended rights to this pretended oral trust."

Home for Gentlewomen in Need.

Walter L. McCorkle of 29 Wall Street has been appointed Treasurer of the fund for the establishment of a home for aged and needy American women of gentle birth, to be free from restrictions as to religion, residence, admission fee or an inexorable age limit. Subscriptions may be sent to him. The institution is to be called the Southern Home for Women, but on account of the prompt and cordial support of Northern women is to be open to women of the North and South alike. The purchase of a twenty-room house on extensive grounds on Staten Island is being considered. Nearly fifty applications for admission to the Home have already been received by Mrs. Le Roy Broun of 148 West Seventy-seventh Street, Chairman of the General Committee.

JOKES WITH BANKRUPTCY ACT.

Judge Hough Pokes Fun at Decisions on Business Pursuits.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Dec. 31 against the Willis Cab and Auto Company, 104 and 106 West Thirty-ninth Street, as it is not engaged in mercantile or trading pursuits, its principal business being to keep a boarding stable. In an opinion the Judge humorously criticises the absurdities of the way that section of the Bankruptcy act has been construed by various Judges, and raps some of the decisions of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

"In this Circuit," he says, "it is held that to be engaged in trading pursuits one must both buy and sell 'either goods or merchandise, or other goods ordinarily the subject of traffic,' while one who follows a 'mercantile pursuit' may not only do what a trader does, but may 'deal in the purchase and sale of commodities.'

"When this rule is applied to the sale of foodstuffs, it would seem obvious that an incorporated grocery store is a trader, for it buys goods and merchandise to sell again; so does an incorporated restaurant, yet that is not a trader. The distinction is settled by authorities; the difference would appear to depend on whether the customer takes away the purchased foodstuffs by external or internal means of carriage.

"Applying these decisions of the Circuit Court of Appeals to the matter in hand, and not perceiving that there is any difference for bankruptcy purposes between lodging and feeding horses and lodging and feeding men, this alleged bankrupt cannot be said to follow either a mercantile or trading pursuit, it is thought, not subject to the operation of the act."

Honors to Shackleton and Peary.

Sir Ernest Shackleton, who is to arrive here on Friday, March 25, will be entertained at dinner by the Transportation Club on March 30. The Pilgrims will give him a luncheon on Monday, March 28. The English section of the Pilgrims will dine Commander Peary probably on June 14. While abroad Peary will receive twelve medals, many degrees and honors, and will give eight lectures.

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TO-DAY'S NEWS
Lowest Prices for Standard Goods in Greater New York

Sale of Tailor-Made Suits, Taffeta and Foulard Dresses To-day, March 10th

Silk Taffeta, $10 $19.75 Serge and Homespun $10 Satin Foulard
Adams Building—Second Floor

The suits are like this illustration—part of them made of fine serge, in blue, tan, black, black-and-white checks; the rest made of a beautiful quality of homespun, in light and dark grays—at $19.75.

The tailoring is excellent, the linings beautiful. The dresses of taffeta in two tones have embroidered waists. The foulard dresses have lace yokes and full pleated skirts. And in neither case could the bare materials be bought for this price—$10!

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300 Women's Sample Dresses and Gowns
Very Special To-day At
$18.50
Made To Be Retailed Up To $35
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AT precisely the time when smart Dresses and Gowns are most in demand we are able to announce a sale of great interest—the result of an unexpected purchase. The Dresses came from a dressmaking concern noted for the superiority and elegance of its styles. The Dresses, two of which are illustrated, are fashioned of such popular materials as messaline, taffetas, changeable taffetas, tussahs, pongees, satin, bordered and striped foulards, silk poplins, etc., in the most beautiful one-piece Dresses, including the new tunic effect. The handsomest ideas in trimmings are included. Only one, two and three of a kind. All sizes from 34 to 44, but not in every style, and all colorings, including black. An excellent opportunity to purchase at a great saving a stylish gown for any occasion, whether for street, afternoon or evening wear.

Women's Smart Tailored Suits
in 50 different styles, including only what is correct in the popular materials and which are usually priced in exclusive shops at $35.00 and $40.00, at.................... $25.00
Other Suits up to $125.00.

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Creations of foremost European designers, including Tavernier, Templier, Rondout, Paquin, Francis, Drecoll, Worth, Martial Armand, Cheruit and Bernard & Cie.
Displayed on Living Models
Between 10 and 12 A. M.
And 2:30 and 4:30 P. M.
Thursday and Friday, March 10th and 11th.

Spring Millinery Opening
Second Floor, Centre.

Spring Dress Silks
Main Floor—35th St.
A little study of current Silk offerings in the leading stores of this country will convince you that the best values extant are to be found here.
Here are a few items that may serve as a basis for comparison. You'll not find the equal anywhere else. Try.

Shower-Proof Foulards
23 in. Wide—This Season's Patterns
Sold elsewhere at 85c and $1.25
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Shantung Pongee Diagonal Glace
26 in. Wide—New and Pretty
Sold elsewhere at $1.50
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48 in. Wide—Newest Patterns
And Colorings for Spring
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43 in. Wide—Handsome Effects
Sold elsewhere at $3.50
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One Hundred Dozen Spangled Chiffon Scarfs
At Half Regular Prices
Main Floor, 34th St.
The importer should have received them a month earlier than he did. The delay set his plans adrift and when they did come he was willing enough to sell them to us at half their real value. You may buy them on the same basis.
Chiffon Scarfs—Scroll, Stripe and All-Over Patterns Showing in Dull or Bright Pressed Spangles—All the Evening Shades
73c for Scarfs imported to sell at $1.50
89c for Scarfs imported to sell at $2.00
$1.98 for Scarfs imported to sell at $3.00
$2.49 for Scarfs imported to sell at $4.50
$3.49 for Scarfs imported to sell at $6.50

Fine French Underwear
Second Floor, 34th St., rear.
Our new importation of French Hand-made Underwear is now on display. The fresh models are dainty as can be. The wonderful designers and needleworkers seem never to exhaust the possibilities for creating new beauty-effects in these goods.
Delicate, refined hand-embroidery. Every woman of taste admires it, and the prices are in harmony with thrift.
Corset Covers......... 69c to $16.49
Chemises .... 69c to $26.89
Night Gowns ....$1.39 to $53.75
Drawers ....$1.24 to $36.74
Petticoats ....$1.39 to $68.75
Combinations ....$1.98 to $23.49
Three-piece Sets ......$7.69 to $185.50
Specials: Batiste Princess Slips.......................$3.96
China Silk Princess Slips.......................$4.69
Messaline Silk Princess Slips.................$8.74

Embroideries
First Floor, Centre.
Here are bargains—simon pure bargains—in Embroideries. They are St. Gall goods—just out of the Custom House. A case of manufacturer's sample strips—6¾ to 10 yard lengths—sold only by the strip.
Cambric and Nainsook Edgings, Insertings, Ribbon Beadings and Galloons—three-quarters to nine inches wide.
Worth 8c to 40c a Yard,
Special at 5c, 7c, 9c, 12c and 17c.

Women's $5.00 Sweaters at $3.96
Second Floor, 34th Street Elevators.
Sweaters for now; Sweaters for the coming days at mountains and beach. Best values in Sweaters we've ever offered.
Your pick of three attractive styles—all of them made to sell on a close margin at $5.00; choice for $3.96.
Women's Middy Sweaters, six-button coat model, deep sailor collar, white body and sleeves, front band, cuffs and edge of breast pocket in red, navy and alice blue—sizes 34 to 38.
Women's Knee-length Sweaters, fancy weave, single-breasted model, two deep side pockets, V-shaped neck, scalloped edge, in white and gray only, sizes 32 to 44.
Women's Sweaters, double-breasted model, 36 inches long, two large patch pockets, rolling shawl collar with fancy scalloped edge, fastens with ten pearl buttons, white and gray; sizes 32 to 44.
$3.96 never before commanded so much Sweater quality.

Women's $10.50 Sweaters at $8.74
Women's Coat-model Sweaters, 42 inches long, closely woven white, tan, gray and light blue worsted in fancy weave, turn-over collar and broad cuffs—two large patch pockets, finished with pointed overlap, large pearl buttons; sizes 32 to 44; value $10.50; special $8.74.

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TCHAYKOVSKY FREED, WOMAN TO BE EXILED

Sentence of Mme. Breshkovskaya Considered Mild, as Hard Labor Was Not Imposed.

JURY OUT TEN MINUTES

Collapse of Prosecution Due to Discrediting of Pateuk, the Chief Witness—Career of the Accused.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—Nicholas Tchaykovsky, on trial for criminal activity in the revolutionary organization, was acquitted to-day. Mme. Breshkovskaya was convicted and sentenced to be exiled.

The announcement by the court occasioned no unusual scene. Mme. Breshkovskaya received her sentence unmoved, and a moment later asked the correspondent to send her greetings and best wishes to her friends in America. Her sentence provides for perpetual exile, but this is considered a victory by her lawyers, who had scarcely hoped that their client would escape hard labor.

Tchaykovsky's counsel was so pessimistic with regard to the outcome that he spent the interval while the jurors were out in planning an appeal. Mme. Breshkovskaya's counsel lamented the fact that she lacked four years of the age exempting her from hard labor. The first gleam of hope, however, had come when the Judges dropped the charge against her of preaching the assassination of the Emperor, under which exile with hard labor was inevitable on conviction.

A handful of friends surrounded the prisoners, showering congratulations on them and exchanging kisses in typical Russian fashion. The guards allowed the woman half an hour with her friends before taking her to the detention prison, where she will await deportation.

The collapse of the prosecution's case was due to the utter discrediting of Pateuk, who himself is serving a life term for murder and other crimes, and the failure of the Crown to present other witnesses who could connect Tchaykovsky and Mme. Breshkovskaya with revolutionary activity as charged in the indictment. The woman, however, had pleaded guilty to being a Social revolutionist. The jurors found that the business records introduced amply accounted for Tchaykovsky's presence in Russia.

Tchaykovsky will leave here in three weeks for England. Mme. Breshkovskaya's exile, as shown by the experience of others, will be reasonably comfortable if money is forthcoming either from her or from her friends.

When the trial was resumed to-day the prisoners addressed the court in turn. Tchaykovsky occupied all the morning with a recital in justification of the part he had played in the affairs of his country and of his career generally. He explained his motive in visiting the United States as a desire to collect funds to be used solely for the benefit of exiled families and striking workmen.

The court questioned him closely regarding his visit to America, and brought out the damaging admission that the moneys collected had been turned over to a committee of Social Revolutionists and their allies, and that the prisoner had no control over their distribution.

Mme. Breshkovskaya spoke briefly, mainly in an effort to clear Tchaykovsky. The latter was utterly exhausted by his examination, and at its conclusion fell asleep, his head resting on his wife's shoulder. Mme. Breshkovskaya also showed evidences of fatigue.

The Prosecutor began his address to the jury at 3 o'clock. He spoke for an hour and a half, dealing principally with the case of Tchaykovsky. He then yielded to Mme. Breshkovskaya's counsel, M. Zarundy, who spoke briefly, pointing out that his client admitted her guilt. Late in the day Tchaykovsky's counsel began his argument.

The defense closed its case at 7 o'clock this evening. The accused waived their right to a final word. The Judges then consulted regarding the evidence developed and the arguments presented.

The jurors deliberated for ten minutes; then the doors were opened and the verdict was rendered.

Tchaykovsky Father of Revolution.

Tchaykovsky has been called the "Father of the Russian Revolution." Until his return to Russia, about two years ago, he had been an exile for a long time, making his home principally in London, where he earned a livelihood by writing. He was watched in London by Russian spies, and when he crossed the ocean, in 1907, to visit this country, these spies followed him. Upon his return to his native land he was arrested and imprisoned in the Fortress of Sts. Peter and Paul. At the time of his arrest Tchaykovsky refused to give the police his name, but when he was searched two passports were found in his possession, one being an American passport issued to an American citizen named John Smith, and the other a Rusian passport book, which, it afterward developed, was forged in the name of Nikanor Pavlovich Nikiforoff.

Owing to a serious breakdown in his health, Tchaykovsky was released on bail for a while. The bail demanded by the Russian Government was $25,000, and Mme. Bracey, his daughter, after scurrying through Europe, seeking the aid of friends in her father's behalf, finally succeeded in raising the amount.

Mme. Breshkovskaya was arrested in October, 1907, on information received by the Director of the Simbirsk Provincial Gendarmerie that she had arrived in Simbirsk to take part in the "provincial meeting of the peasants." She was found in the home of Deputy Zimin of the Second Duma, having in her possession a passport bearing the name of Elizabeth Vasilieva Kochetkova. She was released and came to this country to seek aid for the Russian Revolutionists. She was arrested on her return to Russia. The charge arose in part from her activity while in America.

American Sympathies Aroused.

The arrests of Tchaykovsky and Mme. Breshkovskaya caused a great deal of interest and sympathy throughout this country and in Europe. Prominent residents of this city, Chicago, Boston, and Philadelphia signed a petition last Fall, which was submitted to Premier Stolypin, asking that Tchaykovsky and Mme. Breshkovskaya be allowed open trials.

This petition was drawn up at a mass meeting in this city, held primarily for raising money for the defense of the prisoners. Among those who signed it were the Right Rev. William Lawrence, Bishop of Massachusetts; John D. Crimmins, Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain,) Robert W. De Forest, Jacob Riis, Hamilton Holt, Horace White, and R. Fulton Cutting. Joseph M. Price, speaking at this meeting, said of Tchaykovsky:

> Tschakovsky was the first leader in the reform movement in Russia, and he is still called the "Father of the Russian Revolution" by the peasants. He formed the first intellectual circle of the movement, and that circle is named after him now. Two of its members were Princee Kropotkin and Stepniak, and from this grew the liberal wave in Russia.
>
> In 1870 Tchaykovsky came to this country and for some time had a farm in Kansas. Two of his children were born in the United States; the others were born in England, where he spent a good part of his life. Soon after his return to Russia he was arrested without cause. The officers did not know whom they had for several days after the arrest. He was in a railroad station and about to go to Finland when the police detained him for no more reason than that the Government had out a dragnet. His appearance was so changed that his identity was not known, for he had cut off the long flowing beard, and had dyed his hair. After finding out that he was Nicholas Tchaykovsky, the authorities imprisoned him in the fortress.

Public Trial Demanded.

Early in the present month a cable message, signed by several Congressmen, Supreme Court Justices, college Presidents, and others in the United States, was sent from New York to Premier Stolypin reminding the Russian Prime Minister that "America expects an open and public trial of these distinguished political prisoners in accordance with the usages of civilized nations."

Nevertheless, the Prefect of Police at St. Petersburg ordered that the trial be held behind closed doors. The trial of the two defendants began at St. Petersburg on March 8. The joint indictment found against them constituted a document of fifty-eight pages. It described the careers of the two defendants up to 1905, charging membership in the Central Revolutionary Committee and citing articles to show that they advocated terrorism. Tchaykovsky was quoted as making speeches in favor of regicide and Mme. Breshkovskaya as avowing participation in the preparations for the assassination of the Minister of the Interior, Von Plehve, Grand Duke Sergius, and Constantine Pobiedonostseff, Procurator General of the Holy Synod.

Mme. Breshkovskaya, who has been sentenced to exile, underwent the hardships of Siberia for the cause of Russian freedom over thirty years ago. After about a year of hard labor in the Kara Mines she was transferred to a hamlet in the arctic circle. With other exiles she tried to escape, but was captured and again sent to Kara. Later she was permitted to return to Russia. After a few months there she was released, but again resumed her revolutionary activities which led to her recent arrest.

ESTRADA SEEKS PEACE.

Asks American Intervention to Aid Settlement in Nicaragua.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Gen. Estrada, the head of the Nicaraguan revolutionary faction, is now ready to accept any reasonable terms as a basis for peace. The State Department has received, through the United States Consul at Bluefields, a communication from him asking for the intervention of the United States, with a view to the selection of a provisional President of Nicaragua other than himself or Madriz, and also looking to an agreement between the two factions for an early election for President under the Constitution, and a recognition of the debts incurred by the Revolutionary Party. The good offices of the United States are also requested to the extent of furnishing a guarantee of the fairness of the election for President.

It can be said upon authority that the present attitude of the United States is an indisposition at this time to make any suggestions in response to these appeals. In other words, it is declared to be the intention of the United States to keep hands off the Nicaraguan situation until there is a practical agreement of the two factions for an appeal to the United States for assistance in solving the present difficulties.

At present there is no question of the recognition of either party. Señor Corea, who represents the Madriz faction in Washington, has called at the State Department and presented an argument on the status of Madriz under the Nicaraguan Constitution. The State Department officials, however, would not consent to comment on the merits of Señor Corea's argument.

BRITISH NAVAL PROGRAMME.

Estimates Provide for Expenditure of $203,000,000, an Increase of $28,000,000.

LONDON, March 9.—The navy estimates for 1910, which were issued by the Admiralty to-night, provide for an expenditure of $203,018,500, an increase of $27,805,000 over 1909. The increase is almost wholly taken up by shipbuilding armaments authorized by Parliament before dissolution.

The new programme provides for five large armored ships, five protected cruisers, twenty destroyers, and a considerable number of submarines. By April 1 there will be under construction seven battleships, three armored, nine protected, and two unarmored cruisers, thirty-seven destroyers, and nine submarines.

The estimates further provide for an increase of 3,000 men in the personnel of the navy and the completion during 1911 of two floating docks to accommodate the largest battleships. These will be stationed at Portsmouth and Medway.

Reginald McKenna, First Lord of the Admiralty, in an explanatory statement, announces the formation of a new naval mobilization department and a permanent navy war council, consisting of the First Sea Lord as President, the Directors of the Naval Intelligence and Naval Mobilization Departments and other officials to deal with all matters relating to preparation for war.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

BERLIN, March 9.—Herr Wermuth, Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, in addressing the Appropriations Committee of the Reichstag to-day, said that the deficit at present was $44,500,000. He doubted whether the returns from the new taxes in 1909 could be accurately estimated before 1912.

BERLIN, March 9.—Count Ranaund von Pourtales has been appointed Attache to the German Embassy at Washington and will sail for the United States next Saturday. He is a member of a diplomatic family, one of his kinsmen being Count von Pourtales, German Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—The Budget Committee of the Duma has struck at the root of the system of Siberian exile by cutting the appropriation for the administration of the system to $34,500. The committee admitted that the Government had greatly reduced the number of exiles in recent years, but declared that the system was bad and must go.

FRENCH DEFALCATION MAY BE $2,000,000

Misappropriation of Funds from Sale of Church Property Threatens Big Scandal.

OTHERS MAY BE INVOLVED

Duez Made Money Also Out of Ignorant Heirs—Opposition Press Gleeful Over Exposure.

PARIS, March 9.—The arrest of M. Duez, following his confession that he had misappropriated something like $1,000,000 of funds derived from the sale of church property, for which he was the liquidator, has created a great sensation. Intimations are freely made that other liquidators in the employ of the Government are similarly involved. It is believed the scandal will prove to have wide ramifications.

Duez was what is known as an "official receiver," which is a sort of branch of the Magistracy. In addition to his shortage in the congregation accounts, the liquidator admits that he is short $200,000 in connection with other affairs confided to his charge. The papers submitted to the Senate Commission by M. Combes to-day show that Duez's defalcation approximates $2,000,000.

In a discussion of the affair by the commission the Public Prosecutor was severely censured for not having acted more promptly, and the commission was unanimous in an expression that a fatal mistake was mode in confiding so many cases to a single liquidator.

The commission adopted resolutions providing for an investigation of the circumstances and influences surrounding the appointment and retention of Duez, and inviting the Government to have all of the accounts of the liquidators audited by the Ministry of Finance.

The Cabinet considered the affair at a meeting to-day and decided to detail auditors from the Ministry of Finance to inspect all of the accounts and also to place an inspector from the Ministry at the disposition of the court which is investigating Duez. The latter's house has been searched and his safe deposit box at his bank placed under seal.

The Chamber of Deputies is not in session at present, but interpellations are expected in the Senate. The Government, while admitting that the task set for the liquidators was too large—in one case a single liquidator having charge of the disposal of the property of seventy-five congregations—contends that when the report if irregularities was first bruited two years ago, it did its full duty by relieving some of the liquidators of a part of their work, calling for their accounts, and appointing an investigating commission of which former Premier Combes was President, besides initiating the legal investigations which resulted in the arrest of Duez.

Duez had the management of the liquidation for thirteen congregations, involving over 100,000 documents and accounts. These are in such confusion that it is impossible to determine accurately the total of his defalcation.

Besides the admitted shortage, Duez is charged with having pocketed money for aiding a genealogist who acted as his accomplice. The genealogist sought out the heirs to the funds which had been left to the congregations, many of whom were living at distant points and ignorant of the fact that they were entitled to recover anything. From these he secured contracts, it is alleged, through which they relinquished to the genealogist 50 per cent. of what was due them in consideration of his "services" in the matter.

The Eclair cites other evidences of crooked practice in which it is alleged that Duez or his agents corruptly bargained for a "commission" on the lawyer's fees, which in some cases, it is claimed, were excessive. M. Delasalle and M. Brunet are the other two principal liquidators, and M. Sarraute, M. Lemery, Albert Clemenceau, and M. Millerand, now Minister of Public Works, Posts and Telegraphs, are mentioned by the Eclair as among the attorneys who appeared before the courts in cases conducted by Duez.

L'Action Française remarks cynically: "Duez being charged by the Government to steal the Church's property, can hardly be blamed for taking a part of the booty for himself."

The Catholic, Royalist, and Opposition press generally manifest high glee over the exposure, which they declare confirms the suspicion long entertained that the property of the churches, monasteries, and convents, expropriated by the State, instead of furnishing $200,000,000 for old age pensions and other social reforms, as the proletariat had been taught to believe at the time that separation of Church and State was voted, had disappeared into the pockets of thieving politicians.

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Constant use of the Acousticon renews the activity of the auditory nerves, thus often permanently overcoming defective hearing.

A trial will conclusively prove to you its wonderful efficiency.

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GENERAL ACOUSTIC COMPANY
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881 Browning Bldg., New York, N. Y.
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TO OPEN AIRSHIP LINE.

Regular Service Soon from Munich to Starnberg and Oberammergau.

MUNICH, Bavaria, March 9.—The first regular air navigation service in Europe will be inaugurated on May 15. Regular trips will be made from this city alternatively to Starnberg and Oberammergau. A dirigible balloon of the Parseval type, having a gas capacity of 6,700 cubic meters and driven by two motors of 100 horse power each, will be used.

The aerial carriage will accommodate twelve passengers besides the crew. The fare for the round trip to Starnberg will be $55, and for the round trip to Oberammergau $175. The regular service will close for the season on Sept. 1. An officer from the German Aeronautic Corps has been detailed to serve as Captain of the dirigible.

Munich is the capital of Bavaria and of the district of Upper Bavaria on the Isar, and is located at an elevation of 1,700 feet above the sea. The city is finely situated on a plain twenty-five miles from the Alps, the proximity of which renders the climate subject to sudden changes.

Starnberg is 15 miles south-southwest of Munich on Starnberg Lake at an elevation of 1,915 feet above the sea. Oberammergau also is in Upper Bavaria on the right bank of the Ammer, forty-three miles southwest of Munich.

DEPUTY CHIESA WOUNDED.

Duel with Gen. Prudente Fought After Many Difficulties.

ROME, March 9.—After many vicissitudes, including the exchange of offensive letters and the interruption of their planned duel by the police, Deputy Chiesa and Gen. Prudente, the Under Secretary of State for War, fought out their grievances to-day. Chiesa was wounded slightly in the face.

Gen. Prudente had been offended by the Deputy's reference in the Chamber to Mme. Sieman as a foreign spy.

ROSEBERY PLAN OUTLINED.

Will Propose Reform and Reconstitution of House of Lords.

LONDON, March 9.—When Lord Rosebery launches his plan for the reformation of the House of Lords on Monday he will present a set of three resolutions embodying in general terms the course the peers propose to follow in modernizing themselves. As Lord Rosebery has been in consultation with a majority of the members of the upper House there is little question that the resolutions represent the general views of the Lords on the subject of reorganization.

The first resolution will affirm the necessity for a strong and efficient second chamber for the well-being of the State. The second will set forth that such a chamber will be best obtainable by the reform and reconstruction of the House of Lords. The third will declare that a necessary preliminary to such reform and reconstruction is the acceptance of the principle that the possession of a peerage in itself should no longer afford the right to sit and vote in the House of Lords.

HITCH OVER COTTONSEED OIL.

Principal Point at Issue in Tariff Negotiations with France.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Tariff negotiations between France and the United States are reported to have reached a point where either a speedy settlement can be obtained or a deadlock precipitated which will produce a maximum tariff situation if not broken by March 31, when the final provisions of the Payne-Aldrich law go into effect.

The treatment by the French of several products imported from this country, among them cottonseed oil, forms the question at issue. The French Government has raised not only the maximum but the minimum rates on this product.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

On the 10th of last December Smith Gray & Co. announced that because of a pending reorganization all Winter stocks would be disposed of. Since then an aggregate of nearly 36,000 Suits and Overcoats, consisting of Winter stock then on hand and in the process of manufacture, have been sold.

To-day the reorganized Smith Gray & Co. announce the intention of disposing immediately of nearly 11,000 light weight Spring Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats now in stock. These are all of the famous Smith Gray quality, Smith Gray styles, and at original prices were the values that made Smith Gray the standard of value for over 65 years.

The models and fabrics are conservative, and, although designed for the season 1909, are both suitable and acceptable for the 1910 season.

Men's and Young Men's Spring and Summer Suits, Spring Coats and Rainproof Spring Coats, former prices up to $25...... **$14.50**

Included are Suits of silk mixture, Worsteds and plain Worsteds, Velours and Cassimeres, in Grays, Tans, Olives and Browns.

Spring Coats and Rainproof Coats of Worsted Cheviots, Worsteds and Velour, in various Grays, Oxfords and Tan shades—in models full box and semi-box, 46 to 52 in. lengths.

Men's and Young Men's Spring and Summer Suits, Spring Coats, Rainproof Coats and English Worsted Showerproof Slip-Ons, former prices up to $30..... **$18.50**

Suits in handsome Grays, Tans, Olives and Silk Mixtures on black and blue grounds. Fine Velours, Vicunas, Worsteds and Worsted Cheviots, in stripe, pin check and two-tone designs, and various fancy weaves.

Spring Coats and Raincoats in many a gray shade; also Oxfords, Tans, Olives and Brown—several box and semi-box models, 46 to 52 in. long.

English Worsted Showerproof Slip-Ons—Tans and various olive shades—button to the neck models.

Finest Spring and Summer Suits, Silk-lined Spring Coats and English Slip-Ons, former prices up to $42.00.................. **$27.50**

Suits are of finest American and Foreign fabrics—Vicuna, Velour and fine face Worsteds—staple and fancy gray shades; also Olives, Tans, Browns, silk mixture designs on blue and black grounds.

Spring Coats of Vicuna, Worsteds, Vicuna finished Velours and Worsted Cheviots.

Colors are from lightest gray to dark Oxfords, and include Brown, Tan, and Olive shades. Models are silk lined and silk-lined to the edge. The Slip-Ons are of the finest English worsteds, in dark Olive and various Tan shades.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHES.

Children's department reductions are general and include nearly every garment in the department.

$5, 7 & 7.50 Norfolk Double-Breasted Russian and Sailor Suits, medium and light weights........ **$4.75**

$7.50 to 9 Norfolk Double-Breasted Russian and Sailor Suits, medium and light weights......... **$5.75**

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Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
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About July 1 we will occupy new quarters on West 23d St. Our present lease expires May 1. Therefore the entire stock must be closed out prior to that date.

$500,000 WORTH OF

CARPETS RUGS
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AT LESS THAN REGULAR WHOLESALE PRICES

This sale will be especially interesting to hotel men and large buyers. Every article offered is from our regular stock and will be sold with our usual guarantee.

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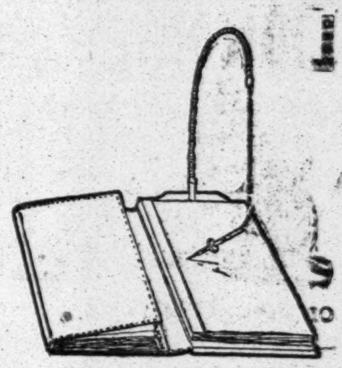

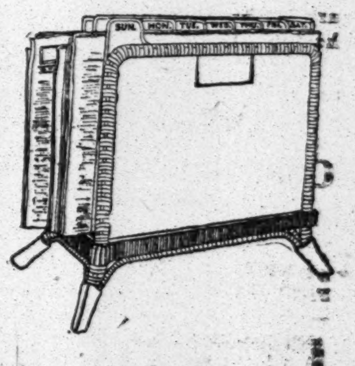

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Cross Telephone and Memorandum Pad

Red, Green Morocco—with Alphabetical Telephone Book and Memo Pad—New Spiral Pencil Attachment........$7.50
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For business men: Our downtown shop is on the square—City Hall Square.

Cross Newspaper Racks

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Dough rises best when made from
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR
Gold Medal Flour
A trial will prove it
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A New Spring Model
Dress Shoe for Men
$5.00
Patent Colt Dull Leather Tops on particular swagger lasts (also in lace).

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

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You can work comfortably all day if a bottle of
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is at hand. Nothing else so quickly purifies the air and banishes fatigue.
Sold at Dept. and Drug Stores.
Generous sample of Bathodora and "Fashion Book of Perfumes" sent for 4c. (postage) and your dealer's name.
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THURSDAY and FRIDAY,
BALANCE OF OUR STOCK OF
Tea Gowns, Dinner Gowns, Negligees,
Made of Crepe de Chine, Chiffon, Zenana Flannel
AT 50% Reduction

¶ Your business letters will get more attention if sent out on fine impressive letter headings. If you are not satisfied with your present heading consult us.
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ON THE HOUR FROM LIBERTY STREET
10 MINUTES BEFORE THE HOUR FROM 23rd ST.

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ORDERS LOST WHEN YOUR LINE IS "BUSY" WOULD MORE THAN PAY FOR THE COST OF ANOTHER LINE OR TWO.
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The Road of Anthracite
Best Road to Buffalo

MAGISTRATES FORCE ELDER TO RETRACT

He Apologizes and Explains, but Without Allaying Wrath of Manhattan Bench.

STILL TALK OF PROSECUTION

Special Committee of the Board Is to Decide Whether to Present His Case to the Higher Court or Not.

The question which greatly stirred the Manhattan Magistrates a week ago as to whether or not two unnamed Magistrates had been guilty of taking bribes, as suggested by Assistant District Attorney Robert Elder of Kings, resolved itself at a special meeting of the Magistrates yesterday into a question whether or not a partial apology and explanation from Mr. Elder should be accepted or whether charges against him should be filed with the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

A special committee, consisting of Magistrates Corrigan, Harris, and Barlow will determine this point. Magistrate Corrigan said after the meeting that he thought the committee would feel disposed to press the charges.

The Magistrates convened in the West Fifty-fourth Street Court to hear a report from Magistrate Corrigan, who had been named Chairman of a committee to visit Mr. Elder in Brooklyn, and ascertain to what extent he was responsible for statements published after the trial of Magistrate Furlong to the effect that he had evidence implicating two Manhattan Magistrates and one Brooklyn Magistrate in just such practices as those for which Furlong had been convicted.

The committee reported that Mr. Elder admitted the authorship of the statements, and that when asked to produce the letters constituting his evidence he had said that they had appealed to him as being of such slight importance that he had thrown them away in cleaning up his desk after the Furlong trial. He had never intended to bring the matter to the attention of District Attorney Whitman, and had only investigated the character of the letters when Magistrate Barlow had requested him to do so. On that investigation it had turned out that those relating to the Manhattan cases had been signed by fictitious names.

Magistrates Vindicated.

The Magistrates felt that the report vindicated them completely. It consisted of the minutes of a conversation held with Mr. Elder in the office of District Attorney Clarke of Kings County, and of a letter written by Mr. Elder as an outcome of the conversation, together with comment by the committee.

The Elder letter, meant to be a partial apology and explanation, was prepared at the suggestion of District Attorney Clarke, who had assured the committee that his assistant was willing to do anything that was fair to set the matter right.

Here is Mr. Elder's letter to the Magistrates:

> At the request of your committee I am pleased to make the following statement upon the subject of letters which I received in the course of the Furlong trial, and in which the names of one Brooklyn Magistrate and two Manhattan Magistrates were mentioned:
>
> At the request of Judge Barlow, the President of the Board of Magistrates of the First Division, I made an investigation into the two letters, in which were mentioned the names of two Manhattan Magistrates, and found that the names subscribed thereto did not represent any persons who lived at the addresses therein given, and that, accordingly, the letters were fictitious.
>
> The investigation into the matter concerning the Brooklyn Magistrate produced a different result. I learned that it had been written by a citizen, who had given his correct address, but that, I understand, is a matter in which your committee and fellow-Magistrates are not interested.
>
> **Blames the Newspapers.**
>
> I regret very much that some of the newspapers published statements cnocerning the Magistrates of the First Division, reflecting seriously upon them, and attributing the same to me, which I did not make at any time or place; indeed, had never thought of.
>
> My first mention of the receipt of those letters to any newspaper man was made in a personal conversation, not in an interview, and, accordingly, not for publication, and was made merely as an interesting incident that occured in the course of the Furlong trial.
>
> I at no time stated to anybody that I had evidence showing, or tending to show, any improper or unjudicial act on the part of any Magistrate of the First Division, and any newspaper that quoted me to the contrary has made a false statement.
>
> I think that you will allow me to say this to you in justice to myself.
>
> Very respectfully yours,
> ROBERT H. ELDER.

Magistrate Corrigan submitted with the letter from Mr. Elder the version of the newspaper reporters involved in the matter and the typewritten minutes of the conversation with Mr. Elder, which had been taken at his own suggestion.

In his report Magistrate Corrigan said: "According to the newspaper men who secured the first interview what really occurred was as follows: Within fifteen minutes after the conclusion of the Furlong matter some newspaper men waited upon Mr. Elder in his office. He discussed at length with them some features of the trial, and said, among other things, that he had received letters to the effect that certain Magistrates had been guilty of practices similar to Furlong's. He then requested the newspaper men not to mention the other remarks, but in reference to the Magistrates he said: 'You can quote me on that.' Subsequently another reporter, who was not at this meeting, but who heard of it, called Mr. Elder on the telephone and Mr. Elder said, 'You can quote me on that.'"

The stenographic report of the conversation in District Attorney Clarke's office noted among other questions the following:

"Didn't you think in the excited state of the public mind following the conviction of a Magistrate upon a charge of bribery that it was a mighty serious matter to give out statements involving the integrity of other Magistrates without investigating them first?"

Receives Many Such Letters.

"No, I didn't think of it that way. Every time we have a trial over here of any importance we get a great many letters like these, and the only one of the three that seemed to me of any importance was the one involving a Brooklyn Magistrate. That I thought it my duty to investigate. The others I never paid any particular attention to."

"Don't you think you have indulged in talk loose enough to warrant our filing charges against you?"

"That is a matter I must leave with you."

TOMKINS LETS OUT 61 MEN.

Saves City $60,000 a Year by Reducing Municipal Ferries Staff.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins announced yesterday a reduction of sixty-one employes in the force employed on the municipal ferries, which will mean an annual saving to the city of $60,000.

A short time ago Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick presented a report to the Mayor on his investigation of the administration of the ferries in which he said that altogether too many men were employed in the service and declared that this waste, together with other things outlined by him, gave a needless excess in the annual operating expenses of the system of approximately $300,000. The municipal ferries have never done a paying business.

Mr. Tomkins is making a careful investigation into the entire matter and more reforms are expected.

MEDALLIC ART EXHIBITION.

Numismatic Society to Display Work of France, Germany, and Italy.

The International Medallic Exhibition of the American Numismatic Society in the building of the society, Broadway and 156th Street, which opens to the public on March 12, should be of great interest to a community which has only too little opportunity to become familiar with the refinements of medallic art. A feeling for appropriately conceived and executed small objects has grown steadily in America during the past decade and finds expression in the serious character of the work produced by artists who confine their efforts to sculpture in small.

There is no other form of art, however, in which it will be found more interesting to measure the achievement of the present against that of the past and the achievement of our own medallists with that of Europeans.

A brief survey of the rooms in which the loan exhibits are grouped discloses the wide range and flexible boundaries of the art as it is practiced in foreign countries compared with the limitations commonly imposed upon it here. The American medallions are chiefly confined to commemorative or official uses and to small portraits, although there are exceptions of very considerable importance. It is usual also to find American work close rather than broad, and delicate rather than bold, although here again occasional examples escape from the rule.

Among the exhibits of France, Germany, Belgium, and Italy, on the other hand, large plaquettes abound, portraits often are large in size, and the range of subjects is astonishingly wide.

We find in the French group the broad relief and sensitively modulated surfaces of Charpentier, the incisive line and intellectual point of view of Roty, whose revival of the plaquette form is one of his services to his art; Chaplain, to whom has been intrusted the engraving of the new gold coinage of France; Lenoir, whose subjects include animals, especially the classic goat, rendered with much spirit, and many others who honorably carry on the fine French tradition, tending in the younger schools, however, toward a more and more impressionistic treatment of their natural material.

A little group of Belgian artists show the sturdy qualities of their race and a certain richness of style that is impressive. Among these is the interesting Ovide Yencesse, who was born at Dijon, but comes of a family of Flemish origin. His "Le Beurre," "Pierrette la pauvre," and "Virginie la sage" are versions of the laboring type less drastic than Meunier's and showing a more bucolic humor and a more lenient vision. Paul Du Bois has a sterner imagination and presents rugged physiognomies that recall the drawings of Kaeth Kollwitz in such examples as the "Femme du Peuple" and "Modiste."

It is amusing to note the habit of the Germans of dedicating their art to occasions that seem to us of minor importance, plaquettes for the friendly "Neujahrswunsch," &c. Space is lacking for even a cursory review of the American section, but it contains practically all our important workers in this field, Victor Brenner, John Flanagan, Eli Harvey, Isidore Konti, R. Tait McKenzie, Helen F. Mears, Caroline Ball, Janet Scudder, and many others.

In the gallery, where selections from the coins and medals owned by the American Numismatic Society are placed, is also a case of magnificent antique medals lent by J. Pierpont Morgan, including examples by Pisano himself and by other masters known and unknown who worked in Italy and in France. They provide a standard by which to correct one's modernized taste.

RULE ON TRACTION FINANCE.

Service Board Fixes It in Allowing Bond Issue of a Coney Line.

The Public Service Commission adopted an order yesterday granting to the Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad, which operates the Smith Street line to Coney Island, the right to issue $151,000 new bonds instead of $107,000 as originally authorized. The company asked for an issue of $372,000, but the commission scaled it down severely on the ground that all the expenditures contemplated were not shown to be proper capital charges.

The commission incidentally made an important ruling, to the effect that while actual betterments may be paid for out of the proceeds of capital issued, mere replacements may not be so financed. The company at the hearings was unable to state what part of certain changes would come under one category and what part under the other. The subsequent authorization was made upon getting more light on the matter.

Under the order of the commission the bonds are to be issued at not less than 80 on a 4 per cent. basis, and must be amortized out of income prior to Jan. 1, 1935. The Coney Island & Brooklyn Railroad is now seeking to recover from the effects of a policy of paying high dividends at the expense of its property, which was followed for some years before the Public Service Commission came into being.

OPERA SINGER INSANE.

Mme. Sewicke, Member of Boston Opera Company, Breaks Down.

BOSTON, March 9.—Mme. Sewicke, one of the leading soprano singers of the Boston Opera Company, was found insane upon the street near the Opera House on Huntington Avenue this afternoon. She was wandering aimlessly toward the stage entrance when the attention of Director Russell and Signor Conti was called to her. She gave random replies when questioned, and appeared to have a subconscious feeling that she was bound to attend a rehearsal. Dr. Groves, the Opera House surgeon, was called, and by his advice Mme. Sewicke was sent to a private hospital in Brookline.

It was stated to-night that her breakdown is due to overwork and that her condition, while serious, need not necessarily result in hopeless insanity.

Mme. Sewicke is a native of Poland, and has been singing soprano rôles since the opera season here opened last October.

Moving-Picture Case Can Be Appealed.

In the decision handed down on Tuesday by the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York, in the case of the Motion Pictures Patents Company against Carl Laemmle, the Independent Moving Picture Company of America and the Pantograph Company, Judge Noyes stated that injunctions against the defendant companies would be suspended provided an appeal was brought on for a hearing at the May session of the Circuit Court of Appeals, and provided that the corporation defendants furnish an adequate bond to pay damages and account for profits during the pending of the appeal if it is unsuccessful.

The Flavour
of
Post
Toasties
Is so distinctly pleasing that it has won the liking of both young and old who never before cared much for cereal food of any kind.
"The Memory Lingers"
Pkgs 10c. and 15c.
Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

SNOWBALLED VALET, HIS ROOM BEING HOT

Allen Wallace, Now Adjudged Insane, Also Gave Extravagant Tips, His Relatives Testify.

ONCE STUCK IN A BATHTUB

He Was Only Sober When Too Sick to Drink, His Wife Says, and Was Always Intoxicated by 3 P. M.

Justice Fitzgerald in the Supreme Court confirmed yesterday the report of Commissioners Phoenix Ingraham, Philip F. Donohue, and Dr. David O. Edson and a Sheriff's Jury, pronouncing Allen Wallace an incompetent. He appointed Frances L. Wallace, his wife, and Talbot J. Taylor, his cousin by marriage, a committee of his person and estate under a bond of $60,000.

The report states that Wallace who is the son of the late John Wallace, head of the brokerage firm of John Wallace & Co., and who lives at 59 West Fifty-fourth Street, is an habitual drunkard. He has an income of $30,000 a year, payable quarterly from a trust fund of $750,000 left him by his father, who died last September. His infirmity dates from 1903, and he is irresponsible in conduct and in financial matters, the report finds. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace have one child, a daughter, Anne Marie, 7 years old.

The testimony of William G. McKinley, partner of Wallace's father, tells of a trip to Paris which McKinley made in 1908 at the request of the older Wallace to investigate Allen's affairs and the debts he had contracted abroad. He settled Allen's bills for $12,000, mostly contracted in Rome. The amount was about evenly divided between loans and debts for clothing.

Dr. Samuel W. Lambert, who examined Wallace, stated that he consumed enormous quantities of Scotch whisky, usually beginning in the morning and never later than noon, and that he was invariably under the influence of intoxicants by 3 o'clock in the afternoon. In his opinion Wallace is an incurable alcoholic.

Elizabeth Zane, a cousin of Wallace by marriage, who lives at the Buckingham Hotel, said that she had had many opportunities to observe Wallace in his home. When he wanted anything in a hurry, she said, he would call for a waiter and hand him $5 or more. On one occasion, at the New Weston Hotel, she said, he ordered a servant to telephone to Delmonico's and have the negro entertainers hurried up to his apartment. He never gave tips of 50 cents or $1, she said, but handed out a roll of bills to a waiter or other servant and invited the selection of a $5 note. He never looked to see whether $5 or $50 was taken on such occasions, she added. One evening, Miss Zane said, she expressed a desire for a portion of turkey. Wallace immediately ordered a whole roast turkey stuffed with chestnuts. He took offense one evening because his apartment was too warm and chased his valet about the rooms, pelting him with snow, which he had scooped in from the window sill.

Mrs. Wallace testified before the Commissioners that there had been few days in recent years when her husband had not been intoxicated. The only time he had been sober, she said, was when he was too sick to get drunk. When in Paris and Rome, she said, the elder Wallace gave her husband $10,000 a year in quarterly installments. She took $300 a month of this for household expenses, but could not keep Wallace out of debt. He still owes $10,000 abroad, she said. Her husband ran up large accounts at the Union Club for drinks, she said, and paid these bills promptly, because members are only allowed $300 credit, after which their drinks are cut off. Wallace is also a member of the Knickerbocker Club, but did not drink as much there as at the Union Club, said his wife. Mrs. Wallace related an incident of her husband's intoxication at Delmonico's when he stumbled and fell and had to be carried to a couch by waiters. She also told how he got stuck in a bathtub at home while intoxicated, and was unable to extricate himself.

Wallace told the Commissioners that he quite approved of the proceedings against him.

34TH STREET'S FUTURE.

Grades, Transportation, and Other Matters Discussed by Its Merchants.

Several matters of interest to the future development of Thirty-fourth Street were discussed by the members of the Central Manhattan Improvement Association yesterday in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Isidor Saks, who was appointed Chairman of the committee to urge that an express station be placed at Thirty-fourth Street on the new Lexington Avenue subway, told the members that the Public Service Commissioners were opposed to placing any express station on the Lexington Avenue subway between Canal and Forty-second Streets. He did, however, secure a tentative promise that some express trains might be switched on to the local track from Forty-second Street, so as to stop at Thirty-fourth, Twenty-third, and Fourteenth Streets.

Mr. Saks's report was plainly disappointing, and a strong resolution was adopted urging the needs of Thirty-fourth Street as New York's most important crosstown thoroughfare for a regular express station at Lexington Avenue, and the committee was instructed to make another plea before the Commissioners.

A wide difference of opinion was also manifested when the question came up of indorsing the proposed change of grade at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. Charles D. Wetmore, in leading the opposition, took the ground that all grade crossings at Fourth Avenue ought to be avoided. He cited the fact that the New York Central Railroad, in its improvement plans at Grand Central Station proposes to span Forty-second Street from the station by a magnificent bridge leading directly out to Park Avenue. This, he said, would divert a larger amount of business traffic to that avenue than it has had in the past, and with the excess traffic sure to come with the opening of the Pennsylvania terminal, the congestion at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street would in a short time be as great as is now the case at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street.

He showed plans of the improved conditions that would come if the scheme of depressing the tracks in Forty-second Street were carried out and running Fifth Avenue over that street by a viaduct. Mr. Wetmore also showed by a large drawing how the Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street section will look in the next year or two, when all improvements are completed, including the big hotel that Alfred Vanderbilt is building on the block between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets, provided all grade crossings are eliminated.

In view of these arguments, the members postponed definite action on the matter until a future meeting. Roderick M. Cameron presided.

LIEDERKRANZ CLUB HONORS DAMROSCH

Gives Him a Portrait of Himself and Father in Celebrating His Quarter Century in Music.

AND A GOLD-EBONY BATON

Victor Herbert Is Introduced as the Irish-American Haydn and Speaks in German.

The Liederkranz Club gave a dinner last night at its home, 111 East Fifty-eighth Street, in honor of Walter J. Damrosch, celebrating his twenty-fifth year's work for the art of music in this city and country. Orators eulogized him and his work; Carl Jörn, Robert Blass, and Otto Goritz of the Metropolitan Opera Company, and L. Winkler, Paolo Gallico, and Oumiroff made music in his honor, and the toastmaster presented him with a portrait of himself and his father, Leopold Damrosch, and also with a gold-mounted ebony baton.

Above the dinner table were two electrically lighted boards having on them the dates 1885 and 1910. Dr. Emanuel de Marnay Baruch served as toastmaster, and with him at the guests' table were President Hubert Cillis of the Liederkranz Club, Conductor Alfred Hertz of the Metropolitan Opera Company, Herman Ridder, Arthur Classen, M. Halperson, Arthur Schoenstadt, Raphael Joseffy, Charles F. McLean, and George W. Young.

"One of the aims of the Liederkranz Society is the cultivation of art," said Toastmaster Baruch, presenting to Mr. Damrosch the baton and the picture, "and, above all, the cultivation of music. It is because you, Mr. Damrosch, have excelled in this art, have for twenty-five years with unswerving faithfulness and unparalleled success, cultivated all that is great and best and noblest in music, that we have met here to-night to thank you and to do you honor.

"The community has been greater, happier, better, for your having worked in it. May the next twenty-five years find you as full of energy, health, success, and honor as this evening, and grant you a full ineed of that wealth which the gods alone bestow on those they love."

"I am really overcome," said Mr. Damrosch. "I expected nothing like this. I see nothing but dear friends around me. I am very much touched, and I thank you very much.

"So many old friends around me awaken a flood of recollections. When I was a boy of 6, in Breslau, there came a young pianist to the city. His teacher said he was a perfect devil at the piano, and he was. He was Raphael Joseffy over there."

Mr. Damrosch then told about his coming to America, and about the establishment of German opera in the Metropolitan Opera House.

"You all know what a hard time that was," he went on. "The opposition—the Hammerstein of that day—referred to it as the 'the yellow brewery uptown,' mocking at the yellow upholstery. And that upholstery was pretty bad, until it was changed."

Mr. Damrosch said there need be no fear for the future of art in this country; that was now assured. Although he had worked hard for his art, the chief thing about him, after all, was, he said, merely that he had lived in America during twenty-five glorious years of musical development here.

Mr. Hertz expressed his admiration for the work done by Mr. Damrosch, and President Cillis said many complimentary things about him in German. Victor Herbert was introduced as "the Irish-American Haydn" who would speak German. "He is a great man who can compose music that reaches to and touches all classes," said Toastmaster Baruch.

Mr. Herbert did speak in German, with a little English thrown in, and made a "hit," judging by the applause.

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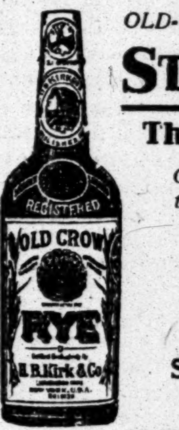

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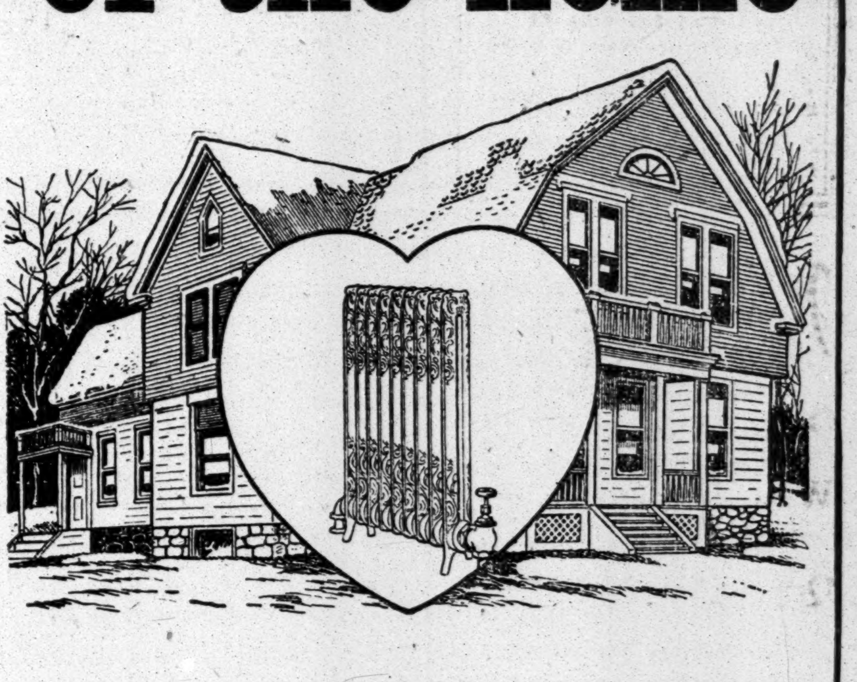

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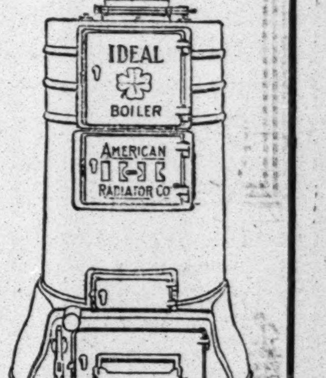

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THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK.

Mr. Sprague, the President of the Union Dime Savings Bank, is bold enough to say publicly what other bankers are saying even more energetically in private. Unfortunately, as Mr. Sprague says, the effect of utterances like his, however well considered, are in danger of having an effect opposite to that intended, because politicians sneer at the protests of bankers, attributing them to selfishness. Railways and trusts have gone through the same experience, only to have it truculently asked why they do not take their medicine, and to be told that their opposition inflames their masters to further punishment, for the people's good.

Nevertheless the postal savings bank proposal is too bad to be allowed to pass in silence without betrayal of the public interests, or even of the interests of the Republican Party, which stands sponsor for it. Fortunately there is no finality about the present form. It is an Administration measure, to be sure, and as such ought to be sacred against amendment. But it is different if the motive is based in politics rather than in principle. If you are a statesman you stand or fall by your principles, never beginning a battle which, like Sheridan, you would not rather die than lose. But if you are a politician you smile when "no" is written all over your proposal, and it is then returned to you with a majority. That makes you a party leader, and you bide your time to expunge the "no." The people only remark that the Administration has a majority, and one bill is as good as another if only something be passed.

If there is anything characteristic about savings banks it is their difference from commercial banks. As a rule a depositor in a commercial bank does not deposit cash, and does not draw cash. Even in times of trouble he is satisfied with anything which will pass through the Clearing House, and except for special uses he will not take cash. The savings bank depositor both deposits and demands cash. Yet the bill as it stands makes no provision for meeting such demands, and does make it difficult to meet them. The bill provides for the mingling of savings deposits with commercial deposits, in violation of the sound demand that they shall be separated. It contemplates that they shall not be disturbed except in times of stress. Then the Government, which will be a seller of bonds, makes itself also a buyer with other people's funds, in its hands as trustee, and supplies itself with the cash by withdrawing it from the banks which have put it to other uses. If ever there were a scheme for making trouble at the most awkward of times this is one.

The main motive of a central bank is, of course, to facilitate and assure the interconvertibility of cash and credits. A central bank would alleviate even such a bad banking proposal as this, but the chief objection to the postal bank, in the opinion of Senators, is that it promotes the establishment of a central bank. Thus the opposition to the postal idea is as mistaken as the support of the central bank, in the opinions of those bankers whom Congress ought rather to listen to than sneer at. And yet lawmakers wonder why they are not popular, and why politics are muddled. No wonder that voters scarcely know whether they are Democrats or Republicans when they see parties exchanging principles and accepting anything with a majority behind it.

PURGING THE PARTY.

Senator Root's somewhat imperative dispatch to the Republican Senators at Albany in regard to the selection of a leader of the party in the Senate was undoubtedly inspired by the best motives and by political wisdom. It expressed more the temper of the eminent counsel to his juniors than that of the cool diplomatist or the cautious politician, but it addressed itself directly to the issue at hand and its purpose was admirable. Whether it will accomplish that purpose will be decided to-night. If Mr. Root's candidate is elected leader of the Senate it will be a triumph for the Senator and for the Governor, and it will be followed by other measures still more disagreeable to the machine managers. If his candidate is rejected it will be the signal for a bitter struggle throughout the State, with gloomy prospect for the Republican Party.

There is absolutely but one way to deal with the disclosures that have been made as to the presence of corruption in the party. It is to purge the party of the men responsible for the corruption. That is what the Governor and the Senator desire to do. It is what all the best men in the party desire. It was agreed upon in this city at the famous conference when the President and the Governor were here. It now seems that the minor leaders in the State have "gone back" on that agreement and are planning to burke all investigation and to trust the fortunes of the organization to the weakness of the public memory and the mistakes of the opposition party. We are not at all sure that they expect to escape defeat, but they are practically sure to be retired in any case, and they prefer to retire uninvestigated. From their point of view this is expedient enough. It would, however, be far better for the Republican Party to get rid of these little leaders before the election if possible, for then, if defeat at the polls still followed, the party would be in a position to regain its strength. This, we take it, is the real point in the minds of Senator Root and his immediate advisers.

TCHAYKOVSKY'S ACQUITTAL.

The decision of the Russian tribunal to acquit the revolutionist Tchaykovsky will affect most favorably the standing of Russia and Russian justice in the eyes of the world. While we cannot assume that this court has been influenced by political considerations, or that it has acquitted Tchaykovsky upon other grounds than the evidence presented, nevertheless the fortunate political effect of the acquittal will be noted.

This zealot in the cause of Russian freedom was known in other lands, particularly in this country and in England, where his benignant personality and his labors in behalf of liberal institutions in Russia had won for him and his cause warm sympathy and friendship. There would have been a feeling of deep personal regret had Tchaykovsky been sentenced to undergo punishment and suffering, as there is general rejoicing at his deliverance.

THE FORTITUDE OF HARRISON.

We are inclined to accept Senator Elkins's recollection of the negotiations with Thomas C. Platt, which brought about the nomination of Benjamin Harrison in 1888. It is hard to believe that Mr. Harrison at Indianapolis authorized Mr. Elkins to promise the Secretaryship of the Treasury to Mr. Platt if Mr. Platt would give the vote of the New York delegation to Harrison. It is still harder to believe that Mr. Platt told this story in all its nakedness to the New York delegation, and so persuaded it to give up Depew and join the Harrison column. If the delegates from New York had heard of such an astounding offer every newspaper correspondent in attendance upon the Convention would have known of it within half an hour after the meeting of the delegation broke up.

But Senator Platt's version of the transaction is not the matter of chief interest. We know from testimony of many witnesses that after Mr. Harrison's election a tremendous pressure was brought to bear upon him to bring about the appointment of Mr. Platt as Secretary of the Treasury. The men who applied the pressure were leaders of his own party. They were the men who had made him its candidate for the Presidency. Mr. Elkins, Mr. Depew, Mr. Platt himself, Senator Hiscock, Mr. Fassett—these and others urged upon the President-elect the awarding of the Treasury portfolio to the New York boss. Benjamin Harrison does not seem to have wavered for an instant in his resolute refusal to make that appointment. He stood like a rock against the chief men of his party. If there was a bargain, which we do not believe, he broke it, and some pretty fair moralists would exculpate him for such a breach of faith on the principle once urged upon Mayor Strong by Carl Schurz, that ingratitude is often a political virtue. But the main thing is that Benjamin Harrison absolutely refused to make Thomas C. Platt his Secretary of the Treasury. He chose a much better man, William Windom, to wit, a man of enlightenment, training, and qualification.

By this posthumous publication of Mr. Platt's memorandum we learn that the Macedonian cry to which Harriman responded in 1904 was heard in the land in the Harrison campaign, and also had its response. Mr. Platt declares that he raised $150,000 on his personal note and turned it into the campaign fund a few days before the election. That was the money, we suppose, that played the mischief with the Democratic vote in Kings County, imparted to the Presidential and Gubernatorial result in the State of New York such a curiously twisted appearance, and gave Mr. Harrison the Presidency.

TARIFF WAR WITH CANADA.

The American Tariff Commission which has been in Ottawa for some time in negotiation with the Canadian Government as to the tariff left that city yesterday, having failed to come to any definite agreement. The issue pending was that of discrimination against the United States in the tariff treaties with other countries. It will now remain for the President to decide whether these treaties actually constitute discrimination, and whether the maximum tariff—the addition of a 25 per cent. ad valorem duty to all existing duties—shall be allowed to go into operation, as it automatically will, unless the President specifically proclaims the absence of discrimination.

The ground taken by Canada is familiar to the American Government, since it is precisely the ground it has itself taken in tariff disputes with European Governments. It is that the tariff reductions made in a commercial treaty cannot be regarded as favors to the country receiving them, but are strictly reciprocal and are compensated by corresponding reductions extended by that country. Such reductions, it is claimed by Canada, and the same doctrine has repeatedly been asserted by the United States, do not make the nation receiving them a "favored nation" since they can be had by any other country on the same terms. In the present instance, if the United States decides that the reductions made by Canada in return for reductions by France and other countries constitute discrimination against the United States, the maximum tariff will have to go into effect. It will considerably more than double the average duty on dutiable goods imported from Canada. It is, of course, to be expected that such a decision by the United States will be followed by a large advance in Canadian duties on American goods. As we sell in Canada much more than we buy the net result must be a serious injury to American trade. The advance in Canadian duties lies wholly within the discretion of the Executive and will not require legislative action.

There is a side issue in connection with this matter involved in the possible action of the Province of Quebec as to the export of pulpwood, but it is probable that this could be arranged satisfactorily if peace could be preserved on the main point. It does not seem that the President would be straining his discretion if he should decide that the adoption by Canada of the doctrine always maintained by the United States as to reciprocity treaties of commerce does not in fact or in principle involve a discrimination against this country. Indeed, in view of the conditions prevailing in our trade with Canada, it may reasonably be held that to apply the maximum tariff would itself be a discrimination by the President against his own people.

TEN CENTS TO CONEY ISLAND.

The administration of justice is superior even to the delights of rides below cost. It will be remembered that the sacred right to go to Coney for a nickel was asserted amid rioting, with the supposed sanction of judicial authority, given offhand. The Public Service Commission has taken a couple of years to consider the matter, and its finding has an obviously higher claim to respect. It is a notable decision in more respects than the issue which to many will seem uppermost. It recognizes what many have forgotten, that regulation by law implies also protection by law, and that the Commission is mindful of its duty.

It is not necessarily an unpopular decision. We are mistaken if it will not add more to the respect which is due to an official body than pursuit of a superficial popularity by excess of zeal toward corporations with no excess of the judicial sentiment now displayed. The Commission seems to appreciate that it is not wholly a prosecuting body, under obligation to respond to demagogic appeals.

THE DISMISSED CADETS.

Our dispatch this morning from Washington, reporting Secretary Dickinson's uncompromising attitude against the reinstatement of the seven West Point cadets dismissed last Summer for hazing two sentinels on duty furnishes the best possible reason why Congress should not reinstate them. It is known that Secretary Dickinson is not in favor of the single penalty of dismissal from the Academy for hazing of all forms and degrees. Yet, after a careful review of the evidence, he believes that these young men concerned in the brutal maltreatment of Sutton got exactly what they deserved.

That is very damaging to their cases. If an official who is disposed to regard leniently infractions of the stern disciplinary code that governs the cadets at West Point is so horrified at what he finds has been perpetrated by the men now seeking the favor of Congress that he sets apart their cases from all others and declares that they, at least, ought to be dismissed and kept dismissed, Congress ought not to be slow in making up its mind about them.

Doubtless, also, Supt. Scott will testify to-day before the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs that the return of these young men to West Point would be the signal for the loosening of all bonds of discipline at the Academy. That is another damaging point against their plea.

HARVARD'S 'SPORTS' AND 'GRINDS.'

A fallacy that prevails among the undergraduates of practically every college in this land, that the acquirement of habits of clear and vigorous thinking may be postponed without detriment until the student enters the professional schools, and that in them he may easily excel the men who won honors in college, is exploded by the report of a Harvard investigating committee, the results of which are printed in another column. It is not true, of course, that all men at Harvard, or at any of the colleges, may be separated into the two distinct classes of "sports" and "grinds." We doubt whether the "grinds" are altogether admirable persons, if they devote all their time to cramming, memorizing, and preparing for examinations—patient hacks, lacking originality and inspiration. These are not of the kind that win high honors in college, in the professional schools, or in life. But it is certain that the young men of overdeveloped physiques, forming a small minority; the mass of worshippers of athletes, and the college "sports" are not inspired by the strong intellectual spirit that is active at Oxford and Cambridge under the system of honor schools.

The minds of college men and of their parents should be disabused of the notion that high rank in studies means merely industrious plodding. So far as this is true, or seems to be true, the standards by which the abilities of students are measured by college Faculties urgently demand revision. The Faculty Committee at Harvard seeks to alter its standards by a systematic restriction of the choice of electives to the principal fields of knowledge, upon which the men will meet in keener rivalry. At present the student forces are dissipated in unrelated subjects; there appears to be no common ground of competition. To this extent the Faculty has been responsible for the atmosphere of contentment with mediocrity in studies that prevails at Harvard. At the same time the committee has observed that the men who do best in their studies are those who have concentrated their efforts into six or seven groups of subjects, and have made these a battleground for distinction. President Lowell's plan, therefore, is to require that the rest of the college follow their example—choose the bulk of their courses within these groups, comprising (1) classics, (2) English, (3) modern languages, (4) history, government, and economics, (5) philosophy, (6) mathematics and physics, and (7) natural science. The best choice of studies, the committee reports, consists in "a concentration of nearly one-half of electives in some one field and a scattering of the rest," as this method combines the advantages of specializing, with plenty of rivals in the special fields, and the attainment of a broad intellectual outlook.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Witness Not to be Impugned.

Almost every arrest of an automobilist for breaking the speed ordinances leads to a direct issue of veracity between the prisoner and his captor, the one asserting and the other denying that the machine was running at more than a certain number of miles per hour. From this conflicting testimony the Magistrate usually has made a decision that in effect convicts one of the witnesses of perjury, and, whatever may be the verdict, it is sure to be received with dissatisfaction on one side or the other. An ingenious instrument is described by The Scientific American which, if it works as well in practice as it undoubtedly does in theory, will wholly eliminate the personal element from a hitherto delicate and difficult problem and make the determination of an automobile's speed a matter of exact mathematics.

The device, an invention by two instructors in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, consists of a small double camera, combined with a stop watch. When a policeman sees a motor car going, as he thinks, too fast, he directs the camera at it and pushes a button. Instantly one picture is taken. A few seconds later the second lens snaps automatically, making a second picture. On each is photographically recorded the hand of the watch at the moment when the exposure occurred, and by a comparison of the size of the machine as it appears in the two pictures the distance which it has traveled during the time between the exposures can be ascertained according to the following law:

> The distance of any object from the lens is as many times greater than the focal distance of the camera as the length of any line of the real object is greater than its length in the photograph. This is a simple proportion in which three of the terms are known, namely, the size of the object, the size of the image of the object on the plate, and the distance of the image from the lens. The fourth term of the proportion, the distance of the object from the lens, follows by simple division.

The picture first taken is almost sure to show the number of the automobile, and irksome computations are saved by a table attached to the camera. The inventors believe that automobilists as well as policemen will welcome the use of this instrument, most of them being fairly willing to pay a fine when they have really been guilty of violating the law, but hard to convince that the judgment of a policeman or village constable as to speed is better than their own.

He Carried a Scruple to Extremes.

Capt. C. H. Hamilton, U. S. A., summoned to testify as an expert in a Long Island City shooting case, startled the Judge, the court attendants, and the spectators by refusal to take the usual oath to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. When questioned, he explained that he had no reluctance to put such knowledge as he had concerning the use and effects of firearms at the disposal of the court. He wasn't prepared, however, to swear to tell the truth; all he could promise to do was to base his testimony on his ability, understanding, and judgment, acquired by years of experience; being mortal and fallible, what he said might or might not be "the truth," all of it, and nothing else. The Captain, naturally, was allowed to go ahead and give his evidence with his oath thus conditioned.

The scrupulosity displayed by Capt. Hamilton was in refreshing contrast with the limitless self-confidence shown too often by experts when on the witness stand, but for all that it was just a little excessive. As a matter of fact, there is a common agreement, usually tacit, that no witness is expected to do more than what the Captain said was all he would swear to do. There is, to be sure, a nominal difference between statements made without qualification and those "to the best of the witness' knowledge and belief," but the two kinds of testimony shade into each other by imperceptible gradations, and, in the last analysis, there is no real difference between them.

The presentation of absolute truth would require absolute knowledge—something which human beings do not possess about anything, or, at least, cannot prove that they possess. There are some things—a few—that we know as well as we can know anything, but there always remains the possibility that they may not be quite so, or even so at all. With the careful Captain's intentions, as explained by himself, he could have taken the oath with perfect safety. His understanding of veracity is exactly that of every other honest person.

All the truth expected from anybody is such approximation to the truth as he has to give, and the witness who has made no false claims as to competency and who has done his best is held guiltless as to his unintended and unrealized mistakes. It is well to be cautious, but it is not conducive to the conduct of life to be too cautious, and, everything considered, Capt. Hamilton delayed the progress of that shooting case quite unnecessarily.

Dissensions Among Suffragists.

Just how much of reality there is under the rumors about a recent division of the suffrage army into numerous factions more ready to rend each other than to assail the common enemy, man, is not, of course, to be decided with any approach to certainty by those of us who view the scene of action from outside its circumference. That all is not harmony among the suffragists seems, however, to be the fact. And it is a lamentable fact, for women at war with each other make particularly displeasing sounds, and their attitudes lack dignity and grace.

As between the suffragists and the anti-suffragists, hostility doesn't so much matter, since the grounds for it are what may be called extrinsic. When women who are seeking the same end not only disagree as to the best road to it, but wander away into the wilderness of irrelevant bickerings, then is the spectacle truly heartrending—to those who cannot find it simply amusing.

Had not the suffragists enough enemies without becoming the enemies of each other? Their "cause," whether "holy" or not, deserved better service than this, and, whether hopeless or not before, will be made so for many a day unless its advocates give it a more unselfish devotion—a devotion free from personal ambitions and jealousies—a devotion, in short, such as men always give to their causes.

Where would the tariff be to-day, for instance, if the various manufacturers didn't stand firmly together and sacrifice everything, even to the public and their first wives' relations, to the interests of their own pockets?

SMOKING AUTOMOBILES.

Woman's Municipal League Investigates Injurious Effects.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The testimony of a number of eminent physicians was secured by this organization as to the injurious effects of automobile smoke upon the throat, nose, and lungs, and there is no question as to the constantly increasing danger from this source. The bills before the Legislature which have to do with conditions of roadways not only in cities but throughout the State are not so primarily concerned with this especial feature of the automobile nuisance. The overcrowding of the city streets with traffic and the congestion consequent upon the increased number of vehicles is not so apparent on the country roads, so that this matter may be left to the city ordinances and the city authorities to enforce.

The law in connection with the smoke nuisance, which is admittedly a menace to health, is clear upon this point. Under the provisions of the charter the Board of Health has full power to abate this nuisance by causing the arrest of any driver of a machine which is emitting smoke through carelessness on the par of the chauffeur. This regulation should be enforced, and a few arrests made for this offense would undoubtedly cause a more careful handling and management of machines.

There is now an ordinance before the Board of Aldermen which deals with this subject and makes it a punishable offense "for any person to run a motor vehicle in the streets of the City of New York which emits from the exhaust or muffler thereof offensive quantities of smoke, gas, or other disagreeable odors." The hearing on this ordinance may come up at any time, and if public opinion and interest can be sufficiently aroused upon this subject much may be accomplished.

In conclusion, the Streets Committee of the Woman's Municipal League, which has taken this subject up, begs to be put on record as one of the organizations most interested in the subject and urges that the proper steps for the abatement of the nuisance should be taken without further delay.

M. SERENA TOWNSEND,
Secretary of the Woman's Municipal League.
New York, March 8, 1910.

BROOKLYN COLLEGE BILL.

Favors Consolidation, but Opposes New Buildings at City's Expense.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Brooklyn College bill has appeared once more in the Legislature, having been introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Beck, (Assembly Bill 737, Int. 669.) There can certainly be no objection to an act authorizing the consolidation and merger of several Brooklyn institutions of learning under the name of the Brooklyn College, but there is no justification whatever for charging the city with the cost of securing a site, putting up buildings, and maintaining the college out of the public funds.

With the College of the City of New York accessible as it is from all parts of the city, there is no reason why another institution of a similar nature should be organized. The College of the City of New York still maintains a very large sub-freshman department, which many of those most interested in the college hope will ultimately be done away with. If this most desirable result is attained, there will be ample room in the college buildings for all the young men in Brooklyn who would be likely to attend the Brooklyn College. The same is true with regard to young women, who could obtain a collegiate education in the Normal School if it would do away with its sub-freshmen classes.

The Beck bill should be amended by striking out all provisions which make the proposed Brooklyn College a public charge.

CHARLES C. BURLINGHAM.
New York, March 8, 1910.

Unions and the Public.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of March 8 "F. P.," in a letter that displays a woeful lack of knowledge concerning the rights of workmen and the aim and theory of unions, seems to advise the shedding of blood to curb their activities. Unions have been the means of instructing the workmen in their rights and the way to obtain them, have improved factory conditions, have given the workman the independence that always characterizes the good citizen, and have prevented a thousand times more strikes and bloodshed than they have caused. Their activity is seldom seen by the public except in strikes, but this phase of their operations is the least important and resorted to only when all other means have failed. By foreseeing conditions of which the individual can have little or no knowledge, by campaigns of education among both their members and the people at large, and by arbitration between employes and employers they have been a blessing to all concerned, the employer not the least.

The unions are founded on the unalienable right of workmen to lawfully unite for mutual benefit, and their existence and success depend on their observance of civil law. Abuses of their power there are, but they are slight compared to the benefits that can be and are daily, though quietly, obtained through its exercise.

F. P. S.
New York, March 8, 1910.

Back of the Strike.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Unions are founded on the doctrine that labor as well as capital has a right to combine, not "that the way to secure real or fancied rights is by infringing on the rights of others." The misfortune of the unions is that their only weapon against unfair conditions is the strike, which, as it sometimes causes inconvenience to the public, as broken agreements or low wages on the part of the company do not, is judged by the unthinking to be an unmitigated evil. If "F. P." would look into conditions somewhat before making such sweeping statements, he might discover that back of the temporary inconvenience to him there are often years of overwork and under pay.

New York, March 8, 1910. A. P. G.

HARVARD'S "SPORTS" AND "GRINDS."

The idea has long prevailed among college men that, though they might loaf as undergraduates, they were sure to become hard workers when they entered the law or other professional schools. The following summary of both sides of this question is made from the report of the Harvard Faculty Committee published in The Harvard Graduates' Magazine for March:

COLLEGE MEN'S VIEWS.

1. Rank in the Law School indicates future success in life, but rank in college does not; in the Law School the men who have been "sports" in college pass the "grinds."
2. Success in college scholarship furnishes little or no indication of those intellectual qualities that men desire to possess.
3. Activities outside the classroom have great value—association with other young men, so far as possible of the most varied type, the interest in college papers, and other forms of student life.
4. College is a sort of interlude in serious life, separated from what goes before, and dissociated with what follows.
5. A "liberal education" has no bearing upon the subsequent career; the acquirement of habits of work may be gained later.
6. College examinations measure unduly the memory and capacity to "grind," without taking account of natural brilliancy of mind.
7. Rank in college may be attained by aid of tutors or printed notes, or "jollying the professor."
8. Athletic sports are a good measure of red blood, while high rank in studies indicates only industrious plodding.

THE COMMITTEE'S FINDINGS.

I. Records of Harvard alumni graduating from Harvard Law School during past 12 years:

	P.C.
Total college men obtaining Law degree with honor	18
Plain college men obtaining Law degree with honor	7
Honor college men obtaining Law degree with honor	20
High honor college men obtaining Law degree with honor	40
Highest honor college men obtaining Law degree with honor	57

N. B.—(a) Of the 30 "plain" College men, 8 had entered in their senior year, hence were not eligible for honors; deducting these, the percentage is reduced from 7 to 5.6. The scholarship of all 30, excepting one, though less than that entitling to honors, was excellent.

(b) These figures prove that the man who wins honors in Law School without having won them in College is rare, and that the "sport" of really low standing in college who achieves distinction in Law School is almost a myth.

II. Similar statistics of college men in the Harvard Medical School prove the same things by identical methods of comparison.

PRESIDENT LOWELL'S COMMENT ON COMMITTEE'S FINDINGS.

"* * * Almost every undergraduate would be proud to be told that he was destined in after life to write a remarkable history, or to make a notable scientific discovery, and would be shocked to hear that he was to be the best professional baseball player in the world; yet he commonly submits willingly to drudgery that would tend to prepare him for the latter, though recoiling from study that would fit him for intellectual work. This shows a disproportion between immediate ambition and relative permanent values, even as they stand in the mind of the undergraduate himself."—*President Lowell, in Harvard Graduates' Magazine for March, 1910.*

ASK NEW SUTTON INQUIRY.

Congressional Commission Proposed to Report on Young Officer's Death.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—There is a possibility that the case relating to the death of Lieut. James N. Sutton of the Marine Corps will be reopened by act of Congress. Identical joint resolutions were introduced in both houses to-day by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon and Representative McCradie of Washington. The resolutions establish a joint commission of three Senators and three Representatives with an appropriation of $25,000 to investigate the causes of the young officer's death.

Lieut. Sutton met his death at Annapolis on Oct. 13, 1907, and since then his mother has tried to fix responsibility on his companions at the time of his death. The Navy Department's investigation acquitted the young man's companions and found that Sutton had met death at his own hand, but since then the finding as to suicide has been modified.

The investigation now proposed is not limited to the cause of Lieut. Sutton's death, but seeks to ascertain the best means for preventing the recurrence of similar incidents in the service. The resolution provides that a report shall be made "as to the person or persons participating in or responsible for his death, in order that the ends of justice may be fully subserved, and such steps be taken as may be necessary to prevent a recurrence of such scenes as were enacted at an institution kept, maintained, and supported by the people of the United States."

Lieut. Sutton was a native of the State of Washington.

NEW DEPARTMENT HOMES.

Senate Votes $12,000,000 for State, Justice, and Commerce Buildings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Senate to-day passed a bill appropriating $12,000,000 for the construction of buildings to house the State Department, the Department of Justice, and the Department of Commerce and Labor. It is expected that each department will occupy a separate building, but this point is not specified in the bill and plans have not yet been prepared by the departments. Before work begins the plans must first be approved by Congress.

The buildings will stand on a strip of land recently acquired by condemnation along the street fronting the ellipse at the rear of the White House opposite the line of buildings occupied by the Corcoran Art Gallery, the Bureau of American Republics, and the Daughters of the American Revolution. The State Department is now housed in the enormous State, War, and Navy Building, the Department of Justice has what was once a private residence on McPherson Square, while the Department of Commerce and Labor has rooms in an office building on Fourteenth Street.

Leave to Fill in Useless City Streams.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator Root to-day secured the passage through the Senate of a bill authorizing the City of New York to bridge or fill in streams entirely within the city limits which are no longer of use for purposes of navigation. The power is given subject to regulations by the War Department. The bill has already received the indorsement of ex-Mayor McClellan and Mayor Gaynor.

Embassy Bill Beaten Again.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A second attempt to have the House pass a bill providing for the purchase or erection of embassy buildings in foreign capitals was defeated after two hours' debate to-day.

The Standing Army.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with great interest your article in Sunday's TIMES in reference to the essay of Lieut. James J. Mayes. I agree with Lieut. Mayes when he says that the standing army of the United States is far too small. I also agree with him when he calls those who are against the teaching of the "Star-Spangled Banner" to school children, and against a large army, "murderers of soldiers." In his essay the Lieutenant says that hygiene, discipline, and calibre target shooting should be taught in the public schools. It should even go further than that. Each Summer the older children of the public schools should be sent to camp to learn how to take care of themselves, so that in time of war there will not be thousands of soldiers killed by disease.

Another thing which would greatly benefit the National Guard would be that, if the employers of members of the National Guard would not discharge them for going to camp, which a number of them do either directly or indirectly, the number of militiamen would be greatly increased. As it is now, you either go to camp and lose your position or else stay at home and get court-martialed or fined. There should be co-operation on the part of every employer, for it is on their account that a great many able-bodied young men do not join the militia.

HENRY SCHULZ.
New York, March 8 1910.

Puzzled by a Ventilator.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On St. Nicholas Avenue, near 154th Street, there stands a stone pillar or monument of some sort, which by its very pose and attitude compels every passerby to turn aside in order to pass. Having moved to this vicinity last August, I have tried to find out what this monument is, who put it there, and when and why. In fact, I am almost overcome with curiosity, like the fabled cat.

Inquiries of letter carriers, policemen, assistants in the library near by, are all in vain. Is it possibly something prehistoric and mysterious? I should much like to know.

INTERESTED.
New York, March 7, 1910.

The "monument" in question is a ventilating shaft for the old Aqueduct.

SAYS STANDARD OIL IS CLEAR MONOPOLY

Government Brief for Trial Monday Argues Sherman Law Forbids It or Means Nothing.

FOR BROAD VIEW OF LAW

Declares Corporations Must Not Be Permitted to Close Avenues of Trade to Individual Initiative.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—"Either the Sherman act should be repealed or it should be enforced in a manner to make the people respect it."

With this declaration of its guiding principle the Department of Justice to-day filed with the Supreme Court of the United States a 1,000-page brief in support of its petition that "Standard Oil" be dissolved as in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The brief, which replies to that filed yesterday by counsel for the corporation, will be the foundation of the Government's oral argument at the hearing of the case by the Supreme Court next Monday. It bears the names of Attorney General Wickersham and of Frank B. Kellogg, Charles B. Morrison, and Cordenio A. Severance as special assistants.

One of the two thick volumes of the brief is devoted to an analysis of testimony taken in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Missouri, which decreed that "Standard Oil" be dissolved. It represents years of governmental investigation of the oil business.

The Government declares that this shows rebates and discriminatory rates received by the Standard Oil combination, not only during its formative period, but during the last ten years, "whereby the Standard was enabled to bring a large part of the concerns into the combination and to crush out and eliminate from the field of competition the principal part of the balance."

"We do not wish to be understood as discouraging enterprise," says the Government, "or as taking a position against legitimate competition, but if the Sherman act means anything in this country it means a monopoly acquired by such methods of competition as this. Unless it is enforced the small corporation or individual who wishes to engage in business will have absolutely no opportunity at all.

"In many districts the Standard Oil Company has an absolute monopoly. We mean by absolute monopoly that in those districts it does all of the business and has eliminated every competitor. Practically this is the case throughout the Rocky Mountain country and most of the Pacific Coast States. The percentage of independent business throughout the entire Southern States is very small."

In the second volume is a so-called summary of facts and a brief of the law.

Here, too, repeated statements are made as to the attitude of the Government toward organized business. It is urged that if the intent is clear to monopolize any part of the commerce of the United States the scheme is void in whatever form the action is taken.

"If the anti-trust act is to be made effective," says the brief, "if the monopoly is to be stopped, if corporations or holding companies are not to be permitted through their aggregate wealth and power to control all the industries of the country, the court must adopt a broad and reasonable construction of this act which will not permit monopoly in whatever form it may be organized; for if it is possible to control the commerce of the country and suppress competition by acquisition of stock interests in corporations engaged in a given business, or by combining all of the capital in one concern through purchase or otherwise, it is perfectly idle to maintain this act merely as inhibiting the less effectual method of monopolization by means of contracts between independent concerns to limit prices, divide territory, or to restrict output, or combinations with the same object.

"It is of the highest importance in the preservation of society, in the development and elevation of the race, that the right to earn a livelihood, to engage in any commerce, employment, or labor be kept free and untrammeled. It is not sufficient that the citizen be given merely an opportunity to earn a livelihood; the avenues of commerce and trade should be kept open. The man who has constantly before him the prospect of always being an employe in a subordinate position, who can never rise above it, who has no prospect of being a proprietor, who cannot enter the field of competition in industry, is not in a position to develop those faculties of independence and enterprise which make the highest type of man.

"The question is frequently asked: Is it illegal for an individual to purchase all of the manufacturing plants in one branch of business in the United States? It is of course unnecessary to argue that question in this case and the condition will probably never arise. As has often been pointed out the span of human life is too short and uncertain, and individual wealth is not great enough for any length of time to control by purchase all or any one of the great industries of the country. It is different, however, with corporations. They are the creation of the Legislature, the gift of sovereign authority, whereby there may be amalgamated the wealth and labor of thousands of people in perpetual combination, controlled of necessity by a few men, thereby consolidating wealth and insuring perpetuity and removing the uncertainties of human life and those arising from disagreement of individuals held together merely by common understanding.

"The oft-repeated argument that this construction of the law prevents the formation of partnerships and the legitimate consolidation of business enterprise," says the Government, "is fallacious, for the reason that such construction has no application where an enterprise is formed with the honest and legitimate intent to pursue a lawful business and not go beyond the bounds of legitimate combination or directly or substantially suppress competition. But whenever that acquisition is a mere cloak to cover the intention of monopolizing commerce or for the purpose of using it as a weapon to strike down competition, it is illegal. It follows from this that the acquisition of the same property might under some circumstances be legal while under other circumstances it would be illegal."

FARCE AT GARRICK IS NOT VERY FUNNY

Though the Actors Work Hard to Put Some Life Into It.

ADAPTED FROM THE GERMAN

Possibly Somewhat Naughty in the Original, It Is Dull and Clumsy in Its Present State.

THE GIRL HE COULDN'T LEAVE BEHIND HIM, a farce in three acts, by Gustav Kadelburg. Garrick Theatre.

Felix Pendelton	Vincent Serrano
Tilly	Grace Carlyle
Augustus Dorking	Ernest Lawford
Agatha	Zelda Sears
Arthur Greenfield	Edwin Nicander
Lola Cornero	Hattie Williams
Durwin	George Trader
Framelli	Eddie Gorman
Miss Marlin	Anita Rothe
Count Barakoff	Richard Gordon
Joseph	Edgar Franklin
Marie	Grace Johnson
Grover	William Danforth
Martha	Georgie Mendum

There is a popular notion to the effect that murder will out. And maybe the exception merely goes to prove the rule. At any rate somebody will escape his just deserts this morning, since the name of the adapter of the Gustav Kadelburg farce produced at the Garrick is omitted from the programme. In the original possibly very, very naughty, it is in the English version merely very, very clumsy. Hattie Williams and an "all star cast" couldn't do much for it, and it certainly didn't do much for them. And though Mr. William Collier, as producer, probably worked hard, he didn't accomplish anything that need induce him to give up his place as one of the genuinely funny actors on our stage to seek new glory as a stage director.

As a matter of fact a good deal of the stage business last night was very awkward. But it really didn't matter much. For "The Girl He Couldn't Leave Behind Him" is as unwieldy as its title. The best thing about it is it's brevity; the curtain rose at 8:45 and the intermission between each of the two acts was unusually long.

As a harum-scarum laugh producer, the first act, despite the familiarity of most of the material, gave a little promise. There was the usual husband with a past —this time in the form of a Spanish dancer, who had made him promise that even after marriage one day in his life each year should belong to her. There was the tender, unsuspecting wife, of course.

There was the hectoring mother-in-law (absolutely the life of the party in the well-thought-out, well-delivered, eccentric characterization of Zelda Sears,) and there was the henpecked father-in-law, with philandering inclinations. And there was a friend who had to go to Schenectady to impersonate the husband, while the latter, presumably there on business, was really on his annual visit to the dancing lady. Also the henpecked father, imagining himself the favored suitor, was due to arrive at an ill-timed moment to take his punishment at the hands of the dancer's inamorato, a fiery Count, who had previously discovered the husband, and forced him to do some high stepping with tambourine accompaniment.

By the time this point had been reached a dull second act had come to its end with a flurry of action at the finish, and it merely remained for the third act to increase the suspicions of wife and mother-in-law, with the return of the husband, unconscious of the fact that in his absence the hotel at which he was supposed to be staying had been burned to the ground.

In this third act again, if one actually made up one's mind to be amused no matter what happened, there was opportunity for occasional laughter. But that futile second act, practically a duologue between Miss Williams and Vincent Serrano, both of whom worked hard, sealed the fate of "The Girl He Couldn't Leave Behind Him." Both have been seen to more advantage, Miss Williams on this occasion producing a Spanish dialect that suggested a Bow Bells' origin and was peculiar to say the least.

Mr. Lawford was amusing, as was Mr. Serrano, at times, though his method lacked lightness. Edward Nicander played a sketchy rôle neatly. The others, apart from Miss Sears, weren't up to much. But then—neither were their rôles.

TYLER SAILS FOR LONDON.

Will Arrange for Gertrude Elliott's Appearance in "Dawn of a To-morrow."

George C. Tyler, managing director of Liebler & Co., sailed for England on the Lusitania yesterday to make arrangements for the appearance in London of Gertrude Elliott in "The Dawn of a To-morrow." Mr. Tyler had expected to settle the matter of a suitable theater by cable, but at the last moment decided to make a trip in person. The second act of the play requires a deep stage, and for that reason the selection of a theatre is an important matter.

While in London Mr. Tyler will conclude arrangements with Anthony Hope Hawkins for collaborative work with Harriet Ford on a new play to be used by Miss Elliott. Immediately after her London appearance in Mrs. Burnett's play Mr. Tyler will go to Italy to confer with Mascagni regarding the opera of "Ysobel," which the composer is writing for Bessie Abott. Mascagni will come to America with Miss Abott in the Fall and will personally rehearse the opera for production here.

Other plans of Liebler & Co. which Mr. Tyler discussed before he sailed include the presentation of Margaret Anglin in a new comedy and the appearance of May Irwin in a comedy by Booth Tarkington and Harry Leon Wilson, called "Mrs. Jim." A new play by Paul Armstrong and Wilson Minzer, called "In the Deep Purple," a new play by O. Henry, and new vehicles for Wilton Lackaye and Dustin Farnum, were also on Mr. Tyler's mind. The other stars and attractions of Liebler & Co., he said, will last through another year as they are. He denied the report that Viola Allen would appear soon in a revival of "The Christian."

Casino Ball at the Cafe Martin.

The Casino ball will be given in the ballroom of the Café Martin on Saturday, March 12 at midnight. The leading feature will be a grand march introducing delegates from all nations dressed in national costume, on similar lines to the Mardi Gras festival at New Orleans. The three novel numbers on the programme will be a "snow dance," "sunflower dance," and "parasol dance," and there will also be a running race for women in which the winner will get a $50 hat. Admittance will be by invitation only.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Twelve girls, guests of a Williamsport, Penn., newspaper, who are on their way to Bermuda, attended the performance of Mary Mannering in "A Man's World" at the Comedy Theatre last night. They occupied the boxes, and after the performance were presented to Miss Mannering.

A. Radclyffe Dugmore, F. R. G. S., the naturalist, who recently returned from a 1,500-mile camera hunt over the territory since covered by ex-President Roosevelt, and who obtained a collection of photographs of live animals of the jungle, will give a second lecture at the Berkeley Theatre on Saturday afternoon at 3 P. M.

The Germanistic Society of Columbia University, in cooperation with Extension Teaching, will give a lecture recital on "The Music of Germany" in the Horace Mann Auditorium to-night. The song recital will be given by the German Liederkranz, assisted by Miss Lilian Funk, soprano, and Cornelius Rueber, pianist.

Members of the West Point basket ball squad will occupy the upper boxes at the Broadway Theatre Saturday night to witness Lew Fields's production of "The Jolly Bachelors."

The graduation exercises of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts will take place at the Empire Theatre on Tuesday afternoon, March 15. The principal address will be delivered by Helen Ware.

Fritz Williams and William Pruette have been engaged for "The Lady from Lobster Square," which will have its first performance at Atlantic City on March 31.

A special performance of "Where There's a Will" will be given at Weber's Theatre during Easter week for the benefit of the Actors' Fund.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Anita Ingersoll, whose marriage to Roger Minton is set for Thursday, April 28, will have Miss Laura Livingston, daughter of Mrs. Robert R. Livingston, and Miss Leila Haven, daughter of Mrs. George G. Haven, as her bridesmaids. Her sister, Miss Justine Ingersoll, will be her maid of honor.

Mrs. Burke-Roche entertained last evening with a dinner at the Hotel Gotham.

A concert will be given this afternoon in the large ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria for the benefit of the historical fund of the Huguenot Society. Mme. Tetrazzini and Mr. Gilibert will sing and Victor Harris's orchestra will play. Among the patronesses are Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mrs. William Rhinelander, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mrs. J. Warren Goddard, and Mrs. Russell Sage.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen Townsend and the Misses Townsend will return to-day from Bermuda.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Bertron and Snowden Fahnestock will be held on Wednesday, June 1. It will probably be a house wedding, followed by a reception. The ushers and bridesmaids will be announced upon the return of Miss Bertron from Europe the early part of April.

Among those sailing on the Lusitania yesterday were Mrs. Alfred J. Parker and Miss Winifred Parker, who will make an extensive tour of the Continent before returning in the early Summer.

Gaston M. Dethier will give an organ recital at 3:45 o'clock this afternoon at the Church of the Ascension, Tenth Street and Fifth Avenue. The programme will include selections from Bach, Liszt, Vierne, and Bernard.

Mr. and Mrs. George G. Heye have just returned from a ten days' visit in Washington. They will go to Philadelphia next week.

Among the additional patronesses of the performance of "Alias Jimmy Valentine," to be given at Wallack's Theatre on the afternoon of March 18 in aid of the Summer School for Working Girls, are Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. H. Mortimer Brooks, Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mrs. John Claflin, Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, Lady Paget, Mrs. Vanderbilt, and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

McCall Lanham will hold a recital of modern French and American songs on the evening of Tuesday, March 15 in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria. Among the patronesses are Mrs. S. H. P. Pell, Mrs. Bruce Price, and Mrs. Ralph K. Sturges.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth Tarkington, Miss Laura Tarkington, a relative, and Miss Charlotte Scott of Indianapolis are at the Hotel Wolcott.

The engagement is announced of Miss Annette Wallach, daughter of Mrs. Leopold Wallach of 10 East Eightieth Street, to Albert Erdman of the well-known Wall Street firm of Halle & Steiglitz.

LADY PAGET ENTERTAINED.

Dr. Leslie D. Ward's Dinner Followed by Dances by Mlle. Pavlowa.

Dr. Leslie D. Ward gave a large dinner last evening at Sherry's for Lady Paget, which was followed by dances by Mlle. Anna Pavlowa and Michael Mordkine. Lady Paget and Dr. Ford received in the reception room.

The dinner guests, who were sixty, sat at three tables in the banquet room, which was decorated with roses. A few additional guests were invited for the dances, which were done in the small ballroom, where a temporary stage had been erected. The Hungarian Orchestra, placed in the balcony, which was shut off by palms, played. Informal dancing followed the professional dances, and a seated supper was served.

BACON'S RECEPTION TO-NIGHT.

Invitations Confined to Diplomatic and Official Circles.

PARIS, March 9.—Ambassador Bacon's official reception, which was delayed by the Ambassador's tribulations incident to the flood, will take place to-morrow night. The reception, which constitutes Ambassador Bacon's introduction to official Paris, will mark the return to a more rigorous application of the traditional etiquette of such ceremonies, and invitations to these, which will be issued after consultation with the Foreign Office, will be confined to diplomatic and official circles.

Of recent years some of the new American Ambassadors and Ministers have been inviting personal guests to these ceremonies.

Pavlowa to Dance for Jewell Nursery.

The Jewell Day Nursery, which cares for 12,000 small children a year, will give an entertainment at the Waldorf next Monday afternoon to raise money to equip its nursery building. Mlle. Anna Pavlowa and Michael Mordkine of the Metropolitan Opera will present some new Russian dances. Among those who have already taken boxes are Mesdames William Osborne, H. B. Babcock, J. L. Barkley, Victor Sorchon, E. C. Potter, and the Misses Whitney, Russell, and others. Mesdames E. H. Gary, F. W. Vanderbilt, Andrew Carnegie, and R. C. Black are among the contributors. The President of the organization is Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge and its headquarters is at 21 Macdougal Street.

Miss Anne Gardiner to Wed Roy Pier.

Mr. and Mrs. James Terry Gardiner announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anne Terry Gardiner, to Roy Pier. Formal announcement was made at a small dance last evening at Mrs. Gardiner's residence, 41 East Sixty-eighth Street. There were about seventy-five guests. Miss Gardiner has an elder sister, Miss Margaret D. Gardiner, and a younger sister, Miss Elizabeth G. Gardiner. Doane Gardiner is her brother. Miss Gardiner is a granddaughter of Bishop Doane of Albany.

HAINES—DUNHAM.

The marriage of George William Haines and Miss Isabelle M. Dunham, daughter of Mrs. Thomas C. Dunham of 53 West Fifty-fifth Street, took place yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother. Owing to the death of Mr. Dunham several months ago the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends only. Mrs. Charles James Coulter of Tuxedo was the bride's only attendant, and the best man was Philip H. Adee. Mr. and Mrs. Haines will make their home in New York after their honeymoon.

Reserve Decision on "Barefoot Dance."

Loie Fuller, the dancer, through Maximilian Kahn, her manager, appeared before Justice Newburger in the Supreme Court yesterday to ask for an injunction restraining William Morris, Inc., from producing a "barefoot dance" at the Plaza Music Hall, and from advertising three barefoot dancers as the "original premiere dansueuses" in Loie Fuller's "Ballet of Light." Maurice Goodman represented Kahn and George M. Leventritt appeared as counsel for Morris. Decision was reserved.

Minerva Club's Entertainment.

Among those who have taken boxes for the entertainment to be given in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, Saturday afternoon, March 12, under the auspices of the Minerva Club and Daughters of Confederacy, are Mrs. Susan Whitney Dimock, Mrs. Edward B. Kinney, Mrs. Le Roy Brown, Mrs. R. N. Jones, Mrs. F. Jordan, Miss Mary Owen, and Mrs. Leslie Hamilton Gray. Gov. Hughes is to be guest of honor.

Millie de Leon, Dancer, Arraigned.

Millie de Leon, known as "The Girl in Blue," was arraigned in the West Side Court yesterday on the charge that she had been presenting an immoral dance at the New York Roof Garden. On her promise to withdraw her dance at once she was released by Magistrate Krotel. About twenty-five complaints had been received by the court before she was brought before the Magistrate on a summons.

Lambs' Club Abandons Spring Gambols

At a meeting of the Lambs' Club yesterday it was voted to abandon the series of gambols planned for the Spring and to devote the time and energy to the Actors' Fund Fair. Members of the club will give performances at the theatre within the walls of the fair, similar to those given at last year's gambol.

Dan McAvoy Left $22.05 and Old Clothes

The inventory of the estate of Francis P. Rearden, known on the stage as Dan McAvoy, has been filed with the Surrogate by his brother George K. Rearden. It shows that the actor left $22.05 bank deposits and worthless old clothing.

PLATT EULOGIZED AT HOME FUNERAL

Senator's Loyalty to His Friends the Keynote of Address by the Rev. G. D. Young.

SIMPLE CHURCH SERVICES

Ex-Gov. Odell and Timothy L. Woodruff Among Mourners—President Taft Sends Wreath of Hyacinth.

Special to The New York Times.

OWEGO, N. Y., March 9.—Funeral services to-day for Thomas Collier Platt, former United States Senator and Republican leader in New York State for nearly a quarter of a century, were remarkable for their simplicity. The ceremonies at the First Presbyterian Church were brief, and were attended by many of his former political followers and old friends and neighbors. At 10:30 o'clock the little church was filled to the doors.

The body of the aged Senator lay in state close to the chancel in the church, where it was viewed during the early hours of the day by scores of people. Floral tributes were massed about the coffin and almost hid it from view. Senator Platt's loyalty to his friends was the keynote of the eulogy, the Rev. George Douglass Young taking his theme from Proverbs xvii. 17, "A friend loveth at all times." There was no singing, although Senator Platt years ago was a member of the choir.

The Rev. Mr. Young, in his eulogy, said: "Men called him the 'easy boss. And they called him such because he did not drive men, but rather drew them to himself. It was a joy and delight for men to do his bidding. They trusted him and his judgment, and they gladly followed his suggestions and directions.

"How did the man acquire such an ascendancy? Why did men go blindly and yet so willingly follow his leadership? It is cheap and easy, and it is cynical as well to say that they did so from mercenary motives. But men followed him just in the same way when in the old days he had no special favors to bestow. Others are saying it was because Mr. Platt was a great organizer. His was a genius for political organization. There has never been a shrewder or better organizer, and he had what many another in political life lacks, a dauntless courage. But when you have said all this you still have left unsaid that which gave him his chief power—his capacity for friendship.

"The larger part of power to awaken devotion grew out of forces within the reach of every one of us. As I see them they were faith in men, love for men, and loyalty to his friends."

Following the brief services in the church the body was taken to Evergreen Cemetery, where it was lowered into a grave beside that of the Senator's first wife. The committing service of the Presbyterian Church was read. Surrounding the grave were Frank H. Platt and Edward T. Platt, sons of Senator Platt, and their families; Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Platt, and other relatives, and Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Abel, at whose home in New York Senator Platt died. The grave is in the sloping hillside facing the south. About it lie three generations of the Senator's family. A massive granite monument adorns the burial plot.

The honorary pallbearers were Postmaster W. A. Smyth and Mayor Frank M. Baker of Owego, Representatives John W. Dwight of Dryden and J. Sloat Fassett of Elmira, Edward G. Riggs, Chauncey H. Crosby, Vice President of the United States Express Company; Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, Secretary of the Navy under Harrison, and Timothy L. Woodruff, Chairman of the Republican State Committee.

The State Legislature was represented by a committee comprising Senators Harvey D. Hinman of Binghamton, John F. Schlosser of Fishkill Landing, Seth G. Heacock of Ilion, George H. Witter of Wellsville, and Thomas H. Cullen of Brooklyn, and Assemblymen Frank L. Howard of Tioga, Kirk B. Delano of Madison, C. F. Brown of Cortland, Warren J. Lee of Kings, H. C. Perkins of Broome, L. H. White of Schenectady, and John C. Hackett of New York. They were accompanied by Charles R. Hotaling and B. J. Haggerty, Sergeants at Arms of Senate and Assembly.

Other prominent men in attendance were former Gov. Benjamin B. Odell, John A. Sleicher, Borough President George H. Cromwell of New York, William Barnes, Jr., of Albany, and the Rev. Dr. Alexander McKenzie, President of Elmira College, a former pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Owego. Neither Senator Root nor Senator Depew was present.

President and Mrs. Taft sent a wreath of hyacinths, Senator and Mrs. Depew orchids and lilies, the New York Legislature a floral cross, the Amen Corner violets and gardenias, the Republican State Committee a wreath of roses, and the New York State Congressional delegation a blanket of roses.

Public offices and business houses were closed during the funeral.

DAVID A. MUNRO DEAD.

Assistant Editor of The North American Review and Greek Scholar.

David Alexander Munro, author and editor, died at 10 o'clock last night in St. Vincent's Hospital. Mr. Munro, who lived at 324 President Street, Brooklyn, went to the hospital seven weeks ago. He suffered from a complication of diseases.

Mr. Munro was born in Maryburgh, Rossshire, Scotland, sixty-six years ago. He was graduated from Edinburgh University in 1872. Coming to this country as a young man he was for a number of years connected with the literary department of Harper Brothers. From 1887 to 1889 he published Garden and Forest. He left that publication to become manager of The North American Review. He held that position until 1896, seven years, when he was made both manager and editor.

Since then he has been assistant editor under Col. Harvey. Mr. Munro contributed many articles to THE TIMES and other newspapers and periodicals.

He supervised the "Collation and Transmission of American Contributions" to the last edition of Liddell & Scott's Greek lexicon; arranged the comparative Greek-English New Testament, (Harper & Brothers,) and collaborated with Dr. Philip Schaff in preparation of his "Companion to the Study of the Greek New Testament."

He was a member of the Reform, Players, British Schools and Universities, Crescent, Athletic, Manhattan Cricket, and Livingston Field Clubs.

FIRE ENGINES HALT PLAY.

Audience at "Mrs. Dot" Told from Stage Fire Is Not Near Theatre.

Fire apparatus coming through Forty-fifth Street last night on the way to a fire near Broadway, caused some uneasiness in the audience at the Lyceum Theatre. When the engines stopped, apparently in front of the theatre, about a dozen people stood up, prepared to leave the house.

The performance of "Mrs. Dot" was stopped for a moment while an announcement was made from the stage that the fire was not near the theatre. The audience became quiet at once and the actors proceeded with the play.

Elman Gives His Final Recital.

Mischa Elman gave what was called his final violin recital of the season yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the Bryn Mawr College Hospital Building Fund. Mr. Elman has been heard in numerous recitals, in concerts with several of the orchestras, and three times at Sunday night concerts at the Metropolitan Opera House. It is no wonder that the hall was not any too well filled yesterday. The programme included performances of Mendelssohn's concerto, Tartini's sonata in G minor, an air of Bach, a minuet of Mozart's, Rawlins Cottenet's "Chanson-Meditation," which Mr. Kreisler has played here; a Hungarian dance of Brahms's, Ernst's "Otello" fantasie, a Chopin nocturne arranged by Wilhelmj, and Wieniawski's "Souvenir de Moscow."

DR. KLOPSCH LAID AT REST.

Mr. Taft Sends Floral Wreath with Letter of Condolence to Widow.

The funeral of Dr. Louis Klopsch, editor of The Christian Herald, who died Sunday, was held at the Metropolitan Temple yesterday. The Rev. John Wesley Hill, the Rev. Wallace MacMullen, the Rev. F. C. Inglehart, the Rev. John G. Hallimond, and the Rev. John M. Buckley participated in the services. A chorus of 200 children from the Mount Lawn Summer Home, at Nyack, N. Y., sang Dr. Klopsch's favorite hymns. The honorary pallbearers were Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, J. J. Little, John C. Earl, G. H. Sandison, J. A. Belford, Otto Koenig, R. R. Bromfield, William B. Howland, Orison Swett Marden, R. D. Carter, Arthur J. Little, Charles Francis, and S. A. Everitt. Interment was made at Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, at Tarrytown, N. Y.

Among the floral offerings was a three-foot wreath of white hyacinths and smilax from President and Mrs. Taft. Mr. Taft, on Dec. 7 last, accompanied Dr. Klopsch to the Bowery Mission, which he had founded, and addressed the beneficiaries. The President also sent the following letter:

> My Dear Mrs. Klopsch: I was greatly shocked to note in the papers of yesterday that your good husband passed away under the effect of an operation. I had not known him long, but I have known him long enough to know of the good that he has done, the charity that he has encouraged, and the gratitude that he is entitled to from the poor and the oppressed. I sincerely hope that the memory of all these things will sustain you in your grief.
>
> Very sincerely yours,
>
> WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Mr. Klopsch's will was filed yesterday. It was executed on March 1, and leaves all the estate of the late editor of the Christian Herald to his wife, Mary M. Klopsch, and makes her sole executrix without bonds. The amount of the estate did not appear.

JOHN W. COCHRANE DEAD.

John W. Cochrane, one of the oldest Trustees of the Bowery Savings Bank and Treasurer of the De Milt Dispensary, Twenty-third Street and Second Avenue, died yesterday at his home, 1 West Thirtieth Street, of apoplexy. He was in his eightieth year. Mr. Cochrane had been in his office, 377 Broadway, on Tuesday, and transacted business in connection with the management of two estates of which he was trustee. He was stricken early yesterday morning as he was about to go downtown.

Mr. Cochrane was born in Dublin, Ireland, in 1831, and came to the United States when quite young. He entered the dry goods business, and until his retirement several years ago conducted a store at 375 Broadway. During the period in which he was in the dry goods business Mr. Cochrane was made a Trustee of the Bowery Savings Bank, and at the time of his death he was the fourth on the list of Directors in years of service. At one time he was the manager of the Merchants' Club on Broadway, and later was made President.

In 1862 Mr. Cochrane married Miss Hilah M. Spies of New York City. Mrs. Cochrane died several years ago. He was a member of the South Side Sportsman's Club, the Racquet and Tennis Club, the Union League, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Museum of Natural History. He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. John H. French, and two sons, A. W. S. Cochrane and A. De Witt Cochrane.

Harry P. Whitaker.

All the hotels had their flags at half mast yesterday afternoon because of the death yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock of Harry Prescott Whitaker, proprietor of the Hotel Netherland.

He died in his apartment at the hotel as the result of a paralytic stroke he suffered several months ago. Mr. Whitaker was born in Buffalo, N. Y., 53 years ago. After managing the Mansion House there he came to New York in 1889, when, with the late Mr. Stafford, he became proprietor of the Hotel Bartholdi. They took charge of the Hotel Imperial when it was opened in 1891, later taking the Hotel Netherland. Upon the death of Mr. Stafford in 1895 Mr. Whitaker took sole charge of the house, conducting it through the most prosperous years of its history. He had been confined to his bed for the last month. He leaves a widow. He was a member of the Lambs Club and Rear Commodore of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club. The funeral will be to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Hotel Netherland, and the burial will be at Greenwich, Conn.

Robert Kermit McMurray.

Robert Kermit McMurray, 73 years old, inventor, yachtsman, and civil war veteran, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 435 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn. Until his illness began he was Chief Inspector of the Hartford Steam Boiler Company, 100 William Street. At the beginning of the civil war he enlisted in the Thirteenth Regiment as a Lieutenant, and was sent to the Annapolis Docks, two miles from Annapolis. Under orders from Gen. Butler he built a military railroad from the docks into the town, accomplishing the task in twenty-four hours. He was afterward honored with a banquet in Washington by the Secretary of War for that feat. Mr. McMurray was a member of the New York Yacht Club, Thirteenth Regiment Veterans' Association, Society of Old Brooklynites, Masonic Club, Kane Lodge, F. and A. M., and Grant Post, G. A. R. He leaves one daughter, Mrs. Frederick M. Knowles.

Robert Graham.

Robert Graham, founder of the Church Temperance Society, died on Tuesday at his home, Sherwood Park, N. Y., of heart failure, aged 82. He was born in Haltwhistle, on the border between England and Scotland. He was educated at Durham University and taught in several Yorkshire schools until he became General Secretary of the Church of England Temperance Society in 1865. In 1880 he toured this country with Bishop Thorwald of Rochester, England, and was invited to found the Church Temperance Society here. He was its General Secretary until a year ago, being succeeded by his daughter, Miss H. K. Graham. He leaves two sons and three daughters. He was an advocate of high license and helped to draft the first High License bill, which Theodore Roosevelt introduced in the New York Legislature when he was an Assemblyman.

Obituary Notes.

CATHARINE TONELE SCHIEFFELIN, widow of Eugene Schieffelin, died on Tuesday at her home, 865 Madison Avenue. She was 84 years old, and the daughter of the late Valentine G. Hall, a prominent merchant in this city in the last century. The Schieffelins were active in social life for many years, but since the death of her husband Mrs. Schieffelin had lived in retirement, owing to ill-health. The funeral will be held at 865 Madison Avenue on Friday morning.

JOHN B. REDMAN, for several years a member of the Board of Appeals of the Pension Department at Washington and the Democratic candidate for Governor of Maine in 1884, fell dead of heart disease yesterday in Ellsworth, Me. He was 62 years old. Mr. Redman was a leader of the Democratic Party in Maine for many years, but recently he had become a Republican.

STEPHEN H. HAMMOND died at Geneva, N. Y., yesterday. He was born in Groton, Cortland County, and was 82 years old. In 1874 and 1875 he was elected a member of the New York State Assembly, and represented the Twenty-sixth Senatorial District in 1876 and 1877. He was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1876, and had been a trustee of Hobart College since 1874.

GEORGE BLISS MORRIS, 67 years old, died on Tuesday at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thomas W. Fitch, in Summit, N. J. He was born in Springfield, Mass., and was graduated from Harvard with the class of 1864. Three years later he was graduated from the Harvard Law School, then coming to New York, where he entered the law offices of Col. George Bliss. Mr. Morris was Assistant United States District Attorney from 1876 to 1879, he was elected to the Board of Aldermen in 1889, and was a member of the Common Council for four years. Retiring from active law practice several years ago, he spent the remainder of his life with his sister in Summit.

EDWARD SPAETH, President of the Security Savings Bank, Newark, N. J., died yesterday in Miss Alston's Home for Private Patients, Manhattan. Death was due to neuritis. Mr. Spaeth was also President of the New Jersey State Home for Boys. He was also part inventor of the American club skate, and manufactured skates in Newark for many years. He sold the patent rights to Peck & Snyder in 1908. He was a Director of the Newark Manufacturers' Bank. In 1902 Mr. Spaeth moved to New York with his wife and daughter, Miss Elizabeth Spaeth, where the family lived for some time at the Hotel St. Andrew. In Manhattan he was a member of many well-known clubs.

JEFFERSON M. ANDREWS, Secretary of the American Sunday School Union, died suddenly at his home in Philadelphia yesterday. He was 59 years old. Mr. Andrews was also Secretary of missions of the American Sunday School Union and was widely known in religious circles.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GOODWIN.—March 8, Hartford, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Goodwin, a son.

OLIVE.—March 5, Summit, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Olive, a daughter.

Married.

HAINES—DUNHAM.—On Wednesday, March 9, at 53 West 55th St., Isabelle Meredith Dunham, daughter of Mrs. Thomas C. Dunham, to George William Haines.

BROOKFIELD—McGUIRE.—March 8, Elizabeth McGuire to James H. Brookfield.

KREMER—WHITE.—March 8, Pearl White to Otto F. Kremer.

LANKENAU—IRWIN.—March 5, Grace Irwin to John R. Lankenau.

Connecticut.

BREWER—BALDWIN.—March 8, Glastonbury, Ida Baldwin to Philip Brewer.

New Jersey.

MICHAELS—KOLMER.—March 8, Newark, M. Kolmer to John Michaels.

New York State.

MAINWARING—COOPER.—March 8, Yonkers, Beatrice Cooper to Capt. the Hon. John P. Cholmondeley-Mainwaring.

Died.

CHURCH.—At Elmira, N. Y., on March 1, 1910, Ida K. Church, wife of Frank B. Church of 257 West 92d St., New York City. Funeral and interment at Wellsville, N. Y., on the 4th inst.

COCHRANE.—Suddenly, March 9, at his home, 1 West 30th St., John W. Cochrane, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services at 10 o'clock Friday morning, March 11, at the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Av. and 29th St.

UNGER.—Gertrude, on March 9, 1910. Notice of funeral to-morrow.

CORY.—Suddenly, on March 9, at her home, Mary W. Cory, widow of the late David U. Cory. Funeral services at her late residence, Englewood, N. J., on Friday, March 11, at 4:30 P. M., upon arrival of the train leaving Erie ferry at West 23d St. at 3:20 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

DU BOIS.—On Wednesday, March 9, 1910, Helen A., wife of Frederick N. Du Bois. Funeral services at her late residence, 401 West 153d St., on Friday, March 11, at 3 P. M. Interment (Woodlawn) at convenience of the family.

FARRINGTON.—On Wednesday, March 9, at Poughkeepsie, Mary Goodsell Farrington, wife of the late William R. Farrington. Funeral private.

GRAHAM.—Entered into eternal life, March 8, 1910, at his residence, Sherwood Park, N. Y., Robert Graham, late General Secretary of the Church Temperance Society. Born May 12th, 1828. The funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., New York, on Friday, March 11, at 1:30 P. M. Interment at Bloomfield, N. J. English and California papers please copy.

GOLDER.—On March 6, 1910, Robert Henry Golder, M. D., son of the late John Johnson Golder of Annapolis, Md., in his 30th year. Relatives and friends and members of Richmond County Medical Society are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, March 10, at 3 P. M., at St. Luke's Church, Rossville, Staten Island. Carriages will be in waiting at Huguenot Park on arrival of the 1:30 P. M. boat from New York, and 1:52 P. M. boat from Perth Amboy. Philadelphia and Baltimore papers please copy.

GULICK.—Annie Rhodes Gulick, wife of Alexander Reading Gulick, and daughter of the late Joshua Rhodes of Pittsburg, Pa., at her residence, 2 East 45th St., New York City, on Tuesday, March 8. Funeral services at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Joshua Rhodes, 939 Western Av., North Side, Pittsburg, Pa., on Thursday afternoon, March 10, at 2 o'clock. Please do not send flowers.

MacLAREN.—Suddenly, on March 8, Anna W. MacMartin, widow of the late Finlay MacLaren and daughter of the late Peter and Harriet MacMartin. Funeral at her late residence, 168 5th Av., on Friday morning, March 11, at 11 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family.

MAGINN.—At his residence, Cooper Union, on Tuesday, March 8, 1910, James Maginn, in the 65th year of his age. Funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., Thursday, March 10, at 11:30 A. M.

MAGINN.—At his residence, Cooper Union, on Tuesday, March 8, 1910. Graduates of Cooper Union Alumni Association are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Thursday, March 10, at 11:30 A. M. JOHN P. LEO, President.

MORRIS.—At Summit, N. J., March 8, 1910, George Bliss Morris, in his 67th year. Funeral at his late residence, 109 Summit Av., Summit, N. J., Thursday, March 10, 1910, on arrival of train leaving Barclay St., at 2 P. M., Lackawanna Railroad. Interment at Springfield, Mass.

MUNRO.—On Wednesday, March 9, at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York City, David Alexander Munro, beloved husband of Euphemia and Clotilde Munro, in the 66th year of his age. Funeral announcement later.

NOXON.—At her late residence, 1 Winsor Place, Bloomfield, N. J., March 9, 1910, Margaret A., widow of the late George W. Noxon of Syracuse, N. Y., in her 88th year. Funeral services Friday afternoon at 4 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at convenience of family. Syracuse papers please copy.

O'CONNELL.—March 6, John O'Connell. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

SCHIEFFELIN.—On Tuesday night, March 8, 1910, Catharine Tonnele, widow of Eugene Schieffelin and daughter of the late Valentine G. Hall, in the eighty-fourth year of her age. Funeral from her late residence, No. 865 Madison Avenue, on Friday morning at ten oclock. Relatives are invited to attend.

SMITH.—Joseph Manning Smith, suddenly, at Chicago, Ill., March 7. Funeral from his late residence, 601 West 151st St., Thursday at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment at Woodlawn at convenience of family. Boston papers please copy.

SPARROW.—Suddenly, on March 8, at her home, Montclair, N. J., Caroline W. Sparrow, widow of George E. Sparrow, and daughter of the late Henry R. Winter of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 25 Upper Mountain Av., on Thursday morning, March 10, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment private.

Died.

WHITAKER.—On March 9, 1910, Harry Prescott Whitaker, beloved husband of Catherine A. Whitaker. Funeral services will be held at the Hotel Netherland on Friday, March 11, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

ATWOOD.—Charles E., 207 West 95th St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

BALDWIN.—Jennie, 230 East 46th St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

BERNADOU.—Henry, 7 Carmine St., March 7, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

BOSSING.—Elizabeth, 148½ East 40th St., March 8, aged 42. Funeral to-day.

BOWDEN.—James H., 291 West 4th St., March 6.

CHURCHILL.—William, 1,048 Stebbins Av., March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

COHN.—Regine, 305 East 83d St., March 7, aged 47.

DALY.—Owen, 392 11th Av., March 8. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DORNEY.—Sarah A., 134 West 124th St., March 8. Funeral to-day.

FRASER.—Rebecca, 18 West 129th St., March 8.

FRETEL.—Edward, 315 West 16th St., March 8, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

LANGHAMMER.—Marie, 978 Home St., Bronx, March 8, aged 33. Funeral to-day.

LEEHR.—John, 247 West 10th St., March 7, aged 62. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McMAHON.—Anna, 554 East 141st St., March 8, aged 46. Funeral notice later.

McMURRAY.—Robert K., 435 Washington Av., March 8, aged 73. Funeral private.

MADDEN.—Estelle, 508 West 147th St., March 8. Funeral notice later.

QUENZER.—Michael, 63 Avenue C, March 8, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

RIEGLER.—Luise, 374 8th Av., March 8, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROTHSCHILD.—Mary, 762 Fox St., Bronx, March 8, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SCHULER.—Charles, 2,250 Hughes Av., March 8, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow.

SMITH.—Julia A., 122 West 102d St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ANDERSON.—Richard P., 307 7th St., March 8. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BAILEY.—Isabel, 181 Joralemon St., March 8, aged 71. Funeral service to-day.

BENJAMIN.—Adelia, 624 Willoughby Av., March 8, aged 89. Funeral service to-day.

BOSSE.—Meta, 372 Ralph St., March 8, aged 73. Funeral service to-morrow.

BETTS.—Capt. William, 154 Hicks St., March 8, aged 88. Funeral private.

ENSIGN.—Eva H., 179 Emerson Place, March 6. Funeral March 13.

ERICKSEN.—Everett, Consumptive's Home, March 7, aged 22.

GOEDEL.—Philip, 185 Stockholm St., March 8, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GRAU.—George A., 270 St. Mark's Av., March 7, aged 16.

GRIFFIN.—Mary, 224 North 8th St., March 7. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HAMER.—Marion E., 638 Halsey St., March 8, aged 3. Funeral service to-day.

McLAUGHLIN.—James, 181 Duffield St., March 8, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

McNALLY.—Catherine E., 23 Fort Greene Av., March 9. Funeral notice later.

MARQUART.—Charles, 939 Jefferson Av., March 7.

MOELLER.—August F., 263 Sumpter St., March 7, aged 23.

MULLER.—George, 139 Russell St., March 8, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow.

MURPHY.—John J., 211 Bond St., March 7, aged 37. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Elizabeth, 309 Howard Av., March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

OTTERSTEDT.—Friedrich, 425 Pulaski St., March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

PETERS.—Elisa, 96 Linden St., March 7, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PLASS.—Isabella, 246 Classon Av., March 8, aged 69. Funeral private.

PRENDERGAST.—Myles, 440 Pulaski St., March 9, aged 29. Funeral to-morrow.

SCHROEDER.—Peter, 1,155 46th St., March 8. Funeral service to-day.

SLOCKBOWER.—James W., 405 2d St., March 8. Funeral notice later.

Connecticut.

BELL.—Sarah S., New Haven, March 8. Funeral to-day, 1:15 P. M.

ELWOOD.—Everett, Danbury, March 8, aged 15. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

EMERY.—Frances, Bridgeport, March 7, aged 65.

GARFIELD.—Harriet C., 118 Olive St., New Haven, March 7.

GORLEY.—Clestee, Bridgeport, March 6, aged 70.

KATOWSKI.—Anna, New Britain, March 8, aged 21.

LINCOLN.—Eleanor, New Haven, March 8, aged 4. Funeral to-day.

PECK.—Helen S., Colebrook, March 8. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

TOOHEY.—John H., New Haven, March 8. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

WELLMAN.—Charles E., New London, March 9, aged 67. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

Long Island.

BENTLEY.—Claudine W., 104 6th Av., Whitestone, March 7, aged 12.

CAMFINI.—Emma, 41 Rapelye Av., Corona, March 6.

COLEMAN.—Anna, Columbia Av., Maspeth, March 6, aged 70.

FRANZNICK.—Charles W., 479 3d Av., Long Island City, March 6.

FRENCH.—Margaret, 1,539 Greene Av., Ridgewood, March 5, aged 53.

GRAF.—Arthur, 423 Winthrop Av., Long Island City, March 6, aged 21.

HORACEK.—Barbara, North Beach, March 5, aged 24.

KEGREISS.—Charles A., Woodhaven, March 8, aged 64. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

LANGE.—Herman, 165 Park St., Corona, aged 32.

McNIFF.—Rose, Hillside Av., Jamaica, March 5, aged 77.

O'SHEA.—Mary, Laurel Hill, March 6.

PERSKY.—Annie, Rivercrest Sanitarium, Astoria, March 5, aged 32.

PFEFFER.—Lillian J., 312 11th Av., Steinway, March 7, aged 8.

RAFTER.—Maude, Port Washington, March 7.

PHOEFTNER.—Joseph, College Point, March 7, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ROSS.—John, 107 East Av., Long Island City, March 7, aged 50.

SLINEY.—Hanna, 17 Lott Av., Union Course, March 5, aged 65.

Died.

Long Island.

STOEHR.—Martha E., 920 2d Av., Long Island City, March 7, aged 72.

STURGES.—Winfield S., 80 Camelia St., Astoria, March 6, aged 50.

THOMPSON.—Maren R., 40 Franklin St., Maspeth, March 5, aged 58.

TITUS.—Phebe, Roslyn, March 7, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VAN WALWYK.—Mary A., 1,245 McCormack Av., Ozone Park, March 5, aged 45.

WAGNER.—Jacob, 276 Welling St., Richmond Hill, March 5, aged 62.

WELSH.—Joseph, Long Island City, March 7, aged 35.

New Jersey.

BRADELL.—Elizabeth, Singac, March 6, aged 56.

BREEZE.—Edward, Hasbrouck Heights, March 7.

BULL.—Ellen, 295 Broadway, Bayonne, March 7. Funeral to-day.

CARNEY.—Thomas F., Port Reading, March 7.

CAVANAGH.—Johannah, Ridgefield Park, March 7.

CARRER.—Caroline, Newark, March 8. Funeral to-day.

BURNS.—Patrick, 91 Springfield Av., Newark, March 8, aged 66.

BYRNE.—William, 343½ Summit Av., Jersey City, March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

CONDRON.—James, Rahway, March 7, aged 83.

CUMMINGS.—Mary F., Newark, March 8, aged 34. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

DAYTON.—Henry L., Chester, March 6. Funeral to-day.

DOWNS.—Mary A., Kearny, March 8. Funeral notice later.

FYFE.—Alexander T., Demarest, March 7, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

GARNER.—Arthur K., 25 Rose St., Paterson, March 7, aged 13.

GLEIM.—Anna, 171 Lincoln Av., Newark, March 9, aged 89. Funeral to-morrow.

HAWTHORN.—Mary E., Trenton, March 7, aged 44. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HENRY.—Frances, Trenton, March 7.

HESS.—Teresa C., Keyport, March 8, aged 35.

HEUSER.—Theodore, Harrison, March 8, aged 36. Funeral to-day.

KANE.—Catherine, 61 Waydell St., Newark, March 8.

KASTER.—John, 628 Tonnele Av., Jersey City, March 8, aged 50.

KIRCHNER.—William, 114 Belmont Av., Newark, March 9, aged 27. Funeral March 12.

LARKEY.—Julia, 571 Grove St., Jersey City, March 8.

McMAHON.—James, Newark, March 9. Funeral notice later.

McNEAR.—Frances V., 443 4th Av., March 8, aged 70. Funeral to-morrow.

MADISON.—Dolores, 173 Beacon St., Jersey City, March 8. Funeral to-day.

MAGNURO.—Antonio, 134 Lincoln Place, Grandview, March 6, aged 56.

MEYER.—Elise, 800 Garden St., Hoboken, March 8, aged 72.

MOREHEAD.—Robert, Paterson, March 7, aged 83.

O'HOLLORAN.—Mary, 390 Baldwin Av., Jersey City, March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

PHILIP.—Alice, Woodcliff, March 8, aged 15. Funeral to-morrow.

ROACH.—David, 203 14th St., Jersey City, March 7.

ROVER.—Marie, Hoboken, March 7, aged 43.

RYAN.—Anna, Bayonne, March 7.

SCHAEFFER.—Norman M., 150 Van Buren St., Newark, March 8.

SCHICK.—Louis, 360 18th St., Newark, March 8, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

STEGEMANN.—Claus M., 113 Jackson St., Hoboken, March 7, aged 47.

STEWART.—Elizabeth R., Kearny, March 9, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

THURSTON.—Frank, 200 Summit Av., Jersey City, March 8, aged 67.

UNDERHILL.—Margaret, Bayonne, March 7, aged 72.

VAN AULEM.—Charles R., Kearny, March 9, aged 17. Funeral March 12.

VIERLING.—Anna, 565 Palisade Av., West Hoboken, March 8. Funeral to-morrow.

WIESE.—Frederic G., Bordentown, March 7, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WILKINS.—William, Hoboken, March 7, aged 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WITT.—Violet, 224 Madison St., Hoboken, March 7.

New York State.

COMBACK.—Frances, Kingston, March 7, aged 70.

DALTON.—Catharine M., Kingston, March 6. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

FLETCHER.—Winifred V., 117 McLean Av., Yonkers, March 7.

MADER.—Fredericka, Kingston, March 6, aged 32.

ROCHE.—Rose, Kingston, March 6.

SATTERLEE.—Harry, Kingston, March 7, aged 5. Funeral private.

SAVAGE.—Dorcas L., Amsterdam, March 8, aged 23.

SMITH.—Sarah, La Grange, March 7, aged 73.

STORER.—Cornelia T., 112 New Main St., Yonkers, March 7.

YOUNG.—Milton C., Peekskill, March 7, aged 2.

In Memoriam.

SMITH.—Hugh, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

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Upon arrival, a sample of each container is tested to determine its age (alkaline test) and the quality of its butter fat. It is put in sterilized bottles, in half pint and pint sizes, and kept packed in ice until served. From time to time a chemist from the Lederle Laboratories takes a sample and makes a bacteria count. WE TAKE NO CHANCES—even though all known precautions are observed at the dairy. Mr. H. W. Jeffers, Superintendent of the Walker-Gordon Dairies, owns this dairy.

We guarantee all milk so served to be PURE, CLEAN and WHOLESOME, free from any pathogenic (disease-producing) bacteria, and to contain 6% butter fat.

Are we not warranted in standing back of this guarantee with all our business reputation?

JOHN HILL, Clarendon Hotel,
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Notable Paintings
To close the Estate of the late
James S. Inglis
EXHIBITION ENDS AT 3 P. M. TO-DAY (THURSDAY).
At The American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, of
The American Art Association, Managers
6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York

ROBBY'S TEAM WINS ICE CREAM STAKES

Bridwell and Murray Rally in Ninth and Beat Devlin's Giants at Marlin.

BY FRED TENNEY,
First Baseman of the Giants.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 9.—The weather this morning was windy and cloudy, but Manager McGraw had the Giants out and put them through the usual practice. There was a great deal of ginger displayed, as the players had to work fast to keep warm. There was no game, the time being largely used up in working out the pitchers and letting the boys bat against them. After that came the sliding practice, which is now a regular part of the morning work, McGraw evidently being determined that every one shall master the fall-away slide. Then came a run around the park and back to the hotel for luncheon.

There was lots of fun promised in the afternoon work, as the teams which Manager McGraw had sent to Dallas and Fort Worth on Saturday under the respective leadership of Wilbert Robinson and Arthur Devlin, had got into a warm argument as to which was the stronger. It culminated in a wager by the two Captains of five gallons of ice cream, and Manager McGraw appointed to-day as the time for the settlement of the argument. A lot of good-natured "kidding" had been indulged in by members of both teams, but the game was as bitterly contested as though the pennant depended on the outcome. The game started with Marquard in the box for "Robby's" team. He worked three innings. He was hit heavily in only one inning, when a single, followed by a home run by Murphy, scored two runs. Opposed to him was Keiber, the big recruit from Memphis. He was troubled quite a little with a lame arm, which made him wild, and the "Robbys" scored two runs off him through his wildness, though he let them down with one hit.

Dickson worked the second stage for the "Robbys," and was not as successful as Marquard, as the Devlins scored four runs off him, but in the meanwhile the "Robbys" had gathered two more runs off Drucke, who had succeeded Keiber, leaving the score in the eighth inning 6 to 4 in favor of the Devlins.

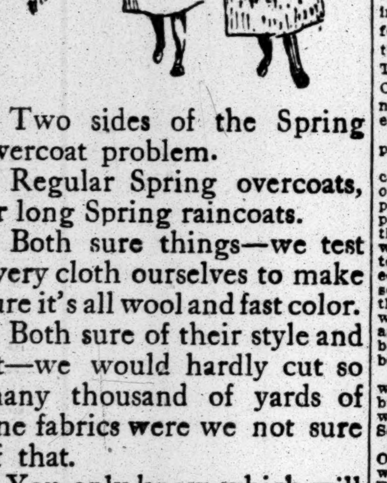
In the last stage of the game, Parsons essayed to pitch for Devlin's team, and the move proved a bad one, as the "Robbys" were enabled to tie the score in the first inning that he worked. By this time Klawitter had replaced Dickson, and he held his opponents safe at all stages.

The ninth opened amid great excitement, with the score a tie. The Devlins got two men on bases, but could not get the necessary hit to score. In the last half, with two gone, a base on balls, followed by hits by Bridwell and Murray, scored the necessary run to win, giving the game and the ice cream to the "Robbys."

Seymour got back into the game to-day and led the batting of both sides with four clean hits. Drucke established the long-hit record for the new grounds with a smash over the centre field fence.

Shaefer joined the list of cripples. One of his feet bothered him so badly that he could not work to-day. Little Devore came back from Waco with his ear much improved, but must return there in a day or two for further treatment. It is nothing particularly serious, but must be looked after. Lush attended the game to-day, walking with the aid of a stick. He reports his ankle much improved and hopes to be at work soon.

FRED TENNEY.



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Regular Spring overcoats, or long Spring raincoats.

Both sure things—we test every cloth ourselves to make sure it's all wool and fast color.

Both sure of their style and fit—we would hardly cut so many thousand of yards of fine fabrics were we not sure of that.

You only know which will be most useful to you.

Spring overcoats, $18 to $40.
Spring raincoats, $20 to $35.

Raglans in medium weight Harris tweeds, rainproofed, make smart coats for Spring motoring.

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Three Derbies exclusive with us in New York.

The Stetson "Special," $5.
The Knapp-Felt "Preferred," $5.
The "Victor Jay" London Derby, $5.

Besides many other blocks of both Stetson and the C. & K. Derbies at lesser prices.

As easy as rolling off a log! Putting on a snug fitting "Arrow" collar with the Ara-Notch.

A notch instead of a button-hole, 2 for 25c.

Happy mediums!

Medium weight underwear for Spring.

Every conceivable size and more styles than most merchants ever dream of carrying.

$1 to $3.75 a garment.

Happy homes for unhappy members!

"Bunion" Shoes with special sockets for the bunions.

To the eye an ordinary black walking shoe, $4.

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YANKEES READY FOR GAME.

Regulars to Play Colts To-day—Criger Going to Hot Springs.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., March 9.—Athens will have its first game of big League baseball to-morrow afternoon. The regulars and colts of the New York American League Club will clash in a six-inning contest. Hal Chase, who was appointed Captain to-day, will lead the regulars. Stallings will look after the welfare of the colts. He drove a fair bargain with Chase when he insisted on retaining the veteran pitchers for the young squad. To even matters somewhat he allowed Chase to take the only veteran catcher, Ed Sweeney. Fred Mitchell will do the backstopping for the Yannigans. It looks as if the surplus infielders and pitchers will have to be pressed into service for the outfield. There are only three outfielders here. Madden, Engle, and Cree will play with the first team, of course. Stallings said to-night that he hoped to be on the new grounds before the end of the week. As soon as the change is made to the new camp a series of inter-club matches will be played.

Birdie Cree showed to-day that he means business. He looked like the find of the season a year ago. But a wrenched side early in the Spring put him out of the game. Until he was injured Cree was the most valuable hitter on the team, as he broke up game after game. Not until the last month of the season did Cree fully recover. He is well and strong now, and produces his old-time wallop.

Jim Vaughn is just beginning to feel strong again after a protracted illness. He let his arm out for the first time today, and shot several balls across the plate that had Chase guessing. No one in camp works harder, but Jim puts in much of his time running after grounders and fly balls.

Frank Laporte is much lighter than when he reported last Spring, but does not yet feel any inclination to bid for an infield position. Of course he will have to play to-morrow, but he intends to spend about a week at hard work to get down to weight. Hemphill expects to leave Hot Springs to-morrow.

Kleinow will in all probability remain with Lou Criger for a few days more. Criger was heard from to-day after a mysterious silence. He gave no explanation of his failure to report at Hot Springs, but said he was now on his way there. Stallings does not expect him to come here before a couple of weeks. Wolter and Johnson, supposed to be headed this way, are now a couple of days overdue.

Brooklyn Regulars Beat Colts.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 9.—The mercury dropped twenty degrees overnight, and a drizzle of rain stopped the Brooklyn Club's practice after an hour's work in the morning. Luck was with Dahlen in the afternoon, however, the sun coming out and enabling the Trolley Dodgers to play a nine-inning game. This time the regulars beat the colts, 8 to 5. The teams are now even in the series. The "rubber" game will be played on Friday, as the All-Southern Leaguers, with Jack Kleinow of the Yankees at the helm, are booked for to-morrow.

Three home runs helped to keep the fans interested. Pitcher Dessau and Johnny King, the latter the Brooklyn semi-professional backstop, slammed the ball back of the scoreboard for four bases, while Wheat drove a homer over the brook in deep right field. Dahlen umpired the game for the purpose of looking over his men and engineering a couple of trick plays. One of these was the Giant's old stunt of having the catcher throw to the pitcher on a double steal with men on first and third. Ulrich and Bell worked it cleverly, catching King off third. Ulrich further distinguished himself by turning Jordan back when half way down the base line on a steal. Tim was an easy out.

Pitchers Schnelberg, Bell, and Rucker cut loose to-day, giving evidence of rounding into form. Bell says his arm is in much better shape than it was this time last year. McIntyre has done no pitching yet, but may be used against the Southerners to-morrow.

Harry Lumley reported to Manager Dahlen to-night. He was cordially welcomed by the players. He said he had wintered well and was ready for work. Dahlen expects him to cover right field permanently, provided he shows the proper ginger.

Pitcher Eddie Karger joined the Boston Americans here to-day, and Gasper reported to Clark Griffith of the Cincinnati Club. The Bostons and Cincinnatis did routine work at the new grounds. Hi Myers was hit over the eye by a wicked bounder during practice, but pluckily played the game out.

Score of Brooklyn game:

		R.	H.	E.
Colts	1 1 0 0 0 2 0 1 0	5	14	1
Regulars	1 0 2 1 2 0 0 2 .	8	14	2

Batteries—Schnelberg and Rucker; Dessau, Erwin and Miller; Hunter, Bell and Wilhelm; Ulrich and Berger. Umpire—Mr. Dahlen.

Baseball Practice at N. Y. U.

New York University's baseball squad had its first outdoor practice yesterday afternoon, forty-five men attending practice. Ohio Field is not in fit condition for the team to work on, but the men are using Berkeley Oval and will probably continue practice there for the next two weeks. The pitchers are getting into form under the training of J. Doescher, formerly of the Cincinnati Nationals. So far, three promising pitchers have been developed. They are Gorsch, Griffen, and Yule. Wheeler, Captain of last year's football team, and Sinnot, a southpaw, are also trying for the pitcher's box, and appear to be likely men.

Coach McPhillips has charge of the other players.

R. Elliffe seems to be the best man for catcher's position, but Lapides is a close second, and may possibly beat out Elliffe for the place. The first base position will, in all probability, go to Fitzelle, who substituted there last year, and is doing remarkably good work at present. Ryan and Lewine are contesting for the second bag, and are about equally fitted for the position. Fisher, Roselle, and Nixon are all promising men for third base, and either Ahneman or Sedofsky will play shortstop. Of the outfielders who are making a good showing, Brennan, Henneberger, Stout, Dane, and Lawrence are the best.

The season will probably open with a game with Pratt Institute on Ohio Field on April 2, but before that time several practice games will be played with Manhattan College, the Seventh Regiment and Webb Academy.

Yale has requested a game, to be played at Ohio Field on May 28. It is probable the offer will be accepted. Requests for games with Rochester and Amherst have been declined.

Eastern League Contracts.

President P. T. Powers of the Eastern League has approved the following contracts of players for the season of 1910:

Baltimore—J. F. Clarke, Thomas G. Campbell, M. T. Adkins, J. W. Byers, Andrew Patterson, William Clancey, Rube Vickers, Charles Schmidt, Edward Donelly, Claude H. Brady, Herman Malloy, James F. Slagle, James Catiz, and Clarence Russell.

Buffalo—William J. Malarkey, C. S. Kissinger, J. H. Vanwinkel, F. S. Burchell, C. K. Carmichael, Henry Sheetz, L. W. McAllister, Walter S. Woods, Jack White, Noah Henline, Walter East, and James Robertson.

Jersey City—G. W. Merritt, J. F. Londrigan, John Waller, Charles E. Loudenslager, John F. O'Hara, William McKay, John Ferry, Chester A. Crist, John H. Streahl, William Milligan, and William Fisher.

Montreal—James J. Hall, James Bailey, Fred Schneider, Joseph Yeager, Claude Durlin, Peter Wilson, George Smith, W. W. Nattress, Arthur Judd, Charles Calvin, and M. Joyce.

Newark—Richard Lloyd, Peter Wilson, William Howedell, Crist Holtz, Claude Hawkins, E. Wolf, Joseph J. McGinnity, Clifford Patterson, Roy Perkins, John Flater, Edward Zimmerman, Hugh Hearn, J. Alger, Benjamin Meyers, and H. L. Schlafly.

Providence—Charles Martinni, William Sline, W. W. Fitzgerald, C. Wilson, Patrick J. Sullivan, Raymond Scanlon, and Michael Welday.

Rochester—Fred Smith, Bert Tooley, Ditus Lagoe, C. A. Alpeinman, Emil Batch, Joe Kustus, Harry E. Pattee, George McConnell, John Butler, Wilfred Osborn, Walter A. Blair, John Ganzel, and Patrick Ragan.

Toronto—Dudley A. Thompson, William C. Corey, James Frick, and Stuart Gurney.

Yale Nine Starts Outdoor Work.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 9.—Yale opened its baseball practice campaign this afternoon when Capt. Steve Philbin called the squad outdoors for the first time this year. Under the direction of coaches Lush and McPartlin the players worked an hour on the university field. Most of the drill was in batting, although a little catching of long flies was attempted. The infield of the 'Varsity diamond was too wet to allow work and will not be used for several days.

Capt. Philbin this afternoon selected the squad to start the season by ordering the following players to report for uniforms: Catchers—Philbin, Gregory, Braude, Church, and Badger; pitchers—Coy, Tommers, Brinsmade, Smith, Moore, Freeman, Hartwell, Shannon, and S. Murfey; first base—Lilley, Field, and Hyde; second base—McIntyre and Merritt; short stop—Loutrel and McKee; third base—Logan; outfield—Fred Murphy, Corey, Carhart, Stevens, and Daly.

O'Neill Manager of Elmira Club.

Michael J. O'Neill, one of the famous O'Neill brothers of National League fame, has affixed his signature to a contract as manager of the Elmira State League Club. O'Neill secured his release from the Montreal Eastern League Club and will take charge at Elmira immediately. He succeeds Charles V. Moran, who was signed as manager a few weeks ago, but who resigned because his contract was not satisfactory.

MORRIS SCHOOL'S WINCHESTER CUP

Make High Scores in P. S. A. L. Rifle Shooting Tourney at Sportsmen's Show.

Nine schoolboy teams competed yesterday in the shooting tournament of the Public Schools Athletic League, held in conjunction with the Sportsmen's Show in Madison Square Garden. The competition was for the Winchester Cup, one of the most important trophies to be decided during the tournament. The trophy was won by the Morris High School sextet with a total of 1,053 points. De Witt Clinton finished second with 1,043, or ten points behind the winners. The third team was the second representatives from Morris High, which secured an aggregate of 1,024 points. The competition in this match was unusually keen, especially as the first and second teams were competing on adjoining ranges. The best individual score made in connection with this trophy was 184 by Hassinger of the Morris second team, while Uhden and Ehrlich were tied for second honors with 183 each.

The junior marksmen competition brought out a big field of youngsters, with J. Phelps of Morris High in the lead with a total of 92. He was closely pressed, however, by Hunt of Stuyvesant, who returned a card showing 91 points. These two schoolboys were the only ones in the class to secure a score of 90 or over. Linnicus of Morris High, with a total of 95, led the contests in the Hopkins and Allen match, while Ehrlich duplicated his team match score in the contest for the Remington trophy by totaling 187. Wagner of Bryant High was high gun with 94 in the contest for the Schoverling, Daly & Gales match, while Krehfeld made the excellent score of 187 in the Winchester individual competition. The high score up to date for the Championship Cup is Welchers of Curtis High with a score of 92.

One of the closest basket ball games in the tournament was that between the junior teams of the West Side and Washington Heights Y. M. C. A., in which the Washington Heights team won by the score of 16 to 11. The senior West Side team continued their successful career by taking the measure of John Hall Memorial team by the total of 33 to 23. The summaries:

Winchester Cup, teams of six, ten shots standing and ten prone. National Rifle Association target, distance fifty feet:

Morris—Elias, 87, 87—174; Levy, 84, 84—168; Unden, 89, 94—183; Andes, 84, 87—171; Linnicus, 83, 91—174; Ehrlich, 94, 89—183; total, 1,053.

Clinton—Vass, 90, 90—180; Emmerich, 82, 93—175; Hubbard, 86, 96—182; Boldt, 77, 82—159; Brown, 87, 85—172; Krehfeld, 82, 93—175; total, 1,043.

Morris, Second Team—Slobonicher, 84, 77—161; Widmayer, 83, 97—180; Adelson, 73, 78—151; Henne, 78, 90—168; Van Deusen, 86, 94—180; Hassinger, 89, 95—184; total, 1,024.

Manual—Craig, 85, 80—165; Eichbauer, 87, 83—170; Wilson, 76, 86—162; Hanland, 77, 81—158; Southwarth, 81, 83—164; Voorhees, 88, 91—179; total, 998.

Erasmus—Williamson, 76, 85—161; Reeve, 75, 85—160; Greider, 84, 90—174; Ross, 85, 81—166; Kingsley, 76, 85—161; Van Buskirk, 87, 87—174; total, 996.

Stuyvesant—Currey, 76, 80—156; Hoeffler, 79, 80—159; Heyman, 75, 71—146; D. Curry, 88, 85—173; De Gaetano, 80, 76—156; H. Goldberg, 90, 88—178; total, 968.

Bryant—Coffey, 74, 76—150; Mathews, 81, 80—161; Kron, 79, 69—148; Woodelton, 80, 83—163; Terwilliger, 84, 83—167; Wagner, 75, 84—159; total, 948.

Xavier—Owens, 60, 80—140; Wilkenson, 64, 71—135; Carey, 72, 86—158; McGuire, 65, 86—151; Meyer, 74, 85—159; Lynch, 61, 78—139; total, 882.

Commerce—Moses, 78, 87—165; Serwer, 70, 84—154; Welder, 71, 87—158; Vogel, 67, 79—146; Shapiro, 63, 72—135; Well, 57, 70—127; total, 885.

Junior Marksmen Medal.—Ten shots standing and ten prone; 50 feet on National Association target. Eversfield, Clinton, 85; Lotringer, Clinton, 87; Knorr, Stuyvesant, 84; Babcock, Morris, 81; Hartung, Poly. Prep., 81; Wooley, Poly. Prep., 87; Wolfe, Manual, 87; Doherty, Xavier, 85; Kander, Commercial, 88; Fallon, Xavier, 81; Phelps, Morris, 92; Schroeder, Clinton, 81; A. Hayner, Yonkers H. S., 85; Lefkowitz, Clinton, 81; La Marche, Poly. Prep., 87; Schaufler, Taft School, 89; Hicks, Curtis, 87; O'Connell, Clinton, 86; Sabatio, Stuyvesant, 81; Hunt, Stuyvesant, 91; McHigh, Morris, 80; Welder, Commerce, 88; Verbeck, Clinton, 85; Dugliss, Clinton, 82.

Hopkins and Allen Trophy.—Five shots standing and five prone. Linnicus, Morris, 95; Ehrlich, Morris, 87; Kander, Commercial, 86; Wagner, Bryant, 86; Hubbard, Clinton, 94; Heyman, Stuyvesant, 82; Welchers, Curtis, 92.

Remington Trophy.—Ten shots standing and ten prone; highest totaled score on two tickets. Brown, Clinton, 186; Cohen, Clinton, 175; Lotinger, Clinton, 154; Welchers, Curtis, 181; Hayner, Yonkers H. S., 166; Haaren, Clinton, 188; Ehrlich, Morris, 187.

Stevens Trophy.—Seven shots standing and seven prone. Welchers, Curtis, 135.

Schoverling, Daly and Gales Trophy.—Five shots standing and five prone. Wagner, Bryant, 94; Orthey, Stuyvesant, 83; Cohen, Clinton, 88; De Castro, Clinton, 89; Heyman, Stuyvesant, 83; Emmerich, Clinton, 92.

Winchester Trophy.—Ten shots standing and ten prone. Krehfeld, Clinton, 187; Wanty, Curtis, 179; Hubbard, Clinton, 182; De Castro, Clinton, 160; Schlaet, Horace Mann, 135; Rice, Erasmus, 159.

Championship Cup.—Ehrlich, Morris, 85; Erlich, Morris, 83; Welchers, Curtis, 92; Krehfeld, Clinton, 95.

Sub-Target.—Ehrlich, Morris, 50; Welchers, Curtis, 73.

The most attractive feature of the sportsmen's exhibition is the collection of rare and game birds, the property of G. D. Tilley of Darien, Conn., who has been twenty years in making the collection, which ranges from a small paroquet to the cassowary and pink Egyptian pelican, and includes a number of rare birds never before seen in captivity. The collection comprises birds from Australia, Japan, China, India, South Africa, Europe, and South America. Among the birds are pheasants of every known variety, odd-looking German storks, Asiatic cranes, Japanese silky fowls, Indian ducks, cormorants, mandarins, Hungarian partridges, South American macaws, and many other breeds and varieties.

Toronto in Lacrosse with Crescents.

Toronto University, as usual, has mapped out a vegorous lacrosse season, including a trip to American cities between May 25 and June 6. Manager Tom Hanley will be in direct charge of the players, who will play the first game with Hobart College at Geneva, N. Y., on May 25. On the following day the Canadians will play Cornell University at Ithaca. Then they will meet the Crescent Athletic Club team at Bay Ridge on May 28 and May 31. After leaving Brooklyn the Toronto team will play the alumni of Johns Hopkins University at Baltimore on June 4 and 6. A game with Harvard is almost assured, and if West Point accepts the Toronto team's proposition a game will be played with the cadets on June 8. Contests are also expected with Swarthmore and Annapolis on June 10.

Frank Gould on French Turf.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 9.—Frank Gould has recently bought several race horses, the latest purchase being Justinien II. He intends to establish a large racing stable in France.

Weston Still in Colorado.

LOS ANIMAS, Col., March 9.—Edward Payson Weston, pedestrian, arrived here today and left for Caddao, where he will spend the night.

Spalding's Baseball Guide Out.

The thirty-fourth annual issue of Spalding's Official Baseball Guide has made its appearance for 1910, and in size and variety of contents surpasses all previous numbers.

The editor, John B. Foster of New York, who succeeded the late Henry Chadwick, has compiled an attractive and interesting book.

A new item this year is the official roster of players of the National, American, and Eastern Leagues, giving the name of each individual who signed a contract with any of the teams of these organizations. Many of the players never figure in the official averages, although regular members of a club, acting as substitutes only, and are lost sight of, giving rise in later years to animated discussions among the fans, which can now be settled authoritatively by a reference to the Guide.

Each individual minor league is thoroughly covered by a leading writer from a town in each organization, the whole forming a most instructive exhibition of the strength and stability of the game throughout the country.

Results of Baseball Games.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 9.—The Detroit Americans to-day defeated the San Antonio club 4 to 1.

HOUSTON, Texas, March 9.—St. Louis Americans, 7; Houston, 4.

NEW ORLEANS, March 9.—Chicago Nationals, 6; New Orleans, 1.

PINEHURST SPRING GOLF.

E. B. Humphreys Leads Big Field in Qualification Round.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 9.—One hundred and eighty-nine players started in the qualification round of the sixth annual Spring golf tournament to-day, and all but a few returned cards. In the lead was E. B. Humphreys of the Camden Country Club with a card of 76. W. R. Tuckerman of Chevy Chase, G. H. Croker of the Alpine Club, and Col. J. E. Smith of the Wilmington Country Club were tied for second place at 79 each.

The qualification round was played under the Pinehurst system, in which the players were arranged in classes and the sixteen best scores in each class qualified, eight divisions of sixteen each qualifying. The scores to-day follow:

First Division.—E. B. Humphreys, Camden Country, 76; W. R. Tuckerman, Chevy Chase, 79; G. H. Croker, Alpine, 79; Col. J. E. Smith, Wilmington Country, 79; C. L. Becker, Woodland, 81; S. D. Wyatt, Fond du Lac Country, 83; Allan Lard, Chevy Chase, 83; C. R. Dennen, Detroit, 83; Nathaniel W. Dean, Oakley Country, 83; George O. Russell, Winchester Country, 84; W. R. Simons, Westbrook, 85; C. A. Dunning, Nassau Country, 85; J. D. Foot, Apawamis, 85; H. C. Fownes, Oakmont Country, 85; H. H. Cutler, Bluemound Country, 86; F. A. Moore, Apawamis, 87.

Second Division.—Wolcott Tuckerman, Chevy Chase, 87; W. F. Lewis, Kenilworth Country, 87; P. E. Gardner, Midlothian, 87; W. H. Thayer, Braeburn, 88; Charles B. Fownes, Oakmont, 88; J. P. Gardner, Midlothian, 88; J. B. Ladd, Merion Cricket, 88; S. Y. Ramage, Oil City, 88; L. D. Pierce, Woodland, 88; W. E. Wells, Steubenville, 89; W. L. Hurd, Oakmont, 89; C. F. Smith, Maple Hill, 89; F. N. Doubleday, Nassau, 90; J. D. Climo, Euclid, 90; I. S. Robeson, Oakhill Country, 90; E. L. Scofield, Jr., Weeburn, 90.

Third Division.—F. K. Robeson, Oakhill Country, 90; C. A. Munger, Camden Country, 90; Wesley M. Oler, Apawamis, 90; C. M. Jamison, Greensburg Country, 90; T. B. Boyd, Algonquin, 91; Robert Hunter, Weeburn, 91; E. P. Challenger, Camden Country, 91; J. P. Williamson, Wyoming Valley Country, 91; E. D. Speck, Oakmont, 92; H. S. Stearns, Oakland, 92; Lelan Ingersoll, Euclid, 92; C. H. Matthiessen, Ardsley, 93; R. P. Allden, Springfield Country, 93; J. B. Bowman, Rochester Country, 93; W. R. Mackenzie, St. Andrew's, 93; F. W. Stevens, Morris County, 93.

Fourth Division.—C. L. Jones, Oakmont, 93; C. B. Whitney, Springfield Country, 93; R. Mott, Riverton Country, 94; J. M. Thompson, Spring Haven Country, 94; E. J. Swords, Jr., Montclair, 94; A. W. Smith, Park Club, Buffalo, 94; H. B. McClelland, Fox Hills, 95; C. B. Price, Salem, 95; H. Stoddard, New Haven, 95; C. A. Bowles, Springfield Country, 95; H. H. Cook, Albemarle, 95; H. H. McClure, Dunwoodie, 96; C. E. Barber, Highlands, Conn., 96; J. D. C. Rumsey, New York, 96; C. E. Titchener, Binghamton, 97; C. Howard, Detroit Country, 97.

NEW CLUBS JOIN A. A. A.

Executive Committee Discusses Touring, Good Roads, and Contests.

Touring, good roads, and contest matters occupied the attention of the Executive Committee of the American Automobile Association at its monthly meeting held Tuesday in Boston, the session having been called there at the invitation of the Boston auto show management.

The thirty-fourth State association was added to the National automobile family, of which President Lewis R. Speare of Boston is the ruling spirit. The latest addition to the A. A. A. was the Florida organization of nine clubs, and the news with the application indicated that that State has the good roads fever with a rising temperature. The Savannah Automobile Club was also accepted for active membership and a State association will soon be formed in Georgia. Other State bodies are assured in the near future in Oregon, North Carolina, South Carolina, and New Hampshire.

American Bowling Congress Officers.

DETROIT, Mich., March 9.—The Executive Committee of the American Bowling Congress met to-day and nominated practically all of the present officers for the same positions during the coming year.

It was decided to increase the number of members of the Executive Committee from fifteen to eighteen. George A. Metzger of Pittsburg and Emil Schmitt of Cincinnati were dropped from the committee. Following is the slate of officers for the coming year as prepared by the Executive Committee:

President—R. H. Bryson, Indianapolis; First Vice President—Adam Hahn, Pittsburg; Second Vice President—Fred W. Gosewisch, St. Paul; Third Vice President—M. A. Phillips, St. Louis; Secretary—A. L. Langtry, Milwaukee; Treasurer—Frank L. Pasdeloup, Chicago.

Executive Committee—William Agnew, Cleveland; Chris E. Balz, Columbus; Mike J. Costa, Philadelphia; S. L. Drake, St. Louis; W. J. Ennis, Wheeling; G. O. Francisco, Omaha; E. B. Hull, Minneapolis; George B. Howard, Chicago; D. P. Hager, Louisville; John Koerner, Milwaukee; Al Reinhardt, Cincinnati; E. J. Ryan, Detroit; J. A. Strotz, Des Moines; C. A. Turner, St. Joseph, Mo.; C. A. Nichols, Kansas City; John G. Floss, Buffalo; Larry Gazzolo, Toledo; L. L. Wehner, Dayton.

Pennsy Wants to Row Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 9.—The Naval Academy oarsmen have been surprised and pleased by receiving word from the University of Pennsylvania that it desires to renew aquatic relations by scheduling races to be rowed at Annapolis this Spring. No races have taken place between these institutions for several years, and it was thought to be the rowing policy of Pennsylvania not to bring the crew South. Pennsylvania has been offered April 30 for a race between its 'Varsity and the first Navy crew, and either May 14 or 21 for a race between the Quaker freshman and the Navy plebe, or fourth class, crew. Negotiations for a race with Princeton have fallen through. Princeton will do no intercollegiate rowing this Spring. With Harvard, Pennsylvania, Georgetown, Columbia, and Syracuse on its schedule, the Naval Academy will have a larger number of races this Spring than for many years.

Pool Winners at McGraw's.

In the afternoon game yesterday of the handicap pool tournament now in progress at McGraw's billiard academy, Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, E. King, handicapped at 70, defeated R. Schafer (65) in a closely contested game, by the score of 70 to 64. In the evening game E. W. Hayman, handicapped at 65, defeated J. Schreyer (50) by the score of 65 to 43. The game was pretty up to the time when the thirty-fifth point was made, and after that Hayman ran away with the game. Hayman also made some fancy shots which caught the eyes of the spectators. In this afternoon's game A. Jerome (50) will oppose J. W. Schafer, (65,) and in the evening game Harry Swift (65) will play Charles Atherton, (65.)

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

E. H. Ten Eyck, rowing coach at the University of Wisconsin, has been elected Chairman of the Athletic Council of the university to succeed Prof. A. S. Laird.

Canadian professional hockey players will be the attraction at St. Nicholas Rink next week, when the Wanderers of Montreal, winners of the professional championship of the Dominion, will meet the Ottawas for a purse of $1,500, which will go to the team scoring the greatest number of goals in two nights' play. Tuesday and Wednesday nights have been set for the games.

The Morrisania District Athletic League of the Bronx, including 12,000 public school boys, has been organized with Maurice Rogalin President, Warren C. Fielding Vice President, Alexander S. Shear Secretary, Arthur Boylan Treasurer, and Maurice Rogalin Delegate to the P. S. A. L.

Gustav Ljungstrom has been added to the field of runners who will compete in the twenty-mile race at Madison Square Garden next Monday night.

The Twenty-third Street Branch, Y. M. C. A., will hold a swimming meet Saturday evening. The programme will include a 96-yard swim, handicap; 48-yard swim, novice, both open to Y. M. C. A. registered amateurs only; 224-yard swim, handicap, closed; 48-yard swim, handicap, closed, and horse tilting, closed.

A triple smoker will be held at Columbia University Wednesday evening, March 16, when an attempt will be made to arouse more interest in rowing. Deans "Van Am" and Goetz will speak and gold and silver watch fobs will be presented to the first and second basketball teams.

South Field at Columbia University was opened yesterday for the first time this year and about 200 athletes availed the opportunity to engage in outdoor practice. Baseball, soccer, and lacrosse players were prominent among them.

The commodious clubhouse of the Fairmont Athletic Club, which has been closed for almost six months, never looked more spick and span than it did Tuesday night, when Boyo Driscoll and "Knockout" Brown inaugurated the present season. Many are the changes that have been made since last the members were in the building, although they are all in the line of minor improvements. Instead of the old three are lights over the ring, there are now eight clusters, each of six thirty-two-candle power bulbs, and one of nine. Red lights mark the exits, which are safe, wide, and well arranged, and at least three times more numerous than in any other clubhouse in town. There are new gallery boxes at each end of the two long sides, and the number of seats has been largely increased throughout.

GIGNOUX'S JUNIOR TITLE IN FENCING

New York Athletic Club Foilsman Captures National Amateur Championship.

The fencing tournament, to decide the National amateur junior championship, was held in the gymnasium of the New York Turn Verein, Lexington Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street, last evening, J. E. Gignoux of the New York Athletic Club winning the title after several triumphant bouts in the preliminaries and finals. The smallest field that has taken part in the junior championships in years competed last evening, and the event lacked some of the spectacular features of other tournaments. Last year the junior title was won by L. W. Curran of the Fencers' Club after an exciting bout with Lieut. Dickinson of West Point, who afterward won the amateur title.

The competitors in the tournament included Dr. E. M. Alger, New York Athletic Club; H. A. Hirsch, Fencers' Club; J. E. Gignoux, New York Athletic Club, and Emil Glaser, A. Straus, A. Reith, F. Fretz, and G. W. Postgate, all of the New York Turn Verein. The judges of the tournament were M. Hammond, President of the Amateur Fencing League of America; Dr. Graeme, C. Tathan, E. Piton, E. Rembern, Sherman Hall, A. V. Z. Post, P. Benzenberg, W. C. Bowman, and W. Scott O'Connor.

The contests were held on two strips in the Turn Verein gymnasium, and Gignoux made his first appearance in the tournament against Reith on the second strip. He won easily by a score of 12 to 6. All the bouts were four-minute engagements.

Gignoux's form in his early bouts was excellent, and he had no trouble in disposing of his opponents. All his "touches" were clean cut and cleverly executed. Fretz, the Turn Verein foilsman, gave Gignoux a good fight on two occasions, and the Winged-foot fencer defeated him twice by the scores of 7 to 5. Gignoux was quick to see an opening, and lunged at his opponent with agility and speed. The victory gives Gignoux a gold medal, and qualifies him for the senior championships.

The second honor was a close competition between Postgate of the Turn Verein and Dr. Alger of the New York Athletic Club. In the deciding bout Postgate got second place by defeating Alger 4 to 3. The "touches" were even, 3 to 3, but Postgate was awarded second place on form. Alger won third place and a bronze medal. The summaries:

First Round—Dr. E. M. Alger defeated Hirsch, 8—6; Straus defeated Glaser, 13—3; Dr. Alger defeated Glaser, 10—6; Straus defeated Hirsch, 12—8.

Second Round—Gignoux defeated Reith, 12—6; Postgate defeated Fretz, 9—4; Gignoux defeated Fretz, 7—5; Postgate defeated Reith, 6—0.

Third Round—Gignoux defeated Reith, 12—6; Postgate defeated Fretz, 9—4; Gignoux defeated Fretz, 7—5; Postgate defeated Reith, 6—0.

Final Round—Alger defeated Straus, 10—8; Gignoux defeated Postgate, 8—4; Gignoux defeated Alger, 6—3; Postgate defeated Straus, 8—5; Gignoux defeated Straus, 10—5; Postgate defeated Alger, 4—3, the decisive point being awarded to Postgate on form.

Tennis Results at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 9.—Edgar E. Leonard and Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas won the cup for mixed doubles in the finals of that division of the tennis tournament to-day. They defeated Howard Bissell and Miss Helen Roebling, 6—3, 6—3, and this morning in the semi-finals won from L. Hochstadter and Mrs. A. L. Therman, 6—1, 6—0. The other pair in the semi-finals were Payne Whitney and Mrs. Quincy A. Shaw 2d, who were beaten by Miss Roebling and Mr. Bissell, 1—6, 6—3, 6—4.

Gilmore and Emerson Pool Victors.

In the amateur pool tournament now in progress at Doyle's Academy, Broadway and Forty-second Street, Ed Gilmore defeated H. Phelps yesterday afternoon by a score of 75 to 61. The high run (14) was made by Gilmore. In last night's game C. Emerson defeated Ed Seabury by a score of 75 to 56. The high run of 15 was made by Emerson.

Indians in Harlem School Race.

Dr. John T. Nicholson, Principal of the Harlem Evening High School, who has secured sanctions from the Amateur Athletic Union and the Public Schools Athletic League for games on April 16, has added an event to the programme that will prove an attraction, which is a ten-mile scratch race. Dr. Nicholson yesterday received from Glenn S. Warner of Carlisle the entry of Louis Tewanina, the Moki Indian, for this race. Tewanina recently won the ten-mile race at the High School of Commerce games.

A. A. U. Gymnastic Bids Asked.

James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union, yesterday sent a letter to the club members of the Metropolitan Association asking bids from those who would like to hold the National gymnastic championships some time during the month of April.

FISHING AND FISHERMEN.

HIGH TIDE FROM MARCH 10 TO 12.

New Lon. A.M.	New Lon. P.M.	S. Hook. A.M.	S. Hook. P.M.	Gov. Isld. A.M.	Gov. Isld. P.M.	Will. Pt. A.M.	Will. Pt. P.M.
8:20	8:43	6:43	7:10	7:07	7:33	10:08	10:35
9:09	9:26	7:30	7:57	7:53	8:15	10:57	11:21
9:52	10:11	8:17	8:42	8:06	9:02	11:44	....

From Amityville, Babylon, Bayshore, and other places along the Great South Bay are favorable reports of the prevalence of flounders, and old bay fishermen have made capital catches during the past week. In the vicinity of Amityville on Tuesday Charles Judson of Jamaica, who has been fishing in the Great South Bay for twenty years, landed fourteen flounders, ranging from a pound to a pound and a half in weight. "The rather warm spell of weather and the temperature of the water has made flounders jump around pretty lively," Judson says, "and they are likely to bite well until well into April. What is surprising to me is the fine size of the fish. Usually at this season of the year a flounder weighing about a pound is considered a pretty fair fish, but in my collection on Tuesday there was not one that weighed less than a pound. Not only at Amityville, but throughout the bay, splendid catches of flounders have recently been made."

Rowing from Bergen Beach on Tuesday morning, Harry Turnbull and George Gleason of the Morningside Fishing Club of Brooklyn struck a school of flounders that made it quite pleasant for the Brooklyn men. They were in Flatlands Bay, always good grounds for flounders, but in this instance there was an unusual run. Eighteen nice sized ones were "picked up" quickly, and their collection was augmented by a half dozen tomcods.

Opposite the old Captain's Pier at Bath Beach on Monday codfish seemed to be plentiful. Catches of from four to five and averaging three to four pounds in weight were frequent, the sport being about the best of the year. Capt. Billy Hendricks of the Crescent Fishing Club bore off the honors of the occasion, capturing four, one weighing just four pounds.

The Entre Nous Fishing Club of Brooklyn has arranged its schedule for the season, the first trip being on May 8, Gravesend Bay and Coney Island being the objective points. Capt. John Hand will be in command of the party, which will probably number fifteen, as the greatest interest is always manifested in the first outing of the year.

DURLAND SPECIALS BEST.

Defeat Fox Hunt Polo Club at Riding Academy by 9 Points to 4.

Indoor polo of high calibre was in full force at Durland's Riding Academy last night when the second match for the President's Cups of the Indoor Polo Association was played between the Durland Specials and the Fox Hunt Polo Club. The former trio won the contest by a score of 9 to 4.

For a few minutes in the opening period the teams played nearly evenly, and the score at one time was two goals each. After that, however, the Durland combination swept through the Fox Hunt Club defense with ease, and goals were scored in quick succession. One of the tallies for the Durland team was made by an opponent. Jack Wilmerding, while attempting to drive the ball out of the danger zone from in front of his own goal, struck the sphere on the side and drove it in for a tally for Fox Hunt. Near the close of the second period the Fox Hunt Club scored two goals by clever handling of the ball. The line up:

DURLAND SPECIAL.	FOX HUNT.
J. Breen	E. Cohen,
E. Hopping.	L. Ottinger,
H. Kenney,	J. C. Wilmerding.

Goals—First half: First for Fox Hunt by Cohen; second for Durlands by Hopping; third for Durlands by Breen; fourth for Fox Hunt by Ottinger; fifth for Durlands by Wilmerding; sixth for Durlands by Kenney; seventh for Durlands by Hopping. Second half—First for Durlands by Kenney; second for Durlands by Hopping; third for Durlands by Kenney; fourth for Fox Hunt by Wilmerding; fifth for Fox Hunt by Ottinger; sixth for Durlands by Hopping. Referee—Harry Guggenheimer. Time of halves—Eight minutes.

RACING AT PARKWAY TRACK.

New York Driving Club to Engage Brooklyn Course for Matinees.

Members of the New York Driving Club had a long session at the Hotel Victoria yesterday afternoon, the main topic of discussion being the final selection of a track in the metropolitan district for the amateur matinees of the coming season.

A committee composed of Joseph F. Gibbons, Thomas G. Hinds, and Andrew Crawford, appointed to look over all available plants and recommend the one best suited to the club's racing purposes reported in favor of the Parkway track, Brooklyn, and the committee was instructed to close final arrangements if after thorough examinations the footing, stalls, club house, and everything else was found in proper condition for high-class harness sport.

Among those present were William J. Clark, President; Thomas G. Hinds, Secretary; Joseph F. Gibbons, H. B. Clark, Samuel B. Wolf, William Cahill, F. T. Steinway, William Scott, Dr. Joseph Semon, E. J. La Place, T. W. Bassett, W. J. Minor, Andrew Crawford, and E. S. Brower.

RYAN BEATS DOLAN.

Wildfang with a Bad Hand Won at Sharkey A. C. Show.

Freddie Corbett of Philadelphia was to have gone on in the main bout at the Sharkey Athletic Club last night, but he failed to appear. He was to have boxed Dave Ryan of Bridgeport, and as things turned out for Jimmy Dolan, who did face Ryan as Corbett's substitute, it was a mighty lucky thing for the Philadelphian that he did not show up. For Ryan was in good form, and though outweighed at least fifteen pounds, he earned a clear decision over Dolan.

Incidentally it was one of the bloodiest and hardest-fought bouts that has been seen at the Sharkey Athletic Club for a long time. There were times when each fought cautiously; in the main, however, it was a slam-bang affair that delighted the 500 members, while it left the two fighters very tired, so much so that even when Ryan did reach Dolan in the last two rounds with left and right hooks and swings, he was himself too weak to put his opponent out. Dolan had the advantage in the sixth, seventh, and eighth rounds, but in all the others Ryan fairly smothered him.

The semi-final was a corking six-round bout between Young Wildfang and Larry Ryan. Wildfang injured his right hand so severely in the fourth round that he was able to use only his left after that. Nevertheless he put up a splendid fight, and deserved the decision.

Hyland and Maloney at Long Acre.

At the Long Acre's entertainment to be held to-night the star bout of ten rounds will bring together "Fighting Joe" Hyland of the east side and Tommy Maloney of the west side. Hyland has knocked out both of the Mango brothers at this club, but in Maloney he will go against a much better boy. In the semi-final of six rounds Eddie McDonald, the fighting blacksmith, will box with Tommy Morrisey of Providence.

National Sporting Club's Card.

Tom O'Rourke has made up the following programme for the National Sporting Club's show to-morrow night: "Knockout" Brown against Willie Beecher, ten rounds; Eddie Gillespie against Young Fabrick, six rounds; Jack Thornby against Larry McGrath, six rounds; Kid Murphy of New Haven against Clarence Burns of Jersey City, six rounds.

Avon A. C. Show Without Charge.

Johnny Allen and Young Kenny fought a fast six-round draw before a large crowd that attended the weekly stag of the Avon Athletic Club last night. In the early rounds Allen used rights and lefts to the body with good effect, but Kenny evened up this lead in the latter rounds by using a left hook to the jaw very effectively. In the other bouts Jack Ritchie and "Bull" Anderson fought a six-round draw and Patsy Haley and Kid Ingerman went four rounds to a draw. There was no police interference, and those who held membership cards were admitted without an assessment. The manager announced that nobody will be admitted hereafter without a membership card.

Syracuse Honors "Big Bill" Horr.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 9.—Marquis F. ("Big Bill") Horr, Syracuse Law '09, Captain of the 1908 football team, was awarded the Syracuse University Golf Club trophy cup for the athlete attaining the highest scholarship average during the last year. "Big Bill" is the first to be awarded the trophy. He is athletic director at Northwestern University. Horr had an average of 83 per cent. in his studies.

Basket Ball Tie in New Jersey Schools

Special to The New York Times.

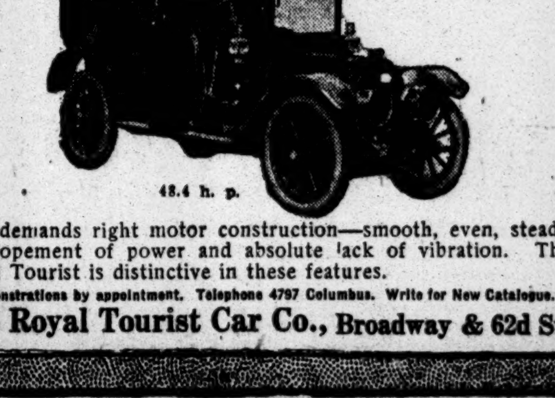
PASSAIC, N. J., March 9.—Orange High School's basket ball team defeated Passaic High School's five here this afternoon 39 to 29, tieing the locals for the Northern New Jersey Interscholastic League championship. It was the last game of the regular season, hence an extra game will be necessary before the pennant is awarded.

Lanigan Takes "Ham" Fish's Place.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 9.—Charles Lanigan of Lawrence, captain of the Harvard baseball team, was to-day elected undergraduate member of the Harvard Athletic Council. He takes the place of Hamilton Fish, Jr., of New York, who is away from college on leave of absence until commencement.

ROYAL TOURIST

Easy Riding Requires More Than Big Tires and Correct Spring Suspension.



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CANADIANS TO CHEER TAIT.

Friends of Crack Runner Root for Him to Beat Bonhag.

When John Tait, the Canadian crack distance runner, starts his special mile-and-a-half race against George Bonhag on Tuesday night—the occasion being the annual indoor games of the New York Athletic Club in Madison Square Garden—he will be cheered and spurred on to a glorious finish by some forty of his Toronto fellow-citizens. Capt. Halpin yesterday received the following telegram from the Canadian city:

> Please get reservations in hotel near Garden for next Monday and Tuesday for party of forty accompanying Tait to witness his race with Bonhag.
> CHARLES E. MONTGOMERY,
> Chairman Track Committee.

While Bonhag has never competed at the mile and a half, he has been cutting down lately in his distances so as to accommodate himself to this shortest of events in which he has run. The distance is just to Tait's liking, however, and the sportsmanship of Bonhag in his willingness to meet the Canadian at the latter's favorite distance, and the present condition of Tait, who is determined to retain the championship at the mile and a half, guarantee one of the greatest races that has ever been seen in this city.

Another prominent Canadian athlete entered for the games is J. Archibald of Toronto, the champion pole vaulter of the Dominion. Last year Archibald did 12 feet 5 inches in the Canadian championships, easily winning first place.

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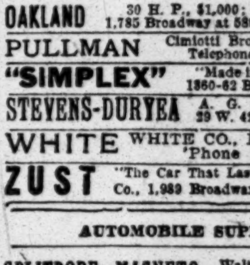

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Benz	Benz Auto Import Co. of America, 1,599 to 1,601 Broadway, N. Y.
BRUSH	Car, $485. John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK	Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN	1,619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts. Tel. 333 Col.
COLUMBIA	Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,861 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT	Touring-Tourabout-Runabout-$2,500, 40 H. P. Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company. 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER	56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland	CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. 'Phone 5130 Col.
MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1,886-1,888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON	Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1,761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL	POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1,888 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
OAKLAND	30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1,785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
PULLMAN	Cimiotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX"	"Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA	A. G. Spalding & Bros., 29 W. 42d. Tel. 433 Bryant.
WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2953 Col.
ZUST	"The Car That Lasts." American Zust Co., 1,989 Broadway. 'Phone Col. 4298

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SPLITDORF MAGNETO	Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway.
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Automobile training in shop and road work, day and evening; booklet. Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 317 West 57th St.

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BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 9.—The local market has been strong to-day, and with local copper stocks in good demand throughout the session. Indiana was the particular favorite, advancing about 3 points to 44¾, on sales of over 6,000 shares. North Butte sold up to 44¼, but later reacted to 43 on profit taking. Toward the latter part of the afternoon large buying orders appeared in East Butte, and the stock advanced to 11⅝, closing within ⅛ of the top. Trading in the balance of the list was well scattered, but price changes were not of any great importance.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	103	103	103
87,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	91⅞	91⅝	91⅞
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
5,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96½	96½	96½
4,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100¼	100¼	100¼
4,000	K. C. M. Ry. & Br. 5s	102½	102½	102½
5,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn 5s	104½	104	104
8,000	N.Y., N.H. & H. cv. 6s	134⅝	134⅝	134⅝
1,000	U. S. Coal & Oil 6s	155	155	155
15,000	U. S. Rubber 6s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝

RAILROADS.

25	Atchison	118¼	117⅞	117⅞
100	Atchison pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
148	Boston Elevated	130½	130½	130½
25	Boston Suburban pf	75¾	75¾	75¾
4	Boston & Albany	228	228	228
46	Boston & Lowell	226	224	224
30	Boston & Maine	147	147	147
50	Mass. Elec	18	18	18
50	Mass. Elec. pf	84¾	84½	84¾
5	Northern of N. H.	140	140	140
868	N. Y., N. H. & H.	161⅝	160½	161¼
94	N. Y., N. H. & H., 25 per cent. paid	150½	150¼	150¼
4	Old Colony	195	195	195
85	Union Pacific	192¼	190⅞	191⅞
14	West End	95½	95½	95½

TELEPHONES.

1,871	American	142½	141⅞	142
6	Cumberland	151	151	151
158	Mexican	4¾	4¼	4¾
57	New England	138	138	138

MISCELLANEOUS.

720	Am. Agr. Chem.	48	48	48
120	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103¾	103½	103¾
52	Am. Pneu. Svc.	7½	7	7½
770	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	22¼	21⅞	22
136	Am. Sugar Refining	126½	125¼	125½
124	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	123½	122	122½
200	Am. Woolen pf.	103⅞	103½	103⅞
15	Eastern S. S.	79	79	79
112	Edison	251	248	250
15	General Electric	157½	157	157½
812	Mass. Gas	81¼	80¼	81¼
143	Mass. Gas pf.	95¼	95	95¼
5	Mergenthaler	220	220	220
15	N. E. Cotton Yarn	119¾	119¾	119¾
65	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	114	113¾	113¾
25	Pullman	196	195	196
90	Reece Buttonhole	11¾	11½	11½
5	Reece Folding Machine	5½	5½	5½
255	Rotary Ring	12¼	12¼	12¼
26	Seattle Elec. pf.	105½	105¼	105½
36	Swift & Co.	107½	107⅜	107½
161	United Fruit	179¾	179½	179½
415	United Shoe	69	68	68
334	United Shoe pf.	29½	29	29
6,866	U. S. Steel	89½	87⅞	88
175	U. S. Steel pf.	123	122½	123

MINING.

310	Adventure	9	9	9
5,120	Amalgamated	83⅞	82½	82½
50	Allouez	57	56½	57
156	American Zinc	31⅞	31	31
655	Arcadian	8¼	8	8¼
3,870	Arizona Commercial	40¼	39¼	39¾
550	Atlantic	9½	9½	9½
30	Bonanza	50	50	50
1,480	Boston Cons.	20½	20	20
560	Boston Corbin	18¼	17¾	18
515	Butte Coalition	27	26⅝	26¾
100	Butte & Balaklala	10½	10½	10½
855	Calumet & Arizona	78½	77	77
7	Calumet & Hecla	630	630	630
200	Centennial	23½	23	23
1,200	Cons. Mercur	11c	11c	11c
685	Copper Range	78½	77⅞	78
2,650	East Butte	11⅝	11	11½
5,865	Franklin	22½	21¼	21½
860	Giroux	10⅛	10	10⅛
93	Granby	89	87	89
1,390	Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10½	10½
355	Hancock	27½	27	27¼
80	Helvetia	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
6,240	Indiana	44¾	41	42½
610	Isle Royale	22½	22	22
100	Kerr Lake	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
150	Keweenaw	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
4,276	Lake	81	78½	78½
1,170	La Salle	18	17¼	18
1,875	Mass	6¼	5	5¾
150	Mexico	3¾	3¾	3¾
285	Miami	24⅝	24½	24⅝
885	Nevada	24¾	24¼	24¾
180	Nipissing	10½	10¼	10½
4,263	North Butte	44¼	43	43
5,620	North Lake	24½	23½	23¾
25	Ojibway	11½	10½	10½
270	Old Dominion	47	46½	47
160	Osceola	159½	155	158
245	Parrot	20⅛	20	20
462	Quincy	92	89	90
305	Ray Cons	24	23¾	24
2,890	Shannon	16	15¼	15⅝
100	St. Mary's Land	62	62	62
820	Superior	59	58½	58½
570	Superior & Boston	14	13⅝	13⅝
575	Superior & Pittsburg	14	13½	14
60	South Utah	2⅞	2½	2½
25	Tamarack	73	71	71
53	Trinity	8⅞	8	8½
920	U. S. Oil	40	39¼	40
1,610	U. S. Smelting	49½	48½	49½
114	U. S. Smelting pf.	51⅝	51½	51⅝
850	Utah Apex	4¼	4 1-16	4¼
755	Utah Cons.	35½	34⅝	34⅝
10	Utah Copper	52½	52½	52½
75	Victoria	4⅞	4¾	4¾
50	Winona	10½	10½	10½
76	Wolverine	146½	146	146½

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Chicago Title and Trust continued to reflect inside buying on the theory that the dividend action late this afternoon will be favorable to a larger disbursement. Street's Stable Car made a further recovery from yesterday's dip to within a half point of the panic low point, and sold at midday at 28½.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	12½	12½	12½
175	Am. Can pf.	79	79	79
20	Am. Shipbuilding	75	75	75
45	Booth Fisheries	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
229	Booth Fisheries ctfs.	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
112	Chicago Pneu. Tool	46	45¾	46
13	Chicago Rys., Series 4.	8½	8	8
10	Chicago Subway	3	3	3
11	Chicago Telephone	132	132	132
231	Chicago Title & Trust	162	161	162
190	Com. Edison	116½	116	116½
100	Corn Products ref.	19¼	19¼	19¼
35	Diamond Match	102½	102	102
160	Illinois Brick	82	81	81
7	Masonic Temple	43½	43½	43½
225	National Biscuit	112	111	112
17	National Biscuit pf.	123½	123	123½
55	National Carbon	111	110½	110½
10	National Carbon pf.	120	120	120
133	People's Gas	112	112	112
12	Quaker Oats pf.	104½	104½	104½
390	Sears-Roebuck	163½	162⅞	162⅞
485	Street's Stable Car	29	28½	28½
440	Swift & Co.	107½	107	107½
25	U. N. B. B.	9⅝	9	9

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.25	Justice	.25
Alpha Con.	.11	Kentucky Con.	.18
Andes	.20	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Belcher	1.25	Mexican	1.87
Bullion	.28	Occidental Con.	.32
Caledonia	.79	Ophir	2.07
Challenge Con.	.41	Overman	1.30
Chollar	.37	Potosi	.70
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.75	Savage	.56
Con. Imperial	.07	Sag Belcher	.25
Crown Point	1.20	Sierra Nevada	.70
Gould & Curry	.34	Union Con.	.94
Hale & Norcross	.60	Utah Con.	.10
Julia	.22	Yellow Jacket	1.25

Silver bars, 53¼; Mexican dollars, 44½@45½; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.06
Belmont	1.92	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.12	Goldfield C. M.	8.30
MacNamara	.26	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.26	Jumbo Extension	.37
Montana	.86	Kendall	.02
North Star	.02	Lone Star	.04
Tonopah Extension	.70	Red Hills	.04
West End	.40	Sandstorm	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.09
Atlanta	.13	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
Combination Fract.	.33	Tramps Cons.	.05
Crackerjack	.02		

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were disposed of yesterday at auction at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

20 shares Union Mortgage Company of New York, $100 each, 100.

2,200 shares American Refiners, $1 each, $4 lot.

$2,000 Distillers' Securities Corporation first mortgage 5 per cent. 25-year convertible bonds, due 1927, coupons April and October, accrued interest to be charged, 74¼.

76 shares Consolidated Fire Alarm Company of New York preferred, $100 each, 20¼.

63 shares Consolidated Fire Alarm Company of New York common, $100 each, $66 lot.

100 shares Fire Alarm Telephone Signal Company, $50 each, $32 lot.

$35,000 Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad first consolidated 5 per cent. gold bonds, due November, 1934, coupons May and November, accrued interest to be charged, $1,000 each, 107¾.

$29,000 Morgan's Louisiana & Texas Railroad and Steamship Company, first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, due April, 1918, coupons April and October, accrued interest to be charged, $1,000 each, 118¼.

$12,000 Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad general mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds, due March, 1992, coupons March and September, accrued interest to be charged, $1,000 each, 103.

$8,000 Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad 6 per cent. consolidated bonds, due March, 1911, coupons March and September, accrued interest to be charged, $1,000 each, 101⅞.

$1,000 Houston & Texas Central Railroad 6 per cent consolidated bond, due 1912, coupons April and October, accrued interest to be charged, 100¾.

$5,000 Central Railroad of New Jersey 5 per cent. general mortgage registered bond, due July, 1987, interest January, April, July, and October, accrued interest to be charged, 123⅞.

$4,000 Pennsylvania Railroad 4½ per cent. collateral trust bonds, due 1913, coupons June and December, accrued interest to be charged, 101.

$12,000 Virginia Midland Railroad mortgage bonds, 5 per cent., sixth series, due 1931, coupons March and September, accrued interest to be charged, $1,000 each, 106⅝.

50 shares New York, Lackawanna & Western Railroad 5 per cent. guaranteed, $100 each, 126¾.

30 shares United States Steel Corporation preferred, $100 each, 122¼.

87 shares Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, $50 each, 591¼.

400 shares Reading Company first preferred, $50 each, 89⅞.

$8,000 Michigan Central Railroad first mortgage 4 per cent. registered bonds, due 1940, interest January and July, accrued interest to be charged, 97⅝.

19 shares Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company, $50 each, 282¾.

10 shares Importers and Traders' National Bank, $100 each, 564¼.

15 shares Westchester Trust Company, $100 each, 150.

200 shares Union Typewriter Company common, $100 each, 58.

$500 Freundschaft Society second mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1928, 71½.

$1,200 Progress Club 4 per cent. bonds, due 1930, 64.

329 shares Union Gas Light and Fuel Company of Anderson, Ind., 6 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, $25 lot.

210 shares Sweetwood Tooth Pick Company, $100 each, $4,000 lot.

$8,000 La France Copper Company first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due 1932, interest January and July, January, 1910, coupons attached, 10.

10 shares National Reserve Bank, $100 each, 122½.

500 shares United Berde Copper Company, $70 per share.

10,000 shares San Luis Mining Company, $1,040 lot.

6½ shares Union Bank of Brooklyn, (stock trust certificate,) $100 each, 78.

10 shares Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn, $50 each, 250.

50 shares Casualty Company of America, $100 each, 125.

$54,000 Branchland Coal Company first mortgage 20-year 6 per cent. gold bonds, due January, 1927, July, 1908, coupons attached, 35.

3 shares Union Bank of Brooklyn, $100 each, 85½.

5 shares Columbia Trust Company of New York, $100 each, 302.

33 shares Lincoln Trust Company, $100 each, 145¾-146.

15 shares Broadway Trust Company, $100 each, 149½.

290 shares Westchester Fire Insurance Company, $10 each, 461¼.

10 shares Royal Baking Powder Company preferred, $100 each, 109.

50 shares Carnegie Trust Company, $100 each, 145.

200 shares Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company preferred, $50 each, 27½.

$1,000 Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron Company 5 per cent. debenture coupon bond, due 1926, 84¼.

$6,000 Kansas City Western Railway Company first refunding 5 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1925, 80.

1,000 shares Tenabo Mining and Smelting Company, $320 lot.

15 shares National City Bank, $100 each, 408¼.

50 shares Carnegie Trust Company, $100 each, 145.

30 shares East River National Bank, $25 each, 125.

11 shares Northern Bank of New York, $100 each, 100.

50 shares Paul System Company of New York, (hypothecated,) $100 each, $36 lot.

100 shares Union Ferry Company, $100 each, 32.

$5,000 United Thacker Coal Company 5 per cent. gold bonds, due March, 1924, interest March and September, accrued interest to be charged, 78.

50,000 shares Automatic Billing Company, $1 each, $500 lot.

25 shares Audubon National Bank, $100 each, 120¼.

100 shares Carnegie Trust Company, $100 each, 145.

100 shares Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company voting trust certificates, 59¼.

$3,000 St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Company first mortgage 5 per cent. 50-year gold bonds, due 1955, coupons January and July, 81.

$4,000 Boston & Albany Railroad Company 4 per cent. bonds, due 1913, interest April and October, 99⅛.

25 shares Bankers' Loan and Investment Company, Class A.

$10,000 Central Colorado Power Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds; 50 shares Central Colorado Power Company preferred; 50 shares Central Colorado Power Company common, $6,025 lot.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Excited on Government Report and Damage—Other Grains Strong—High Records for Provisions—Cotton Dull.

The trading in wheat was very active all the session. The market was extremely irregular and at times excited. The greatest strength was in the new crop deliveries. This was due to a renewal of crop reports from Kansas that the growing weather had developed more injury than at first thought, and there was some damage reports from the Ohio Valley. Prices were up from the recent low about 8¼c on the May and 5¼c on the September at the West. The May wheat was influenced by the Government report and the strength in the new crop months. The interpretation put on the Government report was rather bullish on the ground that it showed only 80,000,000 bushels more wheat in the country than last year, while the crop to start with was 73,000,000 bushels more than last year. There has been a decrease of 26,000,000 bushels in the exports, making a net addition to the domestic supply of 99,000,000 bushels, of which all but 30,000,000 bushels have disappeared from sight, indicating either largely increased consumption or else a direct overestimate of the last crop by the Government. The other conclusion that the wheat may be in the hands of distributors was not considered. There was no interest shown in cash grain, and flour reports continue of slow sales. Prices quoted No. 2 red Winter, $1.26½ bid, nominal, elevator, domestic; No. 2 red spot nominal, free on board, afloat, $1.27½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.27¼; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.26¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.19.

Corn was also active and strong. The market was a little lower at the start, but advanced, showing a very good market after midday, partly influenced by the strength in the other grains and partly by the deductions from the Government report. The fact that the larger crop has been taken care of, notwithstanding the smaller number of live stock, was considered bullish, particularly as prices were considerable under last night and much under quotations made later in the season last year. Cash corn quoted No. 4, 62½c, and steamer, 65½c, all elevator, export basis; No. 2 sold early at 67c in elevator, export basis.

Oats were also strong and active. There was good buying of all deliveries on the theory that the Government report showed that over 100,000,000 bushels of the increased crop had been used up, indicating larger distribution than last year, while prices were so much under last year that there was opportunity for good improvements. Prices quoted for cash oats were: Natural white, 50@52c; white clipped, 50½@53c.

Provisions were excited and strong. New high records were made for hogs and for hog products. Trading was heavy, and the advance did not seem to bring very much pressure on the market, although there was some reaction from the advance.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

The quotations to-day, the closing prices of the previous day, and closing prices for the corresponding date last year follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.22¼	$1.20¼	$1.22¼	$1.20⅝
July	1.15⅝	1.13⅛	1.15⅝	1.13⅛
September	..	..	1.11½	1.08¾
Corn—				
May	73¼	73¼	73¼	73
July	..	..	74⅜	74⅜
September	..	..	75¼	75½
Oats—				
May	..	..	50⅜	50¾
Lard—				
May	14.25	14.00	14.22	13.78
July	14.12	14.10	14.10	13.63
September	14.12	13.90	14.12	13.63

Curb, 2:30 P. M., May—Wheat, $1.22¼. Puts, $1.21¼; calls, $1.23⅜.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
Wheat—				
March	..	..	$1.13	$1.12
May	$1.13½	$1.11⅛	1.13⅜	1.12¼
July	1.07¼	1.05	1.07¼	1.05⅛
September	1.04⅜	1.01⅝	1.04⅜	1.01⅝

2:30 to 2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.14⅛@$1.14⅜; downs, $1.12½@$1.12⅜.

Corn—				
March	..	..	61⅝	..
May	63⅞	62¼	63⅝	62⅝
July	65⅝	64½	65⅝	64½
September	66⅜	61¼	66¼	65⅛

May ups, 64⅛@64¼c; downs, 63¼c.

Oats—				
May	45	44	44⅞	44¼
July	42⅝	41⅞	42⅝	42⅜
September	40½	39¾	40⅜	40½
Lard—				
March	..	..	13.90	
May	13.90	13.60	13.80	13.45
July	13.75	13.45	13.67½	13.32½
September	13.75	13.47½	13.70	13.35
Ribs—				
May	13.32½	13.07½	13.27½	13.00
July	13.27½	13.00	13.20	12.92½
September	13.22½	13.07½	13.22½	12.95
Pork—				
May	25.45	24.92½	25.35	24.92½
July	25.50	24.97½	25.37½	24.97½
September	25.25	24.85	25.25	..

COTTON.

The interest in the cotton market was extremely narrow and without feature. There was very little outside interest, and fluctuations were limited. The advance in the market early was partly due to support orders credited to the bull party, and to some buying on the bullish gossip regarding the possibility of congestion in the near positions and predictions of a squeeze. The distant deliveries were relatively heavy, and there was a little selling on talks of rains in the Southwest. Later the market moved within rather a narow range, easing off a little from the advance with local selling and a withdrawal of support. The feeling regarding near-by positions is becoming very nervous, and there is a tendency to look for manipulation in the near positions, and there was plenty of predictions that there will be a squeeze in May before long. This situation is the result of the technical developments and belief that there will be enough cotton shipped out to leave the control entirely in the hands of the bulls. Stocks have decreased about 10,000 bales since March 1, which is cited as proof of the determination of the bulls to move the cotton received on March tenders to Europe. The trade position is apparently unchanged. There is no fresh interest shown in the developments of general trading business. Accounts are of slow demand, but so much is being said on this score that the traders are rather disposed to ignore the reports, and pay but little attention in the absence of fresh developments. Southern spot markets closed unchanged to ⅛c decline.

New York—Spot cotton quiet; unchanged; middling uplands, 14.80c; middling Gulf, 15.05c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
March	14.70	14.67	14.66@14.68	14.69
April	..	..	14.59@14.61	14.60
May	14.68	14.57	14.62@14.63	14.63
June	..	..	14.33@14.35	14.38
July	14.38	14.26	14.31@14.32	14.36
August	13.76	13.70	13.70@13.72	13.75
September	12.93	12.87	12.87@12.89	12.94
October	12.55	12.47	12.49@12.50	12.55
November	12.40	12.40	12.30@12.32	12.37
December	12.35	12.30	12.31@12.32	12.36

The market closed steady at 1@7 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was steady, closing net unchanged to 5 points advance, with sales of 22,500 bags, of which 9,500 were in the form of switches. Interest was mostly in the late positions, particularly December, and there was good buying of this position, with good bids unfilled when the market closed. The foreign markets were firmer than expected, Havre being ¼ franc higher, while Hamburg was unchanged to ½ pfennig advance, and in Brazil Rio was 25 reis higher and Santos unchanged. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 3,490,688 bags, compared with 4,119,878 last year and 3,795,125 two years ago. Spot coffee steady, at 8¾ for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues. Close.
March	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
April	7.00	7.00	6.95@7.00	6.95
May	7.10	7.10	7.05@7.10	7.05
June	..	..	7.15@7.20	7.15
July	7.25	7.25	7.20@7.25	7.20
August	..	..	7.20@7.25	7.20
September	..	..	7.20@7.25	7.20
October	..	..	7.20@7.25	7.20
November	..	..	7.20@7.25	7.20
December	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.25	7.15
January	..	..	7.25@7.30	7.20
February	7.25	7.25	7.25@7.30	7.20

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

AMERICAN RAILWAYS—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Month Jan.	$293,908	$276,396	$17,512
July 1-Jan. 31	1,856,855	1,749,177	107,668

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

4th week Feb.	42,668	43,193	*525
Month Feb.	201,746	172,771	28,975
July 1-Feb. 28	1,712,622	1,356,824	355,798

*Decrease.

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—

4th week Feb.	58,621	45,083	13,538
Month Feb.	192,040	180,334	11,706
July 1-Feb. 28	1,582,891	1,309,845	273,046

ATLANTIC COAST LINE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	4,482.32	4,467.96	14.36
Total op. rev.	2,566,712	2,266,315	300,397
Total op. exp.	1,627,613	1,428,701	198,912
Totl net rev.	939,098	837,613	101,485
Taxes	95,500	90,000	5,500
Op. income	843,508	747,613	95,985
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	16,540,357	14,491,924	2,048,433
Total op. exp.	10,528,499	9,662,917	865,582
Total net rev.	6,011,858	4,829,007	1,182,851
Taxes	663,000	630,000	33,000
Op. income	5,348,858	4,199,007	1,149,851

BALTIMORE & OHIO report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	4,198.40	3,992.42	205.98
Total op. rev.	6,421,839	5,363,454	1,058,384
Total op. exp.	4,933,133	3,954,381	978,752
Net op. rev.	1,488,705	1,409,073	79,631
Outside op., deb.	70,590	63,317	7,273
Total net rev.	1,418,114	1,345,755	72,358
Taxes	192,287	180,084	12,203
Op. income	1,225,827	1,165,671	60,155
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	50,492,459	42,328,336	8,164,122
Total op. exp.	34,118,364	27,578,446	6,539,917
Net op. rev.	16,374,098	14,749,889	1,624,204
Outside op., deb.	383,402	319,352	64,050
Total net rev.	15,990,691	14,430,537	1,560,154
Taxes	1,325,001	1,199,569	125,431
Op. income	14,665,690	13,230,967	1,434,722

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	1,982.21	1,982.21	......
Total op. rev.	2,324,237	2,024,965	299,272
Total op. exp.	1,717,875	1,573,287	144,587
Net op. rev.	606,362	451,677	154,684
Outside op., deb.	10,332	7,120	3,212
Total net rev.	596,029	444,557	151,471
Taxes	74,000	74,000	......
Op. income	522,029	370,557	151,471
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	17,473,954	15,466,872	2,007,081
Total op. exp.	11,990,967	11,313,203	677,764
Net op. rev.	5,482,987	4,153,669	1,329,317
Outside op., deb.	41,139	21,119	20,020
Total net rev.	5,441,848	4,132,550	1,309,297
Taxes	508,328	485,347	22,980
Op. income	4,933,519	3,647,203	1,286,316

COLORADO & SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,248.65	1,248.45	.17
Total op. rev.	824,661	729,618	95,043
Total op. exp.	533,750	492,653	41,091
Net op. rev.	290,911	236,965	53,945
Out. op. debit	818	157	660
Total net rev.	290,092	236,808	53,284
Taxes	21,625	21,225	400
Op. income	268,467	215,583	52,884
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	5,757,089	5,276,917	480,172
Total op. exp.	3,700,486	3,441,298	259,188
Net op. rev.	2,056,602	1,835,619	220,983
Out. op. debit	2,366	*2,049	4,415
Total net rev.	2,054,236	1,837,668	216,568
Taxes	151,375	146,746	4,628
Op. income	1,902,861	1,690,921	211,939

*Credit.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAYS for January—

Gross earnings	51,048	43,246	7,802
Op. expenses	30,772	27,606	3,166
Net earnings	20,276	15,640	4,636

FORT WORTH & DENVER CITY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	454.14	454.14	......
Total op. rev.	423,023	404,194	18,828
Total op. exp.	267,357	297,391	*30,033
Net op. rev.	155,665	106,803	48,862
Out. op. debit	5,802	†258	6,061
Total net rev.	149,863	107,062	42,800
Taxes	9,938	9,318	619
Op. income	139,925	97,743	42,181
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	3,232,528	3,074,972	157,555
Total op. exp.	1,828,118	1,981,891	*153,773
Net op. rev.	1,404,410	1,093,081	311,329
Out. op. debit	1,794	†4,066	*5,861
Total net rev.	1,402,616	1,097,148	305,468
Taxes	56,457	61,718	*5,260
Op. income	1,346,158	1,035,429	310,729

*Decrease. †Credit.

HOCKING VALLEY report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	350	347	3
Total op. rev.	567,654	399,522	168,131
Total op. exp.	374,847	318,647	56,199
Net op. rev.	192,807	80,875	111,932
Out. op. debit	996	975	*20
Total net rev.	191,810	79,899	111,911
Taxes	20,676	18,495	2,181
Op. income	171,133	61,403	109,730
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	4,471,879	3,857,692	614,186
Total op. exp.	2,745,095	2,561,455	183,640
Net op. rev.	1,726,783	1,296,237	430,546
Out. op. net	85,606	47,099	38,506
Total net rev.	1,812,389	1,343,336	469,052
Taxes	149,718	140,076	9,641
Op. income	1,662,670	1,203,259	459,410

*Decrease.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	1,662.79	1,511.10	151.69
Total op. rev.	3,873,876	3,316,725	557,151
Total op. exp.	2,560,067	2,089,463	470,604
Net op. rev.	1,313,808	1,227,262	86,546
Out. op. debit	3,752	2,419	1,333
Total net rev.	1,310,056	1,224,843	85,213
Taxes	135,000	125,000	10,000
Op. income	1,175,056	1,099,843	75,213
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	28,739,764	24,557,076	4,182,687
Total op. exp.	17,445,080	15,071,755	2,373,324
Net op. rev.	11,294,684	9,485,321	1,809,363
Out. op. debit	43,076	14,118	28,958
Total net rev.	11,251,607	9,471,202	1,780,404
Taxes	843,905	898,646	*54,741
Op. income	10,407,702	8,572,556	1,835,146

*Decrease.

NEW YORK CENTRAL report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage	3,587	3,587	......
Total op. rev.	7,421,396	6,549,606	871,789
Total op. exp.	5,660,827	5,113,566	547,261
Net op. rev.	1,760,568	1,436,040	324,528
Out. op. (debit)	8,052	2,571	10,623
Total net rev.	1,752,516	1,438,611	313,904
Taxes	388,714	353,435	35,279
Op. income	1,363,801	1,085,176	278,625
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	57,534,387	51,746,260	5,788,127
Total op. exp.	39,343,546	36,518,625	2,824,920
Net op. rev.	18,190,841	15,227,634	963,206
Out. op. (net)	187,623	141,742	45,881
Total net rev.	18,378,464	15,369,377	3,009,087
Taxes	2,635,257	2,711,111	*75,853
Op. income	15,743,207	12,658,266	3,084,941

TOLEDO RAILWAYS & LIGHT COMPANY for January—

Gross	258,219	225,216	33,003
Op. exp.	151,762	130,059	21,703
Net	106,457	95,157	11,300
Other income	250	100	150
Total income	106,707	95,257	11,450
Chgs and taxes	75,213	71,013	4,200
Surplus	31,494	24,244	7,250

UNION PACIFIC report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	3,411	3,309	101
Total op. rev.	3,932,561	3,284,415	648,146
Total op. exp.	2,257,251	1,790,184	467,066
Net op. rev.	1,675,310	1,494,230	181,079
Out. op. (debit)	11,819	5,584	6,235
Total net rev.	1,663,490	1,488,646	174,844
Taxes	123,250	111,783	11,466
Op. income	1,540,240	1,376,862	163,377
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Total op. rev.	32,094,381	28,768,363	3,326,018
Total op. exp.	15,268,661	13,441,181	1,827,480
Net op. rev.	16,825,720	15,327,182	1,498,538
Out. op. (debit)	4,137	7,652	*3,514
Total net rev.	16,821,582	15,319,529	1,502,052
Taxes	928,276	762,503	165,773
Op. income	15,893,306	14,557,026	1,336,279

WABASH-PITTSBURG TERMINAL COMPANY report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—

Mileage	63	63	......
Total op. rev.	46,993	43,829	3,164
Total op. exp.	43,382	39,479	3,903
Net op. rev.	3,610	4,350	*739
Taxes	6,000	5,850	149
Op. income	2,389	1,500	*888
Total op. rev.	466,106	482,494	*16,388
Net op. rev.	160,132	162,886	*2,753
Taxes	40,800	42,496	*1,696
Op. income	119,332	120,389	*1,057

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Net earnings	30,448,384	28,704,405	27,371,019
Deductions	5,399,742	5,432,725	5,554,017
Balance	25,048,642	23,271,680	21,817,002
Pref'd divs.	4,721,346	4,721,346	4,721,346
Balance	*20,327,296	*18,550,334	17,095,656
Common divs.	14,084,840	13,078,780	10,060,600
Balance	6,242,456	5,471,554	7,035,056
Cost of 4% gold bonds	1,769,577	......	5,034,237
Surplus	4,472,879	5,471,554	2,000,819
Previous surp.	38,026,261	32,554,708	30,553,889
Total surp.	42,499,140	38,026,261	32,554,708

*Equal to 50.5% earned on $40,242,400 common stock, comparing with 46.9% earned on same stock last year.

MASS CONSOLIDATED MINING for the year ended Dec. 31—

Copper receipts	234,605	238,609	379,589
Silver and other receipts	9,143	1,910	8,582
Total receipts	243,748	240,519	388,171
Total expenses	288,753	287,411	447,544
Year deficit	45,005	46,892	59,373

SLOSS-SHEFFIELD STEEL AND IRON COMPANY for the year ended Nov. 30—

Prof. on pig iron	896,816	889,652	1,400,392
Prof. on coal	119,695	99,190	61,362
Prof. on coke	162,013	132,829	135,127
Ore & dol. sales	......	388	8,739
Rent, royal., &c.	233,356	141,684	157,423
Int. and exch.	52,466	21,996	16,630
Total income	1,454,347	1,285,740	1,779,673
Tax. and license	57,964	55,593	50,685
Balance	1,396,383	1,230,147	1,728,988
General exp.	59,435	56,187	56,702
Net earnings	1,336,947	1,173,960	1,672,286
Bond interest	210,000	210,000	210,000
Surplus	1,126,947	963,960	1,462,286
Preferred divs.	469,000	469,000	469,000
Balance	*657,947	494,960	993,286
Common divs.	500,000	425,000	500,000
Surplus	157,947	69,960	493,286
Prev. surplus	3,121,574	3,146,386	2,723,322
Total surplus	3,279,522	3,216,346	3,216,608

*Equal to 6.58% earned on $10,000,000 common stock as compared with 4.95% earned on same stock last year.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY preliminary estimated statement of earnings for the quarter ending March 31—

	*1910.	1909.	1908.
Net revenue	1,750,000	1,684,893	1,330,886
Bond interest	433,063	433,062	433,062
Balance	1,316,937	1,251,831	897,824
Dividends	747,639	747,198	1,230,100
Surplus	569,298	504,633	†332,276
Previous surp.	18,584,497	16,077,905	14,077,080
Total surplus	19,153,737	16,582,538	13,744,804

*Estimated. †Deficit.

Nine months ended March 31—

Net revenue	5,426,475	5,479,912	1,723,333
Bond interest	1,299,186	1,299,187	1,299,186
Balance	4,127,289	4,180,725	424,147
Dividends	2,242,828	1,992,043	3,664,150
Surplus	1,884,460	2,188,682	3,240,013
Previous surp.	17,269,278	14,393,857	16,884,781
Total surplus	19,153,738	16,582,539	13,644,768

Actual figures for the quarter ended Dec. 31:

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Net revenue	1,747,200	1,930,064	803,942
Bond interest	433,063	433,063	433,062
Balance	1,314,137	1,497,002	370,880
Dividends	747,639	747,025	1,217,000
Surplus	566,498	749,976	*846,120
Previous surp.	18,017,999	15,327,929	14,923,200
Total surplus	18,584,497	16,077,905	14,077,080

*Deficit.

Easter Number *of* The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

The Easter Number of The New York Times Next Sunday will be a triumph in newspaper publication. Here are some of the interesting features that will be found:

"The Barricade"

A synopsis of the new play by Paul Bourget. This is a masterpiece by the famous playwright, and The Times is presenting it for the first time to the American public.

The Last Days of Oscar Wilde

This is a pathetic story of the closing of the life of that master of English, given for the first time in detail. It cannot fail to interest every reader.

The Jamaica Bay Improvement

A picture by Vernon Howe Bailey will give Times readers the first comprehensive idea of the vastness of the project whereby the city is to have a great harbor that will make this the centre of the world's shipping. A descriptive story will add to the reader's interest.

United States Warships That Are Ready for the Junk Heap

This is a revelation about the navy, showing that warships costing $50,000,000 are now practically of little use.

King Edward's War on Bogus Baronets

The Veteran Diplomat has gone into this subject in detail, showing why the King has taken this important step. It is a most alluring revelation of English shams.

New Army Rifle That May Revolutionize Warfare

Here is a story of unusual interest to every one, telling as it does of some of the efforts being made to make small arms more than ever destructive to an enemy.

The Trial of Countess Tarnowsky

All Europe is concerned greatly about the plot by which her husband was murdered.

The Prince of Monaco's Rule in Danger

The story of the recent demand of the subjects of this little principality whose chief industry is gambling is full of real interest to all readers.

Special Pictorial Section on Fashions

This will deal exclusively with the latest Paris fashions. It will give every woman reader an idea of the Spring novelties.

The Usual Pictorial Section. This will be of more than ordinary merit. It will deal with many timely subjects in picture.

New York City
New Issue
4¼%
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Basis Table
At 103.42 bonds net 4.00%
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At 101.35 bonds net 4.15%
At 100.67 bonds net 4.20%
The above may be of interest, as no table showing income upon 4¼% bonds is in general use.
On application we shall be pleased to send a more complete and itemized sheet.
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Present Prices
(March 7, 1910)
and Average Earnings as to Preferred Stocks for Six Years of Several Leading Industrial Companies.

	Earnings per cent.	Price.	Yield at Market.
MacArthur Bros.	26.42	100	7%
U. S. Steel	18.72	122	5.7%
Am. Locomotive	18.88	113	6.2%
Am. Sugar	16.94	121	5.6%
Am. Car Fdry	16.76	117	5.8%
Int'l Harvester	16.79	122½	5.7%
Am. Cotton Oil	15.84	101½	5.9%
Am. Smelting	15.54	108½	6.3%
Nat'l Biscuit	15.48	122	5.7%

On request we will send further particulars of the preferred stock above mentioned which shows, *over a period of years*, the greatest investment value (earnings), the largest yield at market price, and which is issued by a corporation having the highest rating and the longest record.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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NEW YORK CENTRAL'S RISE

Stock Moves Up on Dividend Increase—Cheerful News from Trade Circles—Exchange Down.

In the early part of yesterday's Stock Exchange session prices of all the leading shares rose to new high records for the present movement, scoring gains of from 1 to 2 points over opening quotations. The movement was not maintained beyond the noon hour, however. The new level appeared to offer to speculators an irresistible opportunity for profit taking, and so widespread did the realizing become that, coupled with more or less tentative bearish operations, it provoked in the afternoon a very general reaction in prices. At the close of the day a majority of the shares actively dealt in were at least fractionally under their prices of Tuesday night. An exception to this existed in Union Pacific. Apparently there was discovered in this stock a vulnerable short interest, for, contrary to the current of the market, it moved up over 4 points from the day's low, retaining 1¼ points of the advance at the end. For the similar rise in New York Central the announcement of the increase to 6 per cent. in the dividend rate on that stock was altogether responsible. This announcement was one of the important news developments of the day, although after a fashion the step had been foreshadowed by the larger disbursements recently put into effect by a number of its subsidiaries. In a large way it may safely be assumed that the Directorate of this great property would not have adopted so liberal a policy in the matter of the distribution of earnings unless in its judgment the business future of the country was clearly established. The experiment of advancing the Central rate only to reduce it again within a brief period was tried some little time ago, and it is not to be supposed that all that yesterday's action of the board indicates is a repetition of that experiment. Some of the reasons which undoubtedly had weight in the decision to enlarge the payment at this time were to be found in the weekly reviews of the leading iron and steel trade journals issued during the day. Emphasis in these reviews was placed upon the great demands upon iron and steel works at present from the railroads, and there were repeated the estimates published in this column yesterday of 22,000 cars or so, as covering the equipment of this kind which the railroads are at present seeking. An equal number of cars must be secured by the roads before their requirements are filled. It is not surprising under these circumstances to learn that the output of pig iron for the month of February broke all monthly records of production for the twenty-eight days, running to 2,397,254 tons, and constituting a daily rate 1,468 tons in excess of that of January. In the day's news there was also to be found reference to practically the only disturbing element in the business situation as a whole, that concerning the labor situation. A rejection of the demands of the soft coal miners by the association representing the owners of bituminous properties in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, was reported, while a disturbance at one of the chief properties of the International Paper Company required the dispatch of State troops to the scene and opened a prospect of trouble at others of the company's plants. The Public Service Commission's decision in the Coney Island fare matter was regarded as significant of the new order of things in the relations of the railroads and the State.

Time money worked closer, a natural movement, in view of the very heavy losses of the banks to the Sub-Treasury, the restricted inflow of funds from the interior, and the financing involved in current offerings of new securities. These same offerings, owing to the participation in them of foreign investors and foreign institutions, were instrumental in bringing about a very sharp decline in demand sterling in the foreign exchange market.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Car and Foundry Co. for dividends on common and preferred.
Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co. for dividend.
Central Leather Co. for dividend on preferred.
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Lamson Store Service Co. for dividend.
Philadelphia Traction Co. for dividend.
Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co. for dividends on common and preferred.
St. Joseph, South Bend & Southern Railway for dividends on common and preferred.
Seattle Electric Co. for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Atlantic Coast Line Company.
Chicago Telephone Co.
Childs Co. on common and preferred.
Erie & Pittsburg Railroad.
Globe-Wernicke Co. on common.
Inter-Continental Rubber Co. on preferred.
Reading Co. on first preferred.
Stark Electric Co.—Stock dividend payable.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Green Bay & Western Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2⅝@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2⅞ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅞ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¼@3¾ per cent. for sixty days, 3¾@4 per cent. for ninety days, 4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4¼@4½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 9-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3½ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $368,645,897; balances, $16,381,868; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,646,233.

The local banks have lost $3,026,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.8675@$4.8685, sixty days at $4.8445@$4.8460, and cables at $4.87@$4.8715.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞ less 1-16@5.16⅞ less 1-64 for cables, 5.16⅞ less 7-64@5.16⅞ less 1-16 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-32 @95¼ plus 1-64 for cables, 95 3-16 less 1-64 @95¼ less 1-32 for sight, and 94⅝ less 1-32 @94¾ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 10@5c discount; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, par; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 23⅝d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 50⅜c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	98⅝	99⅛
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	96⅞	97⅜
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99½	100
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅞	101¼
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	102⅝	103⅛
K. C. Ry. & L'ght 6s, Sept., 1912	96⅞	97⅛
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99½	100
Norf. & Western 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100¼
Southern 5s, Feb., 1913	98⅜	99
Tidewater Co. 6s, 1913	101⅝	102¼
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅛	101

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales March 9, 1910.....1,083,993
From Jan. 1, 1910.....45,685,061
Corresponding period last year.....33,945,221

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
12⅛	12¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	12½	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
46	46½	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	46	46⅝	46	46⅝	+1⅛
81⅞	82	46,800	*Amalgamated Cop.	82	84	81⅝	82	−1⅛
47¼	48	2,750	Am. Agricul. Chem.	47⅛	48⅜	47⅛	47¼	− ⅜
39⅞	40½	3,000	Am. Beet Sugar	40	41½	40	40½	+ ⅝
12½	12¾	1,800	Am. Can	12¼	12⅜	12¼	12½	− ⅛
78¾	79	100	Am. Can pf	79	79	79	79	...
67¼	67⅜	2,900	Am. Car & Foundry	67¼	68⅜	67¼	67⅜	− ⅝
118	120	500	Am. Car & Found. pf	119⅝	120	119⅝	119⅝	+ ⅝
68⅞	69	3,150	Am. Cotton Oil	68⅞	69¾	68⅞	69¼	+ ⅝
7	7¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ¼
40⅞	41	1,700	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	40⅞	41¼	40½	40⅞	+ ⅝
27⅞	28	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	28	28	28	28	− ⅜
15½	16	300	*Am. Linseed	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	− ½
39⅞	41	400	*Am. Linseed pf	40⅞	40⅞	40½	40½	+ ⅞
55	55¼	1,900	Am. Locomotive	55	55¾	55	55½	+ ½
113½	114½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	...
7⅜	7¾	200	Am. Malt	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	...
44	46	200	Am. Malt pf	45	45	44½	44½	− ⅝
88⅛	88¼	28,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	88⅝	90	87½	88¼	− ⅝
110½	111	1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	110¼	111	110¼	110½	+ ⅝
89¾	90	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	− ½
126	126½	600	Am. Sugar Refining	126	126½	126	126½	+ ½
141½	142	2,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	141¾	142¼	141¾	141¾	...
98	99	700	Am. Tobacco pf	98	98	98	98	+1
37⅛	37¾	600	Am. Woolen	37½	37½	37¼	37½	+ ⅜
50¾	51	4,300	Anaconda Cop. Min.	50¾	51¾	50⅝	50⅝	−1⅛
71	73	100	Ann Arbor pf	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	− ⅞
118	118⅛	23,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	118¼	119	117⅞	118⅛	− ¼
103⅝	103¾	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	...
132	132½	1,800	Atlantic Coast Line	132¼	133⅜	132	132	− ¼
113½	113⅝	7,912	Baltimore & Ohio	113	114⅜	112⅞	113½	+ ¼
..	..	183	Bank of Commerce	211	212	211	212	...
30	31	100	Bethlehem Steel	30½	30½	30½	30½	− ¼
60	62	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	61	61	61	61	+1
78⅛	78¼	25,900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77¾	79¼	77¾	78⅛	+ ⅝
155½	158	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	157	157	157	157	+1
29	38	100	Buffalo & Sus. pf	30	30	30	30	+2½
180	180⅝	1,500	Canadian Pacific	180⅝	180⅞	180⅝	180⅝	+ ½
43⅝	44	3,700	Central Leather Co.	43⅝	44⅝	43⅝	43⅞	− ⅛
109¼	109½	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	...
290	300	16	Central R. R. of N. J.	290	290	290	290	...
87	87⅛	20,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	87⅛	88¼	86¾	87⅛	− ⅜
59¾	60	900	Chicago & Alton	60	60⅝	60	60	− ½
31½	32¼	2,600	Chicago Gt. Western	32	32½	31½	31½	− ¼
58½	59	1,800	Chi. Gt. Western pf	58	59½	58	58½	+1½
148	148¼	18,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	148½	149⅝	147¼	148¼	− ⅝
162	163	950	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	162½	163¼	162½	162⅝	− ⅜
158	158½	5,810	Chi. & Northwestern	158½	159½	157½	157½	−1
155	160	10	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	150¼	150¼	150¼	150¼	...
4	4⅝	100	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	4	4	4	4	− ⅜
83¼	84	1,200	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	83	83	83	83	+1
43	43½	2,200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	43	43⅝	43	43	...
63	64	500	Colorado Southern	62⅞	63	62⅝	63	...
17	17½	100	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	17½	17½	17½	17½	− ½
..	..	3,600	*Comstock Tunnel	†35	36	35	36	...
148¼	149	10,600	Consolidated Gas	148¼	149⅜	148¼	148½	− ⅜
19	19⅜	700	Corn Products Ref.	19½	19½	19⅜	19½	...
84	85	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	83⅝	84	83⅝	84	+1½
177	178	1,000	Delaware & Hudson	177½	178⅜	177½	178¼	+ ⅝
43	43¼	3,700	Denver & Rio Grande	43¼	44	43¼	43½	...
80	81	700	Den. & Rio Grande pf	80¼	80⅜	80¼	80¼	...
34¼	34¾	1,700	Distillers' Securities	34¼	34¾	34	34¼	− ⅜
15½	16	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	15½	15½	15½	15½	...
29	29½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
32⅛	32¼	7,200	Erie	32½	33	32⅛	32⅛	−1
51	51¾	1,500	Erie 1st pf	52	52¼	51⅜	51⅝	− ⅞
40	41	400	Erie 2d pf	41¼	41¾	41¼	41½	− ½
56	67	100	Federal M. & S.	60	60	60	60	+4
156	157½	900	General Electric	157	157¾	157	157¾	+ ¾
139¼	139⅜	6,700	Great Northern pf	139⅛	140¼	139	139½	− ¼
71	71⅝	1,275	*G.N. certs. ore prop	71½	71⅝	71½	71⅝	+ ⅛
90½	91	300	Hocking Valley pf	91	91	91	91	− ½
144⅛	144½	1,800	Illinois Central	143¾	145	143¾	144⅛	− ⅜
22½	22¾	6,000	Interborough-Met.	23⅛	23⅜	22⅜	22⅜	− ⅜
57⅛	57½	9,600	Interborough-Met. pf	58¼	58⅜	57⅛	57⅛	−1⅛
92½	93	300	Int. Harvester	92⅞	92⅞	92¾	92¾	− ¼
122	122¾	60	Int. Harvester pf	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	...
56½	57	300	Int. Paper pf	58	58	57½	57½	− ½
48¼	49	400	Int. Steam Pump	48½	48½	48⅜	48½	...
24	25	1,000	Iowa Central	24	25	24	25	+1¼
44½	45	1,100	Iowa Central pf	44½	45¼	44	45¼	+ ⅞
38¾	39¼	6,000	Kansas City South	39¼	40⅜	39¼	39¼	− ½
70	70¼	500	Kan. City South. pf	69½	70⅜	69½	70⅜	+ ⅝
8	10	100	Keokuk & Des Moines	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅜
40	50	100	Keokuk & D. M. pf	41	41	41	41	−3½
103¼	103½	1,600	Laclede Gas	103¾	103⅞	103¼	103½	− ½
24	25	300	Lake Erie & Western	24⅝	24⅝	24	24	...
61	62½	100	Lake Erie & West. pf	61	61	61	61	...
154	154½	4,300	Louisville & Nash.	154	155½	154	154	...
90	91½	200	Mackay Cos	91	91	91	91	...
77	78	200	Mackay Cos. pf	77½	77½	77½	77½	+1
6½	6¾	500	Mercantile Marine	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	− ⅛
21⅝	22	300	Mercantile Marine pf	22	22	21½	21½	− ⅝
42¼	43¾	500	Minn. & St. Louis	43	43½	43	43½	+ ¼
144	144⅝	750	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	144	144⅝	144	144⅝	+ ⅝
91¾	92¼	200	M., St. P. & S. S. M. l. l.	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	− ¼
43¾	44¼	13,600	Mo., Kansas & Texas	44⅜	45⅜	43⅝	43⅞	− ⅝
71½	72	3,200	Missouri Pacific	72⅜	73	72	72	− ⅝
111¼	113	400	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	110½	112¾	110½	112¾	+1¾
..	124	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	124	124	124	124	+1
85½	86	4,820	Nat. Lead Co.	85½	87¼	85½	86	+ ¾
..	..	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf	110	110	110	110	+ ½
86	88	1,405	N. Y. Air Brake	86¼	88	86¼	87⅞	+2⅞
126⅝	126¾	53,300	N. Y. Central	125½	128	124⅝	126⅝	+1¾
90	95	100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	+ ½
160⅞	161¼	400	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	161	161¼	161	161¼	+ ⅝
150¼	150½	300	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs. 1st pd	150⅝	150¾	150⅝	150½	+ ¼
46⅛	46½	2,100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	46	46¾	46	46⅛	− ⅜
102¼	102½	2,000	Norfolk & Western	102	102⅜	102	102¼	+ ¼
80½	81	800	North American	81¼	81⅝	81	81	− ¼
138¼	138½	8,650	Northern Pacific	138½	139⅞	138¼	138¼	−1
113	115	100	Pacific Coast	114½	114½	114½	114½	+1½
34	34½	1,000	Pacific Mail	35	35	33½	33½	−1
40	41	650	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	+1
137¼	137½	54,387	Pennsylvania R. R.	137⅛	138⅛	137	137⅜	...
111⅞	112	3,000	People's Gas, Chi.	111⅝	112¼	111½	112	+ ⅜
101½	102½	100	Philadelphia Co.	101½	101½	101½	101½	−2½
101½	102	1,500	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	101⅝	102	101⅝	101⅝	− ⅜
..	..	200	P., C., C. & St. L. rgts.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	...
22	22¾	2,000	Pittsburg Coal	23	23⅛	22¼	22¼	− ¾
75	75¼	1,800	Pittsburg Coal pf	76½	76⅝	75¼	75¼	+ ¼
46	46½	900	Pressed Steel Car	46½	46½	46	46	− ½
103	104	200	Pressed Steel Car pf	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	+ ¾
196	196½	100	Pullman Co.	196¼	196¼	196¼	196¼	− ½
45¾	46	500	*R'way Steel Spring	46	46½	45¾	45¾	− ½
103	107	300	*Ry. Steel Spring pf	107	107	107	107	+2
169¼	169⅜	110,500	Reading	169¾	171½	169	169¼	− ⅞
91	93	100	Reading 1st pf	91	91	91	91	...
105	106	100	Reading 2d pf	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	− ⅞
40	40⅝	1,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	41	41¼	40⅝	40⅝	− ½
103½	104¼	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	104¼	104¼	103¾	103¾	− ¼
50	50¼	26,800	Rock Island Co.	50	51½	49⅝	50⅛	− ¼
89½	90	4,600	Rock Island Co. pf	88	90	88	90	+2¾
69½	71	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	−1
55¾	56¼	3,000	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	56¼	57¼	55	55¾	−1
29¾	30	2,600	St. Louis Southwest	29½	30½	29½	30	...
74¼	75	700	St. Louis Southw. pf	74½	75	74½	74½	+ ¼
81½	82	1,100	Sloss-Shef. Steel & I.	82	83¾	82	82	...
129	129⅛	49,600	Southern Pacific	128⅞	130⅜	128⅝	129⅛	− ¼
30	30¼	2,200	Southern R'way ext	30	30⅝	29⅞	30	− ½
68	68⅜	1,600	South. R'way pf. ext	68	68⅜	67⅞	68	+ ½
35¾	36	200	Tennessee Copper	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	...
31¼	31½	1,800	Texas & Pacific	31½	32	31½	31½	...
91	92	200	Tex. Pac. Land Trust	92	92	92	92	+1¾
6¼	6¾	2,650	Third Avenue	8¼	8¼	6¼	6½	−1⅞
45½	46½	900	Toledo, St. L. & W.	45¾	46½	45¾	46	− ¼
67¾	68	500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	67⅞	68	67⅞	67⅞	...
114	114½	330	Twin City Rap. Tran.	114	114	114	114	...
70	73	100	Union Bag & Pap. pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	+ ½
190⅞	191	136,200	Union Pacific	189½	193½	189¼	191	+1¼
..	..	2,900	Union Pacific pf	100	100⅝	100	100½	+1
119½	120¼	300	United Dry Goods	119¼	119⅞	119¼	119⅞	− ⅝
109¾	110½	30	United Dry Goods pf	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	...
76½	79	110	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	78½	78½	78½	78½	+ ½
123	130	25	U. S. Express	126	126	126	126	...
77	78	248	U. S. Realty & imp	76¼	77	76¼	77	+1
47	47¼	1,100	U. S. Rubber	47	47¼	46¾	47⅛	+ ⅛
115½	116	800	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	115¾	116⅜	115¾	116	+ ½
80	81	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	81	81	81	81	...
88	88⅛	215,500	U. S. Steel	88½	89⅝	87⅞	88	−1
122	122¼	3,500	U. S. Steel pf	122¼	122½	122	122	− ⅜
51¾	52	7,000	Utah Copper	52	52⅞	51½	51½	−1
58	58¼	18,450	Va.-Caro. Chemical	57¾	58⅞	57⅝	58	+1
126½	127½	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	126	126	126	126	+1¼
22¼	22⅜	4,300	Wabash	22¼	23¼	22¼	22⅜	+ ⅜
49⅜	49⅝	12,300	Wabash pf	49¼	50⅛	49⅛	49⅜	− ⅛
178	180	225	Wells-Fargo Express	179½	179½	179½	179½	+2½
51	51¼	4,700	Western Md. 4th pd	51¼	51⅞	51	51	...
76¼	76¾	1,400	Western Union Tel.	77¾	77¾	76½	76¾	−1
75	75½	1,800	Westinghouse E. & M.	75½	76	75	75	− ⅞
5⅜	5⅝	100	Wheel. & Lake Erie	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	...
11	12	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	11¾	11¾	11	11	− ¾
5¾	6	130	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
54	55	400	Wisconsin Central	55	55	54	54	− ⅜

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅞	101⅜
2s, c., 1930	100⅞	101½
3s, r., 1918	102½	103¼
3s, c., 1918	102½	103¼
4s, r., 1925	114¾	115½
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	101½
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100½	101½
Adams Exp.	250	..
Alb. & S.	280	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	103	105
Am. B. S. pf.	93	95¼
Am. Coal	90	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	107
Am. D. T.	10	30
Am. Exp.	290	295
Am. Snuff	250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	95	110
Am. St. Fd.	60½	61½
Am. S. R. pf.	122	124
A. T. & C.	70	77
Am. W. Co. pf.	103	103⅞
Ann Arbor	30	40
B. & O. pf.	91½	93
Batopilas M.	3	3¼
Beech Creek	95	..
Bruns. Ter.	13½	15
B., R. & P.	95	110
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
But'k Co.	31¼	32¼
Canada So.	66¾	72¼
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119½
C. & A. pf.	..	72
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W. pf.	205	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	9	10½
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	110
Cleve & P.	171	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	116	120
Col. & So. 1st pf.	81	83
Col. & So. 2d pf.	80	82

	Bid.	Asked.
Cons. Coal	105	..
Crex Carpet	60	63
D., L. & W.	590	610
D. M. & Ft. D.	5	10
Det. U. R.	62	67
Du P. De N. Pow. pf.	85	88
Ev. & T. H.	56	65
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S. pf.	79	81½
Gen. C. Co.	90	105
Gen. C. Co. pf.	105	107½
Hav. E. R.	92	93⅞
Hav. E. R. pf.	..	95
Hock. V. r.	102	112
Homestake	86½	88
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. Power	..	30
Int. St. P. pf.	88	88½
K. & M. r.	45	55
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	78½	81
Lacl. G. pf.	92	100
Lake Shore	325	400
Long Island	67	72
Mah. C. R.	311	..
Man. Beach	3	5
Man. Elev.	138½	139¼
Md. C. pf.	50	90
Met. St. R.	15	20½
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L. pf.	70	78
M. St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	153⅞	156
Mo., K. & T. pf.	73	74½
N., C. & St. L.	132	140
Nat. Enam.	22½	24½
Nat. En. pf.	93	97
Nat. R. of M. 1st pf.	64¾	65
Nat. R. of M. 2d pf.	28	28¼
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L.	50	62
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	100	118
N. Y. D. Co.	34	38
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	83	85

	Bid.	Asked.
N. & W. pf.	89	92
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Ont. Mining	2¾	3½
Pac. C. 1st pf.	98	108
Pac. C. 2d pf.	112	115
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	85	95
Peo. & E.	22	26
Pere Marq.	35	40
Pere M. 1st pf.	60	63
Pere M. 2d pf.	40	47
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	116
P., Ft. W. & C.	170	..
Quicksilver	2½	3½
Q'ksil'r pf.	3½	4
Rens. & S.	190	..
R., W. & O.	120½	..
Rutland pf.	25	35
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	140	160
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	60	69
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	125

	Bid.	Asked.
Sears-R. pf.	121	123½
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	118	123
So. P. R. S.	82	84
So. P. R. S. pf.	109	112
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	84½	88
Texas Cent.	40	..
Texas Cent. pf.	75	..
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	11	11⅝
U. B. & P.	10¾	11
Un. Cig. M. pf.	109	111
U. Rys. Inv.	37	40
U. Rys. Inv. pf.	67	68
U. S. C. I. Pipe	25	27
U. S. R. & Ref.	6	8
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	16	27½
U. & B. R.	174	..
Vand. R. R.	75	..
Va. I., C. & Coke	60	63
Vulcan Det.	13	23
Vul. D. pf.	67	74
Westingh'se 1st pf.	126	128

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was a shade easier in the asking price for spot, while later months were slightly lower both in the bid and asked price. Tin was dull and easy. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper, for both spot and future deliveries, scored a gain from the initial prices of the day of 5s, but remained unchanged from the closing figures of Tuesday for both commodities. The market finished firm, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £60 5s; futures, £61 2s 6d. Pig tin ended steady, with spot deliveries down 10s, to £147 12s 6d, and future deliveries off 7s 6d, to £149 10s. Spelter was steady and unchanged, at £23 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 6d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Tuesday:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Stand. Copper—				
Spot	13.15	13.40	13.15	13.45
March	13.15	13.35	13.15	13.45
April	13.15	13.35	13.20	13.45
May	13.15	13.35	13.20	13.45
Spelter	5.60	5.80	5.60	5.80
Lead	4.50	4.60	4.50	4.60
Tin	32.35	32.60	32.40	32.67½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

United States 4s cpn, 1925
1,000....114¾
Argentine 5s, J. P. M. & Co rects
1,000....96⅞
Jap Govt 4½s, strl loan
5,000....95⅜
2,000....95½
2d series
20,000....95¼
U S Mex 4s
1,000....97
Tenn Settlm 3s
8,000....94¾
small bonds
700....93½
N Y Cy 4s, 1958
44,000....99¾
N Y Cy 4s, 1959
6,000....99¾
26,000....99⅞
N Y Cy 4½s, 1957
5,000....108⅞
N Y Cy 4½s, 1917
2,000....103¼
Allis-Chalmer 5s
1,000....82¼
2,000....82⅝
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
1,000....102⅞
Am Hide & L 6s
6,000....101
Am T & T conv 4s
16,000....105
18,000....105¼
1,000....105
9,000....105⅛
51,000....105
Am Tobacco 6s
2,000s20f....106¼
10,000....106½
6,000....106¼
34,000s10f....106⅜
Am Tobacco 4s
1,000....82¾
7,000....82½
12,000....82⅝
8,000....82½
4,000....82⅝
1,000....82⅜
2,000....82½
1,000....82
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1,000....83
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000....93
A, T & S Fe gen 4s
5,000....100⅝
18,000....100½
1,500....100⅝
5,000....100⅜
1,000....100⅝
adjustment 4s
3,000....94¼
conv 5s
3,000....119½
7,000....119⅝
5,000....119⅞
conv 4s
12,000....118½
sub rects 2d pd
3,000....117
Trans S L 4s
4,000....94⅜
At Coast Line, L & N col 4s
4,000....94½
1,000....94⅜
6,000....94½
10,000....94¼
5,000....94⅜
11,000....94¼
At Coast Line 4s
3,000....96¾
5,000....96½
B & O gold 4s
2,000....99⅞
8,000....100
500....100½
9,000....99⅞
4,000....99⅞
P L E & W V 4s
25,000....92½
11,000....92⅜
Bklyn Rap Trnst refg conv 4s
24,000....84¼
2,000....84⅜
10,000....84½
1,000....84⅜
15,000....84½
7,000....84⅝
10,000....84⅞
20,000....85
B R T gold 5s
2,000....102
Bklyn Un Elv 1st
19,000....102
5,000....102½
Bush Term 5s
4,000....97¼
Can So 1st ext 6s
1,000....105⅜
Cen of Ga Ry con 5s
2,000....108¼
Cen Leather 5s
3,000....100¼
11,000....100⅜
Cent Pac gtd 4s
17,000....97⅝
Ches & Ohio gen 4½s
2,000....103⅛
C, B & Q gen 4s
5,000....99¼
C, B & Q deb 5s
6,000....102¼
C, B & Q joint 4s
12,000....96½
86,000....96⅝
10,000....96⅜
65,000....96⅝
Ill div 3½s
1,000....88⅝
Neb ext 4s
4,000....99⅜
So'wn div 4s
1,000....99
C & E Ill ref & Imp 4s
5,000....85
C, M & St P, C & P Wn 5s
6,000....108⅛
4,000....108
C, M & St P gen 4s, Series A
10,000....100¼
10,000....100
C & N gen 3½s
18,000....89
sink fund 5s
1,000....108
C, R I & P gen 4s
10,000....98¼
6,000....98
4,000....98¼
C, R I & P Ry rfndg 4s
21,000....91⅝
3,000....91½
5,000....91⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
3,000....81⅛
77,000....81¾
103,000....81⅞
1,000....82
2,000....81⅞
235,000....82
1,000....82⅛
100,000....82
1,000....82⅛
20,000....82
14,000....82¼
15,000....82
4,000....81⅛
24,000....81⅞
15,000....81⅞
Col Industrial 5s
1,000....80½
Col & So 1st 4s
6,000....97
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
35,000....98¾
5,000....98⅝
5,000....98¾
Del & Hud cv 4s
10,000....101
D & H 1st ref 4s
1,000....99⅞
10,000....100
15,000....99⅞
Den & Rio G 1st & ref 5s
3,000....94
East Tenn V & G con 1st 5s
5,000....112½
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000....86
Erie 1st gen 4s
36,000....76½
Erie conv 4s Series A
10,000....82¾
10,000....82½
5,000....82
Series B
10,000....73
3,000....73¼
10,000....73¾
15,000....73¼
55,000....73½
Erie Pa col tr 4s
1,000....85⅝
Ft W & D C 1st
10,000....113¾
Ft W & R G 1st
5,000....86
Gen Elec conv deb 5s
500....145
Ill Cen 4s, 1953
1,000....100
Inter-Met 4½s
17,000....82¼
5,000....82⅜
2,000....82¼
106,000....82⅜
12,000....82¼
Inter Rap T 5s
10,000....102⅝
1,000....102⅞
Inter Rap T conv 6s
2,000....103
Int & Gt N 2d 5s
2,000....110½
Trust Co ctfs
25,000....110½
1,000....111
Inter Paper 6s
3,000....103¾
Int Steam P 5s
1,000....96⅞
Iowa Cen ref 4s
2,000....77
Irr Wks Den Agr S A 4½s
1,000....97½
K C, Ft S & M 6s
2,000....116
Kan Cy So 5s
1,000....102¼
Kan Cy So 3s
15,000....73½
L S & Mich So 4s, 1931
1,000....93½
9,000....94
Long Dock 6s
5,000....126
L Isl rfdg 4s
3,000....97½
L & N unified 4s
9,000....98⅝
Mer & Mar col trst 4½s
1,000....68⅞
3,000....68⅝
Minn & St L 1st ref 4s
1,000....80¼
Met St Ry ref 4s
2,000....48
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
3,000....99¼
1,000....99½
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
2,000....86⅝
M, K & T s f 4½s
4,000....89¾
M, K & T 1st & rfdg 4s
5,000....84
M, K & T ext 5s
1,000....103½
M Pac 1st col 5s
3,000....102
M Pac conv 5s, Trust Co ctfs full paid
25,000....95⅜
500....95¼
14,000....95⅜
500....95¼
2,500....95⅝
Mo Pac 4s
5,000....81
Mut Un Tel 6s
4,000....99⅞
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s
4,000....95½
100,000....95⅝
Nash, Chat & St L 1st 7s
7,000....108⅞
N Y Cent & H R R R gen 3½s
2,000....90½
L S col 3½s
50,000....82
10,000....82¼
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
1,000....102¾
pur money 4s
1,000....86⅝
3,000....86⅞
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
2,000....134¼
8,000....134⅜
10,000....134⅞
conv 3½s
15,000....102¼
13,000....102⅜
21,000....102½
N Y, Susq & W 1st refunding 5s
5,000....103½
N Y Tel 4½s rects
3,000....98½
11,000....98⅝
Norf & West con 4s
5,000....99⅜
84,000....99¼
60,000s20f....99
3,000....99⅛
Norf & West conv 4s
4,000....103
35,000....102⅞
2,000....103
1,000....103⅛
84,000....103⅛
21,000....103¼
5,000....103⅜
5,000....103⅛
North Pac 4s
15,000....101¾
North Pac, St P-Duluth 4s
3,000....97½
Oregon Short Line 1st con 5s
1,000....113¾
1,000....113⅝
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
1,000....99⅛
2,000....99
Penn conv 3½s
27,000....101½
1,000....102
1915
16,000....97
5,000....97⅛
11,000....97¼
Penn Co 4s, 1948
3,000....104⅝
Penn R R gtd gold 4s
1,000....98½
Phila Co conv 5s
25,000....105
Ry Steel Spring 5s
1,000....97½
Reading gen 4s
6,000....99½
5,000....99¼
2,000....99⅜
St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s
10,000....109⅜
unify & ref 4s
3,000....84
St L & S F R R refunding 4s
10,000....84½
34,000....84¼
67,000....84
9,000....84¼
1,000....84⅜
10,000....84¼
St P & D con 4s
4,000....97½
South Pac 4s
3,000....92¾
So Pac conv 4s
125,000....103¼
99,000....103⅛
55,000....103⅛
20,000....103¼
87,000....103⅛
50,000....103¼
13,000....103⅛
So Pac 1st ref 4s
2,000....95⅜
10,000....95⅜
3,000....95⅜
2,000....95⅜
1,000....95¼
2,000....95⅜
1,000....95¼
South Ry 1st 5s
1,000....109
3,000....108¾
1,000....108½
South Ry gen 4s
5,000....79
1,000....79¼
20,000....79⅛
Term Assn of St L 1st 5s
4,000....115⅛
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
2,000....112⅜
Third Av con 4s Trust Co ctfs sta
25,000....66½
Tol, St L & Wn col 4s, 1917
2,000....85¼
Tor, Ham & Buff 1st 4s
4,000....90⅝
Un Pac 1st 4s
21,000....101⅛
5,000....101⅜
7,000....101⅛
7,500....101⅜
Union Pac conv 4s
10,000....110½
10,000....110⅝
160,000....110⅞
105,000....111
10,000....111¼
20,000....111¼
25,000....111
20,000....111⅛
10,000....111⅛
50,000....111⅜
15,000....111⅝
10,000....111⅛
65,000....111⅛
40,000....111½
10,000....111⅝
5,000....111¼
5,000....111⅛
U S R & Imp 5s
6,000....90¼
U S Rubber 6s
22,000....103¼
4,000....103⅛
6,000....103¼
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
4,000....105⅜
5,000....105½
1,000....105⅜
15,000....105¼
1,000....105⅜
22,000....105¼
18,000....105¼
registered
2,000....105¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
13,000....99
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000....111
Wabash ref & ext 4s
3,000....73⅝
10,000....[illegible]
118,000....74
1,000....74⅛
95,000....74
10,000....74¼
15,000....74¼
20,000....74
10,000....73¾
Wab Pitts Ter 1st
1,000....42
Trust Co ctfs
1,000....42
10,000....42⅜
1,000....42
Wab Pitts Ter 2d
3,000....5¼
10,000....5¾
West Md 4s
17,000....86
West Md conv 4s Trust Co ctfs
35,000....73¼
West Union fund 4½s
1,000....96
West Union Tel col tr 5s
3,000....99⅞
West Un conv 4s, Series A
1,000....102⅛
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
1,000....92⅞

Total sales, March 9, 1910.....$4,472,200
From Jan. 1, 1910.....177,116,200
Corresponding date last year.....275,854,000

Perhaps you want Rooms and Board in private families? See Page 17.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in Better Volume with Trend of Prices Generally Upward on Curb.

COPPERS FRACTIONALLY UP

Miami One of the Exceptions to a General Upward Movement—Gains Limited to Small Fractions.

Fractional gains were general in the Curb market yesterday, and the copper stocks found a comparatively active market. Boston, which reported transactions of 1,800 shares, sold up to 20⅝ and closed at 20½, ⅜ above the opening level. Greene-Cananea, after going to 10⅞, closed even with the opening, at 10⅝, transactions totaling 3,000 shares. Miami, although at one time ⅛ above the opening level of 24½, sold down to 23¾, closing at 24¼ after transactions of 1,800 shares. Nevada Consolidated closed at 24⅝, ¼ above the opening, after transactions of 4,000 shares.

⁂

The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
235	Am. Tobacco	430	432	430	432
12,000	June Oil	32	42	32	36
50	Manhat. Tran.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
91	Standard Oil	650	660	650	651
800	U. S. Lt. & H.	2⅛	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛
800	U.S.L.& H. pf.	8⅛	8⅛	8	8⅛
	RAILROAD.				
150	Chicago Sub.	†3⅝	3⅝	3	3
	MINING STOCKS.				
1,800	Boston Copper	20⅛	20⅝	20⅛	20½
175	Braden Copper	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
500	Brit. Col. Cop.	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,000	Caledonia Min.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,500	Chino Copper	14½	14¾	14½	14⅝
3,500	*Cobalt Cent.	19⅝	20	19½	19½
400	Colonial Silver	½	½	½	½
655	*Comb. Frac.	32	33	31	32
8,000	Con. Ari. S.	2¾	3	2 13-16	2⅞
100	Davis-Daly C.	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16
225	El Rayo	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
300	First Nat. Cop.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
5,600	Gila Copper	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
1,500	Giroux Mining	10	10⅛	9⅞	10
2,500	Goldfield Con.	8 5-16	8 7-16	8¼	8⅜
500	Gold Hill Con.	1½	1½	1½	1½
3,800	*Greenwater	9	10	9	9½
3,000	Greene-Can.	10⅝	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝
2,700	*Harcuvar Cop.	44	44	43	46
100	Inspirat'n Cop.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
700	Kerr Lake	8¾	8 13-16	8 11-16	8 11-16
300	La Rose Con.	4½	4½	4½	4½
400	*McKinley-D.	88	90	87	87
500	Mason Valley	1 13-16	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
1,800	Miami Copper	24½	24⅝	23¾	24⅛
50	New Balt. Cop.	11½	11½	11½	11½
4,000	Nev. Con. Cop.	24⅜	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
1,100	N.-U. M. & S.	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
160	Nip. Mines Co.	10½	†10½	10¼	10¼
8,800	Ohio Copper	4½	5	4⅜	4⅝
1,200	Pac. Smelters	13-16	15-16	13-16	⅞
100	Prec. Metals	1⅜	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞
8,200	Ray Central	3⅝	3 13-16	3 9-16	3 9-16
4,150	Ray Consol.	†23⅞	24⅛	22⅞	24
60	Sup. & Pitts.	14	14	14	14
2,500	*Tonop. Bel.	1.97	1.99	1.94	1.94
50	Tonop. Mining	7½	7½	7½	7½
2,500	*Tramps Cons.	6	6	6	6
4,500	Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	⅞	1
200	Tularosa	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,150	Union Mines	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
100	United Copper	8½	8½	8½	8½
1,500	*Yukon G. M.	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½
	BONDS.				
$35,000	Cuban G. 4½s.	98	98	98	98
121,000	K. C. Ter. 4s.	98⅛	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
10,000	Lack. St. d. 5s.	95½	95½	95½	95½
10,000	L. S. C. m. 5s.	85½	85½	85½	85½
190,000	N.Y.C. 4½s, w.i.	101⅝	102	101⅝	101⅞
90,000	R. I. A. & L. 4½s.	96⅝	96¾	96¼	96¼
20,000	West. Pac. 5s.	96⅞	97	96⅞	97

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Tuesday

	March 9. Bid.	March 9. Asked.	March 8. Bid.	March 8. Asked.
Am. Coal Prod.	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
Am. Tobacco	430	435	425	430
Am. Writing Paper	3	3⅜	3	3⅜
Am. Writing Paper pf.	27¼	28½	27½	28½
Am. Light & Traction	294	298	294	298
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	117½	116	117½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	105½	104	105½
Boston Copper	20⅛	20½	20¼	20½
British Col. Copper	7	7¼	6⅞	7⅛
Braden Copper	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
Butte Coalition	26¾	27¼	26¾	27¼
Chicago Subway	3	3¼	3	3¼
Combination Fraction	32	33	32	33
Cobalt Central	19	20	18½	19½
Davis-Daly Copper	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
First Nat. Copper	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4¾
Giroux	9⅞	10	9⅞	10
Goldfield Con.	8 5-16	8 7-16	8⅜	8½
Greene Cananea	10⅝	10¾	10½	10⅝
International Salt	6	10	6	10
Kerr Lake	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8¾
La Rose Con.	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
McKinley-Darragh	87	90	87	90
Manhattan Transit	1⅝	1⅞	1¾	2
Mason Valley	1¾	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
Miami Copper	24	24½	24¾	24⅞
Mines Co. of Am.	48	50	48	50
Nevada Con. Cop.	24½	24⅝	24⅜	24½
New Baltic Con.	11	13	11	13
Nevada-Utah M. & S.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Nipissing Mines Co.	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
Ohio Copper	4⅝	4¾	4⅜	4½
Pope Manufacturing	69	71	69	71
Pope Mfg. pf.	..	86½	..	86½
Ray Central	3½	3 9-16	3⅜	3 13-16
Ray Consolidated	24	24½	24	24½
Silver Queen	18	20	20	21
Standard Milling	18	20	18	20
Standard Milling pf.	57	60	57	60
Standard Oil	650	660	645	650
Tri-Bullion	⅞	1	⅞	1
Tonopah Mining	7⅜	7½	7¼	7⅜
United Cigar Mfg.	86½	87½	86	87
United Copper	8¼	8⅜	8⅜	8½
United Copper pf.	16	30	15	30
U. S. Light & Heat	2 1-16	2⅛	2 1-16	2⅛
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8⅛	8	8⅛
Western Pacific	96⅞	97	96⅞	97
Yukon Gold Mines	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, March 9.—Transactions in bonds were fairly large in volume, but due mainly to the trading in two issues. Atlantic Coast Line convertible debentures were in good demand and a shade firmer. Cotton Duck bonds were fairly active, but on the selling side, being offered rather freely, causing a decline of 1 point, to 71¼. Atlantic Coast Line of Connecticut moved up 3½, to 25¼, on a small transaction. Connecticut Cotton Duck preferred was 2 points higher compared with the last preceding sale about two weeks ago. Stocks, 475 shares; bonds, $23,000.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$1,000	A. C. L. of Conn. 5-20s	90½	90½	90½
117,000	A. C. L. con. deb. 4s	102⅝	102½	102⅝
1,000	Coal & Iron Ry. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	City & Sub. 5s, Wash.	103½	103½	103½
58,000	Cotton Duck 5s	72	71	71¼
1,000	Consolidated Gas 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1,000	Fair. & Clarks. Tr. 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	Macon, Dub. & S. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼
4,000	Maryland Electric	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
6,000	Seab'd 4s, stamped	84	84	84
35,000	United Rys., inc.	61¼	61¼	61¼
1,000	United Rys. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
2,000	Va. Century	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
	STOCKS.			
10	A. C. L. of Conn.	25½	25½	25½
15	Citizens' Bank	38¾	38¾	38¾
34	Conn. Cotton Duck	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
35	Conn. Cotton Duck pf	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
50	Fidelity & Deposit	154	154	154
25	Farm. & Mer. Bank	47	47	47
125	International Trust	151½	151½	151½
5	Mer. & Miners' Tran.	87	87	87
5	Northern Central	130	130	130
120	Seaboard Co. com.	24¾	24½	24½
40	United Rys.	13¾	13¾	13¾

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 9.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	STOCKS.			
10	Con. Ice	11½	11½	11½
10	Con. Ice pf.	43½	43½	43½
355	Crucible Steel	16⅜	16⅛	16¼
369	Crucible Steel pf.	91½	90½	90⅞
10	Fireproof	8½	8½	8½
100	Mfrs. Light & Heat	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
20	Pittsburg Brewing	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
20	Pittsburg Brewing pf.	41	41	41
40	Pittsburg Coal pf.	75½	75	75½
85	Pitts. Plate Glass	119	119	119
105	River Coal	111	111	111
15	Sewer Pipe	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
600	Tonopah Extension	70c	70c	70c
30	United States Steel	89⅛	88½	89⅛
10	Westing. Elec. 2d	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
70	West. Penn. pf.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
	UNLISTED.			
600	Am. Milling	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,300	San Toy	33c	33c	33c
20	Union Gas	133	133	133
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Kansas Gas 2d 6s	91½	91½	91½

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50 Louisville, Hend. & St. L. Pfd.
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10 Singer Manufacturing
100 Union Stock Yds. of Omaha
100 Western Pacific Pfd.
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100 Buffalo Gas Com. ....@ 5½
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10 Thomas Iron Co. ....@$58
5 Un. Lead Deb. 5s ....@ 64
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Central Dividend.

There seemed to be a general feeling in the Street yesterday that the New York Central dividend increase could be regarded as of a rather more permanent character than the similar advance made three years ago. The feeling was that where the former advance had been due in some degree to the necessities of new financing, in the present case no such incentive existed. Proof of the truth of this was found in the speedy closing yesterday of the subscription books for the offering of Franklin & Clearfield bonds made by Morgan & Co., the property being a subsidiary of the Central. It is altogether probable that the road would have been able to maintain a 6 per cent. rate up to the present had it not been for the intervention of the panic and the consequent lean traffic on all railroads. A few weeks ago Wall Street was in the mood to anticipate another panic or something like it on the rendering of adverse decisions in the anti-trust cases now before the Supreme Court, but its humor was changed, and to-day, at least, it finds it difficult to discover any reason why the Central shouldn't maintain its new rate for a long time to come.

⁂

Good Name an Asset.

The fact that a good name is in a commercial way as essential as great riches, if not better, is illustrated in the case of St. Paul, whose shares have in nowise reflected the exceedingly poor January earnings statement of the road.

⁂

Comfort for Tobacco Stockholders.

Any one who has held the extreme opinion that the American Tobacco Company will have no other alternative than to liquidate under the forthcoming Supreme Court decision will find something of interest in yesterday's annual report of the company. That the concern earned something over 50 per cent. on the common stock is not surprising, for big earnings are a well-developed habit with the company, but equally interesting is the showing of assets, which, if applied in liquidation to the company's bonds and preferred stock, which amount in all to $183,164,000, would still leave $103,000,000, in round figures, for the $40,242,000 of common stock.

⁂

Southern Building Its Own Cars.

A dispatch from Chattanooga published in the financial district yesterday that the Southern Railway had acquired control of the Lenoir Car Works brought out the information from the office of the Southern Railway in this city that the road had controlled this plant for several months. It was acquired by the Southern Railway through purchase of the majority stock of the car company to permit of the construction and repair of cars for the Southern Railway. The results obtained, an official said, both in the construction and in the repair of cars have been very satisfactory. In obtaining car works of its own the Southern Railway is pursuing a policy followed by a number of roads, notably in the South, of placing itself in a position to manufacture a large part of its own equipment, instead of depending upon outside car manufacturing companies. In this way the repair of old equipment and the construction of new equipment can be advantageously combined.

⁂

Market Sold on Good News.

The course of yesterday's market gave satisfaction to the trading element, which pins its faith to the time-tried adage that the market is a sale on good news. Previous to the announcement that the New York Central had raised its dividend rate from 5 to 6 per cent., the recent strength of the market was unabated, and prices generally were at the highest levels attained since the recovery from last month's slump began, New York Central and Union Pacific vying with United States Steel for the leadership. At the beginning of the last hour, following the dissemination of the news of the action of the Central Directors a reaction set in, moderate at first, but growing more pronounced toward the close. In the final trading most of the advances made earlier in the day were lost, and prices were back again to around opening levels. In New York Central and Union Pacific, however, the reaction was not sufficient to wipe out the gains of the early session, and they closed substantially higher than on Tuesday. Trading was more active than on any day since the break, early in February, and transactions totaled over 1,000,000 shares.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Wednesday.

General selling was under way as the market closed on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Profit taking on the long side had been noticeable throughout the early dealings, but it was not until the final hour that it made much impression upon prices, fresh commission house buying up to that time offsetting it. The room trading element were, however, expecting a reaction, and they offered stocks freely in many sections of the list. Transactions were heavy, totaling 138,370 shares, with the list for the day embracing 62 different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,740	Amal. Copper	82⅝	83⅞	81⅞	82¼
330	Am. Beet Sug.	39⅝	41⅜	39⅝	40
70	Am. Can	12½	12⅝	12½	12½
130	Am. C. & F.	67½	68¼	67¼	67½
190	Am. Cot. Oil	69	69⅝	68⅞	68⅞
150	Am. Ice	28¼	28½	28	28
130	Am. Loco.	54⅞	55⅝	54⅞	55⅝
8,860	Am. Smelting	88⅝	90	87½	88
130	Am. Sugar	125½	126¼	125½	126¼
10	Am. Woolen	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼
530	Anaconda Cop.	50⅞	51⅝	50⅞	51⅛
810	A., T. & S. F.	118⅜	119	118	118⅜
390	Balt. & Ohio	113⅛	114¼	113⅛	113⅝
2,710	Brooklyn R. T.	77⅞	79⅛	77⅝	78
60	Cent. Leather	43⅞	44⅝	43⅞	44½
460	Ches. & Ohio	87	88⅜	87	87¼
10	Chi. & Alton	61	61	61	61
80	Chi. Gt. West.	32½	32½	31⅞	32½
1,030	C., M. & S. P.	148⅛	149⅝	147½	147⅝
540	Col. F. & I.	43⅛	44	42⅞	43
10	Col. & South.	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼
360	Consol. Gas	148⅞	149¼	148⅞	148½
210	Corn Products	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19½
420	Den. & R. G.	43¼	44¼	43¼	43¼
140	Dist. Securities	34½	34⅝	34¼	34⅜
750	Erie	32⅝	32⅞	32¼	32¼
20	Erie 1st pf.	52½	52½	52½	52½
100	Gt. North. pf.	139⅞	140	139¾	139¾
10	Gt. N. O. ctfs.	72	72	72	72
110	Inter.-Met.	23⅛	23¼	22¼	22¼
530	Inter.-Met. pf.	58	58⅛	57¼	57¼
100	Kan. City So.	39½	40¼	39½	40
150	Louis. & Nash.	154½	155⅞	154½	155½
580	Mo., K. & T.	44	45¼	44	44¼
290	Mo. Pacific	72⅝	73¼	72	72
200	Nat. Lead	85⅝	86⅜	85⅝	86
8,820	N. Y. Central	124⅝	127⅜	124⅝	126⅞
110	N. Y., O. & W.	46	46⅞	46	46⅞
110	Norf. & West.	102¼	102½	102¼	102½
460	Northern Pac.	138⅝	139⅞	138⅝	138⅝
80	Pacific Mail	34⅞	34⅞	33⅞	33⅞
2,960	Pennsylvania	137⅜	138⅜	137	137⅜
50	People's Gas	111⅝	112½	111⅝	112
170	Pitts. Coal	22	23	22¼	22¼
10	Pressed S. C.	47	47	47	47
28,960	Reading	169⅝	171⅛	169⅛	169⅝
50	Repub. Steel	41	41	40⅜	40⅝
1,660	Rock Island	50¼	51⅛	50	50¼
5,070	Southern Pac.	129⅝	130⅝	128⅞	129
190	Southern Ry.	29⅞	30¼	29⅞	30⅛
50	Texas Pacific	31⅝	31⅞	31⅝	31⅝
220	Third Avenue	8¼	8⅛	6⅝	6⅝
19,990	Union Pacific	189¼	193⅛	189⅛	190⅞
170	U. S. Rubber	47⅛	47⅛	47	47⅛
47,470	U. S. Steel	88⅜	89⅝	87⅞	88
100	U. S. Steel pf.	122⅛	122⅝	122⅛	122⅛
180	Utah Copper	52⅛	52⅝	51⅞	51⅞
980	Va.-Car. Chem.	57⅝	58⅛	57⅝	58
50	Wabash	22⅝	23⅛	22⅝	22¼
1,730	Wabash pf.	49⅞	50⅛	49	49⅛
80	Western Union	77⅝	77⅝	76¾	77⅝
60	Westingh. El.	76	76	74⅜	74⅜
138,370					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atlanta	.15¼	.15¼	.15¼	.15¼
200	Belmont	1.95	1.95	1.95	1.95
300	Belcher	1.30	1.30	1.27½	1.27½
1,300	Comstock	.35	.35	.35	.35
500	Comb. Frac.	.33	.33	.33	.33
200	Elkton	.67½	.67½	.67½	.67½
150	Goldf'd Cons.	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½	8.37½
1,100	Jumbo Ext.	.35	.37	.35	.37
1,000	McNamara	.28	.28	.28	.28
100	Mexican	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
120	Quicksilver	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
2,000	Red Hill	.04½	.04½	.04½	.04½
100	Tonopah Min.	7.00	[illegible]	7.00	7.00
200	Tonopah Ext.	.70	.71	.70	.71
8,270					

WHEAT.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
325,000	May option	1.11⅞	1.13⅛	1.11⅞	1.13⅛

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Trading in Americans Light and Featureless in London.

LONDON, March 9.—Money was plentiful and in fair demand and discount rates were easy to-day.

Trading continued irregular on the Stock Exchange, with speculators reducing their commitments in oil, rubber, and mining shares prior to the settlement. Rhodesian mines, diamond shares, and trunk lines attracted attention, and Mexican rails improved, but British shares showed a sagging tendency, led by consols, which fell five-sixteenths on the uncertain political situation. Foreign securities scarcely moved.

American stocks opened weak and from ⅛ to ⅝ below parity. Selling orders were numerous, especially in United States Steel and Union Pacific. Later covering started a recovery, but the market lacked support, and the gains were lost. During the rest of the session trading was light and featureless. The close was quiet.

PARIS, March 9.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day. Copper shares were dull.

Three per cent. rentes, 99 francs 10 centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 19 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, March 9.—Trading was quiet and prices were firm on the Boerse today.

Bank of Germany,

BERLIN, March 9.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand decreased 2,113,000 marks; loans decreased 59,562,000 marks, discounts increased 68,463,000 marks, Treasury bills increased 1,997,000 marks, notes in circulation decreased 29,554,000 marks, deposits increased 50,904,000 marks, gold in hand decreased 5,699,000 marks.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	81 1-16	..	..	—¼
Consols, account	81⅛	..	..	—5-16
Anaconda	10⅝	51⅞	51⅞	—⅛
Atchison	121	117⅞	118⅝	—⅝
Canadian Pacific	184⅞	180	180⅛	—½
St. Paul	152½	148⅝	148⅛	—⅛
Erie	33⅝	32⅞	33⅛	—⅝
Erie 1st pf.	53	51⅝	52⅛	—⅞
Illinois Central	147⅛	143⅝	144⅛	—1¼
Louis. & Nash.	157⅛	153⅝	154	—½
N. Y. Central	128⅛	125⅛	125⅛	—⅝
Pennsylvania	70⅞	137	137⅝	—⅝
Reading	87⅛	170	170⅛	—⅞
Southern Pacific	132⅛	128⅞	129⅝	—⅝
Union Pacific	194⅛	189⅞	189⅝	—⅝
U. S. Steel	90⅞	88⅝	89	—⅝
U. S. Steel pf.	125⅛	122⅛	122⅝	—¼

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	7	3	Esperanza	2	17	6
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	8	9	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

4,616.—ELECTRIC TRAMWAY EQUIPMENTS—An American Consul in England has forwarded the names of seven towns in his district which have an electric car system, together with the total authorized mileage, mileage under operation, and the money invested. He states that much of the equipment of these lines was purchased in the United States, and as the companies are from time to time extending their service, making repairs and renewals, and linking up existing tracks, it is suggested that American firms follow these developments and endeavor to secure further orders in that district.

4,617.—SPECIALTIES IN FOOD PRODUCTS—A firm of Danish produce merchants in England, which has travelers out covering 2,000 to 3,000 miles a week in that country, advises an American Consul that it would be glad to be put in communication with American manufacturers and exporters in food products that could be handled by it in connection with its Danish butter and eggs.

4,618.—REPRESENTATION IN SOUTH AFRICA—An American business man writes that he is about to leave on a business trip to South Africa and would like to take along, if possible some side line, or he would be willing to take charge, represent, or assist any business house already doing business or contemplating engaging in business in that country. He states that he is willing to furnish satisfactory references to interested parties in the United States.

4,619.—CONCESSION IN LATIN-AMERICA—An American Consular officer in Latin-America has forwarded a translation of a law which approves a contract entered into with the National Government by a company whose name is given, for the cultivation of bananas for export, for the operation of a railroad for a term of fifty years, for the construction of telegraph and telephone in certain districts, and for the construction of a wharf for ocean-going vessels at a certain point on the coast.

4,620.—GARBAGE DISPOSAL—An American Consult in a European country reports that from a letter recently received from the Mayor of a local municipality, it appears that the authorities are in favor of adopting some modern method of garbage disposal. At present the city pays a large sum annually for the removal of garbage, that is consigned to the rubbish dumps, and is in no way utilized, so that the double loss of paying a high price for the removal of garbage and that of failing to make products that could be extracted from the garbage is borne by the municipality. American companies operating a system of garbage disposal, or firms manufacturing or dealing in up-to-date machinery used in the disposal of garbage, or in extracting from it salable products, such as fats, fertilizers, &c., and desiring their sales abroad, might find it to their advantage to communicate with the municipal authorities in question.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 9.—The local market showed a marked broadening interest and volume to-day. The railway strike, which has been an incubus on business for weeks, was overshadowed as a market factor by the sharp advance in New York securities. Under this influence there was brisk buying of Cambria Steel, Electric Storage Battery, General Asphalt, and Lehigh Valley shares, in all of which a large interest exists outside of Philadelphia. There were a good many rumors as to an increase in dividend in Electric Storage in the future. There was heavy selling of Rapid Transit stock, the price being forced down to 22¼. There was a recovery of only ⅛ from the low figure. Union Traction broke to 49⅝ at the same time, a loss of ⅞ from last night.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
56	Am. Car & Fdy.	67½	67½	67½
48	American Cement	26⅝	26⅝	26½
100	American Milling	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
122	American Railways	45⅜	45⅛	45⅛
10	Anaconda	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
8,961	Cambria Steel	50⅛	49⅛	49½
30	Catawissa 1st pf.	57½	57½	57½
100	C. & A.	60	60	60
5	C., F. & L.	43	43	43
200	Elec. Co. of Am.	12	12	12
1,117	Electric Storage	63	61⅝	62½
8	East Penn. Ry.	69	69	*69
1,806	Gen. Asphalt	33	32⅝	33
330	Gen. Asphalt pf.	81⅛	80⅝	81
5	Ins. Co. of N. A.	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
4	Keystone Tel.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
100	Keystone Tel. tr. cfs.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
120	Lake Sup. Corp.	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛
168	Lehigh Nav.	100	99⅝	100
65	Lehigh Nav. tr. cfs.	99⅝	99	99
4,026	Lehigh Nav. scrip	200	198	199
18,796	Lehigh Valley	109⅝	108	109⅛
10	Little Schuylkill	58	58	58
26	Minehill	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
194	Norristown	149⅞	149⅞	149⅞
1,089	Pennsylvania	69 3-16	68⅞	68⅝
107	Phila. Co.	51	51	51
13	Phila. Co. pf.	44¼	44¼	44¼
798	Phila. Elec.	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
4,528	Phila. Rap. Transit	23⅛	22¼	22⅝
10	Phila. Trac.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
1,840	Reading	85⅝	85	85½
15	Rock Island	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
2,814	Tonopah Belmont	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
50	Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
10	Union Pacific	192⅛	192⅛	192⅛
1,055	Union Traction	50⅛	49⅝	49⅞
662	U. G. I.	87	86⅞	86⅞
5,478	U. G. I. scrip	180	173	174
12,323	U. S. Steel	89⅛	87⅞	87⅞
15	U. S. Steel pf.	122⅛	122⅛	122⅛
100	Wabash	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
200	W., N. Y. & P.	8	7⅞	8

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
4s —May, '59, l'chg.	99⅝	99⅞	99⅛	99⅞
4½s—May, '57, l'chg.	108⅛	108⅝	108	108⅝
4½s—Nov., '57, l'chg.	108⅛	108⅝	108	108⅝
4½s—May, '17, l'chg.	102⅛	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛
4½s—Nov., '17, l'chg.	102⅛	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛
4s —Nov., '58, l'chg.	99⅛	99⅞	99⅛	99⅞
4s —May, '57, l'chg.	99⅛	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s —May, '19, l'chg.	99⅝	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛
4s —Nov., '36, reg.	99	99⅝	99	99⅝
4s —Nov., '36, reg.	99	99⅝	99	99⅝
3½s—Nov., '55, l'chg.	87⅝	88⅛	87⅝	88⅛
3½s—May, '54, coup.	87⅝	88⅛	87⅝	88⅛
3½s—May, '54, reg.	87⅝	88⅛	87⅝	88⅛
*6s —Nov., '10, reg.	....	102⅝	....	102⅝
Rcts. 4s—May, '59	99⅝	99⅞	99⅛	99⅞

*Coupon or registered.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., March 9.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7⅛	8	Jackpot	6½	7¼
Elkton	68¼	68¾	McKinney	46¼	47⅛
El Paso	66⅞	67⅛	Old Gold	3½	3¾
Findlay	10	10⅝	Portland	105	106½
Gold Dollar	9¼	10½	Vindicator	77⅞	82
Isabella	16¾	17¼	J. Sample	9	9½

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	March.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,293,089	$8,522,919	$229,635,670
Inter Rev.	672,734	5,750,341	182,495,076
Miscellaneous	58,884	963,979	30,586,574
Total	2,024,708	15,237,240	442,717,322
Expenditures	1,939,684	14,697,587	466,782,419
Surplus	85,024	539,653	*24,065,097

*Surplus.

$1,244,000
Rochester Railway & Light Co
Consolidated Mortgage 5s
Dated July 1, 1904 Due July 1, 1954
Optional at 110 and interest. Interest payable January 1 and July 1.
Denomination $1000.
Tax Exempt in New York State

The Rochester Railway & Light Company does the entire gas and electric light and power business of Rochester, the third largest city in New York State, having a present estimated population of over 200,000.

The Company is controlled through the Mohawk Valley Company by the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

The franchises are, in opinion of counsel, unlimited in duration.

Dividends have been paid on the preferred stock since the organization of the company, the present rate being 5 per cent. Practically all of the common stock is owned by the Mohawk Valley Company.

The Company owns valuable water powers on the Genesee River, including over 87% of the water rights within the city limits of Rochester.

This issue of bonds has been approved by the Public Service Commission of the Second District of the State of New York.

Price 100 and Interest
Complete Circular on request
N. W. Harris & Company
BANKERS Pine Street Corner William NEW YORK
N. W. Harris & Company
35 Federal Street
Boston
Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Bond Department
Chicago

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
are the Safest and Simplest Investment
for the protection of widows and orphans
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President
CAPITAL & SURPLUS - $6,000,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan 184 Montague St., Brooklyn

6% First Mortgage
Irrigation Gold Bonds
Secured by a project approved by the highest Engineering and Legal Talent, and issued upon land which has a favorable report from the Government as to fertility.
Further particulars on request for circular T
Blake & Reeves
BANKERS
34 Pine Street New York

DELAWARE & HUDSON
Refunding 4s
Clark, Dodge & Co.
51 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Bank & Trust Co. Stocks
LUTZ & COMPANY
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 273 Broad.

Chicago & Erie 1st 5s, May, 1982
Cent. Branch, Union Pacific 1st 4s, June, 1948
Kansas City Terminal 4s, Jan., 1960
Knoxville Ry. & Lt. Cons. 5%, Sept., 1945
Reading, Jersey Cent. Coll. 4s, April, 1951
Penington, Colket & Co.
Members of N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges.
115 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Telephone Cortlandt 1154-5.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron 1st 5s, 1932
Peoria Ry. Terminal 1st 4s, 1937
Atlantic & Yadkin 1st 4s, 1949
Norfolk & Southern 1st 5s, 1941
W. C. Langley & Co.
BANKERS
10 WALL ST. 'Phone 5360 Rector.

POUCH & CO. 1 NASSAU ST.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
INTERNATIONAL PAPER 5s.

Market & Fulton National Bank Stock
Unlisted and Inactive Stocks
and Bonds Bought and Sold.
GILBERT, WHITE & CO.
20 Broad St., N. Y. 'Phone 525 Rector.

Central Foundry 6s, 1919
MEGARGEL & CO.
BANKERS
5 Nassau St. New York.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
25 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.
BOSTON CHICAGO BALTIMORE

George M. Young & Company,
59 Cedar Street, New York
Investment Securities

Warren W. Erwin Calvin Tomkins
Van Cleve Holmes William N. Cowles } Special
Warren W. Erwin & Co.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
Investment Bankers
54-56 Broad St., New York.
Careful attention given to the execution of
Fractional Lots
Conservative marginal accounts solicited.
QUARTERLY STATEMENT showing financial condition, by certified public accountants, furnished to all interested.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

DIVIDENDS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.

Treasurer's Office, New York, March 9th, 1910.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company, at a meeting held this day, declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on its capital stock, payable at this office on the 15th day of April next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, the 25th inst.

For the purpose of the annual election of Directors of this Company, which will be held on the 20th day of April next, the transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, the 25th inst., and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Thursday, April 21st next. EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

THE OTIS ELEVATOR COMPANY.

15 Battery Place, New York City, March 9, 1910.

The Board of Directors of The Otis Elevator Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share upon the Preferred Stock and also a semi-annual dividend of $1.50 per share upon the Common Stock of the company, both payable at this office on April 15, 1910, to the preferred and common stockholders of record at the close of business on March 31, 1910. LYNDE BELKNAP, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of

THE CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Please Take Notice that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 46 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Friday, March 18, 1910, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering, voting upon, authorizing and consenting to an increase of the Capital Stock of this Company from One Million Dollars ($1,000,000), consisting of ten thousand (10,000) shares of the Par Value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each, to Two Million Dollars ($2,000,000), consisting of Twenty Thousand (20,000) shares of the Par Value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each; such increase to be made from the surplus fund possessed by the Company in addition to the amount of its Capital stock and all actual outstanding liabilities in excess of one-half of the amount of all premiums on risks not terminated, and to be distributed among the stockholders of this Company pro rata in accordance with the number of shares held by each. Transfer books of the Company will be closed at twelve o'clock, noon, on March 14, 1910, and remain closed until ten o'clock A. M. on March 19, 1910.

New York, March 3, 1910.
Henry Evans, President.
Hugh Rankin, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE TURBO-ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors for the Turbo-Electric Conctruction Company not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the members of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at the office of said corporation, 30 Cortlandt Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of March, 1910, at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated New York, March [illegible], 1910.
[illegible] ARCHER,
[illegible] Corporation.

United States [illegible] Corporation.

For the purpose [illegible] meeting of stockholders to be held [illegible] 1910, the stock transfer books will be closed from 3 P. M. March 15 to 10 A. M. April 19.

By order of the Board of Directors.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, held on Tuesday, March 1st, 1910, Eugene E. Osborn was unanimously nominated to fill a vacancy in the Board.

New York, March 1st, 1910.
GEORGE M. CORNING, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF THE GREEN-WOOD CEMETERY will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 16, at 12 o'clock, noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees. T. HOOD MUIR, Secretary.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
$5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as Collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.
OFFICERS:
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, President and General Manager.
LOUIS V. BRIGHT, THORWALD STALLKNECHT, } Vice-Presidents.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.
DAVID B. OGDEN, Counsel.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, Comptroller.
LEWIS H. LOSEE, Asst. Genl. Manager.
U. CONDIT VARICK, ROBERT I. SMYTH, } Asst. Treasurers.
GEORGE A. FLEURY, FREDERICK D. REED, } Asst. Secretaries.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman.
GEORGE F. BUTTERWORTH, WILLIAM P. DIXON, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD
HENRY GOLDMAN, PHILIP LEHMAN, JOHN T. LOCKMAN
HENRY MORGENTHAU, JAMES N. WALLACE, ALBERT H. WIGGIN

To the Shareholders of the COMSTOCK MINES, Located at Virginia City and Gold Hill, Storey County, Nevada.

The undersigned, representing a majority of the shareholders of the **COMSTOCK MINES, including the Con Virginia, Ophir, Mexican, Potosi, Crown Point, Chollar, Utah, Yellow Jacket, Belcher, Savage, Sierra Nevada, Justice, Bullion, Union Consolidated, Imperial, Exchequer, Best and Belcher, Challenge, Kentuck, Gould and Curry, Confidence, Alpha, Hale and Norcross, Alta, Overman, Lady Washington and Julia,** have been appointed a Committee to provide for co-operation among the various properties, by consolidation, exchange of stock or otherwise, to the end that the same may be placed upon a larger productive basis by means of ample capital and modern business methods.

Shareholders in the above-named companies are invited to deposit their shares with the **Bankers Trust Company of New York,** or the **Crocker National Bank of San Francisco,** who are acting as Depositaries hereunder, and who will, on behalf of the Committee, issue Deposit Receipts transferable as stated therein. Shares may be deposited without expense on or before the fifteenth day of April, 1910, but after that date only at the discretion of the Committee and under such conditions as the Committee may impose.

On or before the first day of August, 1910, the Committee will file with each of the Depositaries a Reorganization or Readjustment Plan, and will give notice of the fact that such Plan has been filed by publication in one daily newspaper in the City of New York and in one daily newspaper in the City of San Francisco. Copies of said Plan will also be mailed to all holders of Deposit Receipts who file with either of the Depositaries an address for that purpose.

Within thirty days after the publication and mailing of the aforesaid notice the holders of Deposit Receipts may withdraw without expense the stock deposited. Failure to withdraw the stock within the period of thirty days will be deemed an assent on the part of the owners thereof to the Plan filed with the Depositaries.

If, for any reason, the Committee should not file a Plan on or before the first day of August, 1910, stock will be re-delivered to the holders of Deposit Receipts upon surrender of their Receipts to the Depositaries.

Dated this Eighth day of March, 1910.

FRANKLIN LEONARD, JR., Chairman, Treasurer of the Comstock Tunnel Company.	New York.
ADOLPH LEWISOHN, President General Development Company,	New York.
ERNST THALMANN, Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., Bankers,	New York.
A. L. SCHEUER, Probst, Wetslar & Co., Bankers,	New York.
W. C. RALSTON, Ass't. Treasurer of the United States,	San Francisco.
JAMES McNAB, President of Chamber of Commerce, San Francisco,	San Francisco.
J. PARKE CHANNING, M. E., Vice President Miami Copper Co.,	New York.
B. F. SHAW, Shaw Brothers, Bankers,	San Francisco.
CHARLES A. ELLIS, Banker,	Boston.

HERMAN COOK,
Secretary to the Committee,
42 Broadway, New York.

DIVIDENDS.

KNICKERBOCKER ICE COMPANY.

22D DIVIDEND.

Chicago, March 9th, 1910.

The Board of Directors nave declared a dividend of Three (3%) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record on March 21st, 1910.

The Transfer Books of the Preferred Stock will be closed March 21st, 1910, at 3 P. M., and remain closed until April 2d, 1910. Checks will be mailed to stockholders by the Central Trust Company of New York.

PHILIP F. W. PECK, Assistant Secretary.

The Western Union Telegraph Company

NEW YORK, March 9th, 1910.

DIVIDEND NO. 164.

A quarterly dividend of THREE-FOURTHS OF ONE PER CENT. has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after the 15th day of April, 1910, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 19th day of March, 1910.

The transfer books will remain open.

A. R. BREWER, Treasurer.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.

New York, March 8, 1910.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day a regular quarterly dividend of Two and One-Half Per Cent. was declared, payable on and after March 31, 1910, to the stockholders of record Saturday, March 12, 1910, at one o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will close on Saturday, March 12, 1910, at one o'clock P. M., and reopen on Friday, April 1, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Checks will be mailed March 31st.

FRED'K J. WARBURTON, Treasurer.

46TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, N. Y.

March 9, 1910.

A dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the capital stock of this Company has been declared this day, payable April 1, 1910. Transfer books will be closed on Tuesday, March 15th, at 3 P. M., and reopened on Saturday, April 2, at 10 A. M.

ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.

The National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey.

March 8, 1910.

The Board of Directors of the National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred stock of the Company, payable April 2, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 17, 1910.

F. D. MOLLENHAUER, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Dividend No. 53.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. for the quarter ending March 31st, 1910, has been this day declared, payable on March 31st, 1910. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M., March 18th, and reopened at 10 A. M. on April 1st, 1910.

Dated New York, March 9th, 1910.

BERTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COAL & IRON NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York, held March 9th, 1910, a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) was declared from the earnings of the bank, payable April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at close of business March 9th, 1910.

A. H. DAY, Cashier.

MOUNT MORRIS BANK OF NEW YORK.

Dividend No. 41.

March 9th, 1910.

A quarterly dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) will be paid on April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record March 19, 1910.

Transfer books will be closed at 12 noon on March 19th.

LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.

THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS & UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock, and a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Common Stock of this company, payable on Friday, April 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, March 14th, 1910.

E. M. F. MILLER, Secretary.

Jersey City, N. J., March 8th, 1910.

Exceptional opportunity for financier with foreign connections; small investment; quick turn. B 86 Times, Times Square.

BOND SALE.

CITY OF NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at the Common Council Chambers, City Hall Building, corner of Main and Mechanic Streets, until TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 15, 1910, at eight o'clock, for the purchase of all or any part of $85,000.00 registered four and one-half per cent. School Bonds, Series of 1910, of said City, of $1,000 each, dated March 1, 1910, and maturing five (5) bonds on the first day of May in each of the years 1914 to 1930, inclusive.

Interest payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year. Principal and interest payable at the office of the City Treasurer of the City of New Rochelle.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a certified check on an incorporated bank or trust company in the State of New York for five per cent. of the par value of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer of the City of New Rochelle, [illegible] same [illegible].

No bid for less than par value of the bonds will be considered. Bidders must use the printed form of proposal furnished by the undersigned. Accrued interest to be paid by the purchaser. Bonds to be delivered at the office of the City Treasurer of New Rochelle on the [illegible].

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

The legality of these bonds will be approved by Messrs. Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow, No. 20 Exchange Place, New York City, whose opinion will be furnished to the purchaser.

Dated New Rochelle, N. Y., February 24th, 1910.

BERT H. LISCHKE, City Clerk.

To the holders of Bearer Debentures of BOSTON CONSOLIDATED COPPER AND GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED, under [illegible] First Mortgage Debentures of £150 ($730.50) and £15 ($73.05) each of the Company, carrying interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Clause 3 of the conditions endorsed on the above-mentioned Bearer Debentures, that the Company intends on the 1st day of April, 1910, to redeem and pay off the whole of the said Debentures at the rate of £157.10.0 per £150 ($730.50) Debenture and £15.15.0 per £15 ($73.05) Debenture, together with accrued interest.

Payment will be made on presentation by the bearer of the Debentures for payment either at the office of the Company, London, E. C. or at the office of the Bankers' Trust Company, New York, U. S. A., in either English or American currency as the case may be.

The said Bankers' Trust Company of New York are hereby appointed agents of the Company in the United States of America for the purpose of the redemption of Debentures for presentation by them pursuant to Clause 5 of the conditions endorsed on the Debentures.

Dated this 7th day of January, 1910.

By ORDER OF THE BOARD.
GEORGE H. JOHNSON, Secretary.

6% Guaranteed Mortgages 6%
Over $400,000 Sold.
Ask for Booklet
KINGS CO. MORTGAGE CO.
184 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

COBALTS—NEVADAS—COPPERS.
EPPS MARKET LETTER
Curb Mining Stocks Free Weekly
EDWARD E. EPPS & CO., 11-19 William St., N. Y.

PROPOSALS.

CONSTRUCTION OF PUMPING PLANT; Fort Hancock, N. J., March 7, 1910.—Sealed proposals for the construction of a pumping plant and installation of machinery therein at Fort Hancock, N. J., will be received at this office until 12 M. April 8, 1910, and then opened. Information furnished on application. Plans can be seen [illegible] Chief Quartermaster, Department of the East, Governor's Island, N. Y. Deposit of certified check for $25.00 required to insure return of plans and specifications. U. S. reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals. Bidders who are not manufacturers of the machinery which they propose to furnish must state name of the manufacturer in their bids. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for construction of Pumping Plant," addressed C. J. GOODIER, Constructing Quartermaster, U. S. A.

Perhaps you want a desirable Furnished Room? See Page 17.

AMALGAMATED TELLS ALL ABOUT ITSELF

In Listing Stock on Exchange Copper Company Gives Facts Not Disclosed Before.

GOOD SHOW OF EARNINGS

Besides Control of Butte District It Holds 2,500,000 Shares of Greene-Cananea in Mexico.

The Amalgamated Copper Company's stock, amounting to $153,887,900, was admitted to the regular stock list of the Stock Exchange at the meeting of the Governing Committee yesterday. Since the organization of the company it has been in the unlisted department. In its application to obtain regular listing the company made a statement of its properties and position, which is the first complete information its stockholders have had, although for a few years past annual reports have been issued in skeletonized form. Hereafter, as one of the obligations attendant upon a place in the regular stock list of the Exchange, the company will have to make full reports.

The statement to the Stock Exchange authorities, which was made public yesterday, covers eleven legal folio pages and gives besides the assets and income account of the holding company itself balance sheets and income statements of all of the subsidiaries.

The Amalgamated's statement of its own income covers the period from May 1 to Dec. 1, 1909, and shows income in the form of dividends from "associated companies" totaling $2,949,354 and "interest on bonds, loans, &c.," $405,762. From this total of $3,355,116 deductions of $70,682 are made for office and general administrative expenses, leaving net income for the eight-months' period at $3,284,433.

The condensed balance sheet shows assets of $168,278,879. The balance sheet is the same in form as that given in recent annual reports.

One of the items of interest in the report is the list of shares in its associated companies owned by Amalgamated, which shows besides properties in the Butte district a block of $50,000,000 par value of the stock of the Greene-Cananea Company, a Mexican concern. This is the list of stock holdings:

	No. Shares Issued.	Par Value.	No. Shares Owned by Amalg. Cop. Co.
Anaconda Copper..	1,200,000	$25	620,000
Boston & Montana.	150,000	25	147,915
Butte & Boston....	200,000	10	197,220
Parrot Silver......	229,850	10	115,299
Trenton Mining....	10,000	100	9,995
Washoe Copper.....	30,464	100	30,459
Big Blackfoot Mill.	6,400	100	6,395
Diamond Coal & C.	150,000	10	149,993
Mountain Trad. Co.	1,110	100	1,107
Greene-Cananea ..	2,500,000	20	100,000
Butte Coalition	1,000,000	15	50,000

The report also gives in detail the production of copper, silver, and gold of its various subsidiaries during the year 1909. This statement reads:

	Lb. Copper.	Ounces Silver.	Ounces Gold.
Anaconda	75,860,194	2,363,184	7,466
Washoe Co. and custom ores..........	80,559,625	3,500,878	31,161
Parrot Co...........	5,407,255	308,757	723
Butte & Boston....	20,955,910	1,158,672	7,376
Trenton Co..........	7,168,818	623,728	577
Boston & Montana..	101,951,350	1,882,046	11,769
Total..........	291,902,652	9,837,268	59,074

Besides the stocks mentioned above the company says it owns bonds of the Butte and Boston Consolidated Mining Company and notes of the Washoe Copper Company for money advanced, and of the Blackfoot Milling Company for money advanced for the purchase of timber lands.

RAISE N. Y. CENTRAL DIVIDEND.

Advanced from 5 to 6 Per Cent. at Directors' Meeting Yesterday.

The New York Central Directors raised the dividend on the road's stock yesterday from 5 per cent. a year to 6 per cent. by the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. There had been some talk in Wall Street of the likelihood of an increase in the New York Central dividend rate, but it was nevertheless not very generally expected at this time, although the way had been paved for an increase by the large extra dividends recently declared by subsidiaries of the New York Central. The dividend is payable April 15 to stockholders of record on March 25. The annual meeting of the New York Central stockholders will be held on April 20, and for the purposes of this meeting the transfer books of the company will be closed from March 25 to April 21.

The net income of the New York Central available for dividends has lately been increased by the declaration of Lake Shore's extra dividend of 6 per cent. This called for the disbursement of $3,000,000, nearly all of which went into the treasury of the New York Central. Increased or new dividends by several of the companies controlled by the Lake Shore, including the Pittsburg and Lake Erie, the Mahoning Coal Railroad and the Nickel Plate, also added to the Central's income. The New York Central has outstanding $223,000,000 of stock, and the amount needed to provide the 1 per cent. additional dividend on this stock is $2,230,000.

The increase in dividend restores New York Central stock to the rate paid in 1907, and for the first quarter of 1908, after which the rate was again put at 5 per cent., from which figure it had been advanced in the first quarter of 1907.

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS.

These securities have been admitted to listing on the Stock Exchange:

Amalgamated Copper Company, $153,887,900 stock, with authority to add from time to time $1,112,100 additional on notice of issuance, in exchange for outstanding stocks of Boston and Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining Company, making the total to be listed $155,000,000.

Hocking Valley Railway Company, J. P. Morgan & Co. trust receipts for $3,580,600 common stock and $3,737,300 preferred stock.

Kanawha & Michigan Railway Company, J. P. Morgan & Co. trust receipts for $3,708,100 common stock.

Argentine Republic, £2,000,000 ($9,730,000) 5 per cent. internal loan of 1909. In all dealings therein $5 shall be the equivalent of £1.

Dominican Republic, $13,566,000 5 per cent. customs administration sinking fund coupon bonds, due 1958 for $1,000, $100, and $50 each, with authority to add from time to time $6,102,500 additional on official notice of issuance, making the total to be listed $19,668,500, $1,000, and $500 bonds regular delivery, $100 and $50 bonds separate call.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, $1,230,000 additional first refunding mortgage convertible 4 per cent. bonds, due 2002, making the total listed to date $34,787,000.

Reading Company, $2,506,000 additional Reading Company and the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company general mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1997, making the total listed to date $75,702,000.

Chicago Telephone Company, $5,000,000 first mortgage fifteen-year 5 per cent. bonds, due 1923.

General Chemical Company, on March 16, 1910, $741,000 additional common stock, making the total to be listed $8,151,300.

Southern Railway Company, $4,983,000 additional first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1994, making the total listed to date $57,643,000.

Sears, Roebuck & Co., $30,000,000 common stock.

Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Company, $2,300,000 Louisville, New Albany & Chicago (Chicago & Indianapolis Division) first mortgage 6 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1911.

Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, $2,977,500 Madison Extension first mortgage sinking fund 7 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1911; $2,546,500 Menominee Extension first mortgage sinking fund 7 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1911; $3,365,000 Northwestern Union Railway Company first mortgage sinking fund 7 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1917; $4,038,500 Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company guaranteed extension first mortgage sinking fund 7 per cent. coupon bonds; $7,725,000 Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley Railroad Company first mortgage 6 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1933.

National Biscuit Company, $24,804,500 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and $29,236,000 common stock.

Railway Steel Spring Company, $13,500,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and $13,500,000 common stock.

MORGAN & CO. BUY AUTO PLANT

No Automobile Combination, They Say—Taken for Studebaker Company.

J. P. Morgan & Co., acting in behalf of the Studebaker interests, have purchased the majority stock of the Everitt-Metzger-Flanders Company of Detroit, manufacturers of automobiles. This authoritative statement of the transaction was made:

"Pursuant to an arrangement with stockholders of the Studebaker Brothers Manufacturing Company, J. P. Morgan & Co. have purchased substantially all of the stock of the Everitt-Metzger-Flanders Company of Detroit not already held by stockholders of the Studebaker Brothers Manufacturing Company. In connection with the purchase, a contract has been entered into with Walter E. Flanders to continue as President and General Manager of the Everitt-Metzger-Flanders Company for a period of three years. As a part of the transaction, the litigation pending at Detroit is terminated."

The Studebaker Brothers Manufacturing Company heretofore held about one-third of the Everitt-Metzger-Flanders stock, and they have now become practically the sole holders of the stock of this company. The price paid for the other two-thirds was reported yesterday to be about $4,800,000. It was stated that this deal did not mean that Morgan & Co. have plans, as was rumored yesterday, for a large combination of automobile companies. A similar report was circulated last year at the time individuals associated with the Morgan interests became interested in the United States Automobile Company.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., March 9.—There are big doubts in automobile circles here, especially in the minds of men close to the E. M. F. people, that the purchase of that company by J. P. Morgan & Co. was for the Studebakers. The Morgan statement and the incorporation of the Studebaker Company in Albany have little effect on these doubts. As the responsible officers of the E. M. F. Company are in New York, nothing absolute can be learned. But to-night a man who probably knows more about the affairs of the company than any man not on the Board of Directors, said that the purchase of the company by the Morgans was the initial step to gain control of the entire automobile industry of the country. He explained the Studebaker end by saying that that company was to be simply one of the constituents, although a very big one.

When the General Motors Company began to demand the attention of the automobile world it was found that the principal interests identified with that corporation were represented by Herbert L. Satterlee, son-in-law of J. P. Morgan.

When it was announced recently that the United States Motor Company had organized with the Maxwell Briscoe Company as its nucleus it was found that Herbert L. Satterlee was one of the organizers. Herbert L. Satterlee was also one of the principal stockholders in the Maxwell Briscoe Company. In the purchase of the E. M. F. Company, however, the automobile industry finds J. P. Morgan & Co. openly interested for the first time. The announcement that this purchase is for the recently organized United States Motor Company would not surprise the automobile trade. In fact it is confidently expected.

Color is given to this conclusion by the statement of Dr. B. Book, one of the principal stockholders of the E. M. F., to the effect that Morgan & Co. will increase the Detroit capitalization to between $30,000,000 and $50,000,000. This cannot mean solely the E. M. F. plants, but must contemplate the extensions to the industry that the Morgan people plan making in Detroit.

LACKAWANNA STEEL GAINS.

Deficit First Half of 1909 Wiped Out and Profit Made in the Year.

President E. A. S. Clarke of the Lackawanna Steel Company issued the pamphlet report of the company to stockholders yesterday at the annual meeting, the income account for the year having been made public in February, showing gross income of $25,296,661, net income from manufacturing and operating of $4,709,823, and net earnings of $4,468,375. President Clarke says of the past year and the outlook:

> The first five months' operation of 1909 showed a deficit, but, beginning in June, earnings increased rapidly, so that the close of the year showed the deficit wiped out and a surplus earned over all charges and deduction, including liberal allowances for depreciation of $778,109, equal to about 2.25 per cent. on the outstanding capital stock, a gain of $2,104,382 over 1908. Prices for 1910 to date are higher than those of 1909, and the outlook for business during the year is favorable.

Ogden Mills, W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., W. L. Brown, and Edwin S. Marston were elected Directors for the term expiring March 1911, and H. A. C. Taylor, H. E. Andrews, B. S. Guinness, S. S. Palmer, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Adrian Iselin, Jr., and J. J. Mitchell were elected Directors for the term expiring March 1913.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

United States Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The following were among the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court to-day:

90—Monserrate Garcia Maytin, Dominga Garcia Maytin et al., appellants, vs. Ricardo Jose Quijano et al., and 245, Beatriz de Los Angeles, widow of Mr. Alos, appellant, vs. Monserrate and Dominga Garcia Maytin et al.—Argument concluded in No. 90 for the appellants and for the appellees in No. 245 and submitted in No. 245.

130—Jennie Lee Williams et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The First National Bank of Paul's Valley.—Argument concluded for the plaintiffs in error. Leave granted for defendants in error to file additional brief within two days.

132—Gustav Holmgren, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Argued for the respondent and submitted for the petitioner, with leave to file additional brief for petitioner within ten days.

133—The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company, appellant, vs. The United States.—Argument commenced for the appellant and continued for the appellee.

Call for to-morrow: Nos. 133, 135, 138, 139, 137, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—179—Tweedie Trading Co v. Western Assurance Co. 180—Same v. Higgins. 175—Larsen v. O'Rourke Eng and Const Co. 184—U S v. Tiffany. 188—Phila & R Co v. Aurora. 189—Am Thermos Bottle Co v. Vacuum Co. 190—Aeolian Co v. Simpson-Crawford Co. 192—Dunlop S S Co v. Tweedie Trading Co. 193—In re Coe. 195—Day Time Register Co v. W N Bundy Co. 196—Florence Mfg Co v. Dowd.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Admiralty. 19—British & So Am Nav Co v. S S Gallin. 96—Penn R R v. Merritt & C. D & W Co. 97—Hudson v. S S Pallanza. 105—Tracy v. S S Dorothy.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Laughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 142—Man v. Du Vivier. 230—Mechlin v. Board of Education. 231—Tribelhorn v. Hanavan. 232—Harry Angelo Co v. Imp Property Holding Co. 234—Hargrave Mills v. Gordon. 235—Shea v. Pappas. 237—De Luca v. Sheer-Ginsburg Realty, &c, Co. 238—O'Connell v. Bettels. 240—Peters v. Peters. 241—Darcy v. Presbyterian Hospital. 246—Dutton v. Maxwell. 274—People v. Springer.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Newburger, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Hassam v. Platt. 2—Herring v. Herring-Curtiss Co. 3—Stern v. Lichtenberg. 4—Howard v. Banks. 5—In re Calument Const Co. 6—Olson v. Olson. 7—In re Levy, &c. 8—In re Glassford. 9—Dexter v. McIntee. 10, 11—In re Bartle. 12—Van Doren v. Ryan. 13—People, &c, Collins v. Ahearn. 14—In re Public Park, (Benjamin.) 15, 16—Spinner v. Ressler. 17—Am Medical Pub Co v. Pulvola Chemical. 18—In re Keller-Smith Co. 19—Stiefel v. Stiefel. 20—Plager v. Bright. 21—Lindenmeyer v. Lindenmeyer. 22—Van Norden Trust Co v. Dillon. 23—Muglia v. Speranza. 24—O'Neill v. Delaney. 25—Walton v. Walton. 26—Merz v. Merz. 27—Gray Const Co v. Heilman. 28—People v. Wath. 29—In re Perlmutter, (Catherwood.) 30—Hayman v. Pat Casey Agency Co. 31—City of N Y v. Wempe. 32—Rollten v. Rollten. 33—Hauser v. Hauser. 34—Meyers v. Bates. 35—Herzig v. Harper. 36—City of N Y v. Reno. 37—In re Mullin Film Service. 38—Manning v. Gushee Co. 39—White v. Cunningham. 40—Weiss v. Stoloff. 41—Seiffert v. McKenna. 42—Conrad v. Conrad. 43—In re Canal Place. 44—Grunspan v. Walling. 45—Diamond v. St. Mark's Const Co. 46—Symes v. Piercy Cont Co. 47—Michael v. Goldstein. 48—In re Steinfeld. 49—Moore v. Rodewald. 50, 51—Butts v. Carey. 52—In re Caluccine. 53—Coussirat v. Mezzulo. 54—Prentice v. Prentice. 55—Leipzig v. Lippman. 56—Sloane v. Hall. 57, 58—Buttenwieser v. Goldschlag. 59—Schenkel v. Schenkel. 60—Condon v. Mack Bros Co. 61—Herbert v. Wray. 62—Ellis v. Parker. 63—Hall v. Hall. 64—Baker v. Garfield Mfg Co. 65—Sandrock Realty Co v. Avitabile Realty Co. 66—Stephens v. Cutting. 67—Brickner v. Sulzacher. 68—Welch v. Potter. 69—In re Lincoln Trust Co. 70—Roth v. Ind Order Sons of Benjamin. 71—Tungsten Arc Lamp Co v. Rubin. 72—Hedlund v. Radcliff. 73—Muller v. Brodie.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Fitzgerald, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—Motion, demurrer. 2438—Joseph v. Sulzberger. Preferred causes. 5293—Clement v. McMahon. 1303—Leask Hoagland. General calendar. 202—Miller v. Barlow. 3108—Maier v. Haines. 3245—Guaranty Trust Co v. Edison United Phono Co. 4043—Binns v. Vitagraph Co. 4054—Thoma v. Irving Sav Inst. 1595—Bushby v. Berkley. 3847—Kommel v. Kommel. 3854—Milch v. Stern. 3864—Stewart v. Stewart. 2960—Caffrey v. Caffrey. 3159—Pemberton v. McAdoo. 3600—Collins v. City of N Y. 2854—Enright v. Boyd. 2865—Rosen v. Lyman. 3802—Dietrich v. Dietrich. 4113—Wait, Jr., v. Society for Political Study. 3846—Cawley v. Dunn. 4076—Healy v. Davis Bldg Co. 825—Dietrich v. Bowery Sav Bank. 3100—Ruggieri v. Chrystal Hygiene Ice Co. 3887—Morningstar v. Morningstar. 3908—Wessels v. Northwestern Mutual Life Ins Co. 1621—Schillings v. Hourigan. 1622—Oellert v. same. 1600—Blech v. Blech. 1116—Peabody v. Stevens. 3841—Eisenberg v. Lichtenstein. 3713—Lilienthal v. Lilienthal. 3477—Finkelstein v. Goldschlag. 1626—Pollaschek v. Jacobs. 1773—Foster v. Woodruff. 2530—Keenan v. Gallagher. 1417—Rose v. Springer. 1433—Horowitz v. Weinberger. 2684—Witt v. Witt. 2613—Meyer v. Rubin. 3598—Beattie v. Beattie. 3638—London v. Meryash. 3398—Baume v. Baume.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Special franchise case. 5120—Consol Fire Alarm Co v. State Board of Tax Commrs. Elevated Railroad cases. 5124—Diecke v. Man Ry. 5129 to 5131—Lerch v. Int R T. 5217—McCann v. same. 5237—Merchants' Ref Co v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term)—Davis, J.—1—Giro Gargiulo. 2—Francis G. Bailey.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—5155—Ward v. Textile Commission Co. 6240—Kennedy v. Dockstader. 6877—Hach v. Hach. 6828—Ackerman v. Volf. 6785—Miller v. Raub.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendrick, J.—1161—Mauerl v. Joline. 1237—Regan v. same. 1293—Sherwood v. Whitridge. 1320—Hummansky v. Int R T. 1149—Feigin v. same. 1111—Levy v. Joline. 1153—Doyle v. same. 1156—Duke v. same. 1158—Kattel v. same. 1110—Coniglio v. same. 1163—Morris v. Joline. 1171—Badolati v. B, Q Co, &c, R R. 1175—Rauso v. Whitridge.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Page, J.—3144 and 3145—Minuth v. De Pinna. 6698—Jacobs v. Sire. 3482—Donto v. Wegenroth. 6739—Ringwood v. Streeter. 3178—Ferbaum v. Brady. 3255—Corso v. N Y Cab Co. 3213—Schneider v. City of N Y. 3241—Greenberg v. Morgan. 3186—Mahoney v. McColgan. 3203—Gullo v. N Y Edison Co. 8315—Metzger v. Custodis Const Co. 2747—Carlsberg v. Heidenreich. 6508—Tiedjen v. Nat Elev Co. 2884—Silinesky v. Stoltz. 2887—Williams v. City of N Y. 3425—Russell v. A. F. Young Co. 3528—Walker v. N Y Transp Co. 3215—Lavery v. Nichols. 3365—Stanton v. Hopkins. 3557—Lowenstein v. City of N Y. 3573—Donahue v. Candee. 3575—King v N Y Transp Co. 3587—Sved v. Spitzer. 3639—Evers v. Hentschel. 2247—McTierney v. Thompson. 6928—Dauphin v. City of N Y. 3121—Solomona v. Hebron. 3087—Rottenberg v. Feurstein. 3113—Herz v. City of N Y. 2875—Owen v. same. 3402—Goldwater v. same. 3406—Helm v. same. 3500—O'Connor v. same. 3551—Kancker v. same. 3555—Reilly v. N Y Transp Co. 3562—Zaidi v. Dall. 3574—Benedetto v. Horner. 3609—Osborne v. Kingsland.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Platzek, J.—Inquest. 4696—Epstein v. Lonsdale. 1468—Slocum v. Ostrander. 4013—Flanagan v. City of N Y. 4164—Bates v. Cammerer. 3609—Johnson Service Co v. MacLernon. 3798—Burg v. Ehrlich. 893—Ferguson Cont Co v. Helderberg Cement Co. 3866—Ballmeg v. Le Brantz. 3228—City of N Y v. Dawd Lumber Co. 4525—Aetna Ind Co v. La Franz Cop Co. 4195—Wells v. Christiana Nat Food Co. 4494—Asphalt Pav & Con Co v. City of N Y. 4572—Barber Asphalt & Paving Co v. same. 3892—Oppenheimer v. Slade. 2679—Ellis v. Hearn. 4112—Krumenacher v. Rodgers. 730—Harris v. Cahn. 3507—Baldwin v. Magee. 2637—Herron v. Cameron. 3839—Harris v. Hoadley. 3860—Gray v. same. 4649—Jenkins v. Mahoney. 4704—Parker v. Chapman. 4573—Momand v. Walker. 4758—Com Shirt Co v. Levy. 3820—Kelly v. Liebler. 3727—Tilgram v. Con Rosendale Cement Co. 2222—Katz v. Archer. 3129—Lees v. City of N Y. 2526—Jones v. Davis. 6136—Baruch v. Orrell. 2572—Piercy v. Frankfort Marine Ac, &c, Co. 1270—Herz v. Meyer. 6607—Burke v. Mulgrew. 728—Schmol v. Buschemi. 3167—Brandner v. Lippe. 2594—Zeltner Brew Co v. Del Bello. 2185—Rich v. Kutrukean. 214—Old Dom S S Co v. Kelley. 341—Richmond Lt & R R Co v. City of N Y. 3151—Erie R R Co v. Fruit Auction Co. 1456—Lloyd v. Platt. 291—Fearon v. Putnam Haaker Co. 1956—Warner v. Riverside Bank. 2846—Oliner v. Briggs. 3932—Shuldiner v. Pressed Prism Plate Glass Co. 1465—Housstin v. Travelers' Ins Co. 6869—Ledbetta v. Mandell. 2588—Northern Bk v. Smith. 3405—Aetna Life Ins Co v. Levinson.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Estate of Jacob Finelite. Wills for probate: George W. Kruger, Mary Carey, Adolph Wallach, Caroline Struck, David Frohman, John C. Clark, Martin Yung, Anne Shanley, Ida F. McHatton, Maria McIntosh Cox, Susan Biggant, Alvin F. Ahlum, Mary Kramer.

CITY COURT—Trial Terms—Part I., Schmuck, J.; Part II., O'Dwyer, J.; Part III., Donnelly, J.; Part VII., Lynch, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J.; Part V., McAvoy, J.; Part VI., Green, J.—Court opens at 9:45 A. M. 4745—Berman v. Miller. 7244—Jellin v. Feldhus. 7352—Harttmann v. Herschman. 4569—Knyazlook v. Busch. 2642—Levinson v. Zipkin. 7707½—Griffin v. Flank. 4349—Foozaner v. White. 760—Syrop v. Etlinger. 5612—Empire City Sav Bank v. Moorhead. 3709—Durante v. Rainon. 2798—Kahan v. Epstein. 5033—Strouss v. Robertson. 5202—Inter Import and Export Co. v. Ind Wine Co. 4142—Klipstein v. Asbestos Products Co. 4394—Abramson-Engisser Co v. Cobb, Jr. 4618—Rathowsky v. Shultz. 4631—Vecchione v. Interb R T Co. 4708—Finney v. Empire State Surety Co. 4713—Lesser v. Reiss. 6366—Schwarzkopf v. Corbett. 6367—Tracy v. Fargo. 6357—Ratner v. Int R T Co. 6148—Young v. Goetz. 5396—Quinn v. Lewis. 5397—Same v. Cohen. 5319—Same v. Shapiro. 6396—Degener v. Goldstone. 7155—Wiederman v. Michaelson. 3730—Toff v. Schmidt. 4216—Dinofsky v. Jacobs. 3889—Draper v. Brooklyn Heights Ry. Co. 2904—Tierchwell v. Murtagh. 2903—Patt v. Warshansky. 4920—Welles v. Thomas J. Stewart Co. 5055—Nelson v. Hellman. 5596—Faubel v. Reichhard. 5618—Cummiskey v. McManus. 5620—Broadway-Cortlandt Co. v. Bassi. 5624—Keller v. Flygare. 5645—Kugelman v. Bonwit. 5646—Tannenbaum v. Bonwit. 5649—Onward Construction Co. v. Egan. 5650—Patterson v. Hart. 5651—Same v. same. 5658—Heublein v. Cataldo. 5664—McDonald v. Met Bridge & Const Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Delehanty, J.—1843—Kremer v. Rothschild. 1868—Henschel v. Weinstein. 1896—Scola v. Grauer. 1696—Calendar v. Kohn. 1856—Andreschak v. German Sav Bank. 1883—Cooperman v. Fromer. 1884—R. Van Praag Supply Co v. Karpas. 1754—Ginsburg v. Guzy. 1900—Kalmwieber v. Goldwaser.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Tuchman vs. Rodbell—Isidor Cohn.

SUPREME COURT—Fitzgerald, J.—Kellough vs. McClellan—John J. Delaney.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Finelite, J.—Chas D. Vogeley v. Clasm Eng Co—Alex Adlerman. Hippolyte L Hubert v. Roland H Perry—Wm R. Phelan.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Am Elev Co v. Empire State Garage—Samuel Lewis. William Ehrenwald v. Adolph S Miller—Albert J Rifkind. Jacob Friedman v. George H Taylor—Walter Friedland.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Hirschberg, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Rich, Carr, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar. 330, M A—Arker v. Cohen. 332—Rodger v. Heatley. 333, M A—Ehrenberg v. Rogers. 335, M A—Mathisen v. Wettre. 336, M A—Steen v. Landness. 337, M A—Fiardo v. Massa. 338, M A—Nicoll v. Deitchman. 339—Taufer v. Brotherhood, &c. 340, M A—Hegeman Co. v. De Hierapolis. 341, M A—Wiley v. Smith. 167—Callahan v. Munson S S Co. 237—Brindley v. N Y & L I Trac Co. 267—Dimeo v. S I Ry Co. 103—Dix v. Nassau R R. 118—Villhauer v. Gross. 19—Luckow v. B H R R. 270, M A—Maisonneuve v. Gutwilling. 248—Martin v. Village of Mamaroneck. 277—Rochelle Park Assn v. Ensinger. 334—Rothschild v. Title G & T Co. 342—Liedtke v. Meyer.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marean, J.—4526—Fisher v. Prudential Ins Co. 4551—Paris v. Little. 4534—Pilzer v. Goldenbaum. 4378—Oliner v. Goldberg. 4494—Union Bk, Bklyn, v. U S Exchange B. 4404—Shipman v. Co of Westchester. 4562—Gordon v. Katzen Realty Co. 4563—Hoyt v. Lane. 4564—Strolsee v. Myren. 4381—Rosenthal v. Rachlin. 3969—Cohen v. Extension Develop Co. 3683—Wetzel v. Livoti. 4401—Goldman v. Goldman. 4252—Polito v. Rosenberg. 157—Downey v. Grimaldi. 4242—Tupper v. Williamsburg Trust Co. 4121—Schlitz v. Schlitz. 4566—Maskowsky v. Ellman. 4522—Williams v. Holmes. 4874—Schlenker v. Rothschild. 2970—Hill v. Flatbush Consumers' Co. 3745—Amsden v. Petit. 4289—Millwood v. Millwood. 4510—Trotter v. Trotter. 4405—Young Men's Harmony Aid Socy v. Friedman. 4489—Bellotte v. Bellotte. 4285—Steiner v. Glendale Realty Co. 4473—Hill v. Hill. 4110—Kammerer v. Panitz. 4504—MacRoberts v. Evertz.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 2387—Moore v. B H R R. 2652—Riegel v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 2653—Hayes v. Nassau R R. 2654—Hanley v. Friedman. 2659—Jacobs v. B H R R. 2661, 2662—Crane v. same. 2664, 2665—Kelly v. same. 2666—Costello v. Union Ferry Co. 2669—Knoechel v. Friedman. 2670—Cioffi v. D'Agostino. 2671—Cancitosi v. same. 2428—Cochen v. B H R R. 8171—Schulze v. Farrell. 8162—Radford v. B H R R. 858—Ryan v. Inter R T. 960—Egan v. same. 2296—Taggart v. City of N Y. 2673—Wilson v. Shafer. 2674—Trundy v. B H R R. 2675—Bernstein v. Empire Bridge Co. 2676—Douglass, Jr., v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 2677—Schaffer v. Nassau R R. 2679—Brighton Beach Rac Assn v. Norton. 2680—Price v. Percy Kent Co. 2681—Kendrick v. B H R R. 2683—Payne v. same. 2685—Rogers v. Nassau R R. 2686—Taffer v. B H R R. 2688—Misel v. Coney Is & B R R. 2689—Hofer v. Christ. 2690—Ciccheta v. Lock Co. 2691—Mullen v. Brass Goods Mfg Co. 2692—Doherty v. Nassau R R. 2693—Mulkerin v. B H R R. 2695—O'Meara v. Swift & Co. 2696—White v. City of N Y. 2697—O'Neill v. Fire Extinguisher Co. 2698—McFadden v. City of N Y. 2701—Ferrone v. Frank. 2702—McCarthy v. Woltman. Highest number reached on regular call 2704.

IRON AND STEEL NOTES.

Business Picking Up Both in Domestic and Export Trade.

The leading iron and steel trade journals report a somewhat better feeling in the industry and an improvement in business during the week. Pig iron production continues to increase according to the statistics compiled for February by both The Iron Age and The Iron Trade Review.

Returns to The Iron Age show a production of 2,397,254 gross tons of coke and anthracite pig iron in the twenty-eight days of February, against 2,608,605 tons in January. The weekly capacity of furnaces active March 1 was 7,400 tons more than on Feb. 1, or 593,979 tons, against 586,512 tons. There is no indication of furnaces going out for any reason other than repairs, though the list of such furnaces has been lengthening of late.

The Iron Trade Review says of pig iron:

> In the Pittsburg and Cleveland districts interest has centred on the inquiry of the Westinghouse interests for 15,000 tons of pig iron. It is understood that the business will not net the furnaces much above $16 at their plants, which is considered very near cost, when using new ore at advanced prices. At St. Louis 15,000 tons of basic has been purchased, and at Pittsburg several round lots of 2,000 and 3,000 tons of the same grade have been contracted for, and an inquiry for 10,000 tons is pending.

On the general situation The Iron Age says:

> Railroads are making larger demands upon iron and steel works, and this is the most significant feature in the situation. The need of new equipment is becoming more imperative, particularly in the West; the chief difficulty is that deliveries from car works cannot be had before midsummer. Estimates of pending business show that 20,000 to 25,000 cars are likely to be bought in the near future, while an equal number is under consideration, without immediate prospect of being placed. The number of bridges placed by railroads recently is noteworthy, fourteen such contracts, amounting to 10,000 tons, having been closed in the past ten days, while 5,000 tons additional are under inquiry. Chicago reports inquiries for 100,000 to 150,000 tons of plates and shapes from car companies.

The Iron Trade Review says that export business continues good and prices are advancing.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

ROCKAWAY PLUMBING SUPPLY COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed W. L. Cannon receiver in bankruptcy for the Rockaway Plumbing Supply Company of 73 East 117th Street and 412 Rockaway Avenue, Brooklyn. The assets are estimated at $1,500, in stock and fixtures.

LILLIE M. WHITE.—Lillie M. White, grocer at Peekskill, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,839 and assets of $1,150, consisting of stock, $300; fixtures, $100; good accounts, $126; doubtful accounts, $74, and equity in a house and lot, $550, over mortgages of $825. She owes Lydia Conklin $563 for domestic services from 1900 to 1910.

JOHN E. PREDMORE.—John E. Predmore, a farmer, of Warwick, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,533 and assets of $1,426, consisting of five horses and twenty-nine head of cattle; $1,300, on which there are mortgages of $3,712; wagons, $100; farming implements, $20, and cash, $6. The largest creditors are Conklin & Strong, $3,425, secured by chattel mortgage on the horses and cattle.

HENRY MENDOZA.—Henry Mendoza, a salesman of 199 William Street, who formerly kept a saloon at 2,258 Second Avenue, corner of 116th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,030, and assets of $155, consisting of eight certificates for thirty-seven barrels of whisky in bond, $80, and $75 deposit with the New York Edison Company, which is a creditor for $97 for electric light. Among the creditors are the Bernheimer & Schwartz Brewing Company, $7,658; Julius Kessler & Co., $1,700, and Samuel Streit & Co., $645.

RICH & TRUAX, INCORPORATED.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rich & Truax, Incorporated, tailors of 71 Cortlandt Street, by these creditors: Henry C. Biddle & Co., Philadelphia, $313; Sartorial Pattern Company, Philadelphia, $20, and Joseph Johnson, this city, $202. Most of the claims are for goods sold to the firm of Rich & Truax, who transferred their assets to a corporation on Dec. 16 last, which assumed their liabilities. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent, made preferential transfer of property, and on March 8 admitted in writing inability to pay its debts. The corporation was incorporated Dec. 16, with a capital stock of $100,000.

SEABOARD PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY.—Papers filed in the United States Circuit Court Clerk's office yesterday in the matter of the receivership for the Seaboard Portland Cement Company of 225 Fifth Avenue and near Alsen, N. Y., give some additional particulars. Bonds of $2,000,000 issued by the company are widely distributed in various States to about 800 holders. The bonds cover the land and plant near Alsen, subject to a mortgage of $87,500 on the land. It is contended that over $1,000,000 was expended in the purchase of land and erection of the plant, which is about 75 per cent. completed. All the money expended on the plant and property was obtained by the sale of bonds. The company has no other assets than the land and plant. On Aug. 16 last the company leased the plant and property to the Atlantic Concrete Materials Company for forty years at a rental sufficient to pay the interest on the $2,000,000 bonds and satisfy the sinking fund requirements, and also to procure the money to complete the plant and put it in operation. The Atlantic Concrete Materials Company found it necessary to discontinue the work of completing the plant and the lease was assigned to the Atlantic Cement and Clinker Company. The Seaboard Portland Cement Company was therefore unable to meet the interest on the bonds and provide money to complete the work.

Judgments.

These judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abrams, Isaac—Jefferson Bank, $384.
Asoh, Joseph J., et al.—F. M. Sciolaro, costs, $110.
Borenstein, Newman H., (not summoned,) Theodore, (not summoned,) and Henry, (not summoned,) et al.—B. Hyman & Shevell Co., $419.
Bischoff, Henry, et al.—E. Gericke, $1,004.
Becker, William J.—Same, $1,004.
Ball, George H.—L. Orchard, $142.
Barbati, Luigi, et al.—Macon Construction Co., $167.
Bernachio, Vincenzo, et al.—Same, $167.
Butler, Samuel M.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $122.
Chichester, Daniel R.—Bruns Automobile Co., $389.
Cusolito, Anthony—M. N. Clement, $1,820.
Clarke, Walter, et al.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $132.
De Veulle, Reggie—Morning Telegraph Co., $116.
Di Giovine, Victor—M. N. Clement, $1,820.
De Cristofaro, Frank, et al.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $132.
Elias, Celia, now Shapiro, administratrix—G. Harris, $225.
Same—J. Elias, $225.
Same—H. Elias, $225.
Same—R. Roberts, $225.
Same—W. Elias, $225.
Same—L. Fine, $225.
Epps, Lizzie—E. E. Bindler, $212.
Elberson, Edwin and Joseph W.—Bank of Port Jefferson, $211.
Goldstein, Meyer—L. F. Post, $222.
Grossman, Annie—S. Trimmer & Sons, Inc., $516.
Golden, Jacob and Isaac—L. Hirsch, $306.
Goldman, Kalman, et al.—W. J. Amend, $11,673.
Gross, Max and Joseph—L. Liberman, $2,744.
Holl, John—National Security Bank, $3,118.
Harrison, Agnes—Tenement House Dept., $260.
Hoffman, George—H. C. Streat, $104.
Hall, Frank—C. H. Schildwachter, $130.
Herman, David, et al.—R. Knaster, $278.
Janowitz, Ignatz—J. Stern et al., $235.
Johansmeyer, John H. C.—A. Thomson, $421.
Joline, Adrian H., et al., receivers—C. Nobile, $2,802.
Kulia, Jacob—W. B. Dudley et al., $384.
Kern, Koppel—A. Levy et al., $103.
Koch, Lydia B.—Brown-Green Co., $112.
Kronethal, Joseph—Orient Realty Co., $267.
Kenney, Thomas, et al.—H. Held, $239.
Lee, Henry—Alexander, Macdonald & Green, $243.
Liegey, Helen—H. N. Rowe, $173.
Levkovits, Sigmund—American Agency for the Associated Wine Growers and Exporters of Hungary, $200.
Lewis, Leonard—I. Vogel, $300.
Lieberman, Sol and Nathan, (not summoned)—Assets Realization Co., $11,038.
Miller, Emil B.—C. P. Wray, $237.
Macomber, W. Sturges—Wetzel, $150.
Mandel, Harry—B. W. Levitan, $232.
Mulcahy, John J. F.—Cambria Steel Co., $1,980.
McMahon, Lewis F.—N. Y. Edison Co., costs, $132.
McBeth, Wm. H.—Bank of Manhattan, $610.
McGourty, Lawrence, et al.—H. Held, $239.
Moussi, Richard E., or Charles—B. Naughton, $2,635.
Neuberger, Mayer—W. Jacobs, $264.
Palmer, Ralla C.—Butler Bros., $144.
Parke, Wm. A.—M. Smith, $1,038.
Rayvid, Ettie—B. Rayvid, $410.
Rokofsky, Henry—Smith & Laughlin, Inc., $120.
Robinson, Douglas, et al., receivers—C. Nobile, $2,802.
Rucklein, Joseph—H. Oppenheimer, $155.
Shafranowitz, Jacob and Gussie, et al.—S. Rubin, $1,025.
Scharff, Frederick and Arnold—I. Strauss et al., $225.
Shapiro, Celia or Elias—W. Elias, $225.
Same—L. Fine, $225.
Same—R. Roberts, $225.
Same—H. Elias, $225.
Same—J. Elias, $225.
Same—G. Harris, $225.
Schomer, Abraham S.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $376.
Steffens, Frederick—J. Seeman et al., $197.
Solomon, Kalil G., Elias J., (not summoned,) Joseph, and Abraham—C. S. K. Hadathy, $2,462.
Samwick, Harry A., et al.—R. Knaster, $278.
Sweet, Elbert W.—J. Gensler, $250.
Stoughton, William G.—Estate of Frank P. Dodge, $255.
Short, Eliza L. and Edwin T.—Hobert Estate Co., $829.
Texido, Frank—F. Berger, $692.
Von der Linden, Edward H.—Carpenter & Corcoran, $282.
Weil, Sigmund—Boston Insurance Co., $346.
White, Philip T.—A. R. Allan, $406.
Weisman, Asher, et al.—B. Hyman & Shovall Co., $419.
Wigsorowitz, Isaac—Moneyweight Scale Co., $127.
Woldstadter, Samuel, et al.—W. J. Amend, $11,673.
Walker, George E.—B. Perlmutter, $118.
Meridional Cheese and Oil Co.—City of New York, $454.
James A. McClurg & Sons, Inc.—Same, $334.
New York and Washington Realty Co.—Same, $260.
Maxwell, William, Music Co.—Same, $109.
Occidental Securities Co.—Same, $127.
Old Trail Oil Co.—Same, $133.
Merrick Land Improvement Co.—City of New York, $113.
V. J. Hedden & Sons Co.—Herbert L. Brown Co., $10,362.
Gaiety Theatre Company—A. H. Hamilton et al., $514.
Same—Same, $625.
Inter-City Contracting Co.—United Cornice and Skylight Works, $213.
United Engineering and Contracting Co.—P. Bertolami, costs, $274.
National Steam and Operating Co. et al.—T. M. Sciolaro, costs, $110.
New York City Railway Co.—S. Friedman, $1,000.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Averill, Cornelia K. and Morton K.—Nevelson Goldberg Realty Co., March 2, 1910, $7,225.
Budd & Co.—O. Thurmauer et al., March 4, 1910, $108.
Coppola, Angelo and John B.—Peerless Surety Co. of New York, Jan. 10, 1910, $169.
Chibouk, Kisikor—J. N. Vanderwall, March 21, 1905, $308.
Fargo, James C.—S. Yarmy, Feb. 15, 1910, $2,127.
Finger, Joseph, and others—A. Katz, Jan. 28, 1910, $113.
Barth, Max, et al.—A. Katz, Jan. 28, 1910, $113.
Leiner, Nathan, et al.—L. C. Cohen, Feb. 26, 1910, $254.
Lehman, Meyer, et al.—L. C. Cohen, Feb. 26, 1910, $254.
Goldsmith, Bennett, et al.—L. C. Cohen, Feb. 26, 1910, $254.
Price, Thomas, Theodore, and Arthur—J. C. Hansen, Feb. 27, 1908, $126.
Smith, Harry, et al.—L. M. Fivey, June 12, 1909, $230.
Valentine, Albert A., et al.—L. M. Fivey, June 12, 1909, $230.
Terrace, Simon, et al.—Y. Kerber, March 10, 1906, $123.
Strauss, Sam, et al.—Y. Kerber, March 10, 1906, $123.
Cohen, Jacob, et al.—Y. Kerber, March 10, 1906, $123.
Penfield, William W.—G. Squires, May 15, 1909, (canceled,) $362.
Dulla, Jacob—V. B. Baggott et al., March 5, 1910, (vacated,) $189.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

The Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A board to consist of Lieuts. Col. J. D. Glennan, E. B. Frick, and Major P. M. Ashburn, Medical Corps, appointed to meet at General Hospital, San Francisco, for examination of officers for promotion.

A board of officers to consist of Majors P. C. Fauntleroy and C. N. Barney and Capt. E. H. Bruns, is appointed to meet at the General Hospital, Fort Bayard, New Mexico, April 11, to conduct preliminary examination of applicants for appointment in the Medical Corps.

First Lieut. W. A. Christensen, Medical Reserve Corps, ordered to active duty in the Philippines division.

First Lieut. W. E. Roberts, Tenth Infantry, to Washington for observation and treatment. First Lieut. G. B. Jones, Medical Reserve Corps, will accompany him to the hospital.

First Lieut. F. W. Dawson, Nineteenth Infantry, proceed to home preparatory to retirement from active service.

First Lieut. N. P. Rogers, Jr., Coast Artillery, to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for observation and treatment.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—South Dakota at San Francisco, South Carolina at Hampton Roads.

No sailings.

AUCTION SALES.

M. L. PEISER, Auctioneer,
sells Thursday and Friday, March 10 and 11, 1910, commencing 10:30 A. M. each day,
THE ENTIRE RETAIL STOCK OF
BOOKS AND PRINTS
of Messrs. Dodd, Mead & CO.
Corner 35th St., and 5th Ave.,
ALSO THE MAGNIFICENT MAHOGANY CABINET.
Made Sectional Fixtures
AUCTIONEER'S OFFICE, 86 WEST 103D.
TELEPHONE, 2469—RIVERSIDE.

DAVID CHARLES DAVIS AND A. KINSTLER, Auctioneers, sell Japanese and German goods evenings, commencing March 14, at 114 West 125th St.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN McDERMOTT and THOMAS J. McDERMOTT, individually and as copartners, composing the firm of JOHN McDERMOTT & SON, Bankrupts.

Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Company sells Monday, March 14, 1910, by order of the Court, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. at 153 East 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of horses, wagons, trucks, carts, derricks, coal pockets, harness, blankets, &c. Receiver reserves the right to withdraw such property, assets, and effects from sale unless the sale realizes 75 per cent., or more, of the appraised value thereof.

Dated New York City, March 7, 1910.
ALEXIS P. BARTLETT, Receiver,
2 Rector St., New York City.
ALEXANDER & KEENAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 24 Broad Street, New York City.

NO. 12,672.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL BUNIN and NATHAN ROBBINS, individually and trading as the GRAND BUTTON COMPANY, Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, will sell this day, Thursday, March 10th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, by order of the court, the assets of the above-named bankrupts, consisting of buttons and parts of buttons, as well as office desk and chairs and household furniture, consisting of dining room table, chairs, china closet, etc., also certain pawn ticket representing a lady's diamond ring. L. HARDING ROGERS, Jr., Receiver. ARTHUR LEONARD ROSENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 132 Nassau Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH, also known as GIUSEPPE, PARISI, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under order of this court: Marble and brass partitions in the bank at 61 Catharine Street and the fixtures attached; interest of the bankrupt in and to a safe and Underwood typewriting machine, subject to chattel mortgages. Sealed bids, with certified check for 10 per cent. of the amount, may be sent to the undersigned up to 2 P. M. on March 15th, 1910, at which time and place said bids will be opened. The receiver reserves the right to reject any or all such bids.

NICHOLAS KELLEY, Receiver,
Care of Jackson, Hollander & Frank, 41 Park Row, Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of ANDERSON COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that the personal property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of misses' and children's suits, shoes, boots, millinery, office and store fixtures, safe, etc., will be sold by the undersigned at the place of business of the above-named bankrupt, No. 342-344 North Broad Street, Trenton, New Jersey, on Friday, March 11th, 1910, at 11 A. M.

The property to be sold may be inspected on the 9th and 10th days of March, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.

RICHARD S. WILSON, Receiver.
HENRY J. BLOCK, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SCANDINAVIAN FUR AND LEATHER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, March 21, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather coats, rubber coats, kid and leather gloves, automobile caps, fur goods, lap robes, automobile clothing, machinery, office furniture, safe, fixtures, &c. PHILIP J. McCOOK, Receiver. JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN KAPLAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, March 10, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of tobacco, desk, chairs, fixtures, &c. FREDERICK W. HAMBERG, Receiver. CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Graves Cloak Company, Columbus, Ohio; E. R. Graves, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.
Quackenbush, G. S. & Co., Troy, N. Y.; T. E. Burney, notions and laces; Hotel Wolcott.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks and suits; 115 Worth Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Broger, A. A., Baltimore, Md.; L. L. Broger, dry goods; Grand Hotel.
Cohn, Coblins & Co., Baltimore, Md.; T. B. Brice, dress goods and silks; Grand Hotel.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. T. Smith, men's neckwear and suspenders; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.
Hudson, J. L., Company, Detroit, Mich.; W. E. Sittlington, dress goods and silks; 113 Bleecker Street; Hotel Latham.
Baer, Kronocher & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; I. L. Baer, silks; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Weil, Bacharach & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. H. Weil, piece goods; The Breslin.
Filenes, William Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; M. J. Fox, ready-to-wear; J. J. Kelly, misses' suits, skirts, and dresses; Hotel Imperial.
Squires-Hentges Company, Chicago, Ill.; H. Squiers, furnishing goods and hosiery; Hotel Imperial.
Taylor, Browning Company, Scranton, Penn.; G. M. Taylor, notions and furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; I. Tolman, dress goods; 72 Grand Street; Hotel York.
Garront, F. W., & Co., Saratoga, N. Y.; L. A. Crippen, dresses; F. W. Garront, wash suits; Hotel York.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. A. David, pictures; Hotel Cadillac.
Goodkind, M., Troy, N. Y.; ladies' wear; Hotel Wellington.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. A. Koll, housefurnishing goods; 487 Broadway.
Loveman, Joseph & Loeb, Birmingham, Ala.; H. B. Litton, domestics; 31 Union Square.
Isaacs-Marks Company, New Orleans, La.; L. P. Theriot, laces; 43 Leonard Street.
Sulzbacher, I., Steubenville, Ohio; dry goods; Hoffman House.
Ambach, D. S., Columbus, Ohio; clothing; Hoffman House.
Goldsmith, W., Philadelphia, Penn.; ready-to-wear; Hotel Albert.
Tanner, M. W., Company, Saginaw, Mich.; G. M. Bixby, Jr., dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Hunter-Tuppen Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. Sjoiberg, laces; 192½ Grand Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Bacon, F. E., & Co., Rome, N. Y.; L. H. Baker, linens; Hotel Grand.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; D. J. Scannell, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Victoria.
Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. K. Hill, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; H. Oppenheimer, cloaks and suits; Hoffman House.
Grinsfelder, J., & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; S. Grinsfelder, silks; Hoffman House.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss M. A. Cole, millinery; 2 Walker Street.
O'Neill, M., & Co., Akron, Ohio; J. J. Fendner, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street.
Burnheimer Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; J. E. Berk, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and kimonos; Hotel Imperial.
Colwell, Irving S., Auburn, N. Y., books; Prince George Hotel.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. M. Mayer, cloaks and suits; 684 Broadway.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss C. Loois, gloves; 458 Church Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; G. S. Pomeroy, millinery; 2 Walker Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; C. C. Chrismer, books; 2 Walker Street.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; L. W. Rosskopf, cloaks, suits, waists, millinery, and ladies' and infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.
Kroeger Brothers Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; W. B. Gormely, housefurnishing goods; J. S. Kroeger, dry goods; Hotel Cumberland.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; W. T. Rodgers, boys' clothing; 57 White Street.
Watt, Rettew & Clay, Norfolk, Va.; W. C. Goodall, dry goods; 214 Church Street.
Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; A. E. Dowson, linens and neckwear; 43 Leonard Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; S. D. Clark, silks; 2 Walker Street.
Millner, J. R., Company, Lynchburg, Va.; L. C. Hall, dress goods and silks; 725 Broadway; Hotel New Amsterdam.
Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; H. Holmeren, china; 30 East Twentieth Street; Hotel Broztell.
Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, misses' suits; Mrs. M. Morton, infants' wear; 31 Union Square.
Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; J. M. Lee, millinery and ribbons; 57 White Street.
Reid & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; Miss A. C. Lyons, ladies' and infants' wear; 73 Spring Street.
Plummer, F. A., Company, Oshkosh, Wis.; F. H. Hull, cloaks and suits; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; A. R. Katz, neckwear; Hotel Netherland.
Lyman Ley Company, Kewanee, Ill.; J. H. Mehl, ladies' ready-to-wear; Murray Hill Hotel.
Hard, L. W., Oneida, N. Y.; millinery; Mrs. William Palmer, millinery; Hotel Albert.
Weed, Coburn, & Co., Toledo, Ohio; C. A. Weed, hats; Knickerbocker.
Galloway & Martin, Delaware, Ohio; M. B. Elberson, dry goods; The Breslin.
Veith, Charles, Meadville, Penn.; clothing; Hotel Woodstock.
Patterson, J. S., & Sons, Findlay, Ohio; F. P. Patterson, dry goods; Herald Square.
Brewster, H. H., McConnelsville, Ohio; dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. B. Brown, dry goods; Hotel Martha Washington.
Hornung, L., Camden, N. Y.; J. M. Erwin, millinery; Grand Union Hotel.
Smith & Pagenstecher, Dayton, Ohio; H. W. Pagenstecher, crockery; Hotel Albert.
Gibbs, Arthur, & Sons, Olean, N. Y.; Arthur M. Gibbs, china, dolls, toys; Broadway Central Hotel.
Simonds, A., Sons, Victor, N. Y.; C. L. Simonds, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Wyler, Ackerland & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.; A. L. Wyler, clothing; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Clark & Co., Peoria, Ill.; Miss V. Johnson, dry goods; Prince George Hotel.
Duncan-Ferguson Company, Limited, Stratford, Ontario, Can.; D. N. Ferguson, dry goods and millinery; Miss Watson, millinery; Miss Penoitt, millinery; Continental Hotel.
Arthurholt Company, Erie, Penn.; J. R. Arthurholt, crockery; Herald Square Hotel.
Wood, F. J. Westfield, Penn.; Orra E. Hegman, millinery; Hotel Albert.
Merz Brothers, Maysville, Ky.; A. L. Merz, dry goods; 45 Lispenard Street.
Friedman Brothers, Oneida, N. Y.; Daniel Friedman, variety store; Broadway Central Hotel.
Stearns, L. L., Company, Williamsport, Penn.; Mrs. A. C. Preston, dry goods; Hotel St. Denis.
May's, Detroit, Mich.; Max May, millinery; Hotel Imperial.

Experienced clothing salesman desires to connect with some good house manufacturing men's coats and suits; best references. J. Brandenburg, 61 East 118th St.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.
For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.
ALBUMS AND NOVELTIES.
S. Steinberg, 12 Walker Street.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
E. W. French Co., 1 Beekman, opp. Post Office.
BASKETS & WILLOWWARE NOVELTIES.
Krauss & Co., 11-13 West Houston Street.
Chas. Zinn & Co., 138-140 Grand Street.
BATHING SUITS.
M. Loewenstein, "The Fashion," 438 Broome.
Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 Broadway.
BELTS, BAGS, AND FANCY NOVELTIES.
Baron & Horowitz, 45 to 51 Lispenard St.
BRAIDS.
Elite Braid Co., Importers & Mfrs., 165 Greene St.
BRASS AND COPPER ART GOODS.
B. Wiener, Manufacturer, 647 Broadway.
BRUSHES for Household, Toilet and Paint.
E. J. Kelly, "Anchor," 104 Chambers St.
CAMP OUTFITS & SPORTSMAN'S GOODS.
Chas. J. Godfrey Co., 91 Chambers Street.
CORD NECK RUCHING & BIAS FABRICS.
Erlanger & Reis, ("Rival" Fastener,) 109 W. 26
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
CUT GLASS.
J. Hoare & Co., (Exhibit,) Grand Hotel.
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS.
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
FANCY FEATHERS and Feather Novelties.
C. Weisker & Co., 9 and 11 W. 4th, n. B'way.
FEATHERS AND WILLOWS.
East India Ostrich Feather Co., 599 B'way.
FIBRE GOODS, SAMPLE & SUIT CASES.
Fibre Case & Novelty Co., 88 Chambers St.
GARTERS AND LADIES' ELASTIC BELTS.
Liberty Garter Works, (Mayper Garter,) 413 B'way.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
INFANTS' HEADWEAR, Knit Goods & Cloaks.
L. Herzig & Co., Inc., 141, 143, 145 W. 17th St.
LADIES' HAND BAGS & NOVELTIES.
John Davenport & Co., 7 White Street.
A. & E. Leather Goods Co., 419-421 Broome St.
LADIES' WAISTS.
Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOUT BOAS, MUFFS, & NOVELTIES.
Hauser & Davis, Mfrs., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
PAPER & CHINA SOUVENIRS for Dinners.
Theo. Metzeler, 46 Vesey Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
PHOENIX MUFFLERS & SILK HOSE.
Phoenix Knitting Works, 45 E. 17th, near B'way.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
SWEATERS & LADIES' BATHING SUITS.
Progressive Knitting Works, 31 Union Sq.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,044.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HYMAN BREUER, doing business as H. Breuer, bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-mentioned bankrupt, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Hyman Breuer, doing business as H. Breuer, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 8th, 1910.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—EMIL ALTER and WILLIAM ALTER, individually and as copartners doing business as E. ALTER & SON, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Emil Alter and William Alter, individually and as copartners as aforesaid, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 7th, 1910, praying for the confirmation of a composition in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 21st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—LIEB TACHUA, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Lieb Tachua, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 19th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on March 21st, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—BEN VORZIMER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated March 7th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 4th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 8th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JOSEPH H. MULLER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated February 18th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 4th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 8th, 1910.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—GEORGE S. ALEXANDER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated February 15th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 4th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 8th, 1910.

NO. 13,098.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM TREIBITZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Abraham Treibitz of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Abraham Treibitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 50 Church Street, Room No. 1,375, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, City and County of New York, on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
March 10th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,266.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CLIPPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Clipper Manufacturing Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Clipper Manufacturing Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, New York City, on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
March 8, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,638.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMON HICK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Simon Hick of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1909, the said Simon Hick was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, New York City, on the 22d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
March 8, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,346.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the mater of SAM KORNFELD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Sam Kornfeld of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Sam Kornfeld was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, No. 50 Church Street, Room No. 1,375, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
March 10th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,984.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVIS WOLF, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Davis Wolf of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Davis Wolf was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, No. 50 Church Street, Room No. 1,375, in the Hudson Terminal Buildings, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
March 10th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,217.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HEUSNER BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Heusner Baking Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 8th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Latest Paris fashions in gowns, wraps, and hats, designed by leading dress artists and milliners in The Spring Fashion and Easter Number of The New York Times next Sunday. Order your copy to-day to prevent disappointment.—Adv.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

New Dwelling on Lenox Library Block Sold—Another Theatre Planned for Times Square—Investor Buys Broadway Corner—Private Dwellings in Demand.

The demand for high-class private dwellings, which has been a marked feature of the realty market during the past month, was further augmented yesterday by the sale through Pease & Elliman for Cornelius Luyster, Jr., of the new six-story fireproof residence now nearing completion at 7 East Seventieth Street. This was one of the first houses to be started of the half dozen now under construction in the Lenox Library block, and it is the second important sale made by the same brokers in that block recently. The house occupies a plot 25 by 100.5. It has been held at $275,000, and it is understood that the price paid by the new owner, who buys for his own occupancy, is close to this figure. It is the largest sale in respect to price made this season of a private house off of Fifth Avenue. Among the recent sales of private residences in the immediate vicinity are 30 and 32, 121 and 176 East Seventieth Street, while in Seventy-first Street Nos. 19, 167, 173, and 175 have lately changed hands.

New Theatre for 43d Street.

Lee Shubert of Shubert Brothers admitted yesterday that negotiations were pending for the lease of six old private dwellings, through Oliver Livingston Jones, at 113 to 123 West Forty-third Street, occupying a plot 125 by 100.5. The lease will carry with it an option to purchase the property, and the plot is likely to be improved in the near future by a new Shubert theatre. On the south side of the street, almost opposite the property, the new $1,000,000 Elks Clubhouse is being erected, while the twelve-story office building, with the George M. Cohan Theatre, is under construction on the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street.

Sixth Avenue Parcel in Trade.

An important deal affecting Sixth Avenue property was announced yesterday by the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company and Parish, Fisher & Co., who sold for Mrs. Harriet B. Newberry to Oscar R. Meyer 804 Sixth Avenue, between Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Streets, a four-story building, on lot 189 by 75.

The same brokers have also sold to Mayer L. Halff the Chester Court apartment house, at the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 119th Street, an eight-story structure, on plot 100.11 by 85, reported Tuesday.

Both of these transactions were part of a trade, the other end of which consisted of the purchase of the block front on the east side of Broadway, between Seventy-eighth and Seventy-ninth Streets, by Mrs. Newberry from Messrs. Meyer and Halff.

Buy Seventh Avenue Corner.

L. & A. Pincus and Joseph L. Graf have purchased from the Kips Bay Realty Company the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, comprising a plot 100.5 on Seventh Avenue by 100 feet on Fifty-fourth Street, covered by six-story apartments and stores. Parish, Fisher & Co. were the brokers in the transaction.

Investor Buys Broadway Corner.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has sold for Gustavus L. Lawrence to a client the southeast corner of Eightieth Street and Broadway, 102.2 by 100 feet, and improved with a modern two-story and basement taxpayer.

Good Market for Small Dwellings.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has sold for Henry E. Coe 161, 163, and 165 West Ninety-third Street to a client, being three 17-foot three-story and basement high-stoop dwellings.

Francis Gepson has sold the four-story dwelling 144 East Thirty-seventh Street, on lot 14 by 98.9.

J. Arthur Fischer has sold for Eugene Flood to a client the five-story English basement house 216 West Fortieth Street, on lot 14.3 by 98.9.

The estate of Sarah E. Squire has sold 19 West Fifty-second Street, a four-story brownstone front dwelling, on lot 25 by 100.5, on the block with the Vanderbilt houses.

The Duross Company has sold for Alexander Duff 565 West 183d Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 99.11, between Audubon and St. Nicholas Avenues.

A Morningside Heights Deal.

Frederick Zittel & Sons have sold to the Victor Cerebone Construction Company a plot of four lots, 100 by 100, on west side of Claremont Avenue, opposite the Barnard College campus, 125 feet south of 119th Street. The Victor Cerebone Construction Company will erect a ten-story fireproof building of the latest type, similar to those being erected on Riverside Drive.

Manley Estate Sells Vacant Plot.

The Manley estate sold to a Mr. Wallenstein the plot, 50 by 100, on the north side of 120th Street, adjoining Temple Israel, at the northwest corner of Lenox Avenue.

Tilden Co. Disposes of Heights Parcel.

L. H. Slawson, President of the Tilden Investing Company, has sold the plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of St. Nicholas Avenue, 75 feet north of 187th Street. Louis Haberstroh, whose residence at the southeast corner of 188th Street adjoins the property is the purchaser.

Bronx Sales.

Kahn & Opp have sold the plot of four lots on the west side of Wilkins Avenue, 182 feet south of Boston Road, for F. Hecht to an investor.

The Fleischmann Realty and Construction Company has sold the private dwelling 22 Kingsbridge Road, to Arline R. Keirns. The purchaser has bought the house for her own occupancy.

Max Just has sold the two two-family brick dwellings 762 and 764 East 222d Street, being 25 by 89 each, to an investor.

Brooklyn Sales.

Howard C. Pyle & Co., 199 Montague Street, Brooklyn, have sold the entire block front on the southerly side of Sixty-first Street, between Fourth and Fifth Avenues, including the block frontage on the westerly side of Fourth Avenue, between Sixty-first and Sixty-second Streets, containing thirty-five lots in all, for Bonnie C. Clark and Sydney V. Lowell, to a client for investment.

Suburban Sales.

Alvah H. Verity has sold for occupancy his two-story dwelling on plot 50 by 126, located on Hillside Avenue, at Rockville Centre, L. I., to Anne V. Kolb of New York City.

The Hayes estate tract of 100 acres, in the Summit section of New Jersey, has been sold to a syndicate of New York and Pennsylvania capitalists. The purchasers plan to develop the property at once as an exclusive residential colony. It is said that the purchase price was about $200,000.

The Oak Ridge Company, R. L. Kilby President, the developers of Shoreham, L. I., have sold a half-acre plot containing an attractive bungalow, to G. W. Grassman of New York City.

Three acres of shore front at Shoreham, L. I., have been sold by the Oak Ridge Company to a Brooklyn purchaser, who will immediately begin the erection of an English manor house in keeping with the numerous country estates which have been sold by the company at Shoreham within the past few years.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. A. Castle Postley is the buyer of the five-story American basement dwelling 266 West Ninety-third Street, sold recently by Clarence V. Kip.

John Noonan is the buyer of 310 West 107th Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, sold recently through Pease & Elliman.

Ennis & Sinnott are the purchasers of the five-story flat 204 St. Nicholas Avenue, 29.4 by 103, sold by Julia Wray.

Leases Signed Over Year Ago.

In an article published in an evening newspaper Saturday last, the statement was made that a number of leases in the three blocks bounded by Forty-eighth and Fifty-first Streets, Fifth and Sixth Avenues, have been recently signed. The fact is that the leases referred to were signed more than a year ago.

After Dwelling for Synagogue.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for altering the five-story dwelling house at 207 East Seventh Street into a synagogue for the newly established Congregation B'nai Rappeport, of which M. Strum is President. The building will be enlarged and will be finished with a decorative façade of terra cotta-trimmed brick, ornamented with Doric pilasters and central entrance staircase, from designs by Bernstein & Bernstein as architects. The improvements will cost $15,000.

Over $2,000,000 Loaned in Westchester.

The records at White Plains show that money on bond and mortgage, secured by Westchester County realty, was more abundant in February of 1910 than during the same month of 1909. This condition is in line with the prophecy that Westchester County real estate is on the threshold of a record year. The total amount loaned last month was $2,047,759 in 471 mortgages. In February of 1909 there were 454 mortgages made, amounting to $1,777,690.

An analysis of the records, made by the Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company of White Plains, N. Y., shows that in February, 1910, individual investors loaned $1,253,596 on 350 mortgages, banks loaned $271,000 on 45 mortgages, trust companies loaned $83,000 on 6 mortgages, building loan associations loaned $34,850 on 12 mortgages, title companies loaned $205,500 on 20 mortgages, miscellaneous, including churches, breweries, &c., loaned $187,813 on 30 mortgages, and $12,000 loaned by a life insurance company on one mortgage.

The prevailing rate of interest was 6 per cent., it appearing that $918,108, or more than one-half of the sum loaned, was placed at 6 per cent. Most of the individual loans were made at 6 per cent., while the title companies and others loaned freely at 5½ per cent.

Notes.

The subject of "Liability and Responsibility of Owners" will be discussed by Mr. A. A. Hovell, attorney, before the students of the real estate law class conducted by the Bedford Branch, Young Men's Christian Association, this evening. This lecture is one of the regular series in real estate law offered by this organization.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

162d St, n s, 80 ft e of Ogden Av, 25x102.5, vacant; voluntary sale, to Catharine L. Wynne, $2,500.

Macomb Place, w s, block front between 153d and 154th Sts, 228.2x84.4x199.10x194.4, one-story store and vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, H. F. Veith, $111,350.

Broome St, 49, s w corner of Lewis St, 25x60, three-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to Henry Flugelman, $19,815.

Avenue A, 1,301 and 1,303, w s, 50.5 ft s of 70th St, 50x85, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Lucy Costabile, $41,833.

Creston Av, 2,266, e s, 143 ft s of 183d St, 16.8x89.6, two-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, I. L. Miller, $5,800.

By Joseph P. Day.

126th St, 66, s s, 90 ft w of Park Av, 20x99.11, four-story dwelling; George Haas, referee; partition, to the defendant, S. K. Goodman, $10,000.

2d Av, 2,485, n w corner of 127th St, 25.8x100, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, L. M. Lee, $31,000.

Anthony Av, 1,746, e s, 200 ft s of Prospect Place, 30x90.3x92.4, two-story brick dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Wolf Goldberg, $9,500.

159th St, 422, s s, 175 ft w of Elton Av, 25x98, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale, adjourned to March 21.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

54th St, 126 East, for a one-story frame shed, 24x19.6; W. H. Starbrick, 61 Pierrepont St, Brooklyn, owner; A. G. Rechlin, architect; cost, $250.

Marion Av, s w corner of Kingsbridge Road, for a five-story brick store and tenement, 26.4x107.7; James H. Jones, 2,591 Bainbridge Av, owner; Schaefer & Jaeger, architects; cost, $40,000.

Fulton Av, s e corner of 169th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 65x79; Fulton-Wendover Construction Co., 1,130 Union Av, owner; Maximilian Zipkes, architect; cost, $75,000.

White Plains Av, e s, 30 ft n of 219th St, for a one-story frame store and dwelling, 50x76; Charles, Harry, and Ethel Gordon, 670 East 225th St, owners; George P. Crosier, architect; cost, $8,000.

Bailey Av, e s, 75 ft s of Fairfax Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x33.5; George Murray, 1,517 Charlotte St, owner; Dennis & Bailey, architects; cost, $2,000.

Washington Av, e s, 125 ft 23 in. n of 166th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 65.7x102; Morris Osmensky, 112 West 113th St, owner; Charles H. Holmes, architect; cost, $45,000.

Wales Av, e s, 225 ft s of 159th St, for a four-story brick tenement, 25x65; Mrs. E. Ackerman, 515 Timpson Place, owner; Adam Gerhardt, Jr., architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

7th St, 207 East, to a four-story brick synagogue; Congregation Bnai Rappeport, premises, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein, architects; cost, $15,000.

Broadway, 1,435, to a four-story brick store; Dean estate, 129 West 118th St, owner; S. S. Sugar, architect; cost, $5,000.

Hudson St, 185, to a six-story brick office and store; A. C. Bechstein, 50 Water St, owner; A. Baylies, architect; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9.

ADRIAN AV, s s, 325 ft w of 227th St, 50x100, to n s of Van Corlear Pl; Everett B. Heyman to Ernestine Nathanson, 2-3 part, (mtg 2-3 of $5,500,) $1.

ADRIAN AV, s s, 325 ft w of 227th St, 50x100, to n s of Van Corlear Pl; Ernestine, wife of Leon Nathanson, to Seymour E. and Benjamin Heyman, firm, S. E. Heyman & Co., 1-3 part, (mtg 1-3 of $8,000,) $1.

ADRIAN AV, s s, 325 ft w of 227th St, 50x100, to n s of Van Corlear Pl; Seymour E. Heyman et al. to Ernestine Nathanson, 1-3 part, (mtg 1-3 of $5,500,) $1.

BAILEY AV, e s, 25 ft s of 230th St, 25x100.7; Bailey Av, e s, 75 ft s of 230th St, 25x100.7; Bailey Av, e s, 125 ft s of 230th St, 25x100.7; Bailey Av, e s, 200 ft s of 230th St, 25x100.7; Bailey Av, e s, 250 ft s of 230th St, 25x100.7; Julia Oppenheimer to Lazarus Fried, $100.

BROADWAY, e s, 124.7 ft n of 231st St, 24.10x60; Bettie Wise and others to Frederick W. Fieder, Jr., $6,500.

BROADWAY, e s, 124.7 ft n of 231st St, 24.10x60; Frederick W. Fieder, Jr., to Adolph M. Bendheim, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

BROAD ST, 42, w s, 21x153.9, to 38 New St; Joseph A. Warren to The Wall Street Journal Building Co., $390,550.

CHERRY ST, 136, n s, 25.8x104.2; Martin Garone to Mary Lorenzo, (mtg $28,000,) $1.

CONCORD ST, w s, Lot 142, map of East Morrisania, 50x100, foreclosure; J. Sidney Bernstein, referee, to Joseph Callick, $9,500.

CRESTON AV, e s, 159.8 ft s of 183d St, 16.8x89.6; Crowley Wentworth to William A. Daly, $5,500.

DIVISION ST, 243, e s, 23x48.6x23x48.7; Frederick C. Callan to Lewis W. Sanborn of Danvers, Mass., (mtg $13,500,) $1.

FORSYTH ST, 213 and 215, w s, 27.2x125.4; Rachel Kaplan to Max Fine, (mtg $44,125,) $1.

FOX ST, e s, 323.2 ft n of 165th St, 25x100; Arthur Kreusser to Julius A. C. Kreusser and others, $1,000.

KELLY ST, w s, 186.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; Timothy F. Sullivan to John J. Tully, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

KELLY ST, w s, 211.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x100; James C. Meyers to Timothy F. Sullivan, $100.

LOT 107, Map 352, attached to report of action; De Villarde et al to Casanova et al; Nicholas Pecora to New Arcadia Real Estate Co, $1.

LOT 224, map of Undercliff Terrace; Elizabeth Fitzpatrick to Mary A. Fitzpatrick, (mtg $6,000,) $100.

MORRIS AV, 673 and 675, n w corner of 153d St, 50x100; Tinton Av, w s, 125 ft n of 145th St, 50x100; Michael Marrone to Nicholas Silvestro, (mtgs $89,750,) $100.

MONROE ST, 187, n s, 20x67.4; Bridget Foley to Catherine A. Foley, $100.

NEREID AV, s w corner of Wickham Av, 48.10x100; Jerome Hirshkind to Harriet Wildman, (mtg $400,) $100.

RITTER PLACE, s s, 96.10 ft e of Union Av, 40x85.4; Jacob Kronenberger to Crownhill Construction Co., (mtg $5,000,) $100.

ST NICHOLAS PL, 34 and 36, e s, 75x100; David Lichtenstein to Gussie Lichtenstein, (mtg $70,000,) $1.

ST NICHOLAS AV, w s, 86.3 ft s of 161st St, 133.5x171.5x125x124.10; Isabelle McCormack to De Forest Est Corpn, (mtg $60,000,) $100.

SEDGWICK AV, 1,793, junction of Cedar Av, 1,800 to 1,808, 123.9x irregular; Bernhard A. Buge to Morris Heights Realty Co., quitclaim, $1.

ST. OUENS PLACE, s s, Lots 35 to 39, map of South Vernon Park, 125x100; Charles A. Mullen to Regina R. D. Mullen, (mtg $5,000,) $200.

SOUTH ST, n w s, at s w s of Maiden Lane, 35.4x irregular; William A. McQuaid to George P. Wetmore of Newport, R. I., $38,000.

VERIO AV, n w corner of 235th St, 110.2x131.1; Walker L. Otis to Herman Scharsmith, $1.

WENDOVER AV, n s, 45 ft w of Washington Av, 40.3x99.2x40.3x99.6; Jennie Tannebaum to Alois L. Ernst, (mtg $45,000,) $100.

WESTCHESTER RAILROAD ST, n e s, 105 ft s e of Robbins Av, 50x125; Nicholas Pecora to New Arcadia Real Estate Co, (mtg $8,000,) $1.

WEBSTER AV, e s, 148 ft s of 176th St, 40x143.6; Koster & Rueppel to Thomas F. Devine, (mtg $6,000,) $1.

3D AV, 1,265, n w corner of 68th St, 24.11x75; Minnie Koecher to Antonie Koecher, (mtg $35,000,) $1.

30TH ST, 7 and 9 West, n s, 50x98.9; Edward S. Atwater to William Lesser, (mtg $90,000,) $100.

30TH ST, 7 and 9 West, n s, 50x98.9; William Lesser to Alfred Weil, (mtg $200,000,) $100.

32D ST, s s, 346 ft w of 6th Av, 21x98.9; Bernard Seymann to Henry Harburger, (mtg $80,000,) $100.

37TH ST, 4 West, s s, 21.6x98.9; Albert F. Jammes to John J. Sammon, $100.

49TH ST, 308 East, s s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Avenue C, n w corner of 8th St, 20x70; 34th St, 310 and 312 East, s s, 42.5x98.9; Charlotta Bloch to Paulina Ehrlich, 1-3 part, $100.

56TH ST, s s, 285 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.5; Mary H. Dos Passos to John R. Dos Passos, (mtg $30,000,) $100.

78TH ST, s s, 212.6 ft e of 2d Av, 87.6x102.2; Mary Ehrmann to Ida Sindeband, $100.

96TH ST, 214 and 216 East, s s, 48.3x100.8; Beke Schneider to Nathan Glassheim, ½ part, (mtg $27,250,) $100.

96TH ST, 210 and 212 East, s s, 48.3x100.8; Nathan Glassheim to Beke Schneider, (mtg $62,000,) $100.

99TH ST, 118 and 120 West, s s, 42x100.11; J. Frederick Scheffer to James B. Kilsheimer, Jr., (mtg $56,000,) $100.

99TH ST, 118 and 120 West, s s, 42x100.11; Margaretha Frey to J. Frederick Scheffer, (mtg $53,000,) $1.

100TH ST, 227 East, n s, 25x100.8; Anna Spangenberg to Selma Alexander, $1.

101ST ST, n s, 154.9 ft e of Broadway, 75x100.11; John Schnoering to William H. Bennett, $100.

101ST ST, 326 and 328 East, s s, 39.1x100.11; Robert J. Culhane to Belwood Realty Co., (mtg $38,500,) $100.

105TH ST, 121 and 123 East, n s, 33.4x100.11; John A. Walker to Emmor K. Adams, executor, &c. of Cranford, N. J., $1.

116TH ST, 414 East, s s, 18.7x100.10; Michael Marrone to Giulia Pirro, (mtg $11,000,) $100.

116TH ST, 218 East, s s, 17x irregular; Josephine Clauter to Frank G. Samarelli, $100.

118TH ST, 339 and 341 East, n s, 37.6x100.10; John A. McEveety to Mary A. Racey, (mtg $30,000,) $3,000.

137TH ST, s s, 361 ft w of 7th Av, 19x99.11; William J. Becker to Annie Becker, $1.

149TH ST, s w s, 125 ft s e of Robbins Av, 30x80; Nicholas Pecora to New Arcadia Real Estate Co, $1.

181ST ST, s s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 100x150; Frederick G. Balschum to Anna Numenkamp, $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest at 5% unless otherwise specified.

ALEXANDER, Selina, to American Mortgage Co.; 100th St, 227 East, n s, 25x100.8, 5 years....$11,000

BLOSSOM, Angeline, to John Callan; 44th St, 535 West, n s, 25x100.5, due as per agreement....$1,850

BAYLES, Martha N., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; 78th St, s s, 108.9 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 18.9x102.2, due as per bond....$14,000

BULL, Charles H., to William C. Bergen; Mount Hope Place, s s, 75.6 ft e of Monroe Av, 18.6x75, due as per bond....$5,500

BIRNBAUM, Samuel, to Joseph Rabinowitz; Madison St, 328, s w corner of Scammell St, 25x89x24.11x90.5, prior mtg $—, installments, 6%....$2,000

CAPOTORTO, Mihelango, to Dennis W. Moran; Lot 227, map of 329 lots, Schieffelin estate, 3 years, 6%....$800

DALLAS, Joseph T., to Harriet Cochrane; Lots 23 to 25, Parcel 18, map of William B. Ogden, due, as per bond....$2,000

EDWARDS, Lucy, to Marion V. Wilson; Lafontaine Av, s e corner of Oak Tree Place, 25x95, March 7, due, &c., as per bond....$2,250

FIEDER, Frederick W., Jr., to Bettie Wise; Broadway, e s, 1,243 ft n of 231st St, 24.10x irregular, 3 years....$5,000

GALLICK, Joseph, to Isaac J. Brown; Conrad Av, w s, Lot 142, map of East Morrisania, 50x100, 5 years, 6%....$7,000

HARD, Julia E., to Dollar Savings Bank; Topping Av, n e corner of 174th St, 75x95, due June 1, 1911....$5,000

HARD, Julia E., to Dollar Savings Bank; Clay Av, n w corner of 174th St, 50x95, due June 1, 1911....$3,000

HART, Samuel I., to Union Trust Co. of New York; 125th St, 531 West, n s, 25x99.11, 5 years, 4½%....$16,000

JAGGAR, Thomas A., and others, heirs of Anna L. Jaggar, to Bank for Savings in the City of New York; Bleecker St, 31, s w s, 22.6x100x23.2x100, due May 1, 1912, 4½%....$20,000

JACKSON, Anna, to Julius Rosansky; 17th St, s s, 337 ft w of 7th Av, 25x84, prior mtg $—, 3 years, 6%....$6,000

LESSER, William, to Edward S. Atwater; 30th St, n s, 175 ft w of 5th Av, 50x98.9, prior mtg $90,000, due as per bond....$95,000

LESSER, William, to Isidor H. Kempner; 30th St, n s, 175 ft w of 5th Av, 50x98.9, prior mtg $185,000, 1 year, 6%....$15,000

LESHER, Johannah, to Henry Miese; 17th St, 405 East, n s, 25x92, prior mtg $9,000, 5 years, 6%....$4,000

MARDER, Annie, to Albert Weiss; 113th St, 269 West, n s, 35x100.11, all; 8th Av, 2,730 and 2,732, n e corner of 145th St, 40x100; 8th Av, 2,734 and 2,736, e s, 40x100, ½ part, prior mtg $184,000, 1 year, 6%....$15,000

MITTELMAN, Gertrude R., to Maiden Lane Savings Bank; 109th St, 211 East, n s, 19.4x100.11, due as per bond....$11,000

NATHANSON, Ernestine, to Park Mortgage Co; Janson Av, s s, 325 ft w of Wicker Place, 50x100, 3 years....$8,000

NALLY, Christopher, to Henry C. Steinhoff; 138th St, 624 and 626 West, s s, 14x99.11, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6%....$2,250

ROSE, Gesina F., and another, to Rebecca Stemmermann; Water St, n w corner of James St, 36.2x64.4, 1 year, 6%....$3,500

SAMARELLI, Frank G., to Ester Annigoni; 116th St, 218 East, s s, 17x —, prior mtg $—, due Jan. 2, 1913, 6%....$3,000

SAMMON, John J., to Albert F. Jammes; 37th St, s s, 141.6 ft w of 5th Av, 21.6x98.9, prior mtg $105,000, due Dec. 7, 1911, 6%....$15,000

SCHEFFER, J. Frederick, to Ebenezer Draper; 99th St, 118 and 120 West, s s, 42x100.11, prior mtg $—, demand, 6%....$3,500

SULLIVAN, Timothy F., to James C. Meyers; Kelly St, w s, 211.11 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x100, 3 years....$3,500

SCHARSMITH, Hermann, to Central Mortgage Co.; Verio Av, w s, 66.1 ft n of 235th St, 4 lots, each 22x —, 4 mtgs, each $4,500, 3 years, 5½%....$18,000

SCHARSMITH, Hermann, to Walker L. Otis; Verio Av, w s, 66.1 ft n of 235th St, 4 lots, each 22x —, 4 mtgs, each $1,150, 4 prior mtgs, $4,500 each, 2 years, 6%....$4,600

SCHARSMITH, Hermann, to Central Mortgage Co.; Verio Av, n w corner of 235th St, 22x94.2x20x84.11, 3 years, 5½%....$6,000

SCHARSMITH, Hermann, to Walker L. Otis; Verio Av, n w corner of 235th St, 22x94.2x20x84.11, prior mtg $6,000, 2 years, 6%....$1,150

TULLY, John F., to Timothy F. Sullivan; Kelly St, w s, 186 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100, March 8, due Sept. 8, 1910....$2,000

WILDMAN, Harriet, to Jerome Hirshkind; Nereid Av, s w corner of Wickham Av, 48.10x100, prior mtg $—, 3 years, 6%....$400

WEISS, Walter R., to German Savings Bank; 84th St, 32 East, n s, 20.6x102.2, 3 years....$4,000

COHEN REALTY CO. to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co.; 161st St, 518 to 528 West, e s, 3 lots, each 45x99.11, 3 mtgs, each $46,000, 5 years, 4½%....$148,000

CROWNHILL CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Ritter Place, s s, 96.10 ft e of Union Av, 40x40x85.4, March 8, demand, 6%....$24,000

C. N. SHURMAN INVESTING CO. to Metropolitan Savings Bank; 10th Av, 432, s e corner of 54th St, 52.2x16.8x53.6x16.8, 5 years, 5½%....$4,000

MORRIS HEIGHTS REALTY CO. to American Savings Bank; Cedar Av, 1,800 to 1,808, e s, 100x74.3 to Sedgwick Av, 1,793, 5 years....$46,000

Mechanics' Liens.

PLYMPTON AV, e s, 75 ft n of 170th St, 75x100; Arthur Jackson against Plympton Construction Co., owner; Rudolph Diamond, contractor, $25.

54TH ST, 48 West; McNulty Brothers against City Athletic Club, owner; E. H. Watson & Co., contractors, $83.

3D AV, 4,284 to 4,288; Patrick J. Dwyer against Nevelson-Goldberg Realty Co., owner; W. Goldberg, contractor, $40.

BROADWAY, Spuyten Duyvil Road, 240th and 242d Sts, entire block; Keller Lumber Co. against Interborough Rapid Transit Co., owner; C. S. Flygare and William T. Bernhardt, contractors, $90.

PROSPECT AV, 575; Joseph Conlan against Borths Katcher, owner; Marius Dauere, contractor, $115.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

WEBSTER AV, 3,341; John Zeto against Millie Wendler and others, July 27, 1909, (canceled,) $390.

5TH AV, 366; 35th St, 2 West; Mitchell Vance Co. against Thirty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue Realty Co. and others, March 8, 1909, $1,921.

FORREST AV, 959; Fred S. Schlesinger against Michael Saracena and others, June 20, 1907, $768.

36TH ST, 444 West; Madison Building Co. against Arcade Stable Co. and others, Feb. 16, 1910, $725.

FORSYTH ST, s w corner of Broome St; Julius Siegel against Moses M. Valentine and others, Jan. 19, 1910, (canceled,) $369.

INTERVALE AV, 1,324 and 1,326; Bravin Tile and Marble Co. against Tulare Realty Co. and others, Dec. 21, 1909, (canceled,) $60.

25TH ST, 218 West; Benjamin Dankner against M. Parzini and others, July 8, 1909, $18.

HOFFMAN ST, w s, 200 ft n of 187th St; L. H. Wood against Bianchetti Construction Co. and others, Dec. 21, 1909, (canceled,) $150.

Lis Pendens.

2D AV, n w s, 62 ft n e of 20th St, 20x79; George P. Sharkey against Margaret Nixon and others, (action to vacate deed, &c.;) attorney, J. P. Joyce.

BATHGATE AV, w s, 310 ft e of 172d St, 25x114.5; William H. Hand and others against Thomas Hand and others, (partition;) attorneys, Wesserman & Kraus.

115TH ST, 77 East; Vito A. Pittaro against Nevelson-Goldberg Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. C. Eno.

MONROE AV, n e corner of 173d St, 95x95; Francis B. Sanford against Marcus Rosenthal and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. E. Latham.

106TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 150x100; Pfotenhauer-Nesbit Co. against Raymore Realty Co., (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Allen & Dean.

CANNON ST, w s, 75 ft s of Rivington St, 35.6x100; Joseph L. Buttenwieser against Abraham Fine and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

MADISON ST, 360; John T. Willets and others against Louis Safir and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

MOHEGAN AV, e s, Lot 237, map of Village of East Tremont, 41x145.3, Bronx; Elise Stahl against Louis Noschese and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. A. Moses.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 244.10 ft n of Beck St, 37.6x100; Agnes Carpenter against Prospect Avenue Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlin.

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Mount Kisco.—Sixty acres, heart of village, make ideal contry home, club grounds, or development; sewer, water, lights; house, 25 rooms; buildings; cheap. George Cranston, 64 West 128th St.

Most complete rental and sale list. White Plains and vicinity. Cooley & West, Inc., Depot Sq., White Plains, N. Y. 'Phone 413.

Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON.
Price reduced from $8,500 to $7,250. Ten rooms, open plumbing. Corner lot, 56x100. Near station. Owner, No. 30 Prospect Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Rochelle.

FOR RENT
In New Rochelle, superb location, twelve-room modern house, all improvements; large living room; very attractive dining room, fine porch, garage; large plot; rent reasonable. Apply to our brokers, Cooley & West, Inc., New Rochelle, N. Y.

If you are seeking a Situation, see Page 17.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Roseville Avenue Station.
Lackawanna Railroad, 30 minutes to 23d St., 80 trains daily.
Three story Dwelling
on Roseville Av.;
built to order;
hardwood trim throughout,
parquet floors, electric light.
Lot 48x200.
Price $25,000; terms to suit.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
284 Columbus Av., New York City,
or
FELL & DEVINE,
343 Main St., East Orange, N. J.

SUMMIT PARK, SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.
The highest altitude in the Oranges. Streets macadamized and parked; sewer, water, gas and electric light. Cement sidewalks, curb, and gutter. Ten minutes from station and trolley. Lots $425 and upward. Boulevards 80 feet wide; streets 60 feet wide. Write for descriptive booket, price list, and map of property.
UNDERWRITERS REALTY & TITLE CO.,
425 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

$250.00 cash, $18.00 monthly
Purchase new 7-room cottage, improvements, near station; 25 minutes Broadway, Lackawanna Road. Call, write, Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

BEST SECTION OF PASSAIC.
Will sell at bargain fine residence, handsome grounds, (43 city lots), every convenience and improvement. OUTWATER, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Gentleman's home, $12,000; 17 rooms, two baths, steam, gas, garage; ground 185x100; Maywood, Passaic Av., suburb Hackensack. Dr. Freeland, Maywood.

Ridgewood, N. J.—New house, eight large roms and bath; all improvements; large plot; $7,500. John Wilke, 71 Broadway, New York.

Beautifully situated Colonial residence and outbuildings, adjoining Elberon and Long Branch; sell $20,000; rent, $2,000; 35 acres. Owner, 54 West 68th St.

Farms, country homes, all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 71 Bible House, Manhattan.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

40 MINUTES FROM HERALD SQUARE
to the finest residential section in New Jersey. Cool, bracing air, purest of water, excellent schools, in the beautiful City of
EAST ORANGE
Unparalleled opportunity now to buy or rent ideal homes. 90 trains daily; low commutation. Address
FELL & DEVINE
343 MAIN ST.
EAST ORANGE
N.J.

Baldwin Park—South Orange Heights
300 feet elevation; extended mountain view; 40 minutes to Hudson Terminal Building, D., L. & W. R. R.; 90 trains daily; select residential suburb; restricted property, all improvements; fifty New York families have already made this their home; houses range from $7,000 to $15,000; also a few choice building plots for sale; terms and payments made satisfactory; write or call for booklets. Cornelius A. Baldwin, 30 Church St., N. Y., or 451 Summit Av., So. Orange, N. J.

At Leonia.—Have fine plot, convenient to both trolley and station, with every city improvement, in built-up section, and in direct connection with new bridge; for sale at a bargain, at your own terms.
DUNN, Room 518, 1,328 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

SOUTHAMPTON
& SHINNECOCK HILLS, L. I.
Furnished Cottages to rent. Lists on application.
Plans and photographs of houses at office.
J. METCALFE THOMAS
19 LIBERTY ST., N. Y.

PLOT AT GREAT NECK, L. I., 100x125 feet, overlooking Manhasset Bay, over 200 feet above tide, near Great Neck depot, 25 minutes out when tunnels open; in high-class section with macadamized boulevards, electric lights, telephone, etc.; houses in this development from $9,000 to $12,000. Full price of plot with improvements only $2,700; easy terms if desired. MALIA, 66 East 77th St., New York City.

$50 cash, $5 monthly, buys sacrificed contract for $400 bungalow plot; hour out; guaranteed deed, if cash. Sound View, Box S 36 Times, Times Square.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

STOCK QUOTATION TELEGRAPH BUILDING
26-28 BEAVER STREET
(NEAR BROAD STREET)
LARGE LIGHT OFFICE FLOORS
All modern improvements. Light on all four sides. Ready for occupancy.
Full particulars from
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
172-174 Fulton Street, or on the premises.

OFFICES

Singly or in Suites
BANKING ROOM
4,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 5999 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.
35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

OFFICES AND LOFTS
Why pay exorbitant rents in old or poorly managed buildings when the modern fireproof
Acker, Merrall & Condit Company Building
Offers space at reasonable rates, and contains every comfort and convenience, in
THE VERY CENTRE OF NEW YORK, FIFTH AVENUE, COR. 35th STREET
For full particulars apply to the agents,
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
10 EAST 33D ST. NEW YORK

MORTON BUILDING
116 Nassau St.
Modern Fireproof Building
Desirable Offices
Single and en Suite
Also a very attractive suite consisting of a large Reception Room and seven private offices conveniently arranged, suitable for large law firm
RENTS VERY MODERATE.
Fred'k Zittel & Sons
Agents, on Premises.

41 Park Row AND 147 Nassau St.
Formerly known as
TIMES BUILDING
Faces three streets.
All outside light
OFFICES TO LET
Park frontage,
16 Stories Height.
Fast Running Elevators
Apply to
E. A. TREDWELL,
Room 720, on premises.

TO SUBLET.
Two fine light lofts at No. 31 West 31st St., size, 35x90; all modern conveniences; electric light, elevators; service unsurpassed; between Broadway and 5th Av.; at a bargain; must be rented before May 1; especially good for furriers. Inquire Charles K. Harris, above address.

28TH ST. ARCADE,
118 East 28th St., near Subway.
STORES, OFFICES, SALESROOMS AND STUDIOS AT MODERATE PRICES. APPLY ON PREMISES.

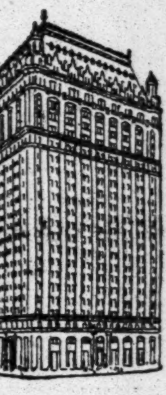
Offices, large, small, all light; rents reasonable.
IMPORTERS & TRADERS BUILDING,
Modern 18-story, 24-26 Stone Street
to 59-61 Pearl Street, next Broad.

28TH ST., CORNER 1ST AV.
Loft containing 8,000 square feet; exceptional light, four sides; large elevator, steam heat, and power. Owner, on premises.

Manhattan St., 103, Near Broadway.—Entire three-story building, store; lease, any business; $65.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

OFFICES



SINGLY OR IN SUITES.
ONE EXTRA LARGE SUITE
West Street Building
West, Cedar, and Albany Streets
SUPERB LIGHT
For plans and full particulars apply to
Cruikshank Company
141 Broadway

Four Light Lofts
76 Franklin St.
Near Broadway,
In the heart of the Dry Goods District. Convenient location. Elevator, &c.
These lofts contain about 2,500 sq. ft. each and will be leased together or separately at $1,000 to $1,300 per loft.
'PHONE, WRITE OR SEE
A. N. GITTERMAN,
156 Broadway. Tel. 300—Cortlandt.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

OFFICES AND LOFTS
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
CAMERON BUILDING
34TH STREET & MADISON AVE.
The latest type of highest class fire-proof building, best of equipment throughout for convenience and comfort of tenants, unrivaled as to light and air and situated in the very heart of Manhattan's most desirable business centre.
Apply to Agents,
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH,
10 East 33rd Street, New York.

Near Broadway & Hudson Terminal
LARGE, LIGHT
STORE AND BASEMENT. **172-174 Fulton St.**
Fine display windows. Immediate possession.
WARREN & SKILLIN, Agents,
or your own broker.

AT 20 W. 33d St. OPPOSITE WALDORF
Near 5th Av.; single front office and back suite of three rooms, private hall; elevator. Apply MISS SWIFT, 13 East 36th.

Factory, 50x95, 6-story and basement; fireproof; whole or part; light on four sides; 415-417 East 93d St. Inquire 408 East 93d St., Adam Happel.

Furnished office, well equipped; will either rent monthly or lease; elegant location on Broadway near Times Square; cheap rent. Box B 60 Times, Times Square.

Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St.—Lofts and offices in modern light elevator building. Apply on premises. Rent moderate.

Entire floor, suite of four offices; $100 monthly, worth $150; or will rent separate rooms. 1,544 Broadway, Times Square.

Bronx.

Realty Building, southeast corner 149th St., 3d Av.; large and small modern offices, facing elevated, Subway; busiest corner the Bronx; electric light; janitor's services; from $250 a year. Loeb.

Astoria, L. I.

To let for manufacturing, 2½ lofts, size 60x100 each, with steam power, elevator service; light on all four sides; also plot 30x100, if desired; in Astoria, corner Munson and Franklin Sts.; take 92d St. Ferry or Dutch Kills car at 59th St., Manhattan, over the Queensboro Bridge and inspect this modern building; finely located, overlooking the East River; suitable for any kind of business. Apply Wm. Kral & Co.

New Jersey.

Factory at Harrison, N. J.; 20,000 feet of floor space, fully equipped; adjacent to Lackawanna and Pennsylvania Railroads; rent, $2,500. Donnelly, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

44 West 77th St.

Facing Manhattan Square Park.
The Best High Class Apartment House on the West Side

ITS CO-OPERATIVE NATURE IS A GUARANTEE OF CHARACTER.

Admirably arranged for housekeeping and entertaining and radically different from anything previously built in New York. Luxurious living room (22x27), drawing room (18x23), dining room (15x20), wainscoted to ceiling in selected figured oak. Charming foyer hall in Caen stone. Four large, sunny bedrooms, with southern exposure. Extra servants' room if desired. Well equipped laundry. Two elevators. Excellent service day and night.

9 and 10 Rooms, 3 Baths,
$2,700 to $4,200
A Few Apartments for Sale,
$25,000 to $31,250
EASY PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
165 West 72d St. 309 Madison Ave.
Tel. 8300—Columbus. Tel. 1000—Murray Hill.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

Seven-room apartment, 103 West 88th St., private house block; good light. S. B. Goodale, 12 West 27th St.

46 West 93d St.—One flight; eight rooms and bath, $60; seven rooms and bath, $50; all light and large.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MALVERN,
47 Claremont Av., near 119th St.,
Opposite Barnard College Grounds.
5 Rooms and Bath;
large and light; every modern improvement.
Short distance 116th St. Subway station.
$62.50.

CLARA COURT,
503 West 111th St.,
One block from Subway and "L"; six rooms and bath;
electric light, elevator, and 'phone service.
$55 to $60.

THE FAIRHOLM,
503 West 121st St.,
Five large, light rooms and bath; electric light and elevator service.
Rent $52.50.
Liberal concessions.
Thomas J. O'Reilly, Agent.
Corner Broadway and 109th St.

PHAETON
537-545 WEST 112TH ST.
A NEW HOUSE
OF THE HIGHEST CLASS, WITH ONLY 2 APARTMENTS LEFT.
6 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,250.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, $1,500.
Thomas J. O'Reilly, Agent
Broadway and 109th St.
'Phone 9265—River.

THE EDYMION,
352 WEST 117TH ST.
Choicest "home" apartments in Upper New York for the price; near Park, "L" station and surface lines; 6 and 7 rooms, bath; full service, elevator, and generous treatment; only $40 to $57. Diagrams and particulars of Superintendent or
WILCOX & SHELTON, Managers.
Tel. 87 Morningside. 245 West 125th St.

VAN PRAAG
522-4 West 112th Street,
Between Amsterdam and Broadway.
Beautiful 5 & 6 Room Apartments, $37 to $47.
TELEPHONES, ETC.

AT THE URANIA
238 West 129th St.—Five rooms, bath, electric elevator, steam heat; every convenience. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

238 West 129th St.—Six all light outside rooms and bath; electric light, elevator, every modern convenience. Apply to janitor.

128TH ST., 39-41 West.—Five and six room apartments; modern improvements; $375, $575 yearly.

East Side.

THE GUERNSEY,
46-48 East 41st St.
NEW APARTMENTS
2 & 3 ROOMS WITH BATH
NON-HOUSEKEEPING.
CATERER ON PREMISES.
RENTS $900, $1,200.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
809 Madison Av., (nr. 42d St.) Tel. 1000 M. Hill.

FLATS OF SEVEN EXTRA LARGE light rooms and bath in the well kept apartment houses 720-732 3d Ave., near 45th St.; rents low; possession May 1. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

57th, 434 East.—Single apartment, six rooms and bath. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

BEFORE RENTING ELSEWHERE EXAMINE
The Hudson-Fulton Apartments
E. 193 St. From Marion Ave. to Bainbridge Ave.
Block North Pelham Ave. "L" Station.
6-7 only outside Rooms, latest improvements.
Block from Trolleys, Schools, and Harlem Station.
DON'T FAIL TO INSPECT.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

A.— 6 West 9th St.
Adjoining corner 5th Av., very desirable 3-story and basement dwelling, handsomely decorated and in excellent condition. Rent reasonable.
FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 Liberty St.

50 West 69th St.; handsome four-story brown stone dwelling, with two-story extension, size 25x60x100; electric lights; hardwood floors; 14 rooms, three baths; rent moderate. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

A.—Modern three story high stoop dwellings, in the Schermerhorn block, 68th and 69th Sts.; rents, $900-$1,200.
Firm L. J. CARPENTER,
25 Liberty, 1,181 3d Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

To sublet, until Sept. 1st, furnished corner apartment, with light, heat, and service; exceptional opportunity; price $50 per week. Apply Apartment 109, Hotel Seville, 29th and Madison Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Manhattan.

Owner will sell valuable house and lot on installments of $25 monthly, same as rent. Suburbs, 258 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

DO YOU OWN A HOUSE?
Convert your non-renting apartment to profitable houses.
HAVE THEM MANAGED BY
"BERLIN RENTING SYSTEM,"
111 EAST 17TH ST.

Bronx.

Buyers for property on line of Jerome Av. S. F. Keirns, 206 Broadway.

Long Island.

Wanted—A desirable, medium-sized house in the country, unfurnished or partially furnished, with some ground, not over three hundred dollars a year; preferably near trolley connection with railroad. Full Particulars, Box 24 Halesite, L. I.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

300 water front and inland farms for sale; the mild climate of Maryland; the most healthful section; also most productive on the eastern shore; good facilities; good schools; catalogue. J. Waters Russell, Chestertown, Md.

Country Homes Near N. Y. City. **FARMS** I. J. Auerbach, 14 East 23d St., New York.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE STATE BANK, Plaintiff, against ACHILLE GINZBOURGER et al., Defendants.

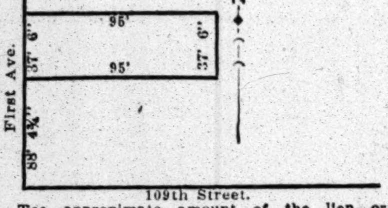
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 14th day of February, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of First Avenue, distant eighty-eight (88) feet four and three-quarters (4¾) inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 109th Street with the easterly side of First Avenue; running thence easterly parallel with the said northerly side of 109th Street and part of the distance tarough a party wall, ninety-five (95) feet; thence northerly parallel with said easterly side of First Avenue, thirty-seven (37) feet six (6) inches; thence westerly parallel with said northerly side of 109th Street, ninety-five (95) feet to the easterly side of First Avenue; thence southerly along the said easterly side of First Avenue, thirty-seven (37) feet six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning.

Dated, New York, February 21st, 1910.
JOHN HARRINGTON, Referee.
WALTER T. KOHN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 309 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



109th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is seventeen thousand thirty-one and 25-100 ($17,031.25) dollars, with interest thereon from the 26th day of January, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to four hundred fifty-two and 20-100 ($452.20) dollars, with interest from February 5th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is seven hundred dollars and interest.

Dated, New York, February 21st, 1910.
JOHN HARRINGTON, Referee.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF PLANT OF THE Delaware River Iron Shipbuilding and Engine Works (Roach's Shipyard), and also of special charter.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Delaware County, Penna., the Receiver of said Company will sell at public sale on the premises, Front St., W. of Parker St., Chester, Penna., on Thursday, March 24, 1910, at 2:30 P. M., all the real estate of said Company, consisting of tract of land in Chester, Penna., and all buildings, structures and improvements thereon, and all engines, boilers, machinery, tools and fixtures therein. The said tract extends 1,335 ft. along the Delaware River; contains about 37 acres of land, and is connected with the P., B. & W. R. R. The shipyard is equipped for actual occupancy. Inspection is solicited.

The plant will be sold subject to lien of $100,000 mortgage. The sale is subject to the approval of the Court of Common Pleas. Return of sale will be made on Saturday, March 26, 1910, at 9 A. M. at the Court House, Media, Penna. $1,000 to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance upon delivery of deed.

There will also be sold the special charter of the Company and its valuable franchises.

For additional terms, further information and catalogues, apply to
WM. I. SCHAFFER, Receiver, Gibson Bldg., Chester, Penna.
Or to his attorney,
JOS. H. HINKSON, Law Bldg., Chester, Penna.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. ALBERT DUROS, Plaintiff, against HELENE DUROS, Defendant.—Summons.—Action for a Divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, Feb. 10th, 1910.
HENRY S. RENAUD, Attorney for Plaintiff.
159 Front St., Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

To Helene Duros, defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Honorable James W. Gerard, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 15th day of February, 1910, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 16th day of February, 1910.

Dated New York, Feb. 16, 1910.
HENRY S. RENAUD, Attorney for Plaintiff,
159 Front St., Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO THE CREDITORS AND ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN THE ESTATE OF STEWART M. BRICE, AN INCOMPETENT PERSON:

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court duly made on February 11th, 1910, and duly filed and recorded on February 14th, 1910, notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested in the estate of said incompetent to present to the undersigned Committee of the property of said incompetent their claims with the vouchers thereof duly verified on or before March 30th, 1910. The Post Office address at which papers may be served on said Committee by mail is "Committee of the Property of Stewart M. Brice, an incompetent person, Room 904, No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City."

Dated, New York, February 14th, 1910.
LOUIS M. SCHWAN,
JOHN F. BRICE,
Committee of the Property of Stewart M. Brice, an incompetent person.
ALEXANDER, WATRISS & POLK, Attorneys for said Committee, No. 32 Nassau Street, New York City.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—In the matter of the application of "BERNSTEIN RIBBON COMPANY" for authority to change its name to the "GOTHAM SILK MANUFACTURING COMPANY."—Notice of application for order to change name.

Notice is hereby given that the Bernstein Ribbon Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County of New York and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York for the County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the Court House thereof, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, on the 25th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its name from "Bernstein Ribbon Company" to "Gotham Silk Manufacturing Company."

Dated New York, March 1st, 1910.
BERNSTEIN RIBBON COMPANY,
By SOLON E. SUMMERFIELD, President.
DITTENHOEFER, GERBER & JAMES, Attorneys for the petitioner.

THE BEST TESTIMONY

The large number of lost articles advertised daily on the Want Page of The New York Times is evidence that The Times is the best medium for Lost and Found advertising. When you lose an article of value go to the nearest advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant and your advertisement will appear next morning.

FOR SALE.

DIAMONDS
WATCHES, JEWELRY, ONE PRICE, CASH OR **CREDIT**
Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 45
L. W. Sweet & Co. 37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1988 Cortlandt.

UNDERWOOD, REMINGTON,
and all other typewriters, slightly used, at half and quarter price; easy payments if desired; excellent machines rented three months for $5; big discount on new machines; expert repairing. DURANT M'LEAN TYPEWRITER CO., 265 Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1¼ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Second-hand office furniture, cash registers, typewriters, safes, partitions, bookcases, mimeographs, time clocks, showcases, office labor-saving appliances. Nathan's, 4 White.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired. Eagle T. Co., 312 B'way.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

The Antique Furniture Exchange
13-15 W. 28TH ST., NR. B'WAY.
The leading antique shop.
"By far the largest collection and much the lowest prices;" all goods sold on commission basis regardless of antiquity, history, or value.
This is headquarters for bargains.

I buy your wornout Oriental rugs. Please write to A. H. Keoleian, 1,590 Amsterdam Av., New York.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the
HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars connect to nearly everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL.
NICE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH AT REASONABLE AND ATTRACTIVE RATES.
59th St., Bet. Madison & Park Avs.
Block from Plaza entrance to Park

HOTEL ABERDEEN
WEST 32D STREET,
Between 5th Ave. & Broadway.
Exclusive surroundings, with complete service in all details. Attractive Suites and superior accommodations for transients. Spacious Apartments, one room and bath to eight rooms and four baths. Furnished or unfurnished on lease.
D. P. HATHAWAY, Manager.

HOTEL HERMITAGE
7TH-42ND-B'WAY
Unusual Cooking—Old Wines—Good Music
After Theatre Suppers
Sunday Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.00

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

VICHY—HOTEL DU PARC & Majestic Palace
J. Aletti, Manager.

THUN, SWITZERLAND.
Hotel Pension Itten. Wonderful view over Jungfrau chain and Bluemlis-Alp. Favorite sojourn of American families. Central heating. Baths. Moderate terms. Ill. pamphlet.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.
New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $8, $10, $12.50 up wkly., $2.00 up daily, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. J. P. COPE.

HOTEL DUNLOP,
Ocean Ave. and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J.
Refurnished and redecorated throughout. European plan, $1.50 per day and up. 1st class restaurant. Full orchestra; white service. Open all year.
R. E. DELANEY, Prop.
F. R. BOWMAN, Mgr.

HOTEL GLADSTONE,
Atlantic City, N. J.
Directly on the beach. Rooms en suite, with baths, with hot and cold salt water. Sun parlor. Elevator to street level. Booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
APRIL
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

IF GOING TO ATLANTIC CITY send 2ct. Stamp for Free 80-page Hotel Guide with rates, City Map, and all attractions Hotel Bureau, Box 895, Atlantic City, N. J.
SPECIAL FOR EASTER, Palm Sunday & Horse Show
300 rooms at $2.00 to $3.00 per day. Am. Plan at leading hotels. Write above Bureau for details.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, sun parlor, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly, $2.50 up daily. Booklet SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

THE RUNNYMEDE
Park Place, overlooking the Boardwalk, the City Park and the Casino; central yet exclusive location; elevator, steam heat, private and public baths, sun parlors, etc. Write for illustrated booklet. MRS. I. McILWAIN.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
S. Car. Av. and Beach; private baths; elevator to street level; sun parlor; capacity 350; superior table; special Spring rates; booklet; afternoon tea served. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL LAMBORN,
Atlantic City, ocean end Maryland Av. Capacity 250; elevator to street level; private baths, sun parlor, etc.; Spring rates; booklet. JULIA A. MILLER.

Hotel Kenderton Tennessee Av., 3d house from Beach and Pier; family hotel; steam heat; private baths; ocean view; elevator, sun parlor; home cooking; $8 up wky; Sat. to Mon. $3. J. G. Mitchell

BERKSHIRE INN Open all year. Ocean end Virginia Av. $2 up daily, $8 to $17 wkly. Private Baths. Rooms, running water. Elevator. Sun Parlor. Cap. 300. 11th season. J. E. DICKINSON.

Hotel Shoreham OCEAN END VIRGINIA AVENUE. Elevator, steam heat; private baths; open surroundings; $2 up daily; $10 up weekly. Booklet. Capacity 300. W. B. COTTEN.

Atlantic City.—Private cottage, block from Boardwalk; exclusive residential section; excellent accommodations few refined guests; beautiful, sunny rooms; delicious home cooking; most favorable for health. 26 North Brighton.

PONCE DE LEON Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Special Spring rates. ALFRED B. GRINDROD.

AVON INN Ocean end Virginia Av. Hot water heat; elevator. Home comforts; special Spring rates; cap. 200; white service; write for rates. H. W. Williams.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
Atlantic City, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

THE BEACH FRONT HOTEL PAR EXCELLENCE
THE SHELBURNE
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
EUROPEAN or AMERICAN PLAN.
Directly on the ocean front. Every detail of modern equipment and comfort. French cuisine of the highest order. Thorough service. The famous SHELBURNE GRILL and ROSE GARDEN (with French service) overlooking the strand. JACOB WEIKEL, Mgr.

ISLESWORTH
ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AV.
300 rooms, with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

HOTEL WINDSOR
Directly on the ocean front, the very heart of all amusements and features.
American and European Plans.
Sea water in all baths. Newly renovated and refurnished. Equipped with everything modern. Orchestra. Famous Windsor Cafe and Restaurant. Open all year. Capacity 500. S. S. PHOEBUS, Manager.

THE WALDORF New York Ave., near Beach and all amusements. First-class family hotel. Large, light rooms. Write for Easter rates. THORNHILL & WRIGHT.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

Enjoy Ideal Suburban Life At The New
HOTEL CLINTON
Located in the prettiest Section of
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
5 minutes from R. R. Station and trolley. Everything new. Beautifully decorated and furnished throughout in exquisite taste and harmony. All light, airy rooms. Single or en suite with bath. Steam heat. Telephone every room. Every modern convenience and service equal to that of the best New York hotel. Large sunny dining room. Palm room. Sun parlor, smoking room, etc. Cuisine of the highest order under the expert personal supervision of the Proprietor, formerly of The Oaks, Daytona, Fla. Terms moderate. Call and inspect this up-to-date family hotel, located in a beautiful suburb, within 40 minutes of New York, 30 trains a day.
S. LUND, Proprietor.

VIRGINIA.

OLD POINT COMFORT HOTEL CHAMBERLIN,
THE COMPLETE YEAR-ROUND RESORT.
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Dancing, Military Drills, Naval Manoeuvres.
The most magnificent sea water swimming pool in America.
A COMPLETE SYSTEM OF MEDICINAL BATHS, RECOMMENDED BY EMINENT PHYSICIANS.
Reservations and all information at Hotel Chamberlin office, 1,122 Broadway, 'phone, 1872—Madison Square; or address
GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr., Fortress Monroe, Va.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

"Just Around the Corner from White House"
and in the very heart of things is where travelers will find
HOTEL RICHMOND, Washington, D. C.
American and European plans. 100 rooms, 50 baths. Reasonable rates. Fifteen minutes from Union Station. Send for Booklet and Map giving rates and location.
CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Prop.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

CALIFORNIA
Tour de Luxe
Leaving March 16, visiting The Grand Canyon of Arizona, Principal California Resorts; returning via Colorado.
Membership Limited. Best Hotels and Trains.
THOS. COOK & SON,
245, 1,200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade.) New York.
70 SPRING AND SUMMER TOURS TO EUROPE.

EASTER TOURS
Special Reduced Rate Tours. Independent and under escort, to Atlantic City, Washington, Old Point, Savannah, Boston, &c. All expenses included, $9.50 and up. Send for special circular to MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., New York.

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Our "M" Tour leaves June 28, cost $450; a fine trip by magnificent S. S. "Rotterdam." Includes Passion Play. Other good tours $275 up.
F. C. CLARK, Times Building, New York.

Short Sea Trips
including hotels at destination, 3-12 days, $15 to $68.
Frank Tourist Co., 396-398 Broadway, N.Y.
Tours and Tickets Everywhere.

12 DAY TOURS Tropics. All Expenses. **$50.**
Information W. S. Irwin, 1133 B'way, N.Y.

Jamaica-Panama
Finest Steamers in the Tropical Service. From New York to Panama, via Jamaica. Every Thursday, 12 M. Pier 8, East River.
ALMIRANTE ....March 10th
SANTA MARTA..March 17th
METAPAN ....March 24th
Every Room an Outside Room.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY,
17 Battery Place, New York.
Any City S. S. Ticket Agency. Additional Weekly service from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans.

BUENOS AYRES
"Show Place of South America"
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
For rates etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
from Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine..Mch. 10 | *La Savoie....Mch. 31
*La Provence..Mch. 17 | *La Lorraine..April 7
*La Touraine..Mch. 24 | *La Provence..April 14
*Twin screw steamers.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Suppose you run over to Boston for the week end—Lots of interesting things to see and a pleasant voyage on Long Island Sound going and coming.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston.......... $3
Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information City Ticket Office—171 Broadway.

Central Hudson Line.
Fast Freight and Passenger Steamers.
For West Point, Fishkill, and Newburg.
Daily from Franklin St.

Easter Cruises de Luxe
By R. M. S. P. **"AVON"** 11,500 Tons Twin Screw
The Finest and Most Luxurious Steamer ever Sent to the West Indies.
To NASSAU, HAVANA, SANTIAGO, JAMAICA and BERMUDA.
18 Days—$85 and Up
From NEW YORK, MARCH 25th
The "Avon" is Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy, Bilge Keels and Submarine Signals.
By R.M.S.P. **"OROTAVA"** 6,000 Tons TO **BERMUDA** $30 and Up
Sailing from NEW YORK every Wednesday.
By R.M.S.P. **"ORUBA"** 6,000 Tons TOURS TO **Jamaica and Panama** 12 Days—$87.50 and Up
Sailing from NEW YORK March 19th.
All Steamers have Wireless Telegraphy and Bilge Keels.
Full Information and Illustrated Booklets on Request.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY
SANDERSON & SON 22 State Street, New York

NEW YORK TO **BERMUDA** AND RETURN **$30** AND UP
45 Hours by Quebec S. S. Co.'s Fast Twin-Screw Steamer
BERMUDIAN, 5,530 tons, sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M.
Perfect Service—Wireless Telegraphy—Bilge Keels.
Tickets, Staterooms and All Information
THOS. COOK & SON,
245-1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave.,
563 Fifth Ave., New York.
70 Spring and Summer Tours to Europe and the Passion Play
(Program No. 28)

S·S· AMERIKA 23,000 Tons Leaving New York MARCH 26 10 A·M·
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
All Modern Safety Devices, (Wireless, &c.)
LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
*P. Lincoln..Mch. 12, 10 AM | §Graf Waldersee..April 9
*Pres. Grant......Mch. 19 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic...April 16
†Amerika..........Mch. 26 | Bluecher ....April 21
Pretoria...........April 2 | Pres. Lincoln ....April 23
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.
ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, and GENOA.
S. S. BATAVIA (Naples only).March 25, 1 PM
S. S. HAMBURG.....................March 29
S. S. MOLTKE.......................April 19
EASTER CRUISE
S. S. MOLTKE 12,500 TONS | MARCH 24 TO APRIL 9
BERMUDA, ST. THOMAS, SAN JUAN AND HAVANA
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
TOURIST DEPT. FOR TRIPS EVERYWHERE.
Hamburg-American Line, 45 B'way, N.Y.

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM
SAILS MARCH 17 FOR
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
North German Lloyd
Wireless and Submarine Signals.
To London, Paris, Bremen.
Express Sailings, Tuesdays, 10 A. M.
Kronp. Cecilie.....Mch. 22
K. Wilh'm II.......Apl. 5
K. W'm d. Gr.....Apl. 19
Kronp. Cecilie....Apl. 26
Plymouth, Cherbourg, Bremen.
Twin-Screw Sailings,
Thurs'ys, 10 A.M.
*Zieten..Mch. 10
P. Fr. Wm..........Mch. 17
G. Washington..Mch. 31
*Rhein................Apr. 14
*Bremen Direct.
To Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa.
Sailings Sat'dys 11 A. M.
*Berlin..............Mch. 12
Fr. der Grosse....Mch. 19
K. Albert............Mch. 26
†Neckar..............Apr. 2
*Omits Algiers. †Omits Algiers and Genoa.
Independent Around-the-World Tours.
Travelers checks good all over the world.
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents,
5 Broadway, New York

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 54 & 56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT VIA FISHGUARD
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
Mauretania Lusitania { Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat. Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Campania.....Mar. 16 | Campania.....Apr. 6
Mauretania...Mar. 23 | Mauretania...April 13
Lusitania.....Mar. 30 | *Caronia.Apr.16,10AM
*Will call at Queenstown.
TO ITALY SPECIAL CRUISE S. S. SAXONIA (14,300 TONS.) MARCH 19
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
*Saxonia..Mar.19,noon | Pannonia.....Apr. 14
Carpathia..Mar.31,n'n | Carpathia.....May 19
*Does not call at Trieste and Fiume.
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., 21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

Go To Bermuda
Forty hours from frost to flowers.
BY TWIN SCREW LINE
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S. S. OCEANA, 8000 Tons
Sailing Every Saturday from New York. Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
S. S. BERMUDIAN, 5530 Tons
Sailing Every Wednesday from New York. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York, THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Ag'ts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

FOR FORTRESS MONROE,
(Old Point Comfort,) Norfolk, and Portsmouth, Va., via Baltimore and the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY, (Old Bay Line).
Leave Baltimore every week day at 6:30 P. M. Finest steamers South of New York. Equipped with wireless telegraphy. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake. Delicious meals. Refreshing night's rest. Through tickets at principal railroad ticket offices. Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 B'way.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Oruba.........Mar. 19 | Clyde..........April 16
Magdalena...April 2 | Atrato.........Apr. 30
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P.&F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every weekday at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

If you want high-class Help, see Page 17.

American Line From Pier 62, N. R., at 10 A.M.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
*Adriatic.....Mar. 12 | *Oceanic.....Mar. 26
St. Louis......Mar. 19 | Philadelphia..Apr. 2
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 61, N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Min'tonka, Mar. 12, 10:30 AM | Min'apolis, Mar. 26
Minnewaska, Mar. 19, 1 PM | Min'haha, Apl. 9

Red Star Line From Pier 59, N. R., 11 AM
ANTWERP DOVER LONDON PARIS
*Vaderland ....Mar. 12
*Zeeland ....Mar. 19
Kroonland ....April 2
NEW MAMMOTH S. S.
LAPLAND, March 26
Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless, etc.
*Antwerp only.

White Star Line From Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
N. Y.—Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool.
Baltic, March 19, noon | Cedric, March 26
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
MAMMOTH S. S. ADRIATIC 24,541 TONS.
March 12, 10 A. M.
Adriatic Mar. 12 10AM | Oceanic........Mar. 26
†St. Louis Mar 19 10AM | †Philadelphia...Apr 2
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
Via Azores, Madeira, Algiers & Gibraltar.
Cretic........Mar. 12 | Canopic........Mar. 24
Celtic........Mar 16 | Romanic........Apr. 2
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

WHITE STAR LINE
FROM New York and Boston
To The **Mediterranean**
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers
LARGEST STEAMER IN THE TRADE
CELTIC March 16, 2.00 P.M.
CRETIC.........March 12; April 16
CANOPIC.......March 24.
ROMANIC.......April 2; May 14
9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT, connecting with steamers for EGYPT, the HOLY LAND, CONSTANTINOPLE, and ATHENS.
†Europa.Mar. 15, noon | *Taormina.....Mar. 26
*D.D.Gen'a.Mar.19,n'n | †Oceania........Mar. 29
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 21 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia, Mar. 12, 9 A.M. Furnessia Mar. 26, 9 A. M.
California, Mar. 19, 2 P. M. Columbia Apr. 2, noon
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Ryndam....Mar. 22, 9 AM | New Amsterdam....Apr. 5
Potsdam....Mar. 29, 9 AM | Noordam..........Apr. 12
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

GUIDE FOR DINERS
Telephone Your Reservation.

HOTEL EMPIRE RESTAURANT
Broadway (Lincoln Square) & 63d St.
The West Side's most popular Restaurant.
Exceptionally Good Music,
Noted for its
Excellent Cooking and Efficient Service.
Service a la Carte.
ALL THE LATEST SUPPER SPECIALTIES.
We also serve
LUNCH 50c. DINNER $1.00
All Cars Pass Hotel. Tel. 6800—Columbus.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 114 E. 14th St., Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by the VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

NORMANDIE,
Broadway and 38th St.
New Restaurant, Cafe, and Rathskeller. Lunch 40c. Fine Dinner, with Wine, 75c. A la carte at all hours. Famous Bavarian Orchestra. Vocal Entertainment.

Stanford White's Masterpiece, a museum of art, formerly famous 33d Gambling Palace, is now
Bronze Door Restaurant
It's worth while seeing! 33 West 33d St.

ORCHESTRA **CAFE MARIN** SINGING
Dinner with Wine, 50c. Special Spaghetti. 259 7th Ave.

THE OAK S. W. Cor. 23d St. & 8th Av. Most Moderately Priced High-class Restaurant in Town. Alc. Tdh. Music.

THE FLATIRON RESTAURANT
B'way, 23d St., 5th Ave. Breakfast, Dinner, Supper.

A GOOD THING TO KNOW. Table d'Hote, 6 to 8 P. M. 40c. 67 West 38th st.

THE WASHINGTON RESTAURANT. Get an excellent Table d'Hote dinner for 40c. 58 W. 35th St.

Drink **MORI CHIANTI**
The standard of quality among Italian Red Wines.
FRANCESCO TOCCI, 520 Broadway, New York, Agent. Retail: ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.

POMMERY "Sec" and Brut
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:22 | Sun sets..6:01 | Moon rises..6:13

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:43	7:10	12:28	1:00
Governors Island	7:07	7:33	1:07	1:34
Hell Gate	8:57	9:23	2:42	3:09

Arrived—Wednesday, March 9.

SS Europa, Naples, Feb. 24.
SS Belford, Seville, Feb. 15.
SS Campania, (Ital.,) Rotterdam, Feb. 20.
SS Buffalo, Queenstown, Feb. 20.
SS Prinz August Wilhelm, Kingston, Mar. 3.
SS Bolton Hall, Matanzas, March 2.
SS Teesdale, Havana, March 3.
SS Voltaire, Bahia, Feb. 23.
SS Zulia, Curacao, Feb. 28.
SS El Norte, Galveston, March 3.
SS Jamestown, Norfolk, March 8.
SS Hudson, Bordeaux, Feb. 22.
SS City of Everett, Philadelphia, March 8.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, March 8.
SS Ancona, Philadelphia, March 8.
SS San Marcos, Norfolk, March 8.
SS Franham, Philadelphia, March 7.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, March 6.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lorraine, Havre	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zieten, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Altai, Haiti	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Harz, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Parima, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Desterro, Hayti	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Georgetown	—	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Adriatic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
President Lincoln, Hamburg	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Berlin, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	—	11:00 A.M.
Re d'Italia, Naples	—	—
Perugia, Naples	—	—
Caledonia, Glasgow	—	9:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London	—	10:30 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Aug. Wilhelm, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Canadia, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Clement, Manaos	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Nueces, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Oceania	Algiers	Feb. 25
Re d'Italia	Palermo	Feb. 23
Dungeness	Para	Feb. 24
Iroquois	London	Feb. 22
President Grant	Hamburg	Feb. 26
New York City	Swansea	Feb. 22
Bayamo	Santiago	Mar. 4
Guajara	Barbados	Mar. 1
Celtic	Naples	Feb. 26
St. Louis	Southampton	Mar. 2
Themistocles	Gibraltar	Feb. 27
Oceana	Bermuda	Mar. 8
Santa Marta	Santa Marta	Mar. 3
Crown of Grenada	Trinidad	Mar. 2
Guiana	St. Thomas	Mar. 5
Huron	Jacksonville	Mar. 7
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Morro Castle	Havana	Mar. 7
San Jacinto	Galveston	Mar. 6
Carrientes	Santos	Feb. 18
El Paso	Galveston	Mar. 3
Montevideo	Cardiff	Feb. 28
Sicilian Prince	Rotterdam	Mar. 1
Floride	Havre	Feb. 26
St. Patrick	Maji	Feb. 23
Sommelsdyk	Rotterdam	Feb. 26
DUE SATURDAY.		
Provence	Havre	Mar. 5
Campania	Liverpool	Mar. 5
Montevideo	Cadiz	Feb. 28
Hughenden	St. Lucia	Mar. 9
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Mar. 9

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Celtic, incoming from Naples, was reported 290 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Campania, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,720 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Saturday afternoon.

SS St. Louis, incoming from Southampton, was reported 300 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Baltic, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 1,729 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday afternoon.

SS Iroquois, incoming from London, was reported 210 miles east of Cape Race at noon yesterday.

By United Wireless.

SS San Jacinto, Galveston, 570 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M., March 9.
SS Morro Castle, Havana, 690 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M.
SS Larimer, Port Arthur, 708 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, 1:10 P. M.
SS Nueces, Galveston, 487 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, noon.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, 430 m. S. of Scotland Lightship, noon.
SS Cristobal, Cristobal, 441 m. S. of Sandy Hook, noon.
SS Oceana, Bermuda, 138 m. S. E. of Ambrose Lightship, 8:30 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caronia, at Alexandria, March 8.
SS Avon, at Barbados, March 8.
SS Nicolai II., at Havre, March 7.
SS Avion, at Barbados, March 8.
SS Vasari, at Rio Janeiro, March 8.
SS Karonga, at Hongkong, March 9.
SS Calabria, at Leghorn, March 8.
SS Furnessia, at Glasgow, March 8.
SS Crown Prince, at Montevideo, March 7.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Southampton, March 9.
SS Bristol City, from Swansea, March 8.
SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, from Southampton, March 9.
SS Lombardia, from Genoa, March 8.
SS Indrawadi, from Maji, March 8.
SS Indradeo, from Glasgow, March 8.

Passed.

SS Bohemian, New York for Liverpool, passed Kinsale.
SS Savoie, New York for Havre, passed Browhead.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Tenyo Maru	Mar. 10 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Maitai	Mar. 20 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Century	Mar. 26 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Southwestern disturbance continues to have its centre over Texas. Rain is also reported from the North Pacific Coast. In other regions the weather was fair during the past twenty-four hours.

A considerable fall in temperature has taken place in the Mississippi Valley. Elsewhere temperature changes were unimportant, with conditions generally close to the normal.

Indications are that the weather during Thursday and Friday will be unsettled, with slight temperature changes over much of the country east of the Rocky Mountains.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate northwest and north; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east; South Atlantic Coast, moderate variable to northeast on Carolina Coast.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate north and northeast winds and partly cloudy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair in north, unsettled in south portion; moderate north to northeast winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Thursday. Friday, unsettled; moderate north to northeast winds.

New England—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate north winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	38	35	4 P. M.	40	44
6 A. M.	37	36	6 P. M.	39	43
9 A. M.	38	39	9 P. M.	38	36
12 M.	36	41	12 P. M.	38	34

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 35.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 2:15 P. M.; minimum, 36 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 72 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 44 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Hudson sable neckpiece, between Montague St., Brooklyn, and Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 70th St., New York, via Subway; reward will be paid finder at Sherman Square Hotel before 11 o'clock any morning.

LOST—Child's three-leaf clover diamond ring, on 6th Av., between 46th and 50th Sts., or Harlem elevated between 50th and 125th Sts., Thursday evening; liberal reward if returned to 214 West 46th St., New York.

LOST.—Monday afternoon or evening, between 14th and 42d Sts., black enameled pansy brooch; valueless except to owner for old associations. Reward when returned. Expansion Company, Singer Building.

LOST—Between Hotel Wolcott, 35th, and 5th Av., lady's gold open-face watch, with monogram, "H. E. S.," silver fob. For reward and identification return to Hotel Wolcott.

LOST.—Wednesday afternoon, March 9, Belasco Theatre, black pocketbook, small sum of money, key on ribbon, and papers. Return to the theatre office. Reward paid there.

LOST—On March 7, in transit between New York and Newark, gentleman's ruby scarfpin, circular stone, with diamond; reward. L. O., 113 West 87th St.

LOST—Saturday night, Swiss gold watch, blue enamel monogram, engraved "March 1, 1909"; big reward; no questons. L. R. S., 523 West 113th St.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, Mendelssohn Hall, black purse, containing check and money. Return C. A. Sherman, 540 Park Av.; reward.

LOST—Liberal reward; one diamond, on Pennsylvania 10 o'clock limited from Washington, Tuesday, March 8; no questions asked. S., 80 Madison Av.

LOST—Saturday, in one of the department stores in West 23d St., a large black lynx muff. Return to Miss Walker, Hotel Chelsea. Reward.

LOST—Saturday night, open Swiss gold watch, enamel monogram engraved March 1st, 1909; big reward; no questions. L. R. S., 523 West 113th St.

LOST—March 4, purse containing $85 to $100, between Everard Bath and Hotel Earlington. Finder return to Hotel Earlington. Reward.

LOST—Pigskin purse, containing money and rings; return Women's University Club, 17 Madison Square North; reward.

LOST—Sunday evening, silver mesh bag, containing gold watch, on 3d Av. or 62d St.; reward. Collins, 237 East 33d St.

LOST.—Strayed from 35 East 67th St., a sable and white collie. Reward on return to above address; no questions asked.

LOST.—Articles from 10 West 98th St.; suitable reward; no questions asked. Call before 9 A. M. or write, A. Rothmeyer.

LOST.—Gold watch, marked M. B. V. A., on Broadway and Fort Lee Ferry car; reward. Nahmens, 262 West 125th St.

LOST.—Brooch, four-leaf clover; pearls and emeralds, with diamond centre. Reward for return to 59 West 45th St.

LOST—Friday night, 8:45, Madison Avenue, black triangular net veil, lace border; reward. Stirling, 1,925 7th Ave.

LOST—Tuesday night, chain and locket; gold, blue enamel; keepsake. Dr. Constable, Times Building, Times Square.

LOST.—Fraternity pin, on Sunday afternoon, between 72d St. and 88th St. Reward. B 88 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Bunch of keys, with gold chain attached. Return to J. C. Thompson, Room 235, 111 Broadway.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, Nostrand and Fulton, roll drawings. Reward. F. M., 7 Verona Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Near Altman's, package containing brown feather boa. Return to 113 Macon St., Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—Gentleman's gold watch and fob; monogram "G. B. D."; reward. 1,627 Broadway.

LOST—Bank book No. 170821, Harlem Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Kindly return to bank.

LOST—Rhinestone crescent, taxi, 47 East 60th, 204 West 86th; reward. 47 East 60th.

LOST—Diamond ring on Jerome Av., Sunday; reward. Chambers, 219 Fulton St.

LOST.—Leather grip, marked "A. D."; reward for contents. A. D., 47 Cliff St.

LOST.—March 9, on 83d St., string of gold beads. Reward. 45 West 83d St.

$150 REWARD for gold mesh bag containing cards and some money, lost March 8, between 40th St. and Fifth Av. and 54th St. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 54th St.

$50 REWARD for return of fifty-one pages of hand-written story lost between Brooklyn and Union Square, via Subway. Notify Miss Grier, 33 East 17th St., New York.

LOST—Pendant diamond earring, solitaire surrounded by diamonds, Feb. 28, about 4 o'clock, either at or near 42 West 52d St., or outside 39th St., Metropolitan Opera House; liberal reward. M. White, Hotel Netherland, New York.

LOST—Fob, round gold locket, engraved "A. C. B.," Tuesday, between Grand Central Station and Wall St., on Subway; suitable reward. Return to Manhattan Boot Shop, Manhattan Building, 66 Broadway.

LOST—At or near Cafe Martin, on Saturday night, March 5, a diamond and pearl crown brooch. A very liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to J. Loewl, 46 East 76th.

LOST—March 4, between 34th St. and 47th St., Broadway and 6th Av., gold watch with fob, initials "R. G. W" on back. Liberal reward return 330 West 95th.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Toy French poodle; finder please return; reward, and no questions asked. Mrs. Davidson, 220 Hewes St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST.—White Maltese poodle, male; hair off end of tail; suitable reward. 265 West 73d St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, March 8.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Satchel, music, waist, neckpiece, hardware, coffee, bottle of wine. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Five umbrellas, package of cream, purse, part of pen, books, roll paper, glove, pair of gloves, two pads paper, knife, tag, overalls, shoes, jumper and apron, collar, dress goods, muff, doll, dish, tea and coffee, phosphites. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Handbag, books, insurance papers, &c., plans, gloves, belt, package of clothes, package of collars. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, eyeglasses, cuff button, handbag, book, invoices, apron, cane, rubbers, shells. SUBWAY—Two umbrellas, hair, 5 purses, mesh bag, pocketbook, watch, eyeglasses, plans, gloves, 3 books, handbag, papers, shirt, 4 neckpieces, 2 muffs, slippers, electric fixtures, strap, belt, keys, badge, buckle.

FOUND, March 9.—CENTRAL R. R. of N. J. Apply foot of Liberty St., city. R. R. TRAIN—Package. LIBERTY ST. FERRY—Package of papers, package of dresses, muff, valise, handbag.

FOUND, March 9.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Two packages, five umbrellas, muff, two rings, books, pair gloves, toothpick, neckpiece.

FOUND, March 9.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Valise, two umbrellas, package.

FOUND, March 9.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Handbag with dark gray leather, streaked with black; wedding ring, brown dress suit case, flat wire, book, package of collars, suit clothes, pair shoes.

FOUND, March 9.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Two pocketbooks, three umbrellas, two packages, pair gloves.

FOUND, March 9.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: R. R. TRAINS—Veil, gloves, handbag, slippers, 4 pairs rubbers, vest piece, umbrella, 2 packages, umbrella, cane, hot water bag, pajamas, soap dish, shaving soap, samples, 2 memorandum books. JERSEY CITY STATION—Fob, bundle, money. 23D ST. BOAT—Music roll.

FOUND, March 9.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J. R. R. TRAINS—Two packages, grip.

FOUND, March 9.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Collar and tie, slippers, gloves and hatpin, white skirt, telescope bag, pocketbook, shirt, nail file, spectacles.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

Require several thoroughly experienced saleswomen for the following departments:
SILK, CORSET, LADIES' SHOES, LACES, LINING, AND MILLINERY.
Apply by mail or in person to General Superintendent.

A.—A.—1.—Double-entry bookkeeper and stenographer; middle-aged lady, German preferred. B. Jacklowitz, 28 Reade St.

BOOKING MANAGER.

A woman of force, tact, good education, and business experience is wanted as advance manager for lady of culture and character, now filling engagements for lectures and entertainments.

The entertainment is very high class, $25 a night, and appeals to churches, women's clubs, etc.

Applicant must be ready to start at once; must be capable of getting bookings for after Lent, preferably through Connecticut and New England, and book through the Summer at Summer resorts; also for next Winter.

Woman of character and convincing references can work on salary or commission.

Only those confident of filling requirements need apply. Call Friday, 10 to 12 only, or address Room 422, 25 West 42d St.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS, experienced, wanted; highest wages paid; good hours. Apply Hudson's, 78 Watts St.

COOK.—A good cook in a private family; wages $35; references. Box B 28 Times, Times Square.

FIRST-CLASS WAIST FITTER
REQUIRED BY
ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

THE SERVICES of thoroughly competent waist fitter in their DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT. Apply in person or by mail to Dressmaking Department, Fifth Floor, Central Building. Abraham & Straus, Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRLS.

R. H. Macy & Co. require several learners on fancy paper flowers and favors.
Apply at office of General Manager.

GIRLS WANTED to pack candy; highest wages paid; good hours. Apply Hudson's, 78 Watts St.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Competent woman for child 2½ years; must be good sewer; Protestant preferred; wages $25. Call 328 East 15th St., Flatbush. Brighton Beach "L" to Cortelyou Road. Telephone 3199—Flatbush.

NURSE.—An intelligent young woman as attendant nurse for mental invalid; experience necessary; $25 per month. Call, before 6 P. M., 134 West 81st St.

OPERATORS.

R. H. Macy & Co. require learners on shirts; must understand power machines.
Apply at office of General Manager.

R. H. MACY & CO. require a thoroughly experienced waisthand on fine waists and gowns; must understand hand and machine work; one having wholesale experience preferred.
Apply at office of General Manager.

R. H. MACY & CO. require for their Millinery workroom copyists, milliners, trimmers, and apprentices.
Apply at office of General Manager.

RESPONSIBLE HOUSEMAID.

Girl of good sense and responsibility for pleasant country home, modern conveniences, at Westport, Conn.; $18; part of washing done out. Call Friday morning, 10-12, Mrs. Taylor, Room 422, 25 West 42d St.

SALESLADIES. — EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESLADIES WANTED. CAMMEYER, 6TH AV. AND 20TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

BY A LARGE CORPORATION. FEMALE STENOGRAPHER OF ABILITY AND GOOD EDUCATION, EXPERIENCED IN LAW WORK AND ABLE TO TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF CORRESPONDENCE. ADDRESS, IN TYPEWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED, A. BILITY, BOX 123 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER (Gentile) and to assist in office; $8 at first. Call at Yates Drug Co., 157 Leonard St., near Brooklyn Bridge.

TRIMMER.—First-class waist trimmer, who can take charge of small workroom. Klingenburg, 639 Lexington Av.

WANTED—Girls for addressing (Underwood typewriter) in the office of a large manufacturing concern; good chances for advancement; salary $5 per week. Address Madison, P. O. Box 645, New York City.

WANTED—A woman thoroughly competent to take charge of a small group of children; must have experience. Apply personally, Superintendent Orphan Asylum, 150th St. and Broadway.

WANTED—Intelligent competent woman, who would take an interest in her work, either as cook or second girl. Address Room 2401, 165 Broadway.

WANTED.—A competent young woman as cook, assist laundry; two adults; wages, $30; city references. 64 West 87th St.

WANTED.—First-class laundress and housecleaner by day; city references. 64 West 87th St.

WANTED—A good cook in a private family; wages, $35 per month; references required. Z 165 Times, Times Square.

WANTED.—Active young girl as waitress and chambermaid; city references. 64 West 87th St.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department. New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SILK DEPARTMENT. — Require experienced salesmen; splendid opportunity to those who can qualify. Apply by mail or in person to General Superintendent.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER for sales ledgers; must be rapid and accurate; reply, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary expected. B 84 Times, Times Square.

BOY WANTED.—A strong, active boy, 14 to 16 years, willing to work and come well recommended. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1,334 Post Office, New York.

CUSTOM HOUSE EMPLOYES.—Examinations in New York May 9; salary, $600 to $1,500; recent customs frauds mean many appointments; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Department 513 L, Rochester, N. Y.

DRAUGHTSMAN.—Electric light fixtures; draughtsman experienced in making shop drawings; must have experience and state references and salary expected. Address "Manufacturer," Box 174 Times Downtown.

Select List of Furnished Rooms.

Every day The New York Times publishes a list of high-class Furnished Rooms in desirable locations.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms, large closets, running water, bath; conveniences; $5-$6 weekly.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Very desirable rooms, all conveniences; Southerners accommodated; references.

48TH ST., 134 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, bath; gentleman only; references. Telephone 3043—Bryant.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; gentlemen; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Exceptionally cheerful rooms, large and small, near Hotel Astor; quiet home.

61ST ST., 33 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite; front rooms; private family; independent entrance; board. Kemp.

67TH ST. 139 WEST.—Front suite; newly furnished; brass bed, tiled bath, steam heat; one or two gentlemen; near Broadway, Subway, elevated; $7, $8. Call evenings. Donovan.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—A beautiful, large room; private bath, shower; dressing room; handsomely furnished, in private residence; good attendance; most select location; near Park; $15 weekly; breakfast served.

71ST ST., 143 WEST.—Elegant, sunny room, bath; Subway and "L" stations; gentlemen.

72D ST., 168 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, extra large, with private bath; also square. 8257—Columbus.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Room, electric light, parquet floor, private bath, telephone; references required.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Elegant, sunny room; two or three bachelors; private bath if desired; references.

80TH ST., WEST.—Beautiful, luxuriously furnished light rooms; exclusive private residence; near Subway, "L," Park; all conveniences; moderate. Telephone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Large back parlor, formerly occupied as office by prominent physician, and two attractively furnished small rooms.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house, medium-sized rooms; southern exposure; furnishings entirely new; references.

81ST ST., 147 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in quiet, well appointed home; breakfast optional; back parlor suitable for physician; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; light, pleasant; all conveniences; private house; "L," Subway.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Light, airy, exquisitely furnished large and small rooms; cleanliness; references; reasonable.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

DRAUGHTSMAN.

A large department store requires a bright, energetic young architectural draughtsman having a knowledge of store-fixture work. Address Box B 85 Times, Times Square.

HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN, bond or insurance men, can earn large continuous income 9 years selling our first mortgage bonds with equal stock bonus; Government statistics show profits 100% annually should be earned on the stock alone; prominent life insurance company protects against loss through death; large New York trust company trustee; $100 a year payments assure an income $1,000 a year for life; liberal commission arrangement only for Metropolitan district or out of town. The Forestry Corporation, 15 Broad St., New York.

LOT SALESMAN who can successfully sell cheap property; highest commission. Fisk, 45 Broadway, city.

MAN.—Coffees and teas; wanted an experienced man in this line to cover the hotel and restaurant trade in this city; to such a man ample opportunity and liberal terms will be given; state experience in reply. Address S. Allen, 45 West 34th St.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

MEN wanted to prepare for Railway Mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 249 M, Rochester, N. Y.

R. H. MACY & CO. require the services of a young man 18 years of age who understands English and Spanish, and who writes a good hand. Apply at office of General Manager.

SALESMAN, 27, four years' experience, city, road, retailers, (with petticoats,) selling proposition for worker preferred; could successfully fill as investigator-manager-private man. B 32 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN wanted for popular-priced skirt house; only those that have experience on road and are well acquainted with the trade need apply. B 61 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN or MANAGER wanted for New York office of a Philadelphia banking company; one experienced in selling stock preferred. Call in person, 1,523 Trinity Building.

SALESMAN to handle popular-priced line of ladies' cloth, silk and linen suits and coats for Middle West as a side line for filling in trip. Address L. C., 304 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN.—EXPERIENCED SHOE SALESMEN WANTED. CAMMEYER, 6TH AV. AND 20TH ST.

SALESMEN.—Experienced gum salesmen wanted. Dandy Gum Co., 407 East 91st St.

Wanted—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—An A1 wall plaster salesman to cover Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey; must be thoroughly acquainted with trade and conditions in this territory; splendid opening for a competent man; none but experienced wall plaster salesmen need apply. Box A 67, Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Bookkeeper competent to take charge general ledger; bond required. Apply after 10 A. M., John Chatillon & Sons, 89 Cliff St.

YOUNG MEN willing to start as beginners in newspaper work. Postoffice Box 1024.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.

Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Medium, sunny room; dressing room; running water; also small; phone; references.

83D, 57 WEST.—Desirable; warm; sunny; large, small; abundant hot water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Very pleasant room, suitable one or two; private house; references.

84TH ST., 250 WEST.—Corner; rooms single or en suite; business men; reasonable. Gleason.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Well-furnished large front; also smaller room, adjoining bath; conveniences. Anderson.

91ST ST., 252 WEST, (BROADWAY SUBWAY STATION.)—Private elevator apartment; two-room suite and one single; man or wife; gentleman preferred; breakfast optional. Sydmeth.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large room, dressing room attached; private bath; telephone; conveniences.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Alcove, parlor, bedroom; lavatory, telephone; also large room, suitable two, $6.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Large, sunny front suite; private bath; private family; quiet house; telephone.

101ST ST., 215 WEST.—Select sunny, corner room, facing Hudson, with private family; gentleman; phone 6000 River. Harrison.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; home comforts; private house; breakfast; 'phone; reasonable.

103D ST., 31 WEST.—Nicely furnished light airy room; bath; $3; "L," Subway. Phelps.

112TH ST., 507 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable parlor suite; one flight; telephone; select; refined gentleman. Murray.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Summer rates; front, attractive, modern rooms; telephone, elevator; board optional. Miller.

123D ST., 243 WEST.—Nicely furnished small room, modern private house; terms moderate; gentlemen.

132D ST., 56 WEST.—Large room, private house; running water, bath, telephone; near Subway; $2.50 per week; gentleman or lady.

137TH ST., 622 WEST.—Sunny room, large closet, high-class apartment, adjoining Drive; Subway express station; 'phone 2330 Audubon. Goodrich.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, running water, shower bath; private house; Subway; reasonable.

145TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large sunny, clean, comfortable room; closets; steam heat, telephone; private family; moderate. Ogden.

151ST AND BROADWAY, (Washington Irving.)—Nicely furnished room for gentleman; overlooking Hudson; high-class elevator apartment; reasonable. Telephone 4400 Audubon. Apartment 24.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SOLE AGENCY for all United States, with capital, for an A1 proposition. American Patent Chair Co., 77 Sackett St., Jersey City.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

HELP WANTED—Employment Bureau's Commercial help.
Cost clerks, male, (2,) 25 years, experienced on stock ledgers, manufacturing, and railroad work.
Managers—Male, 30 years, $25; experienced in taking charge of men and girls; manufacturing line.
Office Boys, (8)—16 to 18 years; bright, neat; $5 to $6.
National Employment Exchange, 47 W. 42d St.

BOOKKEEPERS, Stenographers, Law Stenographers, Salesmen, Superior Office Help, furnished free of charge. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St. 'Phone 4470 Murray Hill.

BOOKKEEPER.—Lady; must be competent, reside in Manhattan; $15. Universal Exchange, 1 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, typewriters, or office assistants, furnished free. Wright Agency, 335 Broadway. 973 Franklin.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

Want Philosophy

Honest folk have a way of enjoying one another's society, either consciously or unconsciously. About half a million people, reading over 175,000 copies of The New York Times each day, get together on a common basis of honesty; there is nothing very attractive about The Times for dishonest people.

* * *

If you lose a watch or fur coat, and advertise it in The Times, you are appealing to half a million honest people to help you find it. If the lost jewel or garment, or whatever it might be, happens to fall into their hands, or the hands of some friend, you stand a good chance of getting it back.

When you appeal to half a million people you are reaching a pretty big percentage of New York's population. The Times is now the recognized medium for advertising Lost and Found articles, and the average honest person knows it.

The finder knows where to look for the advertisement of lost articles, and the loser knows, or should know, where to advertise. The great success of this department in actually returning lost articles shows that circulation—and The Times quality of circulation—counts.

* * *

Other papers may try to imitate The Times, but "nothing succeeds like success"—and this paper has been successful in results.

* * *

Honesty is the thing in all other departments, too. Every advertisement in The Times is carefully scrutinized, and if there is anything suspicious about it, or if there are extravagant assertions—especially in Business Opportunities—it is rejected.

* * *

Intelligent advertising is the kind that pays in everything, and in Want Advertising it is very essential. Don't "economize" to the extent of implying something. Say something. If you desire assistance in preparing a Want advertisement call or 'phone The Times, 1000 Bryant.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless residential neighborhood, 86th St. Park entrance; four connecting, spacious. T 155 Times, Downtown.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 465.—Exceptionally attractive room in private apartment; refined surroundings; 110th elevated. Thornton.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 593.—Room, adjoining bath, for gentleman; elevator apartment; 137th St. Subway one block; no other roomers. Hengerer.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., corner 127th St.—Handsomely furnished complete four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; $11 weekly upward; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $3, $6 weekly.

VICINITY OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE and 112th St.—A refined Jewish gentleman can find accommodations in a well appointed modern apartment with small private family, within a radius of two blocks of 110th St. Subway station and two street car systems; references; breakfast if desired. Address Box B 63 Times, Times Square.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Room, with private bath; $10 per week; hotel service.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY
to rent your apartments and rooms, furnished or unfurnished, is increased by consulting us; no charge for listing.
A. E HENNING & CO.,
110 West 34th St.

East Side.

4TH AV., 426, ('Phone 5556—Madison Square.)—Large, small furnished rooms, gentlemen; all improvements.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Elegant, large adjoining rooms, suitable for studio or doctor's office.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.
THE NAYLOR.
PARLOR SUITE; PRIVATE BATH.
TABLE BOARD. OTHER ROOMS.

37TH ST., 6 EAST.—Very desirable front room; kitchenette, bath; six months; exceptional location. Chaffee Studio.

43D ST., 131 EAST.—Refined home, sunny, heated, square; closet, bath; permanent gentlemen; references. Neilson.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner Park Av.—Comfortable back parlor; steam heat, telephone.

97TH ST., 61 EAST.—Comfortable, light, clean room in new apartment; gentlemen. Seitz.

STUDIO HALL,
34th, 50 East.—Delightful studio rooms; newly appointed house; near Subway. Telephone 1346—Madison.

Brooklyn.

1.—HEIGHTS, 3 MONTAGUE TERRACE. Rooms for gentlemen, overlooking water; with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

DUNCAN'S HELP EXCHANGE, 250 West 133d.—Reliable colored help; investigated references. Telephone Morningside—5078.

WANTED—Dependable domestics, foreign and colored; housemaids, general houseworkers. Astoria Agency, 925 South St., Peekskill, N. Y.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANION.—Young lady going to San Francisco would act as traveling companion to elderly lady or invalid on journey; compensation, railroad fare. G. L., Box T 185 Times Downtown.

COOK.—By first-class, competent cook; Scandinavian; best references. B 78 Times, Times Square.

COOK.—Good German cook wishes place where her husband, who is employed during day, can share her room. Runkel, 245 East 58th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Conscientious, refined woman wishes position as managing housekeeper in private family or first-class school; references. W. Wieters, 828 Ocean Av., Jersey City.

LADY'S MAID.—English; age, 29; good hairdresser, seamstress, and traveler; free March 31; highly recommended by present mistress. M, Room 1,034, The Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Proven capability in responsible positions; good judgment in business matters; correct grammarian, correspondent; recently from the South; reliable references. Address B 75 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, six months' experience, desires position where faithful and competent discharge of duties will gain advancement; excellent references; $8. Miss Edith, T 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' practical experience; competent to hold difficult position; accustomed to taking technical dictation and attending to office details; unquestionable references; $15. Miss L., 194 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six months' experience, desires position where faithful and competent discharge of duties will gain advancement; excellent references; $8. Recommended, 194 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—For position requiring limited experience; correct spelling; transcriptions; references. Manhattanite, 199 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent education, business ability; understands office detail; thoroughly experienced. Miss Donald, T 163 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, experienced, well educated, capable, wishes permanent position. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

YOUNG LADY, 16, desires position in office or as stock girl; would prefer to work on Sundays instead of Saturdays; has had experience and can give reference. Address F. B., Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson St., city.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT, &c.—Am a middle-aged man, good appearance, quiet, but aggressive, good salesman, conversant English, German, French, understand no particular line, but have good adaptability; would like to connect with good concern in trustworthy capacity; am first-class accountant and office manager; would work on commission basis or give trial. Address O. D., 237 West 137th St.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; opens, closes, balances, disentangles, audits books; $5 monthly; kept part time accurately. Accountant, 51 John St. 'Phone 2327 John.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR of demonstrated ability and clean record desires salaried position on high-class industrial trade journal. B 83 Times, Times Square.

A GENTLEMAN with thorough knowledge of motors and energetic would like employment in connection with same, either salesman or engineering, with reasonable salary. B. 82 Times, Times Square.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK, 27, or anything; $12; best reference. Macdermott, 241 East 126th St.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; systems installed, corporations organized; collection accounts; advantageous arrangements; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—By assistant bookkeeper, aged 20; present position having no prospects wishes to connect with a firm where strict attention to business will be appreciated; best of references. B 66 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—Reliable, experienced, and thoroughly competent, with highest references for ability, honesty, and sobriety; moderate salary. L. Deery, 230 West 27th St., City.

BOY (17) wishes position where advancement is assured to an earnest worker, honest, reliable, and neat; can furnish best of reference. Bernard Moskowitz, 568 Fox St., Bronx, N. Y.

BOY, 16, colored, wishes steady position; not afraid of work. Wells, 260 West 47th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Long experience, good mechanic, careful drver; obliging; temperate habits; well recommended. R. H., 201 West 107th St.

DETECTIVE seeks work by day or week, shadowing, investigating. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

EUROPEAN REPRESENTATIVE or CORRESPONDENT, man of 32, with large business experience; three years abroad. T 196 Times Downtown.

HELPER.—Position as helper in garage; willing and industrious. F. D. G., 241 West 43d St.

INTELLIGENT MAN, 40, thorough knowledge German and English, good figurer, strictly sober, good business man, references. Duerk, 101 5th Av., Brooklyn.

MASSEUR.—Skillful; Carlsbad; experience; good references. Grusat, 503 East 78th St.

PLASTERER.—Good model maker, piece molder, and caster wishes employment. A. S., 320 East 71st St.

SALESMAN.—Educated, good appearance, experienced; office and outside; state terms. B 80 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, Private Secretary, Confidential Clerk, Bookkeeper.—College, business college and high school education; nine years' experience filling high-grade positions United States and South America; best references. Address Christian, 119 East 24th St.

VALET.—English; thoroughly experienced; age 34; used to traveling; speaks three languages; disengaged; good personal references; in city. W. S. D., 158 West 36th St.

YOUNG LAWYER, desiring change, would take position with responsible business house as clerk. B 79 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN desires to locate with reliable firm or corporation where honesty and integrity will lead to recognition; have had business education and can furnish unquestionable references. Address Reliable, 193 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, colored, wishes night work, elevator switchboard; anything. Janitor, 48 West 131st St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with good house; references. T 192 Times Downtown.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 83d St.

5TH AV., 46, (11th.)—Well-furnished front parlor; other rooms; good board; table guests.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Double room; running water; telephone; good table.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; homelike; telephone; excellent board; $7.

48TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large second story front; southern exposure; telephone; board; table guests; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, finely furnished; southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive rooms, comfortably furnished; table guests accommodated; references. Telephone 6666—Col.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third story front room; private bath; room telephone; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; all conveniences; phone, "L," Subway; superior table; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST. — Pleasant, medium room, suitable two; southern exposure; table boarders; references.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house; parlor dining room; table board; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Single room; table board.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, with board; everything new; office and reception room for physician; board optional; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Well-furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; table guests; telephone.

95TH ST., 50 WEST.—Private large, small rooms; modern comfort; cuisine Francaise; few accommodated; references.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Attractive large room; first-class home table; couple or gentlemen. Hatch.

123D ST., 2,053 7TH AV.—Airy, well-furnished rooms; steam, 'phone; substantial board; moderate; references.

125TH ST., 5 WEST.—Young men; room, board; steam heat; privilege gym.; $4.50-$5.

137TH ST., 601 WEST.—A few young men to share high-class elevator apartment; electricity, phone, shower; superior table; reasonable. Nelboeck.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone, 793—Bryant.

THE MARBLE HOUSE,
BROADWAY AT 215TH STREET.
TELEPHONE AUDUBON 943.

Healthiest and most beautiful location in New York, overlooking Hudson, Harlem River, Spuyten Duyvil. Running hot, cold water; private baths. Suites, garage. SUPERIOR TABLE. Table guests. SUBWAY STATION; CARS AT ENTRANCE. 35 minutes City Hall.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Homelike, first-class table board; furnished rooms at above address.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large sunny room; elevator; also single room; excellent board.

89TH ST., 1,345 Lexington Av.—Rooms, board; excellent table; table boarders accommodated; all conveniences. Gross.

IRVING PLACE, 71. — Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston, on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance; special rates starting season early. Apply direct or 1,122 Broadway.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Two rooms; good location; near stations and golf club; excellent table. 14 Walnut Crescent. Tel. 301J.

Country Board.

20c. a line 1 time; 7 times 18c. a line a day; 30 times 16 2-3c. a line a day.

LADY having attractive Summer home, White Mountains, will take 4 guests into her family of 2, $12.50 weekly each; references. Rickey, 9 S. Munn Av., East Orange, New Jersey.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS.

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS OF GOOD FINANCIAL STANDING WHO DESIRE TO INCREASE THEIR SALES AND NEED ADDITIONAL CAPITAL CAN SECURE SAME UPON THE SECURITY OF THEIR BOOK ACCOUNTS; CORRESPONDENCE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS BANKERS, R 170 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPERIENCED MECHANICAL ENGINEER of high standing is in position to build at a good profit high-grade, medium price automobile from original designs and auto trucks possessing improved and patented features; desires to interest gentleman with a few thousand dollars to take charge of business end in manufacturing same; bank and other reference given. Address P. O. Box 56, Trenton Junction, N. J.

Partner who can take half interest in patentable electrical device, to be used by large hotels, railroads, stores, theatres, and the trade in general; immense profits can be made; $500 required; references exchanged; principals only. Apply Inventor, Suite 236 Knickerbocker Building, 1,402 Broadway.

Wanted—A partner with executive ability to organize and manage selling department of established corporation; salary $3,600 a year to start; must invest $15,000 for one-half interest. Davis Electric Co., Parkersburg, W. Va.

Splendid opportunity for capable young business man with $5,000 to buy out half partnership from elderly retiring gentleman, connected with old-established, well paying manufacturing concern. Address C. B., Box 317 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Partner in well-established cloak and suit business, with capital of about $5,000; or will consider an experienced salesman in this line with smaller capital. Box B 87 Times, Times Square.

Inventions developed; ideas perfected; expert mechanics to give advice; bench room with use of machinery to let. F. Alexander, Inc., 129 Fulton St., New York.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Wanted—Six months' loan of $6,000 to $10,000 on first-class dividend-paying stock as collateral; principals only. B 68 Times, Times Square.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Must sacrifice beautiful mahogany upright piano, (perfect condition,) $100; cost $450; also lot furniture. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

Knabe mahogany baby grand piano, like new, sell very cheap. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW YORK.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

Public notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held February 18, 1910, the following petition was received:

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT, CITY OF NEW YORK:

The petition of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY respectfully shows:

FIRST: That your petitioner is a street surface railroad corporation organized and existing under the Laws of the State of New York, and has duly made and filed, pursuant to Section 90 of the Railroad Law, a statement of extension, branch of, alterations and changes in its Road herein proposed, together with a Map showing the proposed change.

SECOND: Your petitioner now operates in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York, a double-track surface railroad by means of an overhead system of electrical power, a portion of which runs through, along, and upon Wiener Place (or Street) in said Borough, to and across Central Avenue, to and through Private Right of Way, to and along Tompkins Avenue to junction of Richmond Turnpike and Arrietta Street.

THIRD: The City of New York is now engaged extending Stuyvesant Place (or Street) from intersection of Wiener Place to and across Arrietta Street to junction with Griffin Street.

FOURTH: Your petitioner will relinquish that portion of franchise on Wiener Place and Tompkins Avenue, and prays that in lieu thereof a franchise be granted to lay rails and operate Road on new Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension to and across Arrietta Street to junction with Griffin Street, a distance of one thousand and fifty feet (1,050',) more or less, as shown on accompanying tracing.

FIFTH: Your petitioner now holds franchises on Arrietta Street from Richmond Turnpike to New York Bay, granted by the Village of New Brighton, March 28th, 1895, and July 11th, 1895, and Village of Edgewater, June 26, 1895, to the Staten Island Electric Railroad, (to all of the rights and franchises of which Company your petitioner is the successor,) and now asks your Honorable Board to grant authority to lay rails and operate road on Arrietta Street from intersection of Central Avenue and Stuyvesant Place to Richmond Turnpike.

SIXTH: May 29th, 1905, your petitioner leased from Department of Docks and Ferries, right to operate its railroad from Jay Street to Ferry Landing over Viaduct and portion of Ferry Terminal, and prays that franchise be granted by your Honorable Board.

SEVENTH: Your petitioner proposes to operate the Road to be constructed upon such altered and changed route, by the overhead trolley system of electricity, substantially similar to that now in use on its other lines, or by such other motive power (other than locomotive steam power) as may be lawfully employed.

Your petitioner therefore prays that the franchise hereinbefore mentioned, on Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension, be granted to it in lieu of the franchise now enjoyed by it on and along Wiener Place and Tompkins Avenue. Also that authority be given to lay rails and operate on Arrietta Street between Stuyvesant Place (or Street) Extension and Richmond Turnpike, and that the franchise for operation over the Viaduct and portion of Ferry Terminal be granted by your Honorable Board.

WHEREFORE your petitioner prays that Public Notice hereof of the time and place when and where this Application will be first considered, be given as required by the provisions of Section 92 of the Railroad Law and of all other laws applicable thereto, and that the desired consent or franchise be granted in accordance with the provisions of the Greater New York Charter and the Laws of the State.

Dated February 8th, 1910.

RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY,
by S. F. HAZELRIGG,
Vice President.

[Seal.]
Attest:
J. E. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

State of New York, County of Richmond, ss.:

S. F. HAZELRIGG, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the Vice President of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY, the petitioner herein in the foregoing petition. That he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true of his own knowledge except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and as to those matters he believes it to be true. That the reason why this verification is not made by the petitioner is that it is a corporation and deponent is an officer of said corporation, to wit, its Vice President, and that the grounds of his information regarding the matters in the foregoing petition so far as the same are not within his personal knowledge, are statements made by officers and agents of the corporation to him as such Vice President thereof.

S. F. HAZELRIGG.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of February, 1910.
THEO. B. BRADLEY,
[Seal.] Commissioner of Deeds.

State of New York, County of Richmond, ss.:

On this 8th day of February, 1910, before me personally came J. E. PHILLIPS, to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say: That he resides in the Borough of Richmond, City of New York; that he is the Secretary of the RICHMOND LIGHT & RAILROAD COMPANY, the corporation described in and which executed the foregoing instrument; that he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and that he signed his name thereto by like order.

J. E. PHILLIPS.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of February, 1910.
THEO. B. BRADLEY,
[Seal.] Commissioner of Deeds.

And the following resolutions were thereupon adopted:

Whereas, The foregoing petition from the RICHMOND LIGHT AND RAILROAD COMPANY, dated February 8, 1910, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held February 18, 1910,

Resolved, That in pursuance of law this Board sets Friday, the 18th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in The City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

(The Times and The World designated.)

JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910

Well-dressed women will seek guidance from the magnificent designs of latest fashions in gowns, wraps, and hats in The Spring Fashion and Easter Number of next Sunday's New York Times. Order to-day.—Adv.

CREDIT NOT AT ISSUE IN CITY BOND RATE

Bankers Agree That the Increase to 4¼ Per Cent. Was Based on Market Conditions Alone.

OTHER BONDS COMPETING

Savings Banks Getting Higher Rates for Money and Railroad Borrowers Are City's Rivals.

Although there was some division of opinion among bankers yesterday as to why New York City found it expedient to put out 4¼ per cent. bonds, all were agreed that the coming $50,000,000 issue will be an unqualified success, and that bids will be largely in excess of the amount offered. It was generally agreed also that, while there never has been any real question of the city's credit, the efforts of the new administration to cut down the waste in city expenses, which has made New York's Government in the past one of the most costly in the world, have had a sentimental effect on the market for city bonds. The feeling that the city is to be run closer to the plane of an everyday business will be intensified, it is predicted, if the end of the year shows the substantial economies indicated at the outset, and will have an appreciable effect in widening the popularity of New York City's securities.

The consensus of opinion among banking men interviewed yesterday by a TIMES reporter was that the necessity for paying 4¼ per cent. is due to a combination of circumstances of which the one most insisted upon is the large amount of the city's obligations already on the market, a total which bankers believe is somewhat ahead of the normal demand for this class of securities and makes the city a competitor with railroads seeking funds.

Another factor is the present condition of the money market, which enables the savings banks to put their funds into mortgages at 4½ and 5 per cent.

Why the Demand Is Contracted.

New York City's gross funded debt on Jan. 1 was $885,638,438, of which the sinking funds held $236,759,439, making the net funded debt $648,878,999. The limit to which the city could become indebted was at that date $680,717,970. These figures were pointed to yesterday by Controller John J. Pulleyn of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank to illustrate his view that the city issues were larger than the normal institutional demand for this class of security.

Mr. Pulleyn said that the price the city had to pay for its funds was subject to the same law of supply and demand as applied to any other borrower. He said that the demand from buyers limited to this class of investment was limited, and in going beyond this class into competition with railroads and other borrowers the city had to pay current rates.

There was nothing new in the problem, he said, and predicted that at a price about equivalent to that now commanded by the 4½s, one yielding about 4.10 per cent., the issues ought to be signally successful. Mr. Pulleyn suggested that some time the small investor might become educated to the thrifty standard's of the French public and buy up city bonds, as the municipal issues are bought by the people in France.

There is very little over-the-counter demand for city bonds of any sort here, he pointed out, which is one of the reasons for the limited market. "The people go from one extreme to another," he said. "They either refuse to trust their savings to anything but a savings bank, or else they demand impossible rates of interest and are caught by get-rich-quick bait."

The Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, which next to the Bowery Savings Bank is the largest in the city, is a large holder of New York City securities. At the time of its last examination by the State Banking Department it held $8,280,500 par value of city bonds, of which the market value was $8,531,370.

City Paying What Conditions Warrant.

President Henry A. Schenck of the Bowery Savings Bank gave very little weight to any question of the city's credit in the matter of marketing New York City obligations. "There has never been any actual question of the city's credit," he said. "People do not appreciate, perhaps, the enormous values behind New York City. The city is not paying any more for its funds than conditions warrant. We are getting 4½ and 5 per cent. for our money on mortgages, and, like all savings banks, we must invest our funds to the best advantage as they accumulate."

The Bowery Savings Bank at the time of its last examination held $9,544,540 par value of New York City bonds which, at the then market price, were valued at $9,746,459. Its holdings of Boston municipal bonds then totaled $3,138,000 par value, with a market value of $3,244,483, and it held the securities of a number of other cities in varying small amounts. Many of these smaller cities get higher prices for their issues than does New York, as will be seen by this table:

	Interest Rate.	Maturity.	Market Price March 1.
New York	4¼	1960	102
Baltimore	4	1955	103
Boston	4	1948	108
Cincinnati	4	1929	*3.90
Chicago	4	1925	†4
New Orleans	4	1948	91
Philadelphia	4	1938	*3.85
Pittsburg	4	1936	†3.90
Los Angeles	4	1930	*4¼
St. Louis	4	1928	101
San Francisco	5	1955	†4¼

*Selling on a basis of the per cent. quoted.
†Selling at a price to net the per cent. quoted.

Banks Have to Vary Investments.

President Schenck explained that while the New York City fifty-year bonds at 4.10 per cent. on the investment were a better bargain than some of the bonds of outside cities held by the bank, no savings bank could afford to put its eggs all in one basket. Further, he said, a savings bank could not speculate in city bonds any more than in any thing else, and that it would amount to a speculation to sell out a lot of securities it would ordinarily hold till maturity to get funds for heavy purchases of the coming New York City issue.

Edgar J. Levey, President of the Title Insurance Company, said that his observations led him to believe that investors are now more favorably disposed toward New York City bonds than they were some time ago.

"The new administration," he said, "is showing a disposition to get away from the wasteful way of financing the city's requirements, which was so evident in recent years, and already the good effect of what the administration has accomplished and what there is reason to hope for along the same line in the future is shown in the attitude of investors.

"Controller Prendergast is taking a step in the right direction in deciding, as he has announced, to restrict the issue of revenue bonds which in the past have been put out by the city in unnecessarily large amounts. These short term bonds, bearing higher rates of interest than the long term bonds of the city, has created a situation detrimental to the long term bonds. The revenue bonds have practically all the advantages of the long term bonds, with the added advantage that the holder of the revenue bonds may call for his money any year he wants it.

Market Conditions Fix Rate.

Purchasers of the revenue bonds have felt certain of being able to get other revenue bonds of the city when the previous issue matured, and thus continue the investment from year to year.

The head of one of the most prominent of the banking houses actively identified with the placing of New York City bonds said regarding the attitude of institutions and private investors toward bonds of New York City:

"There is not now and there never has been any question of the credit of New York City, if exception be made of the abnormal period of the 1907 panic. I have at no time been in sympathy with this discussion of the city's credit. It has not been a matter of the city's credit, but merely a question of the income yield, and that is something which is governed by money market conditions. When the supply of the city's bonds is very large and money is in active use the yield must be advanced to attract buyers, but in this [illegible] New York City bonds is governed by general conditions and not by any consideration of the city's credit. For the matter of that, whether bonds were legally or illegally issued so far as the debt limit is concerned, they would have to be paid by the city. It is certain that none of our clients ever raised the question of the city's credit even when the public discussion of the debt limit was at its height."

DIGNITY OF AQUEDUCT BOARD

Pleaded as Their Reason for Fighting Removal—Castigated in Court.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger heard arguments yesterday on the application of the Aqueduct Commissioners removed by Mayor Gaynor for a writ of certiorari. Corporation Counsel Archibald Watson appeared in person for the Mayor to oppose the granting of the writ. Samuel Strasbourger represented the ousted Commissioners.

Mr. Strasbourger denounced the Mayor's action as illegal, and quoted extensively from the statutes to show that the Mayor could not remove the Commissioners "until their work was done." He intimated that if the Mayor had told the Commissioners that he considered their work at an end and had requested their resignations they would have resigned without a fight. His clients, however, he said, resented the manner of their removal as an affront to their dignity, and sought the writ as much for vindication of their official characters as for the purpose of retaining their offices and emoluments.

The Corporation Counsel did not spare the Commissioners in his reply. He said the Mayor had done well to rid the city of them. He made an exhaustive analysis of the law creating the Aqueduct Commission and its various amendments, and said that while the law at first gave the Mayor power to remove on six months' notice, the amendments removed the time restriction. He also contended that since the Mayor had not put the Commissioners on trial, but had removed them summarily, there were no proceedings to review, and it was absurd to apply for a writ of certiorari.

"The removal of the petitioners," said Mr. Watson, "was determined upon in an effort to stop a leak, not in the Croton Aqueduct, but in the city's Treasury, which for many years past has poured a steady stream of the money of the taxpayers—to the extent of more than $250,000 a year—into the pockets of the so-called Aqueduct Commissioners and the expensive staff of engineers and employes they have maintained."

Decision was reserved.

RAPS ROCKEFELLER CHARTER.

George W. Da Cunha Writes to Senators It Is Dangerous to Grant It.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—From George W. Da Cunha, an architect of Upper Montclair, N. J., has come an open letter protesting against the Gallinger bill to grant a Federal charter to the Rockefeller Foundation. The letter was received by the senior Senator from each State. It sets forth that "the incorporation of Rockefeller's millions and the granting of a charter by the United States is a dangerous precedent against public policy, being special and class legislation and on a line with the granting of charters by crowned heads with extraordinary powers."

Mr. Da Cunha points out that the placing of the accumulations of Mr. Rockefeller in an incorporated body eliminates the family and that thenceforth there can be no inheritance tax collected from the successions to this fortune.

If the extraordinary charter asked for in this case is granted, says Mr. Da Cunha, "there can be no excuse hereafter for not granting similar charters to any and all the wealthy families of the land. They in turn could combine and form one of the greatest aggregations of money in the world and one that could dominate and overcome all opposition."

An open meeting of the Senate Committee on the District of Columbia will be held Friday, at which Starr J. Murphy, one of the Rockefeller representatives, will explain the purposes of the foundation.

CHARTER BILLS GO IN.

Provide for Changes in Legislative and Borough Provisions.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 9.—Nine bills, part of a tentative draft of a new charter for New York City, were introduced to-day by members of the Special Joint Committe of the Legislature appointed a year ago to consider the question of a new charter. They carry out the main features of the charter as outlined in the report of the committee submitted several weeks ago.

In one of the bills it is provided that the Board of Aldermen shall consist of the Vice Mayor and seventy-three Aldermen to be elected by districts for two years. Provision is made for a revision of the Code of Ordinances every five years.

FRITCH GETS 7½ TO 15 YEARS.

Doctor's Manslaughter Sentence for the Death of Maybelle Millman.

DETROIT, Mich., March 9.—Dr. George A. Fritch was to-day sentenced to serve from seven and a half to fifteen years in the State penitentiary at Jackson for manslaughter in causing the death of Maybelle Millman of Ann Arbor last August by means of an operation.

Judge James Phelan, in making the usual recommendation under the indeterminate sentence law, recommended that Fritch serve fifteen years.

Fritch was convicted last Thursday after a trial lasting more than three weeks.

"Pique Dame" and "Salome" Repeated.

Tschaikowsky's "Pique Dame" was given for the second time at the Metropolitan Opera House last night. As at the first performance, the work was sung by Mmes. Destinn, Gluck, Wickham, and Meitschik, and Messrs. Slezak, Didur, and Forsell, and conducted by Mr. Mahler.

"Salome" was the bill at the Manhattan Opera House last night. In the cast were Miss Mary Garden, and Messrs. Dalmores, Dufranne, and Devries. Mr. de la Fuente conducted.

In the afternoon "L'Attaque du Moulin" and "Coppelia" were given at The New Theatre. Mme. Delna and Mr. Clément sang in Bruneau's opera, and the Russian dancers, Pavlowa and Mordkin appeared in Delibes's ballet.

Old Burtis Shipyard Sold.

Several tracts of realty forming part of the estate of the late Divine Burtis in Brooklyn were sold at public auction yesterday. The biggest parcel disposed of was the old Burtis shipyard, at the foot of Conover Street, Red Hook Point. This piece was bought by T. B. Johnson for $94,000. The old Burtis shipyard was in operation for about sixty years. Among the vessels built there was the ill-fated excursion steamer General Slocum.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Lichtenstein Millinery Company took judgment by default, yesterday, against Mrs. Edward J. McCormack for an unpaid millinery bill of $4,023.

Rochester, one of the cities which Mayor Gaynor in his address to the master plumbers on Tuesday said should conform to the exquisite morality of New York, is to get the next annual convention of the New York State Master Plumbers' Association. The plumbers at their closing session at the Hotel Astor decided this yesterday. Frederick E. Fladd, a Rochester man, was elected President.

Fire Commissioner Waldo directed yesterday that hereafter the department horses shall be known by numbers, the number to be burned on the horse's hoof.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
2:45—282 Rivington St.; Samuel Fleck	$5
6:30—301 East 18th St.; J. Gallagher	$5
7:10—2 Coenties Slip; John McGuire	$1,000
7:30—530 E. 120th St.; W. J. Chermioff	Slight
7:30—460 8th Av.; Martin Burton	$200
8:00—440 E. 18th St.; Martin Garone	Trifling
9:37—222 E. 9th St.; Aaron Nihken	Slight
11:00—Convent Av., 128th and 129th Sts.; Golden & Cohen	Trifling
P. M.	
12:55—60 Clarkson St.; Harry Bronson	$10
1:12—248 2d St.; M. Moskovitz	Trifling
2:20—156 E. 120th St.; Henry Weiner	$25
2:25—181st St., bet. Broadway and Fort Washington Av.; James Gordon Bennett	Trifling
4:25—125 W. 10th St.; Mary Dickin	$100
5:50—179th St. and St. Nicholas Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co	Trifling
6:05—Blackwell's Island; City of N. Y.	Slight
6:15—213 Forsyth St.; Mrs. Bauman	$1,500
6:30—251 E. 124th St.; Mr. Finkelstein	Trifling
6:45—155th St. and 8th Av.; unknown	Trifling
7:25—2 West 39th St.; Metcalf Silver Co.	Trifling
9:00—177 Grand St.; Samuel Singer	$150
9:00—169 West 45th St.; John Reisler	$2,000

"NEW APPENDICITIS" INTERESTS DOCTORS

New York Physicians Declare, However, That It Was Already Known to American Faculty.

THE AILMENT SYMPTOMIZED

Medical Men Assert European Surgeons Often Make False Claims for Discoveries Already Familiar Here.

Physicians throughout the city were exceedingly interested yesterday in Dr. Peterson's paper before the Royal Society of Medicine in London on a "new appendix disease," a report of which was cabled here to THE TIMES.

Several doctors called attention to the fact that the London surgeon's "appendicidal gastralgia" was in reality discovered by Drs. Robert Abbey and Robert T. Morris of this city several years ago, and was named by these two physicians "fibroid degeneration of the appendix." But all agreed that Dr. Peterson's paper was valuable in attracting attention to a phase of appendicidal trouble which the general public is strangely ignorant about.

"The appendix is one of the most talked of and least understood organs in the human body," remarked one physician. "Few people know that persons over 50 years of age hardly ever have appendicitis. In 224 cases Dr. Hawkins of St. Thomas's Hospital found, for example, that less than 1 per cent. of them were over 50 years of age. The reason that practically only people below middle life have appendicitis is that the appendix itself gradually degenerates with each year of a man's or woman's life. When the age of 50 is reached the appendix has in most cases ceased to be a sack. It is nothing but a string of whitish fibres. Since it is no longer a sack, small particles can no longer get into it to inflame it and to cause 'appendicitis.' But this useless string of white fibres can cause trouble of another kind. It remains in the abdomen, surrounded by connective tissue, irritating and disturbing the nerve filaments about it. This irritation travels back through the nerve fibres to the great nerve centre behind the stomach, which governs all the feelings and all the activities of all the abdominal organs.

How the Ailment Spreads.

"From the nerve centre of the solar plexus the irritation is passed on along other nerve filaments to the stomach and other organs. Thus we surgeons find that a large percentage of cases of dyspepsia and indigestion—especially in middle-aged and elderly people—are caused by nothing except the influence of the fibrous remains of the appendix. Because the real trouble has its seat in one part of the abdomen, while the actual pain is felt in quite another part of the abdomen, we call it a reflex disturbance.

"As all that the patient feels is just a pain in some far-away point in the system, we have considerable difficulty in diagnosing these reflex disturbances. Often we operate for ulcer of the stomach, as THE TIMES's cable describes, and find that the stomach is perfectly normal. Then we have to make one of those quick operating room right about faces that we try to keep the public and even the patient and the patient's friends from knowing about. We follow along the whole digestional tract and try to trace the trouble to its seat, while the patient is still under the anaesthetic. We find the supposed ulcer to be nothing but the white fibre string, which was once the appendix, many more times than you would think. About the only way to tell what the trouble is is by a process of exclusion. We find that the stomach and gall and liver are all right, and we reason that the trouble must be somewhere else. An infinite deal of trouble is caused, on the other hand, by the public's trying first one doctor and then another in the hope that each may be able to 'hit' their case with something simple.

"On the other hand, operations are much less often performed in cases of trouble caused by fibrous degeneration of the appendix than in cases of regular appendicitis. We find that in many cases of trouble caused by fibrous degeneration of the appendix the nervous reflex in the other organs tends to disappear with time, as the appendicidal fibre itself gradually becomes obliterated. It also disappears under medical and hygienic treatment aimed at the nervous indigestion. When we do operate it is not because of future danger, but to relieve present discomfort. Indeed, many patients become much better as soon as they find that their pain is not due to anything more than a nervous reflex, like the fancied pain in a leg or arm after the leg or arm has been taken off."

Unjust European Claims.

Several prominent physicians commented yesterday to a TIMES reporter on the number of medical and surgical discoveries by American physicians which Europeans have recently seemed to be assuming credit for. The physicians pointed out that the spinal anaesthesia treatment which Dr. Bier of Germany and Dr. Tuffier of France both claimed to have originated several years ago was in reality first tried by Dr. Leonard Corning as far back as fourteen years ago. The German Quincke also appropriated the credit for Dr. Corning's spinal puncture method.

Dr. Hill here tried the bloodless operation for congenital dislocation of the hip long before Lorenz, the Austrian specialist, acquired so much notoriety by practicing it. Dr. Abbey, according to the physicians, called attention to stomach trouble due to chronic infection of the appendix several years ago. Dr. Morris's paper on "The Diagnosis of Fibroid Degeneration of the Appendix" was printed in the "Archives of Diagnosis" of the Academy of Medicine eleven months ago.

Mrs. Gunn Dies Awaiting Her Son.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gunn, mother of Archie Gunn, the artist, died suddenly yesterday at the house where she boarded in Arlington, N. J. She was seated at a window from which she could see the railroad station, awaiting her son's arrival in response to a telegram which she had sent him. When she heard the train whistle she exclaimed: "There's the train, but he's too late." A moment later she died from an attack of heart failure. Her son was not on the train, and when he arrived she had been dead several hours. She was 72 years old.

GLAD HAND TO GARVEN'S MAN.

Packers Received Him Kindly and Invited Him to Dinner.

Detective Frank Bennett of the Hudson County Prosecutor's office, who went to Chicago to serve warrants on the defendants in the meat-packing case, returned yesterday and reported that he had been overwhelmed with hospitality. The packers seemed to know when to expect him and what his business was, and, far from attempting to dodge service, invited him to tarry a while and dine with them.

Edward F. Swift wanted him to try a meal in the firms' dining room in the stockyards, and J. Ogden Armour accepted service for himself and his son, A. Watson Armour. None of the packers intimated what course they intended to pursue, but they were cordial to Bennett, and he had to plead the company of two Chicago detectives who were showing him around in order to excuse himself from the proffered hospitality. The only man he did not find was George H. Edwards, who is East on business, and he was assured that he would accept service.

To-day or to-morrow, counsel for Swift & Co., Armour & Co., Morris & Co., and the National Packing Company are expected to plead to the indictments. The other two indicted corporations—the Hammond Company and the G. H. Hammond Company—are Illinois corporations, and extradition proceedings may be necessary to bring them into court.

Prosecutor Garven expects some time to-day the decision of Justice Swayze on the right of the Hudson County Grand Jury to compel the indicted New Jersey corporations to produce the records of their stockholders' and Directors' meetings.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The Department of Justice will accept the offer made by Pierre Garven, Prosecutor of Hudson County, N. J., to furnish to the Government evidence he has in the Beef Trust cases, and has asked him to forward to Washington copies of the indictments recently found there, and also the names of the indicted organizations or individuals.

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Derby & Soft Hats....$3.00 & $4.00

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that makes for longer wear in a collar or shirt if you buy by the mark.
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don't get the biggest money's worth in Spring Clothes. We're always telling you where it's to be had.
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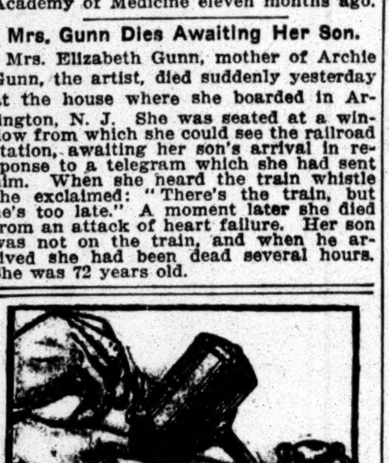

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is displacing the unsanitary common soap cake—which every intelligent person abhors—because it furnishes each user individual hygienically clean soap.
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Kno-tair
The Guaranteed Hose of Quality For Men and Women.
THIS is absolutely the best guaranteed hose sold in New York.
We can prove that statement conclusively by the hose themselves if you will but come in to-day and feel and test them.
Prices? Six pairs boxed, guaranteed for six months, at the following prices:
Men's Lisle-like Hose, $1.50.
Women's Lisle-like Hose, $2.00.
Men's & Women's Silk Lisle Hose, $3.
Wanted
A few LADIES to tell the housewives of Manhattan and the Bronx about Kno-tair Hose. We will pay liberally for this service. Apply at any one of the above addresses TO-DAY.

YOU WILL RECOGNIZE AT ONCE THAT MY SPECIAL
$22.50
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IS A $30 VALUE
The various materials employed in the making of a suit of clothing have been steadily advancing in price. Most stores are consequently adding to the price you are asked to pay. Not so in my case. I am holding to the old price and taking less profit. I am depending on your coming to me in increasing numbers to make my business return a profit. Investigation will prove my statement.
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Special sale of surplus stock at ½ real values.
Your chance to obtain a TOPCOAT or CRAVENETTE—including Silk lined—$30.00 value otherwhere—our price $15.00.
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Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits a Specialty $17.50 and up.
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Half block from Wall St. Subway

SECOND GERMAN ARTISTS' FESTIVAL.
For the benefit of the Pension Fund of the Metropolitan Opera House, the German Actors' Fund and the Provident Fund of the Association of German Authors.
Sat., March 19, 8 P. M. sharp....Hotel Astor
1. Grand Ballroom.
PARODY OF TANNHAEUSER
Mmes. Alten, Van Dyck; MM. Blass, Goritz, Muhlmann, Reiss, Otto, Burgstaller, Buckreus. Conductor, Morgenstern; Stage Manager, Schertel. Followed by Grand Ball. Leader, Ottokar Bartik. Dance Music by the Metropolitan Opera House Orchestra.
2. Laurel Room.
TIP TOP THEATRE.
Mmes. Alten, Destinn, Van Dyck, Fornia, Forsell, Gadski, Gluck, Homer, Mattfeld, Meitschik, Niessen-Stone, Sacchetto, Wakefield, Wickham, v. Bostel, Brehm, Frey, Reicher, Seidel, Sekera, Sohner, Speier. MM. Bendix, Blass, Bruning, Didur, Falk, Forsell, Goritz, Hagemann, Glenn Hall, Hartzheim, Heidenreich, Heilmann, Hinckley, Jadlowker, Jorn, Dr. Jokl, Marsano, Riccardo Martin, Morgenstern, Muhlmann, Olmar, Otto, Reiss, Sauermann, Leo Schulz, Slezak, Soomer, Whitehill, Witherspoon.
UNUSUAL FEATURES.
3. Belvedere.
Midway Plaisance & Munich Volks Garden.
Tickets $5.00. Boxes from $50 up, at Rullman's, 111 Broadway, and Tyson's, Hotel Astor.

ADVERTISE YOUR LOSS.
If you lose your valuables telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise your loss in The New York Times. Your advertisement will appear next morning and bill will be mailed.—Adv.

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GET your Spring Hat to-day, then you will look your best and smartest on the sunlit days that are coming frequently now.—
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Better in Style, better in Quality than you can get otherwhere.
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Silk lined and faced to edge $25.00, made to measure from imported herringbone cheviots and Oxford and Cambridge Gray Vicunas. Send for sampl esand fashion facts.
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To Men Who Know—
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THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.
Non-Subscription Performances This Week: To-night, Saturday Night, Saturday Mat. Seats in All Parts of the House.
Tickets For All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
John Mason and his Company in A SON OF THE PEOPLE (Special Engagement.)
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy, TWELFTH NIGHT
THE WITCH A drama of the witchcraft period.
To-day at 2:15.....A Son of the People
To-night at 8:15....A Son of the People
Fri. Evg., 8:15.....A Son of the People
Sat. Mat., 2..............Twelfth Night
Sat. Evg., 8:30..............The Witch
NEXT WEEK.
Mon., (Premier,) Tues. & Wed. Evgs. & Wed. Mat., Sister Beatrice and Act IV. of Brand; Thurs. Mat., Werther and Div't, Pavlowa and Mordkin; Thurs. Evg., The Witch; Fri. Evg., Il Barbiere di Siviglia and Div't, Pavlowa and Mordkin. Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night; Sat. Evg., The Nigger.
Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c; Opera, $5 to $1.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.
HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Ave. 43rd-44th Sts. Daily Mats., 2, Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c. to $1.50. A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
Broadway Thea. B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN
HACKETT Theatre. 42d St., W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mat. To-Day, 2:30. THE TURNING POINT By Preston Gibson.
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL.
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. N'xt W'k The Last MAXINE ELLIOTT in The Inferior Sex
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.
WEST END 125th. West of 8th Av. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. LEW DOCKSTADER'S MINSTRELS. Nxt Wk—Lau. Irving, Mab. Hackney—The Affinity

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night, at 8, Double Bill: Fra Diavolo. Mmes. Alten, Maubourg; MM. Clement, Regis, Reiss, Bourgeois. Cond., Hertz. Followed by Entire Ballet Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.
Friday Evening, at 8, Revival of Freischuetz. Mmes. Gadski, Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Blass, Goritz, Reiss, Witherspoon, Muhlmann. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. Mat., at 1:45, Double Bill: Werther. Followed by Act I. of Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa, M. Mordkin and Entire Corps de Ballet.
Saturday Evening, at 8....................Germania
Sun. Evg., Grand Concert at Popular Prices.
Verdi's Requiem Mass.
Under the Direction of Mr. ARTURO TOSCANINI. Soloists: Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Martin, Witherspoon. Entire Metrop. Chorus of 200 Voices. Orchestra of 130 Musicians. Last Appearance of Mme. Delna.
NEXT WEEK: Monday Evening..................Faust
Tues. Aft. at 2, Special Mat. at Pop. Prices. Double Bill: Haensel und Gretel and Entire Ballet Coppelia, with Mlle. Pavlowa and Mr. Mordkin.
Tues. Evg., Special Performance Legal Aid Society. Aida. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini; and Divertissement, Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.
Wed. Evg., Double Bill: Barbiere di Siviglia and Act I. Ballet Coppelia, with Pavlowa and Mordkin.
Thurs. Evg., Pique Dame. Fri. Evg., Double Bill: First Performance of Grand Opera in English by an American Composer; Frederick Converse's opera, The Pipe of Desire. Mmes. Homer, Sparkes, Snelling; MM. Martin, Whitehill, Witherspoon. Hall. Cond., Hertz. Preceded by Pagliacci. Mlle. Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Amato, Gilly, Reiss. Cond., Tango.
Good Friday, March 25, Special Matinee at 11:30, Parsifal (Last Time). Tickets now on sale.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Next Week: Thurs. Mat., Werther and Divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin. Fri. Evg., Barbiere di Siviglia and Divertissement, Pavlowa and Mordkin.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Mon. Evg., March 14, Il Barbiere di Siviglia. Mlle. de Hidalgo; MM. Bonci, Forsell, Pini-Corsi, de Segurola. Cond., Tanara. Followed by Divertissement, Mlle. Pavlowa and M. Mordkin.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
Friday at 8 sharp, PELLEAS & MELISANDE, Miss Garden, Mlles. Gerville-Reache, Trentini, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Crabbe; Mus. Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Aft., RIGOLETTO (last time), Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. Orville Harrold (debut as the Duke), MM. Sammarco, Scott, etc. Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), CARMEN, Mlle. Cavalieri, Miranda, Trentini, Duchene, MM. Devries, Crabbe, Gilibert.
SUNDAY, 8:30, (Popular Prices), BUSONI
Also Mlle. Inez Jolivet, violiniste; Mme. Mazarin, Mlle. Miranda, Mme. Duchene; MM. Devries, Dufranne, Gilibert; entire Manhattan Chorus and Orchestra.
NEXT WEEK: LAST BUT ONE.
Mon., SALOME, Miss Garden, Mme. Doria, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Devries, etc. Wed., PELLEAS and MELISANDE. Fri., Double Bill (last time), DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT (last time), Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Gilibert, etc., followed by CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA, Mmes. Carmen-Melis, Duchene, Lucas, Crabbe. Sat. Aft. (last time), TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene, MM. Devries, Renaud, etc. Sat. Eve. (Pop. Prices), Double Bill, last time, LA NAVARRAISE, (last time) Mlle. Gerville-Reache, MM. Devries, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Crabbe, Nicolay, followed by PAGLIACCI, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. Orville Harrold (his last appearance), MM. Sammarco, Crabbe, Venturini.
Next Week's Sale Opens To-day, 9 A. M.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS FOR NEXT SEASON NOW OPEN, 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER Conductor.
To-night at 8:15 & To-morrow Aft. at 2:30
Eighth Concerts of the First Series.
Soloist FRITZ KREISLER Violin.
THE MAC DOWELL CHORUS.
Suite Burlesque "Turandot"..............Busoni (New, first time.)
Concerto for Violin.....................Brahms
"L'apres midi d'un faune"..............Debussy
Tod und Verklaerung.....................Strauss
SEATS 75 CENTS TO $2.

MENDELSSOHN HALL.
1st Matinee Tues. Mch. 15 at 4
KNEISEL QUARTET
Assisting Artists: { MR. JOSEF KOVARIK. MR. GEORGES LONGY.
Seats $1.50, Box Office & Mrs. Seaver, 1 W. 34th.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, at 3 TO-DAY Also SAT. Afternoon.
WULLNER C. V. BOS at the Piano.
SCHUBERT & SCHUMANN CYCLE SERIES.
Seats $2, $1.50, $1, Box Office & Tyson's. Concert Dir. M. H. HANSON, 437 5th Av. (Chickering Piano).

Mendelssohn Hall, Tues. Eve., March 15, at 8:15.
Fisk Jubilee Quartet
Splendidly Trained Singers from FISK UNIVERSITY Presenting NEGRO FOLK SONGS and READINGS from DUNBAR. 50 cents to $1.50.

PLAZA 59th St., Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. La Danse des Nymphes, Four Mortons, Winson McCay, The Lombardis, Kara, others.
COOPER UNION. TO-NIGHT. MARUM QUARTET

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "A portrayal of which any actress should be proud."—Sun. ETHEL BARRYMORE in Sir A. W. Pinero's "MID-CHANNEL"
READ NEXT SUNDAY'S HERALD. THE BEGINNING OF THE THEATRICAL SYNDICATE, BY CHARLES FROHMAN.
GARRICK Theatre. 35th St., nr. B'way. First Matinee Sat. 2:15. HATTIE WILLIAMS and all Star Cast in the 3 act farce | THE GIRL HE COULDN'T LEAVE BEHIND HIM.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-Day & Sat. 2:15. "BILLIE BURKE CHARMS."—Tribune. BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT Tues., 1:30, Art Workers' Club for Women Benefit. Star Cast.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15. To-day's Collierism:—"Good plays make good actors—and good managers."—Wm. Collier. WM. COLLIER in his greatest success A LUCKY STAR
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Saturday at 2:15. "As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy, FRANCIS WILSON and 3 times as funny." THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mats. Sat. at 2. THE DOLLAR PRINCESS WITH BEST CAST OF 100 EVER SEEN
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:15. Henry W. Savage offers MADAME X "Full of throbbing humanity."—Mail.
NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Jos. M. Gaites' New Musical Production BRIGHT EYES by the Authors of 3 TWINS, with Cecil Lean & Florence Holbrook.
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. "Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun. The Fantastical Musical Comedy THE ARCADIANS WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15 MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15 FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. It's Naughty, But It's Nice. 2ND MONTH WHERE THERE'S A WILL Seats Selling 6 Weeks Ahead.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50. GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY of Music. Evgs. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c 2 WEEKS ONLY—Henry W. Savage offers THE MERRY WIDOW Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. "A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly. 3RD MONTH H. B. WARNER IN ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
GARDEN Thea. 27th & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Friday & Sat. BEN GREET PLAYERS IN REPERTOIRE "THE RIVALS," Sheridan's famous comedy. "Everyman" Special Mat. Every Friday, 3:15. Next Week—Four Classic Plays.

AMERICAN 42D ST., WEST OF B'WAY. Daily Mat. 25c.
EVERY ACT A SENSATION.
ADELINE BOYER in the most Daring of Classical Dances
A Princess of Israel
REINE DAVIES | KARNO'S COMEDIANS JOS. J. SHEEHAN. | HOPE BOOTH AND CO.
Herman Lieb & Co. in "DOPE"
TOM & STACIA MOORE; MOSHER, HAYES & MOSHER; OTHER STAR TURNS, AND
MONTGOMERY & MOORE
NEW SONGS. NEW FUNNYISMS.

—OPEN 11 A. M. TO 11 P. M.—
SPORTSMAN'S SHOW MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
ADMISSION - - - 50c

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Barrymore, Rankin & Co., Claire Romaine, Loie Fuller's Barefoot Dancers, others.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c Harry Bulger, Violet Black & Co., Great Lester, Blonde Typewriters, others.
BRONX 149th St., 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c NAT M. WILLS, Margaret Moffat & Co., 5 Olympiers, Merrill & Otto, others.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO Theatre. W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE

POSITIVELY FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 2:30,
MAUD ALLAN
in her CLASSICAL DANCES, assisted by the Russian Symphony Orchestra. Prices 75 cts. to $2. Boxes (seating 8) $16 and $24. On sale at Box Office.

ST. BARTHOLOMEWS CHURCH, Madison Ave. and 44th St.
FREE RECITAL
Choir, soloists, violin, and harp. Thursday, March 10, at 8:15 P. M.

METROPOLIS | Mat. Daily. | ROSE HILL ENGLISH FOLLY CO Next Week—THE LID LIFTERS.
HURTIG & SEAMON'S | Mat. Daily. | THE DAINTY DUCHESS Extra! Daisy Harcourt! Next Week—The Columbia Burlesquers.
Wintergarten Schwarzer Adler. 86th St., bet. Lex. & 3d Av. Ev. Eg. 8:15. Ad. Philipp & Original Co. in Alma wo wohnst Du?
ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS. MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. Williams & Van Alstyne, Jack Wilson Trio, Jas. Young, Kathleen Clifford & Co., others.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve., 8:15. The Great Comic Opera Success, "The Tyrolean" ("Der Vogelhaendler"); Sat. Mat., at 2, pop. prices, "WILHELM TELL."
GRAND Opera House. THIS WEEK AND NEXT THE THIRD DEGREE
HAMMERSTEIN'S BILLY B. VAN, JACK GARDNER, CHIP & MARBLE, CHARMION, & 8 others.
MURRAY Hill Thea. Mat. To-day. Smoking. The Mardi Gras Beauties.
Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. SCRIBNER'S BIG SHOW.
COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th | BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1. Smoking Permitted.